

War Between Germany And U.S. Travels In Cycles

History Shows That
Americans Get Riled
Every 20 Years

By PRESTON GROVES
WASHINGTON, Mar. 20.—(AP)
Every 20 years the United
States gets riled at Germany.

It has been going on for about
20 years. Now we are at another
peak of anger. The cause is ap-
proximately the same as before.
Germans, when on the march,
often seem to us overbearing. And
situated as we are, separated
from Germany by France, Eng-
land and the Atlantic Ocean, we
are not obliged to pacify them.
After a time tempers cool and
good relations are restored.

If you can look at the thing in
the philosophic light of 20 years
it may help to keep your temper
down. Based on previous expe-
rience, we probably will be on
"crossing terms" with Germany
in a half dozen years, perhaps
more; that is, if we don't get mixed
up in a war meantime.

We had our first tilt with the
German empire over the Samoan
Islands. The Samoan Islands are
the Salmos of the South Seas. Germans
got there first but in 1889 our exploring sailor, Captain
Wilkes, put in a spacious
Bay—Pago Harbor, explored it,
negotiated with the natives—and
established U. S. relations there.

Things simmed along for about
20 years with the Germans not
caring much whether we took
Samoan or left them alone. Then
the German empire pulled together
after the Franco-Prussian war of
1870 and began reaching out
tentatively for colonies and naval
bases.

By 1878 the Samoan battle's
had advanced far into diplomatic
stages and we bickered back and
forth with Germany until 1889 be-
fore reaching an agreement to
divide the islands, we taking a
pair and giving a pair to Germany.

All during that 20 years or more
we had fairly sour relations with
Germany, and only slightly better
with England. But by the time of
the Spanish-American War we
really were at loggerheads with
Germany.

Fairly out of sympathy for
Spain and partly to restrain the
United States, Germany tried val-
ently to keep this country from
going to war. Germany didn't
know just how much we would
value Spain's colonial pos-
sessions in the Pacific. Germany
negotiated a subservient treaty with
Spain to buy for \$5,000,000 all its
Philippines, except the Philippines,
even while we were at war.
That affair between Commodore
Dewey and the German Admiral
von Dewitz in Manila Harbor
gave out of the German plan to
attack the Philippines in event we
should not take them.

At the point Admiral Dewey
and Admiral Dewitz virtually
cleaned off the battle right there
in the harbor. It might have
been too ready for Dewey, for
the German ships were heavier
and the American ships were low
on ammunition after defeating the
Spanish fleet.

Not just at that time England
was in need of a new friend and
did a great turn by shoving its
fleet to between the U. S. and
German fleets. This country has
not, I think, prettily well ever

done that Germany too began
to see that she might need a
friend across the Atlantic and be-
came more friendly. Relations im-
proved immensely. Germany sent a
fleet to Harvard and we sent one to
Yankee Haven. Von Steuben to Ger-
many, Von Anchored students.

There was a temporary rift in
1898 when Germany threatened
to annex Samoa again. In
order to keep Germany from doing
that, or to send the fleet down
the Rhine, Germany agreed at once to

quit Samoa. No one knows how
well the two sides got along with Germany.
We were able to win about 10
years of peace and friendly neighbor-
hood, but then came the
Spanish-American War.

Search To Continue For Bones Of Attila

BELGRADE — (AP)—Archae-
ologists will attempt to ascertain
this spring whether there is any
truth in the legend.

For centuries the peasants at
Hadice, village near Potsch, have
been telling their children that a
huge mound covered with
woods is the grave of Attila.

The last grave of the Barbaric
invader whose horsemens menaced

the Roman empire in the fifth
century is said to have been discovered
by European archaeologists about
a mile from Hadice. Thousands of yards of
earth have been moved away by
different diggers, mostly in Hungary,
in search for Attila's bones.

Scientists, often disappointed, are
now planning with hope on the

accuracy of the peasants' tales.

Although the state of Wyoming
traditionally is a state of
strong winds, Lander, in the central
part, has one of the "valley-
est" climates of any region in

the nation, weather records show.

