

Europe Favorable To U. S. Action For Repealing Gold Act

Proposal Would Per- mit Foreign Nations To Pay Off Debt In Depreciated Money

(By The Associated Press)
American action to remove the gold clause from all obligations had these results abroad:

London—The dollar lost ground in heavy selling. Stocks were buoyant. Britain was relieved that the June debt payment will not be such a heavy burden. Expectations were that payment will be made.

Paris—A bear market in dollars developed. The dollar fell in value. French coldness toward making war debt payments was not affected.

Berlin—Germany wondered if she could afford to continue on gold. Benefits to Germany from the new American policy were seen in payment of loans with inflated cheap dollars.

Rome—Bankers said paper dollars instead of gold will be used to pay the \$6,000,000 interest on the \$100,000,000 debt.

Brussels—The market followed the reaction of the Paris money market.

Stockholm—Prof. Gustav Cassel, international economist, said the American action endangers the sanctity of all contracts.

Municipal Court Docket Tried By Judge Wilkinson

Final possession of "spirituous, viscous or malt liquor" proved costly to David Johnson, negro resident of this section who was haled into Police Court Monday afternoon to receive a \$50 fine, one of the largest assessed any lawbreaker in recent weeks.

E. D. Duncan and Arthur Higgins, white men charged with drunkenness were fined \$5 each.

L. B. Parkinson, white, charged with disorderly conduct, was fined \$5 while Rufus Woods, white merchant here, also charged with disorderly conduct, will be tried next Monday.

Henry Will Jones and Walter Mathews, charged with assault, were fined \$10 each.

Clara McGee, charged with disorderly conduct, was fined \$5.

Otis Wright, charged with petty larceny, was fined \$5.

Judge S. A. B. Wilkinson ordered a \$5 bond posted by Roy Dickerson, charged with disorderly conduct.

LeRoy Coleman, charged with assault, had his case transferred to the county court for action.

Shelly Joseph, charged with disorderly conduct will be tried Monday.

Postoffice And Bank To Observe Holiday

The local postoffice and the Sanford-Atlantic National Bank will observe next Tuesday, Decoration Day, as a holiday, it was announced today.

The postoffice department will require no service of its city carriers other than a single delivery of mail in the business district. The money order and registry windows will be closed all day.

Mail will be dispatched as on other days, and the general delivery windows will be open from 8:00 o'clock until 10:00 o'clock in the morning.

The bank will be closed all day. All orders for payrolls or currency and silver needed for business should be made before 5:00 o'clock Monday afternoon.

TO HOLD EXAMINATIONS

Teachers' examinations will be held next Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, it was announced today by T. W. Lawton, superintendent of the Board of Public Instruction. All examinations will be given at the J. S. High School building. Candidates for certification had until 6:00 o'clock last night to which to enroll for examinations.

Chicago Fair Gates Are Opened Today

CHICAGO, May 27.—(AP)—The Century of Progress international exposition opened its gates today after five years preparation and the spending of \$25,500,000 to date. Opening of the gates was followed by a day of pageantry including the official dedication by Postmaster General Farley representing President Roosevelt. The climax will be tonight when the star loses a ray from the starburst to turn a switch lighting all the buildings. Today's program includes speeches by Farley, Rufus C. Dawes, Mayor Kelly, of Chicago, Governor Horner, of Illinois and others.

Then as J. P. Morgan sat by apparently amused at the unusual spectacle resulting senatorial dignity into a round-table squabble. The crowd, half facing the crowd.

"Oh, yes, that's what it's all about. We're having a circus and all we need now is pen to and colored lemons."

George Howard, president of the United Corporation, was on the stand at the time of Virginia's explosive Democratic intervention into "Pecora's" digging questions.

He was telling of the organization in January, 1929, of this great Morgan holding unit with interests in utility companies doing 22 percent of the Nation's electricity and gas business and serving areas with over 50,000,000 people.

The testimony showed United Corporation received from Morgan & Company a \$12,000,000 loan market price, large blocks (Continued On Page Two).

FASCISTI MOVE AMONG SWEDISH PEOPLE IS SEEN

Group Is Pledged To
Development Of Nationalistic Spirit

STOCKHOLM, May 27.—(AP)—Organization by the conservatives of a so-called "active group," pledged to "free Sweden from communism" and in the "development of a national spirit," has caused a political sensation here.

The avowed Democrats, the present government party, is openly fearful that the conservatives are turning fascist and that an effective counterpart of Germany's Nazis may be in the making.

For the first time, it is pointed out, a Swedish political group, through planned and announced activities has taken up a campaign against communism.

The program of the "conservative front," as the new group is called, also includes renewed emphasis on national defense, elimination of "class politics," and furtherance of an unemployment relief program that will be "fair to those who are working."

"What is desired," explains the Svenska Dagbladet, leading conservative newspaper, "is not to create a dictator but to break down the political dictatorship which social democracy and trade unions have established."

Various motives are assigned for the formation of the new political group. While the social-democrats give it a fascist coloring, the liberals view it as an effort to placate the younger conservatives who are becoming restless under the influence of the Hitler victory in Germany.

On all sides, however, it is regarded as preying possible interference with political cooperation, especially in respect to the immense unemployment relief program of the government.

The Social-Democrats, semi-official organ of the cabinet, says that many of the supposed members of the "conservative front" are pure camouflages.

"It is clear," states this newspaper, "that the conservatives have taken the first step toward a new development of fascism in Sweden, as well as to an unforfeiting battle against the working class."

Two Local Bills Are Introduced By Solon

The Associated Press today notified The Herald that Representative R. J. Holly today introduced House Bill No. 1487, under the terms of which netting and gill-fishing in Lake Jessup will be prohibited.

Representative Holly also introduced House Bill No. 1461 which provides for the cancellation of taxes on the Odd Fellows Hall in Sanford at Fourth Street and Pine Avenue.

MORGAN QUIZ IN UPROAR AS GLASS SPARS

Doughty Virginia Senator Asks To Find Out What Goal Investigation Seeks

WASHINGTON, May 27.—(AP)—An uproar, precipitated by a demand from Virginia's quick-speaking Senator Glass, to know the goal of the inquiry into J. P. Morgan and Company, climaxed a disclosure yesterday that the same has been made in a widely publicized report of the Senate.

Breaking the rigid rules of silence, a crowd broke into vigorous applause when Ferdinand Pecora, the banking committee counsel, limited he was ready to resign if vituperation were directed with his back.

In their final presentation, the grand jurors also announced that they have investigated the activities of the Board of Public Instruction and the County Superintendent of Instruction. The investigation brought out the fact that all proceedings, except for a few irregularities in the allocation of certain funds, received from the sale of collateral securities pledged by the defunct Bank of Oviedo. In the past, school funds

were apparently insufficiently covered, but it now appears that all funds are properly and amply covered.

The jurors, who found "that the Board of Public Instruction failed to participate in any disbursement by the Liquidator of the Bank of Oviedo, recommend that the Board of Public Instruction be immediately with their attorney as to the advisability of bringing mandamus proceedings to compel the Board of Public Instruction to participate in the recovery of their claims."

