

OUR NEWSPAPER
Published in Florida's Heart
The World's Greatest Vegetable
Spot and Richest Garden Land

Member Associated Press

The Sanford Herald

AN INDEPENDENT DAILY NEWSPAPER

SANFORD, FLORIDA, MONDAY, MAY 28, 1934

THE WEATHER
Generally fair tonight and Tuesday
and somewhat warmer.

ATTEMPT TO KILL CAFFERY USING BILLS AS STIRS HAVANA VOTE GETTERS

Cuban National Police Corps Seeks Quartet That Loosed Hail Of Lead Into Embassy

HAVANA, May 28.—(AP)—The entire strength of the Cuban national police was thrown into a search today for the four men who made a daring attempt yesterday to assassinate Jefferson Caffery, United States Ambassador to Cuba.

In debate on the Everglades House Thursday, Representative bill, which was approved by the Treadway (R. Mass.), recalled that "it was said" two years ago that Ruth Bryan Owen was defeated by Mark Wilcox because she was unable to obtain approval for this legislation.

Having heard that the political fortunes in the Fourth Florida district have hinged on the Everglades park bill, many House members were wondering yesterday how they will fare in the impending elections if their local measures fail to pass.

Authorities expressed a determination to put an end to the terrorism which has harassed Havana for months.

Several shots were fired yesterday directly into the doorway of the embassy home of United States

HAVANA.—Unidentified persons armed with machine guns today stopped the automobile of H. Freeman Matthews, First Secretary of the United States Embassy, and broke a windshield with a pistol butt. Matthews was not in the car at the time. The assailant who smashed the windshield shouted "This is for Matthews." The car was being driven by Charles Taylor, American citizen and chauffeur who was returning to the Matthews home after delivering the Secretary downtown at the United States Chancery. Taylor said he was forced to stop for four men, one of whom was in English "We want to tell you to get out of Havana within two weeks. This is your last trip to town. Don't drive Matthews' car any more." Taylor's home is in Washington, D. C.

Ambassador Jefferson Caffery, presumably in an attempt to assassinate him.

Unidentified assailants, using a sawed-off shotgun, poured lead into the entrance where soldiers were standing guard waiting for the ambassador to come out. It was exactly at the time he usually leaves for the yacht club.

One of the soldiers was struck by bullets and seriously wounded.

Another soldier sitting in Caffery's automobile waiting for him answered the assailants' fire and gave chase, but the men escaped.

Police remained Saturday that a plot was afoot to assassinate Caffery and to destroy American property in Cuba and had taken extraordinary precautions to guard the ambassador's life.

The wounded soldier, Francisco Ortega, had his right leg torn off by a bullet, apparently explosive in nature. At Columbia military hospital he was reported dying.

Caffery, who continued on his way to the yacht club after calling at the embassy for a few minutes.

(Continued on Page Two)

Solon Says West Palm Beach Attorney Did Not Need Passage Of Acts To Be Elected

WASHINGTON, May 28.—(AP)—Having heard that the political fortunes in the Fourth Florida district have hinged on the Everglades park bill, many House members were wondering yesterday how they will fare in the impending elections if their local measures fail to pass.

In debate on the Everglades House Thursday, Representative bill, which was approved by the Treadway (R. Mass.), recalled that "it was said" two years ago that Ruth Bryan Owen was defeated by Mark Wilcox because she was unable to obtain approval for this legislation.

"Let me say to the gentleman from Florida (Wilcox) for whom I have the highest admiration," said the Massachusetts member, "that of course we realize the bill is an extremely important thing in his primary campaign."

Wilcox, who left his campaign in Florida and flew here to be present during consideration of the bill, forthwith denied the measure had any bearing on his political fortunes.

Treadway countered by reading a telegram he said he received from Mrs. Owen, dated June 7, 1932, as follows:

"It would greatly assist me if you would send me a telegram whether or not you feel that Everglades park bill has been fairly and effectively handled by me. The suggestion that the filibustering against the bill in the House had been due to the fact that the members disliked me personally and did not wish to pass any bill bearing my name has been very damaging to me. Will appreciate your assistance in settling this straight."

