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Spot and Richest Garden Land.

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QUARTET, HELD IN MURFF CASE IS RELEASED

2-day Confinement Of Sands, Nettles, Ends; Householder Issues Statement On Case

After lengthy questioning yesterday afternoon by State's Attorney Millard Smith, who is assisting Sheriff J. F. McClelland in the investigation of the murder of T. J. Murff, local merchant, James A. Sands and his wife, held in the County Jail since last Saturday afternoon, were released Monday afternoon, the evidence which brought about their confinement as suspect being insufficient to hold them further.

With no information forthcoming from the sheriff's office other than the fact that a thorough investigation is being conducted by Millard Smith, state prosecuting attorney, the solution of the mystery remains as clouded as it did several days ago when the body of Murff was first discovered. Two other suspects, both women, who were brought to the sheriff's office yesterday afternoon for questioning, were also released.

E. P. Householder, representing Mr. Sands, made the following statement today in behalf of his clients:

"Having been asked to make a statement relative to the crime recently committed in our community I wish to say that I would not say anything in regard to this matter if it were not for the fact that I am repeatedly asked by the citizens of our community in regard to the situation because of my representation of some of the parties arrested. It shall not be my purpose to discuss the facts and circumstances surrounding this most deplorable murder as it has always been my policy to never discuss the facts or the circumstances connected with a legal disposition until such facts and circumstances have been established by competent evidence in a proper judicial proceeding. When this is done, we are not called upon to defend an idle rumor or conjecture. I will, however, make a brief statement in regard to the legal status surrounding this situation. (Continued On Page Four)

Fliers Wait Better Weather For Their Hazardous Flights

By International News Service
Ambitious aviators who are prepared for a series of daring air exploits were chafing at the halter today as bad weather throughout the eastern section of the country threatened to keep them earthbound.

At Roosevelt Field, N. Y., and Old Orchard, Me., two crews of trans-Atlantic fliers were staying in a steady rain. Unless there is a decided improvement in atmospheric conditions later in the day either plane will take off.

The crew at Roosevelt Field consists of Armeno Lotti, Jr., Jean Assalant and Rene Leveque, who hope to fly to Paris.

From Old Orchard, Roger Q. Williams and Lewis A. Yancey, Americans plan to hop to Rome, Italy.

The plane in which Lieut. Henry H. Clarke expects to set a new record for endurance record with the aid of a catapult device remained in its hangar at Roosevelt Field today. Lieut. Clarke, and Martin Jensen, holder of the unofficial record of endurance, who will act as co-pilot, announced that the plane would not take off unless flying conditions improved.

Investigators Seek Brutal Slayer Of 3

MINNEAPOLIS, May 21.—Eight investigators for the state bureau of criminal investigation were at Waseca, Minn., today searching for the slayers of Dallas Schuck, 84, farmer, who was clubbed to death with his 11-year-old daughter and 8-year-old son. Their skulls had been fractured.

Homicide follows the trail of the players to a place where an insatiable bad boy was leading. A large safe is missing, leading detectives to believe robbery was the motive for the slayings.

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Race Critics Insist There Are No Good 3-Year-Olds After Outcome Of Derby

David J. Walsh
International News Service
Sports Editor
NEW YORK, May 20.—To hear them tell it, there's no real good three-year-old race horse in training today, in spite of the fact that the second of the two older state races, the Kentucky Derby, was written into the pages of history, on Saturday. That even and the possibilities usually prompt the boys to stand about in reverent groups and discuss the winners, in some degree, of course, but to-day none of them were

Glenn and Dr. President, respective owners of the Derby and Preakness, and the term, "nickel horse", was by no means a conversational rarity.

Personally, I think it is possible

that the boys are getting their

paper money mixed up with some

of their street car tokens. Clyde

Van Dusen admittedly is no Zer-

o's Bubbling Over and no Reigh-

Gent but neither is he a plug who

wants to find his level between

the shafts of somebody's heel.

As a matter of fact, we know

whether how good or how bad

they may be, for he won the derby

readily that any sensible people

can see without any trouble.

The same is not so much, just he

has the cheapest kind of horses

and, in the next, that Blue Lark-

now is all race horses in spite of

the fact that he didn't show up in

the Derby. They tell you also that

those who played Blue Larkspur

in the Derby will get their money back

when he runs in the Belmont.

Nalshapur, perhaps is too stolid

to be a winning stakes horse but he

must have some redeeming qual-

ities or he wouldn't have run as he

did at the Juans or in the Belmont

Yesterday to come from seventh

place.

The lack of general acceptance

of Cyrus Van Dusen goes back to

the fact that, of the many one-

year-olds of 1928, only Blue

Larkspur remained to take issue

with him. High St. and Jack

High Twink and Rough Eye hav-

ing broken down.

Not among the good ones in 1928, he therefore, cannot present to us

as good in 1929. It doesn't seem to

have occurred to his critics that

there is such a thing as late de-

velopment and that, in fact, that

Van Dusen is an example of it.

Van Dusen's pace showed some-

thing of what he could do when

the pressure was on, when

he made early part of the race

one perfect horse race in an

average of 12 seconds for over

four furlongs. This was not un-

usual for a race through the

first mile. He was clocked in the

first quarter in :26 and the second

in :26. It is being evident that Mr.

Alex was set on finding out just

what he had in his pocket. Finding the

answer to be nothing, he sent the

horse through the next two in

:26-2-5 and :27-2-5 and came

home in :28. No wonder Nalshapur

was able to show so much in the

stretch. No other horse could show

anything and Van Dusen didn't

have to.