In their report of their investigation of the sale of lottery tickets, the jurors stated "We have carefully investigated the alleged sale and operation of lotteries known as 'Cuba' and 'Bolito' in Seminole County, and have found considerable evidence that such sale and operation of lotteries has

(Continued On Page Four)

Grand Jurors Vigorously Condemn Sale Of Lottery Tickets In Presentment

Vigorously condemning the sale of lottery tickets, commonly known as "Cuba" and "Bolito," in Seminole County, the grand jury which completed its deliberations yesterday afternoon with the presentation of four indictments, and four no true bills, places responsibility for the future sale of such tickets squarely up to the law enforcement officers of the county.

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(Continued On Page Four)

HERRIOT TELLS OF CONDITIONS IN DEBT TALKS

Says Roosevelt Held Delinquent Install- ment Must Be Paid

PARIS, May 27.—(AP)—Payment of France's defaulted war debt interest due last December was an essential condition laid down by President Roosevelt in his Washington talks for any settlement of the Franco-American debt problem, Edouard Herriot, former premier announced in the chamber of deputies yesterday.

President Roosevelt told Herriot and in their recent Washington talks that if France would agree to pay the \$29,000,000 annual installment overdue since Dec. 15 last, negotiations for a settlement of the vexing issue would be undertaken immediately.

"When I discussed the debt with Mr. Roosevelt," said the delegate envoy to the Washington conversations, "I found a man as well disposed to us as a chief of state can be to a man in the grip of difficulties."

"What Mr. Roosevelt told me was that the condition of all arrangements was the payment of the Dec. 15 installment. Payment of this was the essential condition, according to him."

Herriot extended his remarks. "Negotiations have taken place between England and the United States," he said. "They have not been addressed to France and it is thus that confusion has arisen."

Responding to the declaration by Deputy Franklin Roosevelt that President Roosevelt is not in the matter because he is the president of Congress, Herriot said: "It does not seem wise to speculate in advance the possible effect of Mr. Roosevelt. This would be incorrect and imprudent."

The discussion then switched directly to the approaching world economic conference.

President Daladier took part in the discussion, the cabinet member taking the position that it will not take the initiative unless it gets some new development upon President Roosevelt, said as a memorandum on the June 15 agreement with which to face the future.

Herriot is making virtually a free fight for payment.

Facts Being Taken On Proposed Canal

G. S. Barr, of Washington, member of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the United States Department of Commerce was in Sanford this morning contacting various merchants, grocers, and shippers in gathering facts and figures relating to the proposed cross-state canal.

Mr. Barr stated that of the 13 Florida for the past three months making an exhaustive survey for facts that will be presented to the U. S. Engineers Department, stated that his office has but one purpose in its investigations. "We merely gather all available facts as to the economic value of the proposed project," he said, "and we make absolutely no recommendations."

Mr. Barr stated that of the 13 proposed routes that had been suggested by various proponents of the canal, that route which enters from the East at Jacksonville and continues westward near Lake George and below Ocala into the Ocala River, several lakes, and finally into the Withlacoochee River, to Yankton and the Gulf "seems to be the most economical."

MARONS TO MEET

Monroe Chapter No. 18, Royal Arch Masons, invites all Master Masons to join them Tuesday night, May 30, at 8:00 o'clock at the Masonic Hall, where all will be entertained by the DeWolfe boys under the auspices of R. A. M. The invitation was extended today by J. C. Trawick, high priest.

KANNER RELIEF BILL IS SIGNED BY GOVERNOR

Measure Provides For Retiring Of County Bonds By Using Gas- oline Tax Monies

TALLAHASSEE, May 27.—(AP)—The Senate today gave special and binding consideration Monday at 1:00 P. M. to a bill providing for \$7,500,000 appropriation for public schools.

The Governor signed the Kanner bill providing a quicker and cheaper method of retiring county and district bonds by using gasoline funds to purchase at the market price.

The House today amended the Senate-approved biennial appropriations bill to call for an annual expenditure of \$6,168,124, but failed in bringing the important measure to a final vote. The Senate bill called for an expenditure of \$6,000,000.

Senator T. H. Pritch, Leasburg, president of the Senate, yesterday introduced a bill to amend present statutes to permit the placing of a brief summary of proposed constitutional amendments on the ballots in general elections instead of the full text of the proposed amendments.

A number of joint resolutions proposing constitutional amendments some of them lengthy, have been adopted during the present session of the Legislature. The bill went to the calendar on second reading.

A public hearing on the 3 percent sale tax bill introduced earlier this week by Senator J. H. Stewart, Fernandina, will be held following adjournment of the Senate afternoon session Tuesday. It was announced.

The hearing was postponed to permit many interested persons to appear before the committee. Senator W. T. Gray, Ocala, is chairman of the Finance and Taxation Committee and will preside at the hearing.

Refusal of the House to recommend that Mrs. Julia Maffioletti, widow mother of Arthur (Doc) Maffioletti, be paid \$5,000 was the feature of last night's session as claim bills were under consideration. Maffioletti, serving a sentence for robbery, was found dead, his body with stocks about his feet, hanging by a chain from the rafters of a sweat box in the Sunbeam prison camp in Duval county last year. The case attracted nationwide attention.

Frank W. Black, a former partner of Mitchell who said he had prepared the banker's tax returns ever since there was an income tax" was examined on this point.

United States Attorney McAlister questioned the witness in great technical detail as to the items included in Mitchell's return.

"Did you include an item of \$408,656.67," he inquired.

"No sir," Black replied.

"Did such an item come to your attention?"

"It did not."

"Do you recall seeing on Mr. Mitchell's books dated July 1, 1929, an item 'City Company M. fund \$408,656.67'?"

"Yes sir."

"What was the conservation?"

"My recollection is that Mr. Mitchell called me in and that he told me with reference to that \$408,656.67 which appeared in his cash book dated July 1, as received from the National City Company management and that it was not to be included in his return for 1929 for the reason that the National City Company had informed him that item had been credited to the fund."

(Continued On Page Four)

Final Authority Is Given City To Cut Extent Of Limits

Final authority for the Sanford City Commissioners to shrink the present limits by approximately five square miles came this morning when House Bill No. 1095, passed in the House and Senate this week, became a law without the Governor's signature.

Mayor V. A. Spear today stated when advised that the bill had become law, that "There is no particular hurry in the matter as regards taking action here at once. We asked for authority to shrink the limits. We now have it. I would say today that we will consider our authority at the next regular meeting of the Commission. The commission are scheduled to meet on June 12.

The 1932 valuation of the property that it is proposed to exclude from the city totals approximately \$200,000, including Atlantic Canal. The railroad property valued at over \$18,000.

The property includes a large section of Lockhart's Subdivision and the American Fruit Growers' farm on the West Side, large sections of Dreamworld, Grand Park, and other properties on the South Side, and portions of Marvonia, Mayfair, and Maroon Forest on the East Side.

TAX BOOKS TO CLOSE

County Tax Collector Jim D. Jinkins today reminded the taxpayers public that State and County tax books will close June 1, after which the 1932 taxes have not been paid will be advertised and sold for taxes. Personal property, he added, upon which the taxes have not been paid will be listed there, and sold for the same as provided by law.

Congress Is Being Urged To Activity For Adjournment

Smashing Rally In Stocks Is Recorded

NEW YORK, May 27.—(AP)—A smashing rally in stocks, a boom for commodities, and a sharp dip by the dollar exchange today measured the reaction of financial markets to the proposed measure of the gold clause from public and private debts, totaling roughly 100 billion dollars. Trailing on the Stock Exchange, while prices rose from one to more than a record-breaking volume for Saturday. At closing time the ticker was a half hour behind the actual market but advised prices were strong.