The Republican said he replied to his Democratic colleague, then in the midst of her campaign with Wilcox, thus:

"While I have personally op-

(Continued on Page Two)

Scout Meeting Called Off Until Tuesday

Because the 24 members of Boy Scout Troop No. 5 will entertain their sponsors, members of the Stanford Kiwanis Club, at a special "jamboree" at the Scout camp near Silver Lake tomorrow night, the Scout meeting scheduled for tonight has been called off. Graduation exercises at Seminole High School also was given as a reason for the postponement of the meeting.

All members of the troop are requested to meet at the camp at 8:00 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. Each is expected to bring his sponsor, and those boys who do not have a means of transportation are expected to meet at Scout headquarters before 8:00 o'clock.

The report was made to President Roosevelt by a committee of 16, headed by George H. Huston, president of the Baldwin Locomotive Works.

The committee's program of "fundamental conditions for recovery" was summarized as follows:

A free flow of private capital to private business.

A sound real estate mortgage market.

Industrial relations on a basis which will assure co-operation instead of strife.

A balanced price parity between agricultural commodities and manufactured goods.

The committee was elected at the code authority assembly in March. Its report said the "establishment of confidence" could be accompanied by:

Assurance to private enter-

(Continued On Page Four)

Citrus Growers Urged To Attend Meeting

All citrus growers in Seminole County have been invited to attend a special meeting of growers, to be held in the Geneva School at 8:00 o'clock on June 7, it was stated today by C. R. Dawson, newly appointed County Agent.

Prof. E. C. Debus of the Extension Department at Gainesville will be at Geneva to speak on "Rust Mite Control," while an unannounced speaker is to speak on "Cover Crops" and "Organic Matter in Citrus Production."

HALS HEADS STUDENTS

LAKELAND, May 28.—(AP)—Loren Hall, of Beaver Dam, Va., was chosen president of the student body of Southern College at the annual election Thursday. He also is head of the student council and was re-elected editor of the Southern campus newspaper, last week. Hall is a member of Theta Kappa Dramatic club, and is author of a one-set play presented on the campus recently.

A musical speaking program will start at 8:00 o'clock, he said, and all students are invited to stay during the afternoon.

Music and social dancing will be feature of the day, he said, intended to start his in the afternoon after the last of the candidates have been heard.

Sammy Long Invites Friends To Fish Fry

In town this morning getting ready for his 20th annual all-day picnic for his friends and neighbors in some sections of central Florida, County Commissioner S. F. "Sammy" Long of Chuluota asked a Herald reporter to "Tell everybody in the county that I'm expecting them all to come to my place next Thursday."

Mr. Long revealed that he and his crew are preparing to serve at least 200 persons with free fried fish, baked potatoes, and coffee. He suggests that as many as possible bring eggs and beans for the coffee along with basket lunches, and that all make plans to spend the entire day.

A political speaking program will start at 10:00 o'clock, he said, and all students are invited to stay during the afternoon.

Music and social dancing will be feature of the day, he said, intended to start his in the afternoon after the last of the candidates have been heard.

Roosevelt's Low Priced Electrical Appliances Place d On Sale In Tupelo

MONTEVALLO, Ala., May 28.—(AP)—Increased purchasing power brought about through recovery measures should help insure the South's future of great industrial development, Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins told the graduating class of Alabama College in an address at commencement exercises here today. She discussed the recovery program and said the industrial balance provided in it would be a factor in carrying it to success.

DRIVER HELD IN ACCIDENT

TALLAHASSEE, May 28.—With effect of President Roosevelt's new refrigerator going on sale yesterday, this Southern capital center became the focal point of an experiment expected eventually to affect nearly every household in America.