It might be that without the

interference he got, Nalshapur

would have beaten the winner in

a horse race. I don't know just

what this has to do with the

matter. The test of race horse

comes only in the big fields of the

state events.

Arlington To Open For '29 Race Season On Next July First

CHICAGO, May 20.—(INS)—

Featured by the American class-

ics a mile and one-quarter event

with an endowment of \$60,000

Arlington race track will open its

1929 season July 1. The meet

opens August 2.

Arlington's stake program this

year is one of the most ambi-

tious ever offered in the West and

is regarded as certain to attract

many of the leading thoroughbreds

of the country. The aggregate

added monetary value of the stakes

totals \$147,500. The values

range from \$5,000 to \$60,000.

There will be four stakes of \$3,

each; three for \$7,000 each; one

\$10,000; one for \$18,000 and one

for \$20,000.

The American Classic, which will

be run July 12, is for three-year-

olds and will carry an additional

inducement of \$10,000 should the

winner come from the Kentuck-

ian Derby, Preakness, Washington

Derby, Belmont Stakes. The

added lump of sugar is expected

to interest the winners of at least

two of the four outstanding surf

events of the early summer season.

E.R. Bradley, owner of the fam-

ous Idle Hour Farm of Kentucky,

has sent a total of 50 nominations

for the various stakes at Arling-

ton and a smaller number of nomi-

nations have been made by many

of the leading owners of the East

and West.

2 FISHERMEN DROWN

MACON, Ga., May 20.—(INS)—

Two fishermen were drowned in

the Ocmulgee river six miles

south of here yesterday, according

to reports today. The men, Ed

Kroger and Will Wrench, down-

loaded their small craft over-

night.

PIRATES DEFEAT CARDINALS 2 OUT OF THREE GAMES

Burleigh Grimes Wins His Sixth Straight Of Present Season

NEW YORK, May 20.—(INS)

—The Pirates can't be declared

out of the National League scrambles as long as Burleigh

Grimes is on the job. That was

demonstrated yesterday when the

veteran pitched twice beat the

Cards 4 to 2 for his sixth victory

of the campaign. Other clubs did not play.

but a short time later that the

delicious joy of the crowd was

turned to stark tragedy in the

wild ranks of the underworld

surrounding the shelter.

The Athletics took their fourth

straight from the Senators, 7 to 0.

with Rube Walberg on the

mound.

The White Sox pounded five

Detroit pitchers for a 10 to 2 win,

breaking even in the series.

Cleveland won its first victory

of the year over the Browns,

scoring six runs in the eighth

inning to 10 to 6 landslide. Five St.

Louis pitchers were battered for

29 hits, Fonseca getting four.

Other clubs did not play.

Senator Reed Scores Compulsory Service

WASHINGTON, May 20.—(INS)

—The compulsory military service bill, sponsored by Senator Reed, was passed by the Senate.

Reed said he did not intend to

support it, because he favored

universal service in the next war.

"The last war showed it is unfair

to compel compulsory service of

some citizens in the trenches

without compelling service of those who remain at home," said Reed.

"There must not be profiteering in the next war such as disgraced the last one."

EDDIE QUILLEN

WASHINGTON, May 20.—(INS)

—The coming to Congress of

the first negro member in 28 years

has created wide-spread comment

among students of government

history, for at one time it

was not unusual for a member

of Congress to be found in Wash-

ington legislating for the country.

Fifteen negroes have served in

the National House of Representa-

tives and three negroes have set in

the United States Senate.

Whereas the negroes in the past</

Give The Pineapple A Chance

The Palm Beach Independent calls attention to a movement on the East Coast for the restoration of a one-time flourishing pineapple industry. Farms and citrus growers who are finding most of their crops menaced by the Mediterranean fruit fly are again beginning to look with much favor upon the pineapple which is not a host to this pest.

In the early days the East Coast from Fort Pierce to Miami proved very popular for pineapple cultivation. Tourists bound for Palm Beach for the first time were more than likely to remark about extensive fields which abounded in pineapples. Mile after mile one could see from a car window innumerable acres, reaching as far back from the tracks as one could see, well cultivated in fine pineapples. For years it was known as the best paying crop in south Florida and the "pineapple kings" were among the wealthiest citizens.

As time passed, however, we are not sure for exactly what reason, the cultivation of pineapples gradually fell off until now there are very few plantations and those that remain are comparatively small and do not seem nearly as prosperous as they once were. In all probability the competition with Cuban growers who were able to obtain pickers and packers for practically nothing, and who had the advantage of a long haul rate in F. E. C. cars from Havana to northern destinations, had much to do with it. And probably as the Independent suggests, boom acreage was far too valuable for pineapple growing.

With the slump in the real estate market, it again appears profitable to use land for agricultural purposes. The probable passage by Congress of a tariff act on fruits and vegetables competing with Florida produce should again make pineapple growing an attractive industry. There are countless acres of land on the East Coast which now apparently could be turned to the production of pineapples and the movement beginning in Palm Beach is undoubtedly just a fore-runner of the complete return of the pineapple to its former position of preeminence among Florida products.

For that matter it would seem to us that local farmers who believe in the diversification of crops might well give the pineapple a trial. We do not know that our soil is suitable, but we have seen pineapples growing near Fort Pierce which we are sure could not be surpassed anywhere in the world, and the climate of Fort Pierce is very similar to our own. We also have large sandy tracts of soil which appears to be very much like that on the East Coast ridges.