The end of the week finds the House with hardly enough work to keep it busy a week, and the Senate with half a dozen big and controversial measures ahead.

The House has left one bill officially cancelling the obligation to pay contract sums in gold. The railroad regulation bill and the new tariff power for President Roosevelt are yet to be sent up, as is also the oil industry regulation measure.

Before it gets to the tariff the Senate will have to act on the independent office appropriation which has become a half-billion-dollar economy measure, the two-billion-dollar home mortgage relief bill, the public works industrial control measure passed by the House yesterday, the oil industry control bill, and the new gold bill.

In between it must clear out pending nominations a few of them much appraised.

One more act is to be asked of Congress, ratification of the President's economy reorganization orders soon to be issued. It is not mandatory but the President wants no question about the state the reorganization is going into effect.

Opposition in the House to the Roosevelt \$3,300,000,000 public works industrial-taxation bill crumbled last night and the measure, amended to plug up holes in the income tax laws, was passed 324 to 76.

It goes to the Senate, where favorable action is expected by Democratic leaders after the income tax program approved by the House is revised to ease the (Continued On Page Four)

ATLANTIC BANK SIGNS LEASE FOR NEW QUARTERS

Financial House Will Move Into First National Bank Edifice

Linton E. Allen, president of the Sanford-Atlantic National Bank, this afternoon announced the signing of a five-year lease which will give his institution possession of the former First National Bank quarters at First Street and Park Avenue.

At the same time he announced that the bank will move into its new quarters next Saturday, which is a legal holiday, and that it will be ready for business in the new location on Monday morning, June 5, at 9:00 o'clock.

Negotiations leading to the actual signing of the lease today were instituted some weeks ago. Almost incidentally came signs of activity in the building itself where painters and workmen erected scaffolding which was later used by painters who have re-decorated the entire interior.

The lease was signed on behalf of the bank by Mr. Allen and Arthur Branam, bank cashier. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Evans, owners of the building, were the other signers. The lease, with an option of renewal at the end of five years, was okayed by members of the board of directors.

Mr. Allen stated that the lease included all of the fixtures now in the banking rooms, including the large safe and all safe deposit boxes. He said that removal of the bank's present equipment and properties probably will be completed on Saturday, and he announced that he plans to hold "open house" on Monday when all customers and friends of the bank are invited to inspect the new quarters.

Commenting upon the completion of negotiations, Mr. Allen stated that "The signing of this lease is an indication of our bank's faith in the future growth (Continued On Page Four)

Telegraph Office Has New Operating Hours

Summer office hours will go into effect at the Western Union Telegraph local office here today by J. Tharp, manager. The office will open at 7:30 o'clock on week-days, and close at 10:00 o'clock.

Sunday hours are to be as follows: 11:00 o'clock in the morning, open again from 4:00 o'clock in the afternoon to 9:00 o'clock at night.

Open Market Buying Ordered By President

WASHINGTON, May 27.—(AP)—President Roosevelt today authorized the board of trustees of postal savings banks to purchase \$100,000,000 in government bonds. The move is in line with the administration's open market operations recently inaugurated by the federal reserve board to bring about an expansion of credit and an easing of the money market.

Dr. Marshall today stated that three things can happen. The object can move forward and enter the lungs to cause death within six days; the object can produce an abscess which may be drained and bring the complete removal of the object; the object can pass into the stomach and be eliminated without serious consequences.

Shaffer Suffering From Glass Sliver Lodged In Throat

A policy of watchful waiting accompanied by complete rest and quiet for the patient must be followed by Sanford and Orlando physicians and throat specialists who were called to attend former acting Chief of Police Chas. H. Shaffer last yesterday afternoon after he had swallowed some object, believed to be a sliver of glass, while enjoying a soft drink.

Chief Shaffer, who is at the Orange General Hospital in Orlando where he was resting comfortably at noon today, faces serious, perhaps fatal consequences if the object takes one of three courses which Dr. C. J. Marshall said may result.

Whatever he swallowed passed through his esophagus just below the jaw, according to an x-ray photograph made by Dr. Marshall about three hours after the incident. The photograph was made the object appeared to be lodged in the muscles of the neck.

Minor's Winning Streak Is Snapped As Crackers Turn In 3 To 2 Victory At Home

Timely batting by Schlecty, New Smyrna first sacker who pined out three hits in four tries, brought the Crackers a 3 to 2 vic-

tory over the league-leading Sanford Celeryfeds before a small crowd in the East Coast city yesterday afternoon. The game marked the end of the Fed's seven game winning streak, and saw Ige Minor lose his first game since three fine shut-out victories. Minor however, equalled the league record for hurling 34 consecutive innings before being scored upon.

TO-NIGHT Last Times

John Barrymore

TOPAZE

MYRNA LOY

SAURDAY Double Show

John Barrymore

TOPAZE

MYRNA LOY

SAURDAY Double Show

High Jinks on the High Seas

PLEASURE CRUISE

Genevieve TOBIN

Reland YOUNG

For Picture

The game, one of the fastest and finest exhibitions of the year, brought old George Cusack his second victory of the year after an exhibition that was featured by his recovery after a sticky start. Cusack gave up nine hits while Minor struck out eight men where old George caused but three to whiff the air.

The Crackers played baseball as it should be played in that after they placed a man on the sacks, someone else came along and sacrificed him up a base and which a third player singled to score the first batter. The Crackers did this on no less than four occasions with scores coming twice.

third, and fourth frames. Constant hammering away brought him victory, however. After Cusack had pitched himself out of a bumpy hole by striking out Newcomb, Harrison, and Chapman in order after Abbott and Maxwell had singled in the second, the Feds set to work in manufacture two runs in the third. Minor was out, Cusack to Schlecty, but Arioli singled after which Bonner was safe at first on Tedder's error. After Barnes had fled out to second, Abbott came through with a screamingable to center field, scoring two runners. Maxwell was an in-out after Abbott had reached first on Wright's error.

Only two Feds reached second after that inning, Cusack holding them down to four hits in the final six innings. The Crackers scored in the sixth when Haldema, singled, went to second on Tedder's sacrifice, and scored on Schlecty's single. Cruise singled to open the eighth seventh. He went to second on Wright's sacrifice, and scored on Taylor's single before the side was retired.

The winning run came in the eighth, Haldema was safe on "owner's" bobble. With the infield on fire for a hunt, Chapman moved to first to catch Haldema going in the field and Abbott barged with the error as Haldema went to second. Tedder popped out but Schlecty came through with another single, scoring Haldema. Goodrich and Cruise were easy outs. The game brought an end to "ov Harrison's consecutive game winning streak of six games. It also brought a painful ankle injury to Tete Newcomb, and aggravated a blister that has been in the third finger of Minor's pitching hand for several days.

First man up. Joiner sacrificed and spoke scored on Ige's single. Graham tipped to center to score rest, while Cusack scored on Lane's high fly to left. The bases evened the count in their favor on the second when Dull walked. Bosch muffed Barnes's easy one. Johnson's infield advanced both runners after which Cusack scored on Meas's single. The runners acted another in the ninth when Shannon walked. Cusack scored, went to third, and Johnson drew wild to catch him off third and scored on Barnes's hit to center. After that they never were headed, scoring runs in every inning but the eighth, and scored in the ninth on the standers with a single and triple in three tries, while Cracker Graham, who had led the league until last Sunday, got two for four.