Photographers Asked Not To Wreck Cave

CARLSBAD, N. M.—(AP)—

First annual photographers' day
at Carlsbad caverns may be the
last. Col. Thomas Baker, superin-
tendent of the caverns, said photo-
graphers' demands for an op-
portunity to take pictures had
become so insistent that a day
will be set aside this spring for
picture taking.

"But if the crowd is not order-

ly, it will be the last such opportunity," said Baker. Cavern officials
said picture taking, leading to
obtrusive removal of "light" photo-
graphers, might damage the delicate for-
mations in the caves.

Dr. C. H. Smith retired in 1921
after 42 years service with the
United States Department of Ag-
riculture, 30 years of the 42 as
an official in the extension ser-
vice, which he helped to organize.

San Joaquin County Court Records

DODD, Hattie & George to
Mollie Williams. Mortgage
Kline, Grace L., also known as
Grace L. Brown to M. M.
Carraway. Carraway, E. M., wtr. to U. S.
Mail, et ux. Mail, et ux. to A. D.
McAllister, David F. to Clarence E.
McAllister, et ux. Kersey, L. E. to U. W. Kappus,
et ux. Mortgage
McAllister, J. H., wtr. to
First Natl. Bank at Urbandale.
Satisfaction of Mortgage
Hunter, George to Henry Mc-
Lamia, Jr. Pl. Curtis Protection Co. Assn.
to Merlin A. & Theo. C. Bran-
ton, et ux.

Kerry, L. E. et ux to U. F. &
Marcelline Norman. Peas, Rose & V. M. to J. Deet
Frater, et ux. Satisfaction of Mortga-
ge. Burgett, David F. to Clarence E.
McAllister, et ux. Kersey, L. E. to U. W. Kappus,
et ux. Mortgage
McAllister, J. H., wtr. to
First Natl. Bank at Urbandale.
Satisfaction of Mortgage
Hunter, George to Henry Mc-
Lamia, Jr. Pl. Curtis Protection Co. Assn.
to Merlin A. & Theo. C. Bran-
ton, et ux.

Rental Agreement
Food Machinery Corp. to
Chase Trust Co.
Assignment of Mortga-
ge. Amex. Kraus Bros. Inv. Co. et
to Allied Ind. Credit.

THE TABLE SUPPLY STORES



5c
EACH

DEL MONTE SALE

MOTHER MURKIN
WILL TELL YOU WHERE
TO TABLE SUPPLY
TODAY!

	FOR CAN	5 CANS
TOMATO JUICE, No. 1 Tel.	6c	25c
PINEAPPLE JUICE, 12-oz. Tel.	25	45c
EARLY GARDEN PEAS, Medium	24c	75c
TINY SWEET PEAS, No. 1	24c	50c
FLORIDA GRAPEFRUIT SEGMENTS, Med.	24c	45c
CORN, C. G. or G. S., 26c Can	24c	45c
SLICED PINEAPPLE, No. 2½	24c	92.50
RED SOCKEYE SALMON, Aged, No. 3 Tel.	24c	45c
WHOLE GREEN BEANS, No. 2 Tel.	24c	45c
FRUIT COCKTAIL, No. 1 Tel.	24c	45c
Whole Peeled Peaches or Apricots, No. 2½	24c	50c
SOLID PACK TOMATOES, No. 2 Can	24c	45c
GREEN LIMA BEANS, Medium	24c	45c
TUNA FISH, Flat	24c	45c
TOMATO SAUCE, Tomato Can	24c	45c
Aspic, Early Garden Peas, Buttered Pasta, Fresh French, Mixed Peas, Pineapple Tel. Dishes	24c	45c
SPINACH, No. 2½	24c	75c
PEACHES, Banquet Halves, No. 2½	24c	85c

Fruits and Vegetables

ORANGES 2	DOZ. 18c
GRAPEFRUIT	EACH 1½c
DAIRY DAIRY POTATOES	5 lbs. 22c
Lettuce	2 heads 1c
Tomatoes	5 lbs. 7½c
Carrots	1 lb. 1c
POTATOES... 2 lbs. 17c	Cabbage 1c
POTATOES 10 lbs. 19c	POTATOES 10 lbs. 18c

OLD FASHIONED Bacon Potato Sauces

OUR
SAUCES

STAR
SAUCE

MIX THEM UP.
Star, Choice, Fancy 1½c
Star, C. G. Medium
or Standard, Lighter
Choice.