At least it would be worth the effort to find out if pineapples will grow here. There undoubtedly will be good money in them if the tariff bill goes through as it is almost sure to. This fruit is not subject to attack by the fruit fly and would make an admirable supplement for our present celery crop. We should like to see some of our farmers try it.

A Case Of Injustice

We hear so much in this country about criminals who escape conviction for the wrongs they do, that we are inclined to forget that sometimes men serve sentences given them for offenses they did not commit. The Miami Herald has brought to light the case of an old negro who has spent seventeen years in prison and only recently has been able to establish his innocence of the charge of murder which sent him there.

The Miami paper, full of sympathy for the wronged negro, has been trying to get the legislature to put him on a small pension for the rest of his life, but the senate committee has declined to report favorably on the bill. The Herald is indignant at the attitude of the legislature as rightly are a large number of Florida citizens who see in the negro's case a rank injustice perpetrated by a misguided court supported by the state.

"It is quite generally felt," the Miami Herald says, "that the action of the committee is a reflection on the honor and sense of justice of the people of Florida. The fear, as expressed by the committee, that action approving the application for a pension might establish a precedent, is hardly a sufficient excuse for a withholding of the actual justice due the man."

In all probability, if a sufficient number of people feel that the wrong ought to be righted, as far as the state of Florida can now right it, is possible that, if they will express their views, the legislature might be induced to approve the bill in spite of the committee's adverse report.

"The session is drawing to a close. What is to be done to relieve the unfortunate negro who served the state for seventeen years in enforced employment, nothing short of slavery, must be done without loss of time. Communication should be had immediately with representatives of the legislature. Several Miamians have already stated that they would write such communications in the hope that something can be done to remove the blot from the escutcheon of the state."

SARASOTA'S FINANCIAL CONDITION

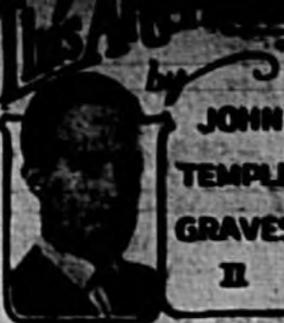
SARASOTA HERALD

In common with almost all other municipalities in Florida, Sarasota is not free from embarrassment. During the days of the real estate inflation, everyone saw here a city of anywhere from 25,000 to 50,000 people by 1930. This is a large and prosperous city, led to extensive municipal improvements. We built some 70 miles of paved streets, put in many sewers and otherwise poured money into municipal improvements, with a view of taking care of the city's development. Our city officials even contemplated a new ten story municipal building, to cost two or three hundred thousand dollars. Extravagant investment was in the air in those days and the disease not only affected individuals but the municipal and county governments.

The result of our extravagant notions about the possibilities of the city's development we now have in the form of a burdensome debt, the handling of which is taxing the resources of the last business minds in the city. The financial situation of Sarasota would not be particularly embarrassing if property owners were to pay their taxes and take care of the assessments for improvements. In one way and another we have a city indebtedness of something like \$4,000,000. In order to pay the interest on the indebtedness and take care of maturing bonds, there must be paid into the city treasury by property owners a very considerable sum of money each year, in the form of taxes

and assessments. Were the property owners to promptly meet their obligations, everything would move along quite smoothly and satisfactorily. But there is the rub. They are not doing it. They are failing far short of paying both the taxes on their property and their special assessments, and particularly the latter. Between now and January 1st, in order to meet interest and principal payment on special assessments, it will be necessary to raise \$300,000. When we brought to our attention the fact that there is due the sum of \$750,000 from property owners on special assessments, it will readily be understood that the trouble has not been in the conduct of the finances of the city by the city officials, but in the non-payment of assessments by the property owners. If there is any criticism to be indulged in, the criticism must be placed upon the people who own property, who have either neglected or refused to pay their special assessments.

The question before the city official's is the question of extracting out of the property owners the money with which to meet the city's obligations. The real estate division of the chamber of commerce has passed a resolution urging property owners to help the city administration to meet the present emergency by paying the next due installments on all assessments and as much of the assessments as they are able to take care of. They also recommend that all 1925 and 1926 assessments and interest be collected by legal pro-



From Greenland's icy mountains
To India's coral strands...

SANFORD FORUM AMONG THE FRUIT FLY

Editor The Herald—

Much has been said and considerable has been written regarding the status of the Mediterranean fruit fly and the problems created by its appearance in Florida. In this connection there have appeared from time to time in the press articles by perhaps well meaning but ill informed individuals. Such articles to say the least can accomplish no good, and I not refuted can do much to hamper the work of the state and federal agencies in their campaign looking to the ultimate eradication of the fruit fly.

While it is not desired to be unduly critical yet a close affiliation with the Florida fruit fly situation from the very beginning plus twenty-six years continuous work in the field of regulatory pest control in both the hemisphere, involving work with six different fruit flies, including the Mediterranean, points to the opinion that the grave nature of the problem at hand is not thoroughly understood by all of those who discourse on the status and its potentialities.