Johnson became the first Bruin to make a home run this year when he smacked the ball over the fence in the fourth with none on. The Bruins scored their final runs in the seventh on Medlin's double and stolen base and Pope's high fly. Bruins right fielder pulled the fielding gem of the day when, with Graham on first, Ige took Lane's drive that was labeled for three bases, off the right field fence and doubled Graham who was almost at third.

Medlin, Bruin second baseman hit safely in his eighth consecutive game. The game brought the Islanders to within one game of first place again, while the Bruins went into the cellar position along with the Crackers.

Carleton and Mock here yesterday afternoon. While the Indians were lambasting the Tiger chankers for 15 blows that came all through the game, Lefty Baker was holding the Tigers practically helpless. Not a Tiger reached second until the seventh, when Pittman, first up, walked, went to third on successive errors by Hopkins and Baker, and scored while Prine was retiring Cops at third. Asa Wall's fast fielding and peg of Go-Holl's single got Reed at the plate to retire the side.

The other Tiger runs came in the eighth as Powers' singled after Carleton had struck out. Maltby flew out to center but Pittman doubled. Both runners scored on Cops's single. Williamson doubled, sending Cops to third but both runners died when Reed's long fly to center was Provost's easy out.

The Indians wasted no time at all, landing on Mock for a pair of runs in the first frame. Harrell walked, went to second on Moore's error, which put Wall on first, and both runners scored on Provost's long double.

DRAWLS HARBORING TALE

NEWPORT, R. I., May 26.—(AP)—"Nini" Jella, southern coast who drew a harboring tale of married life with F. Frasier Jella, wealthy broker, to a courtroom jammed with fashionable Newport summer holiday-s underwent cross-examination Wednesday in her counter suit for divorce.

LEGAL NOTICE

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES IN AND FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA IN EQUITY. J. W. HARWELL, as Receiver of the First National Bank of Sanford, and W. L. HENNEY, Comptant.

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that on Monday, the 15th day of June, 1933, within the legal hours of sale, at the court house in the City of Sanford, Florida, I shall sell to the highest bidder for cash, the lands situated and being in the County of Seminole, and State of Florida, and more particularly described as follows:

WANT TRANSPORTATION
Birmingham, Ala. Will share expenses, Phone 768-M.

16—Houses For Rent
BEAUTIFULLY furnished home. 1201 Magnolia Ave. Phone 342.

UNFURNISHED House, Mod. conveniences. Corner Sanford & Geneva Avenues W. L. Davis, 2517 Palmetto Avenue.

FURNISHED Home, modern conveniences, reasonable rent, married couple without children, 2 business women or 2 men seeking bachelor quarters, Reply Box "Home" care Herald.

17—Business Places For Rent
TWO OR four connecting office rooms over Sanford Gas Co.

28—Miscellaneous For Sale
THIS WEEK—Ready mixed Paint. Good range of colors. \$1.65 gallon; 65 cents quart; 35 cents pint. Stanley-Rogers Hardware Company.

FOR SALE: One Jersey cow, fresh in, 508 E. 3rd St.

FOR SALE: One Jersey cow, fresh in, Phone 146-J.

MUST SELL THIS WEEK, 100 pc. set dishes, 3 floor lamp, rug, 8 tube cabinet radio, Sarge electric washer, 50 lb. refrigerator, Phone 896, City Transfer & Storage Co.

29—For Rent Or Sale
FIVE Room house and five acres, 2-1-2 tiled, W. 1st St., Mrs. R. E. Miller, 625 Palmer, Orlando.

WIN A CASH PRIZE

How Many Kilowatt Hours Will A New Norge Electric Refrigerator Use In 15 Days?

GUESS!!

—IT COSTS NOTHING—

1st Prize \$10.00
or \$15.00 Credit on Norge

2nd Prize \$5.00
or \$10.00 Credit on Norge

CONTEST

Begins Saturday 10 A. M. (Tomorrow)

An electric meter will be installed beside the New Norge now on display at our shop. You are invited to come in and inspect it—open the door as many times as you like. Guess how many kilowatt hours it will consume within 15 days and you may win one of two cash prizes. The meter will be installed by the Florida Power and Light Company and a representative of that concern will read it before and at the close of the contest.

SEE THE NEW NORGE AT SEMINOLE TIRE SHOP

First and Elm

Theford's Black-Draught
Relieves Bilious Condition

"I find Theford's Black-Draught a great relief for headache, constipation and biliousness," writes Mrs. L. H. Crippen, of Pulaski, Ill. "When I get bilious, I feel tired and sluggish, have a bad taste in my mouth and distress in my stomach. For these ailments, I take a dose of Black-Draught every other night until relieved."

NEW SMYRNA

Summary: Runs batted in, Abbott 2, Cusack 2, Taylor 2, Earned runs, New Smyrna 2, Sanford 1. Wild pitches, Minor, umpires, Delahill and Childers.

Daytona 12, Leesburg 5

LEESBURG, May 26.—Ragged fielding and inability to hit in the pinches cost the Leesburg Bruins a Central Florida League baseball game to Daytona Beach, 12 to 5 yesterday afternoon. For although Johnson, Bruin hurler, was nipped for 11 hits, seven errors back of him came at the most inopportune of times.

JIM DANDY FEEDS

At Money Saving Prices

Famous Success-ure Stock and Poultry Feeds, Grains and Hay. Prices that are right—Fresh stocks Weekly.

A and G FERTILIZER

At Money Saving Prices

Complete stocks right in town on all mixed Fertilizer and Fertilizer Material, tested for this locality. One Trial Convinces. Come by, let's get acquainted. You'll like this store—We give you Value, Quality and Service.

Atlantic and Gulf Fertilizer Co.
SANFORD STORE
208 Railroad Ave.
C. S. THOMPSON, Manager
Phone 896

COCOA 7, Orlando 3

COCOA, May 26.—The Cocoa Indians made it four straight victories by scoring a creditable 7 to 3 victory over the Orlando Tigers and their three hurlers, Flora,

SEMINOLE SAUSAGE SHOP

PHONE 58-W 303 SANFORD AVE. PHONE 58-W

FANCY, FAT, R. I. RED

HENS Pound 16¢

2 1/4 TO 3 LBS., PLUMP, RED

FRYERS lb. 25¢

ROUND, SIRLOIN OR CLUB

STEAK lb. 17¢

FANCY WESTERN BEEF

ROAST lb. 12 1/2¢

LARGE MEATY

WIENERS lb. 9 1/2¢

PURE PORK COUNTRY SMOKED

SAUSAGE lb. 15¢

FANCY CUTS OF CHOICE WESTERN MEATS!

BEEF-PORK-VEAL-LAMB!

TONICS FOR SPRING APPETITES

If you have spring fever most likely you need a tonic for your appetite. What could be better than the spring vegetables and fruits coming so plentifully to the market. You will find in your neighborhood A&P Store a large variety of the finest fresh fruit and vegetables available—offered at the familiar A&P low prices.