3 for 10c

Jabber Supply Meats ARE IN THE SPOTLIGHT OF VALUES!

MEAT... 1 LB. 19c
MEAT... 1 LB. 22c | CHICKEN 2 LB. 14c
BEEF U. S. GOOD 2 LB. 19c
BEEF ECONOMY 2 LB. 17c

MEAT... 2 LB. 20c
MEAT... 2 LB. 22c
MEAT... 2 LB. 24c
MEAT... 2 LB. 26c

MEAT... 2 LB. 28c
MEAT... 2 LB. 30c
MEAT... 2 LB. 32c

PORK
HAMS 16. 17c
CROPS 16. 17c
SHLD. 16. 17c

LEMONADE

Sanford Is The Only Central
Twin City Affording Rail, Highway
And Water Transportation

The Sanford Herald

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER

Seminole County Produces
More Fruit And Vegetables Than Any
Similar Area In America

VOLUME XXX

Member Associated Press

SANFORD, FLORIDA, FRIDAY, MARCH 31, 1939

Established In 1908

NUMBER 186

Three Hurt When Twister Strikes At Daytona Beach

\$10,000 Damage Results From Winds; Another Storm Hits Near Jacksonville

13 Drowned In Bridge Washout

Snow Falls In New York As Mercury Tumbles In East

Associated Press
Snow fell in upstate New York today while Spring tornadoes in Florida added their toll to that caused by widespread storms of the previous 48 hours.

Three persons were injured when a twister struck Daytona Beach this morning. Property damage was estimated at about \$10,000.

Four negroes were killed and several injured last night in a tornado at Dimmerville near Jacksonville.

Meanwhile the death toll of the flood near Vicksburg, Miss., where nine automobiles plunged through a washed out bridge, mounted to 13. Two persons were still missing.

Most of the south was clear to day but rains fell from Charlotte, N. C., to New York, Pennsylvania and New England.

Snow was reported at Guelph, Ont., and Montreal, Canada. The mercury tumbled below the blue line during the night but reached the freezing point only

at 40° F.

A blanket of snow covered southern Vermont yesterday with a night fall at Portland, Me., and Boston.

Rain, which was general from Georgia north into Michigan and New York, continued along the coast of Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut.

Spring tornadoes struck widely scattered sections of the South in the wake of slanting rains that turned streams into torrents of menace to life and property.

There were injuries and property damage from the twisting whistlers that swirled through Alabama and Georgia. And at least seven were dead in a swollen river near Vicksburg, Miss., where nine automobiles plunged through a washed out bridge in the night in single file procession. Eight were hurt there.

At Brewton, Ala., a store building and five dwellings were destroyed and two women were injured by a tornado. Three houses were destroyed and two persons lost at Langdale, Ala. Tops of houses were strewn over a mile-wide area by a twister that struck Birmingham, Ga. Three men were injured.

The train carrying President Roosevelt to Warm Springs, Georgia, failed to slow up several times because of high water across the right of way as it crossed Georgia's hills, causing a momentary standstill of the Augusta and Gulf Railroad.

The train slowed in the upper reaches yesterday, following

W. P. T. Co. However, when Weather Bureau predicted a crest of 20 feet on the Neuse River, flood stage

was reached and the water level finally reached 20 feet. The city of 20,000 feet, one foot above stage, just enough to cause flooding.

Water was rising from 2,000 feet to 2,000 inches in the upper reaches of the river.

W. P. T. Co. has been advised to leave the property and the town expected to be inundated at 200.

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W. H. S. — Two ships were stranded off the coast of the United States here, and the crew expected to be

Collection Of Taxes Good During March

Jinkins Says \$33,214 Is Paid In 30 Days; Taxes Become Delinquent On Apr. 3

Although tax collections have been "remarkably good" during the month of March, Tax Collector Jno. D. Jinkins warned taxpayers today that only two more days remain for payment of the 1938 levies before the taxes become delinquent. All taxes are delinquent if not paid by Monday, April 3, he said.

By Associated Press
Seminole Growers, Inc., was given the Seminole County Citrus Growers, Inc., a member organization, according to an announcement by officials of the organization who also said Fred Forward of Forest City has been re-elected president of the organization for the ensuing year.

