

Civil Government 10th Grade
 Reached Leffler May 9th 1905:

1.
 Name the principal forms of government in history? Describe and tell where each is used.
 Patriarchal in older times when the father governed the household. Theocratic when they believed God to be the ruler
 Aristocratic is when the people are governed by a few nobles as in England Monarchical - as in Prussia Asia etc. where one person has complete control and the power is hereditary
 Democratic where the people come together and make their laws. Republican where the people have representatives to make the laws.

2.

(a) Name two distinct classes of U. S. State and Federal.
 (b) Through what three branches is gov. administered? Executive Judicial and legislative

3.

name three weaknesses of Article
of Confederation? they had no
executive power, no way of
getting money into the treasury
and Congress consisted of
but one House.

4.

Give conditions of eligibility
to House of Representatives
They must be twenty-five
years old, seven years a
citizen of the U. S. and must
be elected from the state where
they live.

5.

name sole rights of House of Rep.
They elect the Pres if there is
a tie, bring on impeachment
and give bills of revenue

6.

Give conditions of eligibility
to the Senate, must be thirty
years old, fourteen years a
citizen of U. S. and must be
elected from their own state

7.

name sole rights of senate.

10 They elect the vice Pres if there is a tie, try impeachments and appoint embassadors and consuls.

8.

8 (a) In whom is the power to declare war vested? Congress.

(b) After declaration of war how can ^{terms of} peace be settled
By a treaty.

9.

10.

8 (a) Who has power over militia
Congress

(b) How supported? By the Government

(c) What are its advantages.

If there is a sudden rebellion it is against a