A&P ESTABLISHED 1859

WHERE ECONOMY RULES

PILLSBURY'S "BEST" FLOUR

6 Pound Bag 21¢
12 Pound Bag 37¢
24 Pound Bag 71¢

GRANDMOTHER'S BREAD
Fresh, Rich with Milk
Large Plain or Sliced LOAF 5c

Rajah Brand SANDWICH SPREAD
PINT 15c
JAR 15c

DEL MONTE Pineapple
2 NO. 2 1/2 CANS 35c

White House EVAPORATED MILK
3 TALL CANS 17c

The Food Beverage **Cocomalt**
—Chocolate Flavor—
PER CAN 23c

8 O'CLOCK Mild, Mellow. Pure Santos **COFFEE**
PER POUND 19c

323 E. 1st **MEAT MARKETS** 205 Mag.

Regular HAMS 6 to 12 lb. avg lb. 13¢

Western Beef POT ROAST, pound 12¢
Western Pork LOIN ROAST, pound 12¢

Lamb Shoulder ROAST lb. 10¢

Western POUND STEAK, pound 19¢
Large Juicy FRANKS, pound 10¢

LEG-O-LAMB lb. 19¢

Finest Shortening COMPOUND 29¢ 57¢
Fancy—U. S. No. 1 IRISH **POTATOES 10 lbs. 13¢**

CORN, A&P White Crosby—No. 2 can 10c
SPINACH, Fancy—No. 2 can 10c
BEETS, Iona Brand—No. 2 cans 13c
SAUERKRAUT—No. 2 1/2 cans 15c

Rajah Supreme Quality **SALAD DRESSING**
PINT 12c
QUART 23c
JAR 12c
JAR 23c

Large Yellow **BANANAS**, 3 lbs. 15c
Large Crisp Iceberg **LETTUCE**, 3 heads 25c
Texas New Crop White or Yellow **ONIONS**, 2 lbs. 9c

A&P PURE CONCORD GRAPE **JUICE**
PINT BOTTLE 10c
QUART BOTTLE 19c

SHREDDED WHEAT—pkg 10c
SPARKLE, Gelatin Dessert—5 oz. pkg 5c
WAX PAPER, Cut Rite—3 rolls 15c

Famous White Naphtha 3 Giant Bars
P&G SOAP 10¢
Toilet Tissue 4 Rolls
WALDORF 15¢

The principal objection to the new "industrial control" bill which passed the House of Representatives yesterday has centered around the additional tax levied in order to service the huge bond issue proposed for public works. The debate has emphasized the fact that new buildings must be paid for, that unemployment relief, however desirable and essential, cannot be obtained in substantial form without increased tax burdens.

And yet there is a certain faction among our leaders in Washington who insist that the public works program could be carried through without additional taxation. They propose to have the new construction paid for by paper money, issued by the government without security. The good faith and credit of the government would be behind the new money, and, since the gold embargo, that is practically all there is behind any money.

Those who suggest this proposal have undoubtedly hit upon an easy scheme of financing. The public works program calls for an expenditure of \$3,300,000,000, and if bonds are sold, annual interest and principal payments would call for additional taxation amounting to \$220,000,000 annually. At a time when everybody is complaining against excessive levies, and having the greatest difficulty in financing their daily bread, additional taxes, for whatever purpose, do not come as very welcome news. The fiat currency would apparently make unnecessary the extra taxes.

But the thought occurs to us that if it is a sound and practical governmental policy for the government to relieve unemployment with fiat money in order to avoid extra taxes, would it not be just as sensible for the government to finance some of its other expenditures in the same way? Why couldn't the government, for instance, pay the army and navy with paper money and give the people some of the tax reduction they are demanding?

Perhaps what is more to the point, if the government can finance a huge public works program with paper money, why can't it finance an immediate payment of the soldiers' bonus in the same way? Why can't it open all closed banks in the country by paying off the depositors with fiat money? Why can't it redeem all the outstanding farm mortgages, which are depressing our farm populations, in the same way? Why can't it take up all the railroad bonds so that the railroads can give lower freight rates?

The suggestion, it seems to us, that the government should finance the public works program with paper money brings out very clearly the danger of being off the gold standard, or any standard of stable monetary values. As long as this country remains on a paper standard, President Roosevelt will be subjected to every conceivable kind of demand for more money. All he has to do to get the money is to press the button and start the presses. Why not?

If anybody thinks that is not taxation, he has not given the subject very much thought. With some six billions of currency in circulation today, an additional \$3,300,000,000 currency issue for public works might well have the effect of a fifty percent tax on all bank deposits, insurance funds, pensions, and wages and salaries under contract. If anyone openly proposed such a tax, he would be annihilated.

We do not believe there is any intention, either on the part of the President or of Congress, to do anything so foolish, but as long as we remain off the gold standard, such schemes will continuously be proposed.

Secretary Hull fears for the success of the London economic conference and sees the world drifting to even greater nationalisms and isolation. The result of that is an economic war in which the weapons will be tariff walls, trade embargoes, and depreciated currencies. And the result of that will be another kind of war, in which the weapons will be poison gas, submarines, bombing planes, and bigger "Berthas" than ever before.

The ways and means committee is not having an easy time in trying to find all the ways to raise the money to finance the interest payments on the huge public works bond issue. Like so many other committees they are finding it difficult to spend money than it is to raise it. Neither sales tax nor additional income taxes sit well with the public. Some wish they could find the money in a safe but like a white rabbit, it simply starts printing presses.

Democratic senators probing Morgan's affairs should have looked under the lid before prying it off. If they had known some of their own boys were in the palace, they would have been a little more careful, but before they knew it, they were the names of John W. Davis, former Democratic candidate for president, William G. McAdoo, former Democratic treasury secretary, and now a United States senator, Norman H. Davis, secretary of the Federal Reserve Board, and William H. Woodin, president of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

MR. LYON: Before we take up the reasons for getting off the gold standard, I think we should take a look at the reasons why it has been so popular in the past. Thousands of persons are wondering what difference it makes, and why for so many years it has been considered very important to get on a gold standard and stay on it. The answer to that, of course, depends on where they assume they would be if they weren't on it. When people say they believe in the gold standard they really have in mind some other standard which they do not like as well. Now, the one thing that people want and need in a money is stability of value, and that is what the gold standard stands for.

MR. HARDY: Yes, stability in two respects: First purchasing power over goods and the services of others; and second, in purchasing power over the currencies of other countries.

MR. LYON: That's exactly what I mean.

MR. HARDY: Now, the long standing popularity of the gold standard is based on its stability as compared either with a silver standard or else with a paper currency. Let us compare these two currencies with gold, with respect to each of the two kinds of stability that I mentioned.

As to domestic prices there is no great advantage one way or the other between gold and silver. Sometimes the price levels of silver countries are steadier than those of gold countries, and at other times the opposite is true. But irremediable paper currencies have as a rule resulted in very unstable price levels, and this is one reason why we have the strong tradition in favor of the gold standard. Paper gets out of control—it can be said over to be under control. Prices go up and down, and debts and fixed incomes are wiped out or deprived of their value; people lose their savings and wages get out of line with the cost of living. Then either the currency becomes entirely worthless or else there is a swing back in the other direction, restoring the value to the currency and generating a long period of falling prices and unemployment. The debt burden gets heavy and there are and loss their life savings and wages get out of line with the cost of living. People remember these things long enough so that the gold standard, which is really far from perfect, seems perfect by comparison.

MR. LYON: Yes, it is certain that those countries which have paper money inflation are now the ones which are least enthusiastic about tampering with the currency. People who have seen their savings bank deposits and mortgage investments wiped out, and the value of their wages destroyed by the dilution of the currency are very reluctant to start experimenting again. You notice that countries of central Europe are the ones now making the greatest efforts to keep the gold standard in operation. On the other hand, there is nothing in the experience of these violent war-time inflations that proves that the gold standard is ideal; it merely proves that there are some things a good deal worse.