Forward was reelected head of the growers' organization at a meeting of the recently elected board of directors at the Court House Tuesday night. Other officials are: W. H. Pope, reelected vice-president; Endor Curlett, second vice-president, and W. B. Richards, secretary-treasurer. Other members of the board of directors are: Benjamin F. Haines, V. E. Douglass, Mrs. Elma Lyman, P. D. Anderson, H. L. Pattishall, John G. Leonard, J. F. McTolland, Amos Tingley, George H. Bridge Jr., and W. J. Wells.

Lawsuit against shipment of green fruit, was claimed by the citrus growers to be one of the most necessary laws included in the growers' legislative program.

Extensive studies are being made by state committees, it was pointed out, to prepare an effective green fruit law.

Regarding the payment of all valorem taxes before they become delinquent, Mr. Jinkins stated the law provides if taxes upon any real estate are not paid before the first Monday in April of any year, the tax collector "shall advertise and sell the same and upon unpaid personal property taxes, the tax collector shall levy upon, seize and sell the goods and chattels for the unpaid taxes."

Fall In Stocks Caused By War Scare In Europe

NEW YORK, Mar. 31.—(AP)—A mystifying outburst of selling in the last hour of trading yesterday, drove over leading stocks for losses of \$1 to \$4 and dropped the market generally to the lowest level this year.

Wall Street, nervous since the latest German drive to the east began, became more tense as rumors spread along the gossip grapevines of an impending show-down between Germany and Poland. News from Berlin and Warsaw during the day failed to substantiate the gossip.

Against this background of uneasiness, gossipy mongers spread the story a market prognosticator talking with a broker had predicted a storm was about to break loose on the stock exchange. The yarn ran quickly through brokers' boardrooms and was cited by some brokers as having been a factor in precipitating the late selling wave.

The government figures are not broken down to show what proportion of these exports came from Florida, California or other areas in the United States.

Polish Opposition Rallies Against Nazis

WARSAW, Mar. 31.—(AP)—Opposition political leaders yesterday gave the Polish government assurances which reliable sources said were a pledge of cooperation against any German attempt to "trample on Polish rights."

The Polish press was instructed to inform its readers tomorrow that, contrary to "widespread rumors," Poland had received "no German demands" having the character of an ultimatum, nor has any German pressure been exercised."

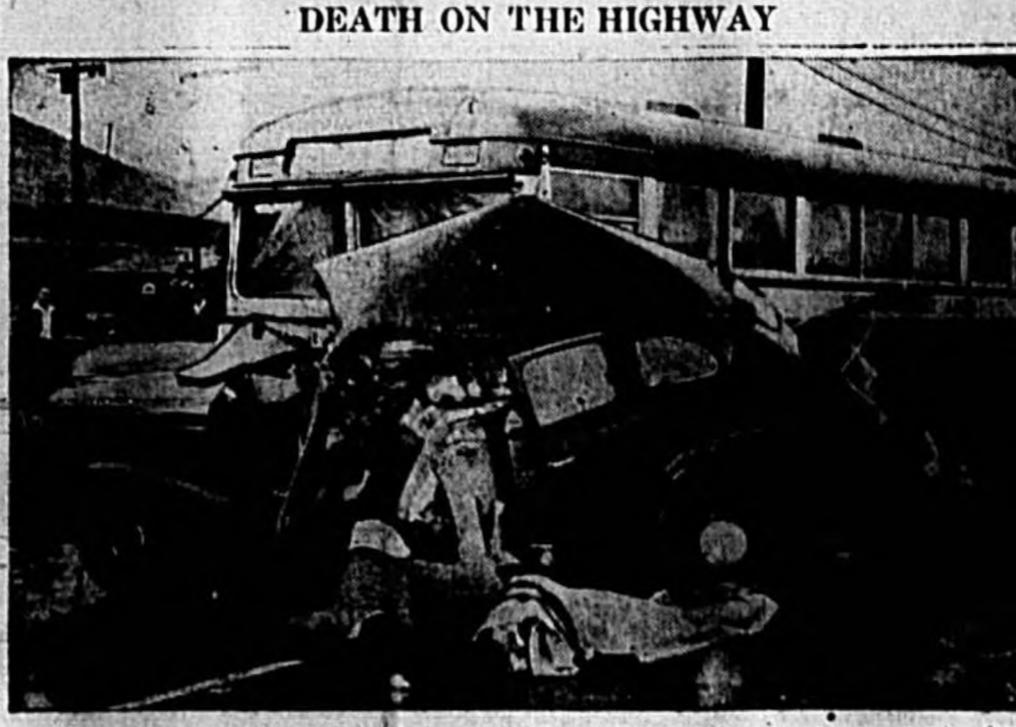
The press instructions said further that, in view of the fact German circles may be inclined to apply the same methods of surprise to Poland that have been applied to other countries, it is quite natural that the Polish government must take a vigilant stand."