As a point in question, the statement was made in a recent article appearing in the local press that the Mediterranean fruit fly had attained to numbers of importance abundantly by reason of climatic conditions which had been particularly unfavorable to the agencies which normally act as checks to its increase. Such statement that a species is controlled by meteorological conditions as in the foregoing immediately creates the presumption of fact that it has been here for a considerable length of time. In the case of this fruit fly, it might be said that all evidence in this regard is negative. In support of this opinion (1) A record of all specimens of the Mediterranean fruit fly in the collections in the United States shows that they were either intercepted at maritime ports or collected in foreign countries where the fly has become established. No specimen had come from territory within the confines of the United States. (2) Its present distribution in Florida is restricted to a very limited area, a condition which would not be the case if it has been established in the state for any length of time since there are other areas than those which are infested that are much more favorable to its development. (3) Two years ago, a representative of the United States Bureau of Entomology made a thorough search in the Orlando district for positive evidence of the Mexican fruit fly on account of its recent appearance in Texas without finding evidence of fruit fly of any kind. (4) In the latter part of September, 1928, Filipe Silvestri, an Italian entomologist who has perhaps done more work in connection with the search for parasites of the Mediterranean fruit fly than any other, visited the Orlando district. He made an intensive search which included all insects attacking citrus and an examination of every mark or type of injury with efforts to determine the cause. Silvestri found no evidence of fruit fly. Some of his activities were conducted in the neighborhood of Spring Lake, which is as present, very near the center of some of the heaviest infestations in the city of Orlando. At the time, early grapefruit was beginning to ripen and was in a condition in which it could be easily infested by the fly. The following lends weight to the opinion that the appearance of the fruit fly in Florida is comparatively recent.

Observations by competent entomologists made here since the Mediterranean fruit fly was discovered indicate (1) that it can develop and reproduce in a large part of Florida throughout the year and (2) that its habits are such that it cannot be successfully combated by any of the known methods. These lead to the conclusion that the presence of this pest in Florida creates an emergency such as the horticultural interests of the state and the lives interests of the nation have never before faced. In addition it may be said that the ravages of this fruit fly in other countries where conditions are favorable to its growth than in Florida shows that it has caused extensive losses and ruined once prosperous fruit industries. If the fly is not eradicated, it will be necessary to take steps to prevent its infestation. While a number of natural parasites have been introduced, they have not to date been able to effect the necessary control to prevent heavy infestation by the fly. In the Kona coffee grounds, benefits have resulted from their presence. This district, however, is devoted to the production of coffee, which is a favored host. The coffee bean has a large seed surrounded by little pulp consequently, the majority of the fly cannot penetrate beyond reach of the parasite. In most other fruits, the fly larvae are often beyond reach of parasites, with resultant lack of success of the method of control.

As to just when the fly ap-

peared on opinion is in the same uncertainty in the same manner in which it has been given. The short period required for its life cycle points to the fact that probably natural control the probability of one pair of flies can in a year account to many millions. Insects and modern transportation would account for its rapid distribution. The severe winter of the past winter has undoubtedly given a great impetus to the fly population.

The finding of widespread infestations along the East Coast might perhaps justify the belief that the infested fruit was washed ashore near Cape Canaveral. Some was one of the means of bringing the Pink Bell worm to the United States. Also, it might be six years that under stress of weather many years ago a ship loaded with fruit for New York landed part of its cargo in Bermuda and thereby introduced the fly with the resulting complete destruction of a once prosperous industry.

All this, however, is beside the point. The problem before the state and nation is the development by means of effecting the complete destruction of the fly because it spreads to a wider extent of territory and becomes established in any wild host plant, of which there are a number. Sixty breeding of the fly would add million of dollars to the cost of its eradication.

Every non-commercial host is culminating in an infected area a positive menace. The value of such plants is largely sentimental — esthetic. Non-commercial and ornamental hosts cannot be grown in the same area with commercial fruits, a fact demonstrated by the finding of the fly larvae in three non-commercial hosts. The question before the people in an infested zone is a simple one. They decide to which they want to grow.

E. H. Mackie, Senior Entomologist, Department of Agriculture of California.

W. H. LONG MEAT MARKET

221 E. FIRST ST.

BOOKS

Parties having surplus books are asked to contribute them to the Lake Mary Library.

Books will be loaned to the Library, Lake Mary, giving your name and address, and books will be called for.

The George Washington

Jacksonville, Fla.

ROBERT KLOPPEN, Owner-Manager

RADIO IN EVERY ROOM

The Coolest Hotel in the South

Six Blade Ceiling Fans

Summer Doors - Cold

Air-Ice Water-Tub &

Showers in Every Room

RATES: \$2.00-\$4.00

Dining - Ball Room

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Music and Dancing

Home of the

COMMERCIAL MAN

WE INVITE YOU

to open an account
and make this your

BANKING HOME

THE SANFORD

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK

Affiliated with the Atlantic National Bank of Jacksonville

Resources Over \$35,000,000

Sanford, Florida

A test for
any frying fat —
FRIED CHICKEN !



And Snowdrift fries it at its savory best!

FRIED CHICKEN

1 Chicken • 1 Cup Snowdrift

1/2 Cup Flour • 1 Tablespoon Salt • 1 Cup Milk or Cream • 1/2 Cup Water

being accomplished in about twenty minutes. When brown, drain off oil but one-fourth cup and add the water. Simmer very slowly and tender. A very young chicken will take less time, and a full blood chicken from one to two hours. Skim off the water if necessary. Serve with a gravy made with the drippings in the frying pan, two tablespoons of flour in which the chicken was rolled and the milk or cream.

That's why! All the savory juices nicely sealed within and the hot fat kept out, because Snowdrift heats fast enough to fry in perfectly long before it begins to smoke or burn.