MR. HARDY: Well, we started in to show why the gold standard has been so popular in the past. The effect of unstable prices on the domestic situation is half the story, but the other half is the effect on international relations. The exchange rate between two countries that have different standards is always unstable but if you can get gold for your money in one country at a fixed rate, and ship it to another country and change it there into currency at a fixed rate, you have practically the same thing as one international currency.

There can still be a small fluctuation because of the cost of shipping gold, but substantially you have a fixed exchange rate. That is an enormous advantage from the standpoint of international trade and international travel. It means that if you buy goods in one country to sell in another you can calculate your costs and profits. If you don't have a common standard it means that buying goods for credit in one country in order to sell them in another involves a speculation on the exchange rate. You may be able to sell the goods at the price you expect, but by the time you have to pay for them the foreign money may have gone up enough to wipe out, not only your profit, but a substantial share of your capital.

MR. LYON: Yes, and all international long-time credit is still more speculative under fluctuating exchange rates. If municipal bonds issued in one country are sold in another which is on a different standard, those bonds must be drawn in terms of the one currency or the other. If, as is usual, they are payable in the currency of the borrowing country, whoever buys—even the soundest AAA bonds—is speculating on the value of the currency.

MR. HARDY: Right. And if the bonds are drawn in the currency of the lending country, the borrowing municipality may find that it has to pay a greatly increased number of units of its own currency, while its revenues have not gone up correspondingly.

MR. LYON: That illustrates the advantage of gold over irremediable paper, but I don't see that it shows an advantage of gold over silver. Silver redemption would keep two currencies stable in relation to one another just as well as gold redemption. And you said a moment ago that interest prices in silver countries have been just about as stable as those in gold countries. That being so, it is curious why so many countries made the big swing from silver to gold in the nineteenth century.

MR. HARDY: That swing was, I think, in large part an historical accident. If silver had been a little cheaper in 1816 England would have gone to silver instead of gold at that time, and the rest of the world would probably have followed. It would not have made very much difference except to silver and gold producers. In fact, I think it would have been a little better, because India and China were already on silver and it would have been easier to get uniformity throughout the world by swinging the rest of the countries to silver than to bring the rest of the world to gold. The value of money which probably have been fixed in much the same way as it did, but there is no way to tell which would have worked out better, because the whole set of conditions attending the production and use of both metals would have been different.

MR. LYON: Yes, the main point is that silver countries have stable rates of exchange with the money of other silver countries but fluctuating exchanges with gold countries while gold standard countries have stable exchanges with silver countries. As often as most of the large and important nations went to gold it came to be a step forward to get on gold with them, in order to gain stability of exchange with these leading nations.

MR. LYON: Yes, it is certain that those countries which have paper money inflation are now the ones which are least enthusiastic about tampering with the currency. People who have seen their savings bank deposits and mortgage investments wiped out, and the value of their wages destroyed by the dilution of the currency are very reluctant to start experimenting again. You notice that countries of central Europe are the ones now making the greatest efforts to keep the gold standard in operation. On the other hand, there is nothing in the experience of these violent war-time inflations that proves that the gold standard is ideal; it merely proves that there are some things a good deal worse.

MR. HARDY: Well, we started in to show why the gold standard has been so popular in the past. The effect of unstable prices on the domestic situation is half the story, but the other half is the effect on international relations. The exchange rate between two countries that have different standards is always unstable but if you can get gold for your money in one country at a fixed rate, and ship it to another country and change it there into currency at a fixed rate, you have practically the same thing as one international currency.

There can still be a small fluctuation because of the cost of shipping gold, but substantially you have a fixed exchange rate. That is an enormous advantage from the standpoint of international trade and international travel. It means that if you buy goods in one country to sell in another you can calculate your costs and profits. If you don't have a common standard it means that buying goods for credit in one country in order to sell them in another involves a speculation on the exchange rate. You may be able to sell the goods at the price you expect, but by the time you have to pay for them the foreign money may have gone up enough to wipe out, not only your profit, but a substantial share of your capital.

MR. LYON: Yes, and all international long-time credit is still more speculative under fluctuating exchange rates. If municipal bonds issued in one country are sold in another which is on a different standard, those bonds must be drawn in terms of the one currency or the other. If, as is usual, they are payable in the currency of the borrowing country, whoever buys—even the soundest AAA bonds—is speculating on the value of the currency.

MR. HARDY: Right. And if the bonds are drawn in the currency of the lending country, the borrowing municipality may find that it has to pay a greatly increased number of units of its own currency, while its revenues have not gone up correspondingly.

MR. LYON: That illustrates the advantage of gold over irremediable paper, but I don't see that it shows an advantage of gold over silver. Silver redemption would keep two currencies stable in relation to one another just as well as gold redemption. And you said a moment ago that interest prices in silver countries have been just about as stable as those in gold countries. That being so, it is curious why so many countries made the big swing from silver to gold in the nineteenth century.

MR. HARDY: That swing was, I think, in large part an historical accident. If silver had been a little cheaper in 1816 England would have gone to silver instead of gold at that time, and the rest of the world would probably have followed. It would not have made very much difference except to silver and gold producers. In fact, I think it would have been a little better, because India and China were already on silver and it would have been easier to get uniformity throughout the world by swinging the rest of the countries to silver than to bring the rest of the world to gold. The value of money which probably have been fixed in much the same way as it did, but there is no way to tell which would have worked out better, because the whole set of conditions attending the production and use of both metals would have been different.

MR. LYON: Yes, the main point is that silver countries have stable rates of exchange with the money of other silver countries but fluctuating exchanges with gold countries while gold standard countries have stable exchanges with silver countries. As often as most of the large and important nations went to gold it came to be a step forward to get on gold with them, in order to gain stability of exchange with these leading nations.

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SANFORD, TWENTY YEARS AGO

A big celebration is being planned for July Fourth in Sanford. Jim Harris has received the big bills announcing the celebration, and will even be having them up in every rock and corner of several counties and the crowd will follow, because they know that Sanford will give them one of the best Fourth of July celebrations in the state.

Sanford County bids the world to come to Sanford and help to celebrate the birth of America and the birth of the new nation. Sanford County will be the center of the celebration, and will have the honor of being the first to celebrate the birth of the new nation.

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MORGAN QUIZ IN UPROAR AS GLASS SPARS

(Continued From Page One)

of utility stocks. In return, United gave the Morgan house 607,000 shares of preferred stock, 800,000 shares of common and 714,200 in option warrants.

"This is a fair deal for \$100,000,000 Morgan & Company bought an additional 400,000 shares of common and 1,000,000 option warrants. The options cost \$1 each and entitled the holder to purchase a share of United common at \$27.50. Less than a month later these would have realized a \$20 profit on the market.

While Peoria was giving this information from Howard—who sat just in front of John W. Davis, Morgan counsel, and George Whitney, partner who testified all day Thursday—and was about to contend against the interests of the corporation to the benefit of a small group of investors, Glass interjected:

"Wait a minute. I don't know what this is all about."

"Has there been any violation of federal or state laws in issuing these securities," Glass asked Howard.

"No sir."

"I have examined the minutes and I don't find at any time that the employment of Mr. Peoria was authorized," Glass stated.

"There is no question of the authority in my mind," Senator Coitigan (D. Colo.), said.