It was reported 20 Ukrainians had been arrested at Lwow, in southeast Poland, and other Galician towns charged with fomenting unrest among Poland's Ukrainian minority.

Sources close to the government have charged in the past that independence movements among the 3,200,000 Ukrainians in Poland were supported by Nazi agents.

BANK STATEMENTS ASKED

WASHINGTON (AP) The Comptroller of Currency today called for the condition of all national banks as of close of business on Mar. 29.



DEATH ON THE HIGHWAY

Citrus Exports Are 400 Percent Greater Than '37

Great Britain Large- ly Responsible For Increased Shipments

LAKELAND, Mar. 31.—(AP)—Exportation of oranges from the United States to foreign countries in 1938 was nearly four times as great as in 1937, according to a report just issued by the foodstuff division of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce in Washington.

Grapefruit also showed a healthy increase, but did not equal the gain of oranges. Exports of oranges in 1938 totaled 8,609,412 boxes, compared with 2,476,865 boxes in 1937 and 4,241,281 boxes in 1936. Grapefruit exports jumped from 670,154 boxes in 1937 to 1,142,697 boxes in 1938.

Great Britain was largely responsible for the increase shown by oranges and grapefruit. Exports to the United Kingdom in 1937 were almost negligible, amounting to 19,866 boxes of grapefruit and 30,654 boxes of oranges. In 1938, however, the United Kingdom bought 297,908 boxes of grapefruit and 2,714,410 boxes of oranges. Canada continued to be one of the best customers for both oranges and grapefruit, using 736,207 boxes of grapefruit in 1938 and 3,406,676 boxes of oranges the same year.

The government figures are not broken down to show what proportion of these exports came from Florida, California or other areas in the United States.

BOMB USED



Franco May Be Used As Wedge In New World

Nationalist Regime Will Be Screen In Germany, Italy Deals

WASHINGTON, Mar. 31.—(AP)

Officials, carefully studying the effects in Latin America of Franco's complete victory in Spain, are firmly convinced that Germany and Italy will seek to better their position in the southern part of the Western Hemisphere with Franco as their driving wedge.

They are agreed that Franco's victory may have far-reaching consequences among Spain's former colonies in the Western world. It will serve, they think, to augment appreciably the influence of the European Fascist nations.

Representative Martin, Republican, Massachusetts, the Republican leader, spoke angrily of "arrogant gag rule." New deal also objected vigorously to certain phases of the suggested procedure on the ground it would not permit a record vote on the question of increasing the appropriation.

From Representative Woodrum, Democratic, Virginia, leader of the economy bloc, came a frank admission that the procedure was "stringent" and might even be termed "gag rule," but he said that such procedure frequently was good for the country. In the end the rules committee suggested changes in the amount of the appropriation.

"A new equilibrium is thus created on the two shores of the ocean. The consequences cannot but be favorable to the spiritual expansion of Italy and Fascism."

"They went back six years and picked up people who had been denied relief six years before because they couldn't qualify and had never applied for it since," he said.

Asserting the WPA theater project had put on 1215 shows at a cost of \$10,000 each, he asserted money is being wasted so

(Continued on Page Three)

City News Briefs

The rummage sale which was scheduled for Boy Scout Troop No 14 tomorrow has been cancelled, Scoutmaster W. E. Kader said today.

A delegation of Kiwanis left late this morning to attend a meeting of the Orlando club to return a visit paid by an Orlando group recently.