And, remember, you can use it

again and again, after straining . . . for

Snowdrift doesn't touch any of the

frying oil, even that of fish.



Social And Personal Activities

MISS MARGARET PETERS, Society Editor

Office Telephone 148. Residence Telephone 443.

Social Calendar

TUESDAY
The Music Department of the Women's Club will give a recital at 8 o'clock at the club house, featuring the Cecilian Music Club, music teachers and pupils of Sanford are invited.

The Music Department of the Women's Club will hold a business meeting at 3 o'clock in the club room.

An important meeting of the Little Theatre Group will be held at the Woman's Club at 8 o'clock.

The Woman's Missionary Society will entertain the members of the Mary Lambuth Circle, with an afternoon tea from 3:30 o'clock to 5:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. S. O. Shinholser, 1605 Oak Avenue.

The South Side Kindergarten will present a program at 8 P.M. in the southside auditorium.

SATURDAY
The Y. M. C. A. Stamp Club will hold its last meeting of the season from 1:30 o'clock to 3 o'clock in the Episcopal parish house.

Circle Number Four of the Methodist Church will give a chicken supper at the Lu-Beth cafeteria beginning at 5:30 P.M.

Bridge Club Honored Monday Afternoon

Complimenting the members of the Tuesday Duplicate Club and their friends, Mrs. F. E. Round, entertained with a bridge party on Monday afternoon at her home, 100 Palmetto Avenue. Duplicate was enjoyed during the afternoon and Mrs. C. E. Henry, Mrs. J. C. Benson, Mrs. LeRoy Chittenden and Mrs. Floyd Palmer, who held high scores were awarded prizes. Miss Ollie Johnson cut high and received the cut prize.

A profusion of roses and gaudy was used for decoration, accentuating a pastel color scheme, while the tallia further emphasized the same color motif. At the tea hour an ice cream was served by the hostess, assisted by Mrs. Grant Weston.

Others present included: Mrs. J. L. Hurt, Mrs. Cassandra Schultz, Mrs. Sanford Doudney, Mrs. Paul E. Forbes, Mrs. H. M. Rumbley, Mrs. Alexander Vaughan, Mrs. M. Minarik, Mrs. W. A. Leffler, Mrs. John Sned, Mrs. Cauthen Hutchings, Mrs. W. T. Laird, Mrs. H. W. Rucker, Mrs. C. E. Adams, Mrs. J. C. Gibbs, Mrs. W. B. Zachry, Mrs. W. H. Tunnicliff, and Mrs. B. W. L.

"Brown's Follies" To Be Given At Milane

"Brown's Follies," a program which will include a variety of songs and dances, will be presented by the Brown School of Dancing on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at the Milane Theater, in conjunction with the main feature of the evening, Dolores Costello in "The Glad Rag Doll."

Lillian Pippin will sing and the theme song of the picture, "The Glad Rag Doll."

Miss Julia Ritchie, Miss Constance Heisch, Miss Nell Stewart and Gene Turner will have the numbers of the program, as Robbie and Mr. Turner will be together in "A Midsummer Night's Dream" and will be supported by 22-ton dancers. Misses Heisch and Stewart will wear a costume in shadow while Mr. Turner wears black and white breeches.

Miss Pippin and a dancing troupe will sing and dance. The musical number, "Thirsty for Love" and "Hungry for Love," another feature of the evening will be presented by Miss Stewart in town's Hall.

Mrs. D. B. Stewart, teacher of the Brown Dancing School, will supervise the dances, while Miss Constance Taylor will have charge of the singing. Further announcements will be made over the radio on Wednesday.

Mrs. Brouse Invites Members Of Club

Mrs. J. E. Brouse, hostess to the members of the "Wednesday Afternoon Club" will have a luncheon at Milane Saturday afternoon at the Century Club. Several programs of bridge were enjoyed and high-spirited parties were organized to Mrs. V. S. Wiggin at conclusion of the games.

Breakfast was served in three rooms from the long luncheon table which was overlaid with a white cloth and adorned with bouquets of spring and garden flowers.

Those present were: Mrs. M. S. Foster, Mrs. E. L. Perkins, Mrs. A. White Jr., Mrs. D. D. Caldwell, Mrs. Ralph E. Wright, Mrs. Frank Parker, and Mrs. Walter E.

Mrs. Carroll Writes Motherhood Article

Ed Note:
The following article on motherhood was written by Mrs. E. M. Carroll for the members of the T. E. L. Class of the Baptist Church.

Motherhood is life lost in love. Maternity brings with it a joy of the sweetest, a love of the purest, and a care of the tenderest type, known to the human heart.

The mother sways the empire of young hearts; guides young lives.

God has given her a mission, one of love and mercy. She who rocks the cradle, helps to rule the world.

The mother holds in her hands, the secret springs of influence, which govern nations. She moulds the minds which move the world.

The mother sustains one of the most responsible relations to humanity, known to Christian civilization. Her influence through her sons and daughters soon tells, for weal or woe. Boys and girls should never forget their mothers' love. They are their mothers' pride, and promise through life.

The Christian mother begins early in life to train her children for heaven. She seeks earnestly a heavenly fathers assistance. She spares no pains to gain all the vantage ground possible while their hearts are young and tender. Her Christian influence is powerful. But equally powerful for evil, is the example and influence of a wicked, worldly-minded mother, over her tender confiding child. Such mothers lead their children into the deep rushing current of worldliness.