"I found no record of the em-

ployment but that is immaterial," Glass continued, "because I think the committee is satisfied with Mr. Peoria's employment."

Senator Coitigan (R. Mich.), asked Chairman Fletcher for a ruling on Glass' challenge of authority and Fletcher said Peoria was carrying out instructions of the Senate. Glass accused Coitigan of lying "to dig at me."

"This line of examination into the activities, operations and securities of the United Corporation," Peoria said, "comes under that language of the Senate resolution which directs an investigation into the 'issuing, offering and selling of securities.'"

"It has been shown 1,970,000 option warrants entitled the holder to buy common stock at \$27.50 a share were sold to J. P. Morgan & Company at \$1 each. Already it has been shown that a few days after these prices of the common stock on the exchange were nearly double \$27.50.

"These securities were issued on terms certainly against the interests of the corporation to the benefit of a small group of investors."

"Couldn't you have made this statement to the subcommittee before this public investigation?" asked Glass. "As one member I would like to know as I wouldn't waste valuable time listening to questions and answers of no importance to people of any intelligence."

"I submitted a questionnaire to the committee," Peoria replied. "Since then I have received no requests for information from any senator or the committee. Consequently I spend my time in New York."

"I did not seek this assignment, I appreciated and do appreciate the honor of being called for the committee. But I want to assure the senator from Virginia that the compensation of \$25 a month is no incentive to me to continue."

There were outbursts of applause and then Glass said:

"I want to say that I was opposed to the counsel's compensation arrangement, I favored adequate compensation. I don't think the counsel is working for \$25 a month. I think he is working for something else."

Coitigan again interrupted to say he appreciated "the efficiency of the counsel" and that the inquiry "has been relevant and material." Fletcher stood up.

"Mr. Peoria came here at the

request of the committee," Peoria continued, "prepared a plan for this inquiry. He presented a list of questions that he intended to ask to the full committee. We told him to go ahead."

"I didn't ask him to come down here from New York and report when he was busy. We were busy. I trusted him. There was no reason to doubt his good faith. I am proud of his work."

More applause ensued about the committee room and then the committee adopted the motion of Senator Byrum (D. S. C.) to adjourn until next Wednesday.

The record had been agreed upon at a long executive session before the fourth day's two-hour hearing. At this meeting there were complaints of information "leaking" ahead of time. Later in the open session when Glass mentioned this Peoria came and said in any "leak" as well as entering a denial of reports that he had threatened to renege if the committee refused him certain requests.

At this meeting also the committee agreed not to require publicity of individual debts to the Morgan firm or its partners. It decided to determine later whether the Morgan criticism of partisanship should be made public and what disposition should be made of a list of individuals depositing \$100,000 or more at the Morgan bank.

In the hearing, Glass asked Howard if United Corporation ever had been examined before. Howard said the Federal Trade Commission had made an examination.

"Did the trade commission find any violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust Act?" Glass asked.

"No."

"I'm still in the dark," the Virginian complained about Peoria's questions.

Senator Buckley (D. N. Y.) commented that the "final report of the Federal Trade Commission on its 'utility investigation' had not been made."

"A partial report has," Glass said. "I insist on knowing what this is all about."

"I don't see how we can anticipate what Mr. Peoria expects to develop," Fletcher said quietly.

MR. LYON: Yes, the main point is that silver countries have stable rates of exchange with the money of other silver countries but fluctuating exchanges with gold countries while gold standard countries have stable exchanges with silver countries. As often as most of the large and important nations went to gold it came to be a step forward to get on gold with them, in order to gain stability of exchange with these leading nations.

MR. LYON: Yes, and all international long-time credit is still more speculative under fluctuating exchange rates. If municipal bonds issued in one country are sold in another which is on a different standard, those bonds must be drawn in terms of the one currency or the other. If, as is usual, they are payable in the currency of the borrowing country, whoever buys—even the soundest AAA bonds—is speculating on the value of the currency.

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Lovable Enigmas

THESE puzzles we have married! How disturbingly efficient they are. Patiently they sit across the dinner table from us and listen to our evening complaints—short-handed at the office, chief cranky, customer spoiled golf date, stenographer late, letters misfiled—women have all the best of it! Then they smile riddles.

If you could see the little woman in the morning after you leave for the office! Children to bundle off to school, meals to plan, marketing to do, laundry to send, buttons to put on, tears to mend, dozens of trips to the front and back doors, lunch, squabbles to settle, a cut finger to bandage.

At night, she meets you in a chic little gown you never saw before. Junior struts new shoes. There are new towels in the bathroom. There is an unfamiliar and delicious dish to tempt your appetite.

Where does she find time to be company purchasing agent, vice-president in charge of cooking, general manager of sewing, teaching and all the rest?

The advertising columns in this paper are her greatest ally. Here is news of new ways, better ways, better things—and at savings she greets about, but seldom mentions.

Social And Personal Activities

MARGARET PETERS, Society Editor

Telephone: Office 148

Personals

Miss Marjorie McCown, of Orlando, is the week-end guest of Miss Rebecca Stevens at her home on Park Avenue.

Mrs. Carl Dann, Jr. and son, Carl Dann, III, of Orlando, spent a short time here this morning with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Jones and two children left yesterday for motor for Muskota, Kansas to spend the summer.

Mrs. Florence Ryan, of Moor Haven, is spending the week-end here as the guest of Miss Jeanette Laing at her home on Oak Avenue.

Miss Annie Parramore left yesterday for her home in Jacksonville after spending a short time here with Mrs. Walter L. Morgan, 220 West Eighteenth Street.

Mrs. J. D. Cordell has been released from the Fernald-Laughton Memorial Hospital to her home, 1513 Palmetto Avenue. She is reported to be improving nicely.

Mrs. J. Fleischer is planning to leave Monday for New York City where she will spend the summer months with her daughter, Mrs. M. Kronen, and her son, Louis Fleischer.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Fleischer left this morning for Macon, Ga., where Mr. Fleischer will stay until the close of the peach season. They have been visiting Mr. Fleischer's mother, Mrs. J. Fleischer, for the past 10 days.

Miss Jean Martin Laney will return tomorrow from Wesleyan College in Macon, Ga. to spend the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Laney, 1912 Sanford Avenue. She has been the guest of Miss Lillian Brannan at the home of her grandmother, Mrs. B. C. Nutting, in Macon for the past few days.

Alabama Picnic Is Staged At Springs

A large number of residents and visitors in the city, who were originally from Alabama, took part in an old-fashioned Alabama picnic Thursday afternoon and evening at DeLeon Springs near DeLand. Swimming and other sports were enjoyed until the supper hour when a large picnic table was covered with quantities of food.

Among those attending were: Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Bledsoe, Mrs. J. B. Cogburn, Mrs. C. H. Cogburn, Mrs. W. T. Wheelless, Mrs. W. T. Thomson, Mrs. Phil Thompson, Mrs. G. N. Turnpaed, Mrs. and Mrs. S. E. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Melech, Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Hickson, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Lee, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. John Langley, of Daytona Beach, Mrs. C. W. Virup, Mrs. B. L. Hamner and daughter of Camp Hill, Ala., Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Cresswell, Mrs. Elizabeth Caldwell, Mrs. R. L. Wilkerson, Mrs. Della Aycock, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Branan, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Chapman, Mr. A large number of residents and visitors in the city, who were originally from Alabama, took part in an old-fashioned Alabama picnic yesterday afternoon and evening at DeLeon Springs near DeLand. Swimming and other sports were enjoyed until the supper hour when a large picnic table was covered with quantities of food.