Refrigerators stripped of chrome, simplified electric and ultra-efficient electric water heaters were offered to residents at prices substantially below those charged elsewhere on credit terms more generous than ever available before.

The electric home and farm authority, subsidiary of the Tennessee Valley Authority, selected Tupelo for the first sales because it signed the South's initial contract for cheap federal power.

Opening of the display rooms was a gala event. President Roose-

velt concentrated the citizens through a letter to the mayor. President Roosevelt was David E. Dillenbeck, one of the three commissioners of TVA and EPWA.

May 28—Price for the refrigerator is \$35.00; \$15.00 and the water heater, \$20.00. They were manufactured by the country's largest producers and sold through dealers, municipally owned power company.

Any household buying the articles will be billed on his regular electricity account, with the payments spread over three to five years. The EPWA will finance the purchases.

About 200 southern cities have applied for TVA power. As soon as the contracts are signed, they also will sell the EPWA appliances.

(Continued On Page Four)

DRIVER HELD IN ACCIDENT

TALLAHASSEE, May 28.—(AP)—Gilbert Jones, negro driver of the car which caused the death of Mrs. W. C. Vason, Jr., and three negroes in a highway accident near here last Monday, was under indictment yesterday on charges of manslaughter. Jones' trial is set for Friday. He and another negro occupant of the car he was driving are in a hospital here.

THE WEATHER

High Low Rain
Station Sunday 74 65 2.00
SANFORD Sunday 74 65 2.00
Readings below for Saturday:
Apalachee City, 78 64 x.00
Key West City, 88 70 x.00
Miami Cloudy 82 70 1.00
Pensacola Rainy 74 62 .00
Tampa Cloudy 82 68 .00
Tallahassee 78 68 .00
GEORGIA
Atlanta Cloudy 72 64 .00
Augusta Clear 72 54 .00
Savannah Cloudy 72 64 .00
Thomasville Cloudy 72 64 .00
3-24 hour rainfall ending 8 A. M.

SEMINOLE HIGH SCHOOL'S 1934 GRADUATING CLASS



Price Five Cents

NUMBER 185

REVISION OF ROSSI, CODOS NRA RULING LAND SAFELY AUTHORIZED IN NEW YORK

Service Groups Will Be Permitted To Set Up Local Codes Of Fair Practices

WASHINGTON, May 28.—(AP)—

By executive order, President Roosevelt has slightly modified an NRA provision to allow some of the so-called service industries to adopt local codes of fair practices.

The desirability for this, he said, in a statement accompanying the executive order, was shown in a trial period which disclosed that while most industries could operate under national codes, there were others in which a greater degree of autonomy local self-government was desirable.

The major point involved in the order is the right of the local groups, adopting their codes under 50 percent vote, to agree on processes and other trade practices. All such local agreements would be subject to approval by the Ad-

ministration.

To the National Recovery Adminstration Hugh S. Johnson, was given the task of deciding which of the service industries they in- clude such concerns as hotels, res- taurants, barber shops, laundries, and cleaning and drying plants.

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Although the local groups

determine their own codes of fair practices, they will remain bound by like single regulations in the public welfare field.

They dumped gasoline in order to make a landing, which messages had said was to repair some minor trouble to the engine.

Lieutenants Paul Codas and Maurice Rossi neared North America last night on their hazardous attempt to fly from Paris to California, but they were headed into one of the most dangerous parts of the Atlantic.

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thereunto, are also reserved.

MONDAY, MAY 28, 1934

AFTERNOON OF WIND

Once under a bright awning
striped orange and blue,
She and I drank red coffee from
tall brown glasses.
Her lizard-skin pump tapped the
red flagstones.
Little white clouds were written
in caseless comets.
And quick periods on the polished
blue sky.
We could not see what was written,
but could only see the punctuation
marks.
With no examination point at the
end.

But only a line of dots.
She blew clean smoke rings. What
was in the clouds.