There are many reasons why mothers should all be Christians: Heaven pity the home with a Christless mother. Mothers do much to make, or mar the characters of their children.

Mothers ought to be wise and well-informed women. The helpless and dependent state of their children gives them grand opportunities to mould their minds and shape their destinies for good.

Fond mothers make the saddest mistakes of their lives, when they sacrifice everything for the pleasure of their children. They are sure to rule the day, when they took upon themselves all the hardships of domestic life, and denied themselves all social, intellectual and religious privileges, that their children might appear to better advantage in society. Such mothers soon become servants, if not slaves to their selfish sons and daughters. They do not appreciate her. If they are made to share the burdens and cheerful hearts they will develop into fine, strong men and women.

Mothers are the first tutors of their offspring so they shut up in their opening minds, the first rays of mental light and teach them the earliest lessons they learn in life, which time itself cannot erase, lessons which will lead her sons and daughters to womanhood and manhood as bright ornaments in society, models of moral worth and positive power for good in the world.

Mothers select carefully the literature you children handle. Everything they read will make impressions either for good or evil, upon their young minds.

Mothers are character builders, forming characters for time and eternity. This is a fact of fearful and fathomless importance.

If mothers would have their children, honor them when they are grown, they must make them respect them, while they are young. Make your children obey you. Disobedience tends to disgrace on the one hand, and to disgrace on the other.

The harmonies of home life, are largely in mothers' hands. The happiness of the entire family depends mainly upon her patience, character and conduct.

The mother can leave no richer legacy, to her children than the sweet life long memories of a happy childhood spent in an ideal home and children blessed with such a home, will, when they grow up, leave it with deepest regrets and return often in after years.

Mothers are often richly rewarded for all their lives of sacrifice. For every step taken in after-life by the gallant son or quenched daughter which reflects honor upon the mother, sends a thrill of joy through her heart that proves a perfect feast to her soul.

It is a right royal honor to be the mother of a noble son or

Personals

Gordon Cherry is spending this week in Daytona Beach attending to business interests.

Mrs. A. C. McLendon, 1300 Park Avenue, has as her guests this week her sister, Mrs. A. E. Morrison and Mrs. T. J. Bragg of Tampa.

Otis Harlan Plays Important Role In Picture At Milane

For over forty years Otis Harlan has been entertaining audiences, first as a romantic leading man, and later as clever character actor and comedian of the screen.

Universal gave him a long term contract some time ago. Since then he has appeared in a great number of Universal's screen successes. The greatest role in recent years came to him when he was given the part of Capt. Andy Hawks in "Show Boat," the super talking picture at the Milane Theatre today. In the other super production of the year, "Broadway," he plays the part of "Porky." He has been much of a fixture in Denny comedies, playing the sympathetic doctor in "Where Was I?"

In "What Happened to One" he was the chief funmaker next to the star. In "The Cheerful Fraud," "Clear the Decks," "His Lucky Day," "Good Morning Judge," he supported Denny. Others of his latest Universal pictures are "Port of Dreams," "Silks and Saddles," "Grip, of the Yukon,"

A.C.L. Is Favored By Supreme Court Writ

WASHINGTON, May 21 (INS)

The Supreme Court granted the petition of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad for a writ of mandamus requiring federal Judge William B. Sheppard of the Northern Florida District to enjoin the Florida Railroad Commission from enacting an order alleged to limit the scope of a rate decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

After the commerce commission had ordered rates on interstate movement of logs in Georgia changed to correspond with rates on logs from Florida to Georgia, the state commission attempted to limit the order by excluding the railroad's Perry branch, and one other line destined for Palatka.

"Poppy Day" Will Be Observed Saturday

The American Legion Auxiliary will have its annual sale of poppies on Saturday, May 25, better known as "Poppy Day." Mrs. J. C. Benson has been appointed chairman of the committee in charge of the poppies and has arranged for booths about the town so that everyone may have an opportunity to buy a poppy.

The proceeds of "Poppy Day" will go to the soldiers at the hospital at Lake City and also will be used for welfare work among disabled veterans and their families.

daughter.

The best proof of her own real worth are most readily seen in the greatness of her honored children.

The history of the world proves that the destinies of nations rest largely in the hands of mothers of their rulers. For her wise and good rulers, the world is indebted to good and wise mothers, to wicked and wayward rulers, to wicked and wayward mothers who gave them birth.

mother can leave no richer legacy, to her children than the sweet life long memories of a happy childhood spent in an ideal home and children blessed with such a home, will, when they grow up, leave it with deepest regrets and return often in after years.

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It is a right royal honor to be the mother of a noble son or

New Yorker Collects Saxophone Manuscripts



Musician Gathers Music From All Over World

New York City.—The only complete collection of saxophone music in the world is owned by Merle Johnston, internationally famous saxophone player.

Adolph Sax, while trying to produce a clarinet that would overblow the octave like the flute and oboe, gave the musical world the saxophone. The new instrument became popular immediately, and soon superseded the bassoon in many military bands. It was used in an orchestra for the first time in Paris in 1814.

"A Bungalow, A Radio And You," a foxtrot song I play to millions over the air daily," explains Mr. Johnston. "is a number that may be called a real contribution to saxophone music. It has the musical nuances which have made the saxophone the world's most popular instrument.

This busy modern musician who is now playing an average of seventy-seven hours a week over the radio to an audience of twenty-five million people, has found time to make not only a hobby, but a fetish of his library.