President Speaks At Alabama Institution

WARM SPRINGS, Ga., Mar. 31.—President Roosevelt began a 10-day vacation at his Pine Mountain cottage here yesterday after asserting in one of four speeches in nearby Alabama that the south faced the economic problem of getting "out of hock to the north."

From an automobile "rostrum" before gray-clad cadets at Alabama Polytechnic Institute's Stewart Field, the President again took cognizance of affairs in this part of the country, which was term in a New Deal report the "nation's economic problem number one," and asserted:

"I don't believe the South is so broke that it cannot put its own capital into the establishment of its own enterprises."

Declaring when he first came to Warm Springs nearly 10 years ago he had to buy milk and cream, apples, meat and shoes that originated in the North and West, he went on to say there "wasn't very much change in that system of economy until about six years ago."

It was then we began to see ourselves. Why is all this necessary?"

Zinn Beck Begins Return Trip North

Zinn Beck, scout for the Detroit Tigers, left this morning with his wife, starting north on a tour scheduled to cover some 53 college campuses in search for baseball talent for the Navin Field management.

Mr. and Mrs. Beck have spent the past four winters in Sanford, and Mr. Beck stated that unless there is some unforeseen change in their plans they will return next winter.

Nazis Told France, Britain Will Fight To Preserve Independence Of Poland

Der Fuehrer To Reply Tomorrow

Japan Takes Islands Near Philippines Claimed By French

WASHINGTON, Mar. 31.—(AP)

A crucial fight on the question of additional relief funds for this year began yesterday on the house floor, where critics taken WPA with charges of "waste and extravagance" and defenders of the agency declared it must have \$150,000,000 to put "more food on the tables of the undernourished."

At first leaders believed they might obtain a vote on the question tonight, but later decided to recess the house and put the slowdown over until today.

The President had asked \$150,000,000 to carry WPA through June but the house appropriations committee cut the figure to \$100,000,000. While most Democratic members of the "economy bloc" appeared ready to vote for the \$100,000,000, Representative Taber, Republican, New York, declared that if WPA would eliminate waste no further appropriation for this year would be needed.

In Warsaw, Poland hailed the British pledge as a check to any plans Hitler may have for taking Polish territory. High sources indicated Poland may try to negotiate with Germany over the latter's desire for the "city of Danzig."

Berlin Germans declared the British pledge as a check to any plans Hitler may have for taking Polish territory. High sources indicated Poland may try to negotiate with Germany over the latter's desire for the "city of Danzig."

In Rome Fascists said they believed the British-French hacking will stiffen the Polish stand against German demands.

France signed a commercial accord with Romania designed to check German influence in southeast Europe.

Premier Mussolini, speaking at Reggio, Italy, said his country was "ready to wait for the fulfillment of her colonial claims against France."

In Tokyo Japan announced she had assumed jurisdiction over the strategic Spratly Islands when France claims as hers. This brought Japan still closer to the Philippines.

Hungary announced Slovakia had agreed to negotiate the frontier dispute which has kept their troops fighting for some time.

The nationalist cleanup of Madrid and other former republican cities in Spain continued. More than 100,000 arrests have been made since Franco's army won the civil war.

In Warm Springs, Ga., where President Roosevelt is spending a ten-day vacation, sources close to the White House asserted there was a general fear in the world that Germany might extend her "domination" of other races to other continents and that the current British and French actions appeared to seek an end of that danger.

While President Roosevelt refused to discuss the foreign crisis intimated, declared Prime Minister Chamberlain's pledge to the House of Commons seemed to put squarely up to Germany the responsibility for any general war.

These sources said Britain and France were in effect saying to Germany that war could come only by invasion by Germany of some other country and war would be avoided if there were no such invasion.

Belief that Britain is ready to fight if Germany marches against Poland gained ground last night in diplomatic and other informed circles.

Officials were silent, but one usually reliable informant said:

"The British cabinet now is convinced that a bold course is the best course."

This comment came in as the British government feverishly hastened efforts to bind Poland into a ring of steel around expanding Nazi Germany.

Concern was reflected in a day of swiftly moving diplomacy in which:

1. The cabinet held a long and unexpected meeting after Prime

(Continued on Page Three)

LOCAL WEATHER

Fair to partly cloudy today and Saturday.

APR 1,-
JUNE 30, 1939