Her hips were the color of the red
flowers.
Caught in the purple of green
vines.
I do not remember what she said
but I remember.
Her hair blowing against the high
blue afternoon.

—Thomas W. Duncan.

It's a pretty cheap look today
these days that tent-poled off to
John Bullion.

Uncle Sam has been busy
over the job of making us over,
but just wait until he makes
himself the lady of the house.

Movie players, says John Goss,
should not marry. Trouble is
they don't realize this until after
the third or fourth reel. People
come to them. And then it's too
late to break the habit.

It is costing the State of Ohio
\$3,000 daily to support the National
Guard on duty at the Toledo
strike... to say nothing of what
it is costing the strikers themselves
and the industries involved.

We understand they are thinking
of putting Victor McLaglen in the
Treasury Department on account
of his experience with big figures.

The old saying by Josh Billings
"It's better not to know so much
than to know so many things that
aren't so" never meant as much
now—Melbourne Times.

The Lake City Reporter finds
that all newspapers in Florida are
for Pepper. That's not to be
surprised at Ft. Myers News-
Press. If it has to, all newspapers
Pepper should win if he's worth his
salt.

There are stars made of mate-
rial so loosely packed together that
only one extra inch of it weighs a
ton—Exchange. And there are
feathers so weighed down by the
burden of responsibility that an
ounce of them weighs a ton.

Circuit Court Judge Millard B.
Smith, who was nominated two
years ago to fill out the unexpired
term of the late Judge Wallace
Wright, has no opposition in the
June primary. Judge Smith is one
of the rising young jurists of this
state, and we predict for him a
long service on the bench.—Coca
Tribune.

When a severe drought hit the
state of Texas during the Admin-
istration of Grover Cleveland,
Congress appropriated \$25,000 to
buy seed corn for the stricken
farmers. Then the President sent
the bill back to Congress with his
veto and the following message:
"I veto this appropriation because
there is no warrant in the Constitu-
tion of the United States for
taking the funds which are raised
from the taxes and giving them
from one man to another, and I
further veto it in order to teach
the lesson that, while the people
support the government, the gov-
ernment does not support the peo-
ple." We have come a long way
since then.

The Armament Problem

Things are not always as easy as they seem. Take this armament business and the profits of the munition makers, for instance. We had always thought that if the United States would pass a law prohibiting the manufacturers of guns and ammunition from selling them to Mexicans, Cubans, and other warring nations, that would settle the whole problem of peace and there could be no more wars on earth, except possibly with bare facts.

Take this South American war, for instance, over the ownership of that desolate region known as the Chaco. American armament concerns have been selling guns and bullets to both sides. Bolivians use American guns to kill Paraguayans with, and the Paraguayans use American guns to kill Bolivians with. It seems a terrible thing and something which could easily be prevented simply by the refusal of this country to sell either of them any additional guns.

Well, Walter Lippmann explains in one of his exceptionally lucid articles, that if the President does stop the sale of American war materials to the Chaco disputants, it would be a relatively simple matter for them to secure them from other countries. England, France, Germany, and a number of other countries also make munitions for export purposes, and would be glad to have the business. Thus American manufacturers, and American employment would suffer, and the war in the Chaco would continue just as before.

So it immediately becomes an international problem. America must not only stop selling guns to Bolivia and Paraguay, but it must also secure the co-operation of other nations and get them to agree to go along with this country in its efforts to prevent war, or nothing worthwhile can be accomplished. It is not so easy to get all the nations of the earth to agree not to sell munitions, or to get them to live up to their agreements after they are made. And even if this were possible, Mr. Lippmann further points out, the problem would not yet be fairly solved. Paraguay not only has a seaport, but it also has some manufacturing plants of its own. There could be no restrictions among the nations against selling Paraguay coal and iron for instance, and Paraguay with the aid of its own factories could turn this coal and iron into guns and ammunition. Bolivia not only has no factories which could be used for this purpose, but neither has it any seaport through which it could import coal and iron.