Johnston's library, which will

Helen Wills Leads Americans In First Rounds of Tourney

ANTEUL, May 21—(INS)—ROLAND GARROS STADIUM

Wilbur "Junior" Cogen, youthful American tennis star, paired with Eduard Borotra, brother of the famous Jean, defeated Zahar and Damnon of Greece, 6-2, 11-9, 8-6

in the doubles of the second round.

Cogen appeared to be off form. This was particularly evident in the second set when he repeatedly double-faulted and failed to put his smashing drives across the net. Borotra saved the set by magnificent playing. "Junior" recovered in the third set with many dazzling shots.

"Big Bill" Tilden who watched the match from the sidelines said to an International News Service staff correspondent,

NOTICE

To my friends and customers the Rose Marie Beauty Shoppe 105 Palmetto Avenue will be reopened May 22 by Madam Harriet. Your patronage will be appreciated.

ROSE-MARIE BEAUTY SHOPPE

PHONE 360 105 PALMETTO AVE.

DIAMONDS FOR SALE

ONE THREE KARAT DIAMOND RING

And several smaller diamonds at 40% below retail prices at jewelry stores, \$25.00 and up.

See E. H. Asheroff
Receiver Seminole County Bank.

DAILY SERVICE

BETWEEN JACKSONVILLE DELAND AND SANFORD Store Door Delivery In City Limits

St. John's Transportation Company
Foot Of Myrtle St.
Phone 213-W

AT MILANE THEATER TODAY



Joseph Schildkraut and Otis Harlan in a scene from "SHOW BOAT" A UNIVERSAL FILM PICTURE.

HUNDREDS HAVE SAID—

"DON'T MISS IT"

GREATEST SINGING AND TALKING PICTURE EVER

SHOW BOAT

Last Showing To Night At 8:30

ADULTS 75¢ MILANE Children Under 10 15¢



P. Lorillard Co.

International Star of Stage and Screen

"REACH FOR A LUCKY INSTEAD OF A SWEET"

"It's toasted"

No Throat Irritation-No Cough.

A Milestone
Lucky Strike represents a milestone in the progress of cigarette manufacture. The toasting process makes Lucky Strike the brand of distinction, and, in the opinion of 20,679* physicians, is the reason Luckies are less irritating. No other cigarette enjoys this secret heat treatment which removes impurities and irritants, produces a flavor beyond comparison and assures the smoker the maximum of delightful smoking pleasure and comfort.

(Signed)
George W. Hill
President
The American Tobacco Company, Incorporated

The Lucky Strike Dance Orchestra will continue every Saturday night in a coast to coast radio hook-up over the N. B. C. network.

HELD IN MURK OF CASE IS RELEASED

(Continued From Page One)

sition so that those who are interested may be advised.

"Upon the finding of the body of the deceased a preliminary examination was made of the situation by a coroner's jury, which determined that the deceased came to his death by a gunshot wound from a gun in the hands of a party or parties unknown.

The sheriff's office instituted an investigation and on Saturday afternoon placed my clients in the County Jail with two other parties, with the apparent intention of causing my clients with being connected with the crime.

"In the early days of criminal procedure in Europe it was a principle of the law that a person was presumed to be guilty of the crime when charged with such crime, but our forefathers recognised that justice could not be administered under such principle. Our present system of law provides that every person is presumed to be innocent of crime until proven guilty beyond a reasonable doubt, and this principle is the foundation of American liberty.

"To this date direct evidence as to who committed this crime has not been discovered. To this date circumstantial evidence of a legal character has not been discovered to identify the person who committed the murder. The circumstances developed to this date do not in any legal manner connect my clients with the murderer, and under the principles of law in this State there should have been evidence of such character as to raise a probable cause that they committed the crime to one else."

"Great caution should be used in charging a person with a crime based upon circumstantial evidence as our Supreme Court has repeatedly held the law to be that:

"When circumstantial evidence is relied on for conviction, the circumstances, when taken together, must be of a conclusive nature and tendency, leading on the whole to a reasonable and moral certainty that the accused and no one else committed the offense charged. It is not sufficient that the facts create a strong probability and be consistent with guilt. They must be inconsistent with innocence."

With this as a principle of law well established in this State, my clients should not be charged with this crime.

"I have been repeatedly asked why a preliminary hearing was not held, and in reply wish to say that with the law well established as hereinabove referred to, and the facts and circumstances within the knowledge of the Sheriff, there could be no crime established against my clients. It therefore, appearing that there was no legal reason for the arrest and custody of my clients they were discharged without any further proceedings."

BRITISH NAVAL LORD TALKS ON DISARMAMENT

(Continued From Page One)

When it was pointed out that certain sections of American public opinion objected to this proposal because it apparently would have prevented the United States from building battleships to balance the British "Rodney" and "Nelson" super-dreadnaughts and reputed to be the mightiest ships afloat, Mr. Bridgeman said: "The Nelson and Rodney were built under the Washington agreement to balance ships belonging to the United States and Japan. The people who said that my proposals were intended to give us a permanent advantage did not read my proposal or did not use them carefully. In them I suggested that adjustments might be made to maintain parity."

Mr. Bridgeman indicated that the adjustments he had in mind were that the United States is allowed to build ships if necessary to maintain the balance arrived at in Washington.

The General conference broke up over the question of cruiser limitation. The United States delegation proposed a global cruiser tonnage, with the right to use as much as they liked of the allotted tonnage in 10,000-ton 8-inch gun cruisers.

The British delegation proposed limitation of cruisers in two classes, one of 10,000-ton cruisers with 8-inch guns, and another class of smaller cruisers with 5-inch guns, numbers being fixed according to the British admiral for the protection of Britain's far flung trade routes.

Mr. Bridgeman does not think this difficulty should be insurmountable in any future negotiation for agreement on naval restriction. "Personally I should feel alarmed," he said, "if we said to each other: 'Build as many cruisers as you think you need of the type you want,' if we each accept the idea of equality."

TO DISCUSS STUDY
CHAPEL HILL, N. C., May 21.
—(INS)—Various problems of adult education are scheduled to be threshed out at the annual meeting of the American Association for Adult Education which opens here today.

Delay Incurred In Solving Bond Problem Of City

(Continued From page one)

study of the following information which is self explanatory as to its relation to the proposition outlined by Commissioner Speer. For the sake of clearness the figures are presented in round numbers being approximately the amounts denoted. The assessed valuation to be read in terms of millions of dollars and taxes assessed and collected in thousands of dollars.

Year Assessed Valuation Miles Tax Assess Tax Col. P.C. Pop

1919	\$3 1-2	15	\$ 51	\$ 45 1-2	89
1920	4 1-2	17	73	69 1-2	95
1921	5	17	81	77	92
1922	6	18	111	106 1-2	96
1923	6 5-4	18	121 1-2	118	97
1924	8	18	147 1-2	141	96 11,617
1925	11 1-4	18	202	193 1-2	95
1926	19 1-2	15	292	232 1-2	89 13,46
1927	21 3-4	23	543	320	59
1928	15 3-4	20	319	—	9,626

From the above table, it is seen that at no time has the City's collection of tax been sufficient to handle an item of \$376,126.69, which represents interest annually on the bonded indebtedness. With the assessment of approximately \$319,000.00 of taxes on a present valuation of about

EDITOR DIES

NASHVILLE, TENN., May 21.—Walter Cain, 66, editor-emeritus of the Nashville Banner, was dead here today. Cain was editor-emeritus of the banner six weeks ago.

\$16,000,000.00, it is evident that even with a 100 percent collection the City would fall short of the annual interest it is now obligated for. Taxes collected to date are approximately \$173,000.00 or 64.4 per cent of the total assessment. This sum is made up to a large extent of taxes collected from large property owners, corporations and out-side interests with the possibility of a much larger increase in payments the balance of this year being remote.

The plan's frank declaration that the payment of more than \$200,000.00 is impractical is further substantiated by the following:

That some action will be taken by the bond representatives of the plan as presented was hinted at in the statement of Mr. Keefe that he would return to Sanford as soon as possible for a further discussion into the affairs of the city.

It is expected that most of the work will be done in Washington, although it has not been decided whether hearings will be held outside. Like so many other things, it depends largely on the President's instructions.

It is expected that the wets and drys in Congress will be cautious in their public comment today concerning the personnel. There are so many members of the commission whose views are not generally known that individuals were inclined to "wait and see" before rushing into print with statements that later might come back to plague them.

Semester Jones, author of the five-and-ten law, said he would have made "other selections." However, Jones said several weeks ago that he was naming the commission he would name only those who wanted to be proselytized.

M. Lehman of Tuane University, Col. Henry W. Anderson, Republican leader of Democratic Virginia, is rated dry, at last politically.

Frank J. Loesch, vice-president of the Chicago Crime Commission, was appointed because of his intimate knowledge of racketeering and crime in Chicago, and the locality there of criminal prosecution.

The others are federal district judges, William L. Grubb of Atlanta, Kenneth R. McIntosh of Washington, and Paul J. McCormick of California.

How much latitude this commission is going to have in pronouncing

Only a slight calculation is necessary to show that the 1,186 tax payers in the City, with the burden to be carried by the 893 white tax payers, are hard pressed to

meet the interest payments annually, not to mention the expenses of operating City administration.

And with a decreasing population and the business slump due to various conditions which are beyond control, the sincere efforts of the people to take up their just debt are hindered to a great extent.

The amount due on July 1, \$518,812.50, is made up of the following items: Bond due, \$100,000.00; certificate of indebtedness due, \$161,000.00 and interest due, \$197,812.50.

It is expected that the commission remains to be selected, probably entirely upon President Hoover. He conceived the idea, his agents on the commission, and he will outline the scope of the work when it is assembled the last of the week. The commission can hardly go beyond his instructions.

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How much latitude this commission is going to have in pronouncing

Only a slight calculation is necessary to show that the 1,186 tax payers in the City, with the burden to be carried by the 893 white tax payers, are hard pressed to

meet the interest payments annually, not to mention the expenses of operating City administration.

And with a decreasing population and the business slump due to various conditions which are beyond control, the sincere efforts of the people to take up their just debt are hindered to a great extent.

The amount due on July 1, \$518,812.50, is made up of the following items: Bond due, \$100,000.00; certificate of indebtedness due, \$161,000.00 and interest due, \$197,812.50.

It is expected that the commission remains to be selected, probably entirely upon President Hoover. He conceived the idea, his agents on the commission, and he will outline the scope of the work when it is assembled the last of the week. The commission can hardly go beyond his instructions.

It is expected that most of the work will be done in Washington, although it has not been decided whether hearings will be held outside. Like so many other things, it depends largely on the President's instructions.

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