The result of such an agreement would be simply to turn the Chaco valley over to Paraguay by international agreement without any consideration whatever of the merits involved in the controversy. If this practice were adopted by the nations as a permanent policy in settling disputes, it would simply mean that those nations which lack armament facilities would be entirely at the mercy of those which have factories and plenty of raw materials. It would also intensify the effects of those nations without munitions to form alliances with those having them and thus further encourage war rather than diminish them.

Mr. Lippmann suggests that we might declare by act of Congress that it is the policy of this country not to sell either arms or ammunition to belligerents anywhere in the world, but he concludes that he is not satisfied in his own mind whether the advantages of such a plan outweigh the disadvantages.

Inexpensive Planes

The primary reason why the facilities of aviation have not been utilized to a maximum is the small proportion of our population that has the cash involved. Only the very rich or those who have the means to finance an assistance have in the past been able to own planes or to operate them. It is now the declared purpose of the Department of Commerce to provide for construction and sale of planes well within the reach of the average pocketbook.

Declaring that a new inexpensive two-seated airplane, so economical to operate that it will be a cheaper mode of transportation than the automobile, may soon be put into production by American airplane manufacturers, the United States News reveals that the Department of Commerce has just requested bids for 250 planes of an extremely economical type for the use of its aeronautical inspectors.

The planes are to have a landing speed of 35 and a top speed of not less than 110 miles per hour, and Captain L. Vidal, Director of Aeronautics for the Department, and at cruising speeds the expense shall give 20 to 25 miles per gallon of fuel. The nose set planes will have substantially lower operating costs than have heretofore prevailed, and should actually result in an overall saving in allowances made to the inspectors for the operation of aircraft.

The more important specifications of the planes are: A side-by-side or slightly staggered seating arrangement with a closed or convertible cockpit; a landing range of 300 miles against a 10-mile per hour head wind with pilot and passenger; and 40 pounds of baggage, all metal fuselage, and dual controls arranged so that one set may be made ineffective.

In taking off, the plane shall be capable of clearing an obstacle 35 feet high from a standing start 300 feet away. In landing, it shall be capable of being brought to a stop within 400 feet of a 35-foot obstacle which it has cleared in a straight and fully controlled glide. On the ground, the craft shall be easily controllable and capable of being brought to a stop from a ground speed of 45 miles per hour in 150 feet.

The engine may be cooled in any manner and may have any arrangement of cylinders, but it shall have at least four cylinders. It may operate on the four stroke or two stroke cycle and it may or may not be geared. It shall not develop over 100 horsepower at rated speed. The engine will be required to pass all tests for a Department of Commerce approved type certificate.

SANFORD, TWENTY YEARS AGO

Nolle Tolar and Ralph Stevens are home for the summer vacation from the medical college at Philadelphia and are glad to be in Sanford. They are students at Jefferson Medical, one of the finest colleges in America and their Sanford friends will be glad to learn that both of these boys are making good and will soon be full fledged doctors.

Mrs. F. S. Munson was the gracious hostess at a pleasant informal dance given Monday evening at her studio in honor of Miss Mabel Bowler, a charming visitor from Jacksonville. Those enjoying the hospitality of Mrs. Munson were: the Misses Mabel Bowler, Mell Whittier, Belle Smith, Florence

ROSSI, CODOS LAND SAFELY IN NEW YORK

(Continued from page one)
back to Le Bourget field in Paris
at the scene of their takeoff at 11:10
P. M. on Saturday. Codos and Rossi said
the motor of their plane was running sweetly and
that a fresh tail wind had boosted
their speed to 120 miles an hour.

The surprise started to pre-
dictions at Le Bourget field that
the plane would reach the Pacific

coastal nature of the present eco-
nomic background, rather than
from the demonstrable weakness
in it.

At the same time, the publica-
tion noted current developments
at Washington and elsewhere to
indicate that the misgivings of busi-
ness as to safety by means of the
unification.

The only points to the con-
tinuation of the nation's
business, including steel and other
basic industries, depend on the
timeliness of measures, as distract-
ing influence of business activity

The economy has not been
sufficiently sustained so wide-
spread to constitute a general
economic depression.

Although midway toward move-
ment on the economic front, and
certain legislation was decided
during April, owing to the sur-
vey, this remained in abeyance for
lack of time.

The publication also dis-
cerned in other directions, partic-
ularly in recent legislation, a series
of dividend actions and other
quarterly earnings reports. These
figures are typical of the measure
of the year, lower than in any other

month.

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Martin Goes On Trial
On Larceny Charge

TALLAHASSEE, May 28.—(UPI)—

James Martin, of Crestview,
secretary to former Governor Carl
Garrison, stood trial here today on
charges of grand larceny and em-
bezzlement. A motion is before the
court to quash the indictment charging
Martin with embezzlement.

Martin was arrested a year ago
on a warrant sworn out by E. C.
Strickland, former state shellfish
commissioner, alleging Martin em-
bezzled \$4200 which he advanced

to him June 4.

Obtaining a special rule to
get the measures on the floor

As such a procedure is a mat-
ter of course, the court ruled.

Then, after the question is re-
peated, the question is re-
peated again if it's good enough.

Mr. J. E. Clegg, of Atlanta,
will lead the defense.

The school will begin at 9:00

WILCOX DENIES USING BILLS AS VOTE GETTERS

(Continued From Page One)
posed Everglades park bill, I
have done so far what appeared
to me at the time to be proper
objection to the policy of the
establishment of such a park
and because of expense, eventually
involved on federal government.

In my opinion, you have worked
zealously and faithfully for passage
of this bill. I am glad to testify
to your high standing with your
colleagues.

In opposing the bill Thursday,

Tuesday and Wednesday, I did not
believe Wilcox needed this passage

to be reelected. So why put

the federal government to such
extraordinary expenditure as will

certainly be necessary?

In the present situation, the
present administration, it was ap-
parent, many measures of a local
nature will be passed over, re-
gardless of their merit.

The House members
have succeeded in advancing two
other bills directly in affecting
their state through committees,
and were using every par-
liamentary means of getting the
resolution voted upon. These
were the Mediterranean fruit
disease survey and the Pen-
insular air station measures. Both
were on the unanimous consent
calendar which will be called
down June 4.

Obtaining a special rule to
get the measures on the floor

As such a procedure is a mat-
ter of course, the court ruled.

Then, after the question is re-
peated, the question is re-
peated again if it's good enough.

Mr. J. E. Clegg, of Atlanta,
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The school will begin at 9:00

virtually was out of the ques-
tion, as the rules committee was

busy with legislation of nation-

wide scope. However, Repre-
sentative Sears and Caldwell, un-

opposed in the June 5 primary,

expressed confidence of action.

They have engineered the bills

while their colleagues, Wilcox,

Green and Peterson, campaigned

the last few days in their home

districts.

Peterson is author of the dam-

age survey measure, which was

reported out of House com-

mittee this session.

Senator Trammell (D., Fla.) has

passed the Senate at three pre-

vious congresses.

OVIEDO

There will be a vacation Bible
school in the Methodist Church in
Oviedo, commencing Monday
morning, June 11, continuing for
two weeks.

All children from three years
and adults up to 10 are ex-
pected to attend the school. There
will be no tuition charges.

The superintendent will be Mrs.
J. W. Lawton, who will best
serve us as director. He will
be assisted by a excellent faculty
composed of Mr. George Morgan,
Mrs. R. C. Clark, Mrs. Charles
Lawson, Mrs. E. L. Long, and Mrs.
Catherine Varn. Possibly one or
two others will be added later.

Mrs. G. W. Wilson and Mrs. Ruth
will lead in the recreation exer-
cises. Mr. Joe Linnehan and Mrs.
Clara West will take charge of
the music.

The school will begin at 9:00

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