Social Calendar

FRIDAY.
The piano pupils of Miss Margaret Davis will give a recital at 8:15 o'clock at the Woman's Club.
Regular meeting of Semolina Rebekah Lodge will take place at 8:00 o'clock at the Odd Fellows Hall.

SATURDAY
Circle Number One of the Woman's Council of the Christian Church will give a cold plate supper Saturday from 8:30 P. M. to 8:30 P. M. in the Meisch Building.

MONDAY.
Circle Number Seven of the First Baptist Church will have an all day sewing party at the home of Mrs. Francis E. Boiz, 1101 Park Avenue.

Circle Number One of the First Baptist Church will meet at 8:00 o'clock at the County Home.

Circle Number Two of the First Baptist Church will meet at 8:00 o'clock with Mrs. Homer Little, West First Street.

Circle Number Five of the First Baptist Church will have a special day meeting at the home of Mrs. R. F. Cooper, 610 Palmetto Avenue.

Circle Number Six of the First Baptist Church will meet at 8:00 o'clock at the home of Mrs. G. S. Selman, 918 Palmetto Avenue.

The Church Service League of Holy Cross Episcopal Church will meet at 4:00 P. M. with Mrs. Allan Stone, Mrs. Howard Walker and Mrs. W. E. Watson at leaders.

TUESDAY.
The pupils of the Junior High School will give a recital of music and expression at 8:00 P. M. in the school auditorium. The public is invited.

WEDNESDAY.
Mrs. E. N. Scott and Mrs. R. M. Warren will entertain the members of the board of the Garden Club of Sanford with a party on their yacht, Miss Cole, at 11:00 A. M.

Large Tea Is Given For U. D. C. Members

Over 100 guests, including 46 from other towns in Central Florida, were present at the tea given yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. M. S. Wiggins, 1217 Magnolia Avenue, by N. de V. Howard Chapter of the U. D. C. in honor of Mrs. E. A. Douglas, past state recording secretary, with Mrs. Wiggins and her sister, Mrs. B. L. Perkins, as hostesses.

The guests were met at the door by Mrs. G. D. Bishop and Mrs. H. D. Caswell after which they were introduced by Mrs. F. E. Roumillat to the receiving line which was composed of Mrs. Douglas, Mrs. F. L. Ewell, of Leesburg, past state president, as corresponding secretary; Mrs. H. C. Woodberry, of Orlando, fourth district vice-president; Mrs. W. C. Hill, president of N. de V. Howard Chapter; and Mrs. Wiggins and Mrs. Perkins, the hostesses. As mementoes of the occasion Mrs. Ewell, Mrs. Woodberry, and Mrs. Douglas received bouquets of flowers. Mrs. Douglas also received a past president's pin.

During the afternoon refreshments were served in the dining room where Mrs. Elizabeth Henderson and Miss Margaret Roberts presided. The refreshment table was overlaid with a lace cloth and centered with a large bowl of red and white roses and fern around which were placed white candles in silver holders. The buffet was adorned with red and white daisies and asparagus fern. The U. D. C. colors of red and white were further accentuated by the refreshments which consisted of an ice course. Each individual cake bore a small Confederate flag. Among those assisting in serving were the Misses Catherine White, Nancy White, Virginia McDaniell, Nancy Rosetter, Dorothy Wiggins, Antoinette Hayes, and Caroline Hill.

The living rooms of Mrs. Wiggins home were opened suitable for the occasion. In the large living room a color scheme of red and white was emphasized by quantities of red radiance roses, red and white platoni, and red and white dianthus, arranged with

Roumillat Home Is Scene Of Radio Tea

A radio tea to hear an address on Poppy Day by Mrs. W. S. Blackburn, national president of the American Legion Auxiliary, was given yesterday afternoon by Mrs. F. E. Roumillat at her home on Palmetto Avenue for members of the local auxiliary with chairman of standing committees and Gold Star mothers as Ignorantia. Honor guests were: Mrs. I. E. Laing, Mrs. L. M. Leinhardt, Mrs. J. H. Coleclough, and Miss Jeanette Laing.

Entertainment during the afternoon was furnished by Mrs. H. Coleclough who gave a musical reading, "Christ in Flanders," which was followed by several piano and vocal solos. Mrs. C. F. Proctor and Miss Jeanette Laing gave informal accounts of the recent convention of the American Legion and American Legion Auxiliary held in Havana, Cuba.

Quantities of radiance and tall-man roses, carnations and statice in bright shades were arranged about the rooms where the guests were entertained. A waltz course was served by the hostess, assisted by the Misses Lucy Roumillat, Wilma Leinhardt, Mary Walton, Ann Wright, and Mildred McIntyre. Each guest was presented with a corsage from the hostess.

Those present were: Mrs. J. E. Laing, Mrs. L. M. Leinhardt, Mrs. J. H. Coleclough, Mrs. W. D. Hoffmann, Mrs. C. M. Flowers, Mrs. T. L. Sullivan, Mrs. H. R. Stevens, Mrs. W. H. Sheehard, Mrs. F. E. Roumillat, Mrs. C. F. Proctor, and the Misses Rebecca Stevens, Jeanette Laing, and Edna Harris.

At The Churches

EPHRAEM METHODIST CHURCH
Sunday School, 10:00 A. M.
Epworth League, 8:15 P. M.
Prayer Meeting, Thursday 8:00 P. M.

FULL GOSPEL TABERNACLE
New Orlando Road near Geneva Avenue.
The Rev. William F. McPherson, pastor.
Bible School, 9:45 A. M.
Sermon, 11:00 A. M.
Evangelical Service, 7:45 P. M.
Women's Prayer Meeting Wednesday, 8:00 P. M.
Prayer and Praise Service Wednesday, 7:45 P. M.

ALL SOULS CATHOLIC CHURCH
The Rev. J. J. Kellaghan, pastor.
First Mass, 7:30 A. M.
Second Mass, 9:00 A. M.
Benediction after 9:00 A. M. Mass.
Daily Mass, 7:30 A. M.
Sunday School Saturday at 8:00 P. M.

FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH
Sixteenth Street and Sanford Avenue.
The Rev. F. M. Marier, pastor.
Bible School, 9:45 A. M.
Morning Service, 11:00 A. M.
Sermon, "Sacrifice," Spanish American War Veterans' service in morning.
Evening Service, 8:00 P. M.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
The Rev. E. D. Brownlee, D. D. pastor.
Sunday School, 9:45 A. M.
Morning Worship, 11:00 A. M.
Christian Endeavor, 7:00 P. M.
Evening Worship, 8:00 P. M.
The session will meet at the close of the morning and evening worship services for the reception of members. Those without church homes in Sanford are welcomed to all services. The pastor is available for conference every morning from 9:00 o'clock to 12:00 o'clock in his study at the church.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST SCIENTIST
Christian Science services are held every Sunday morning at the church at East Second Street at 11:00 o'clock. Subject for to-

Engagement Of Irene Fellows Announced

Announcement was made a few days ago by Mr. and Mrs. George Carl Fellows of the engagement, and approaching marriage of their daughter, Miss Irene Alex Fellows, to Anthony William Stumpe, of this city, son of Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Stumpe, of Palatka. The marriage will take place Thursday, June 1, at 3:00 P. M. at the home of the bride-elect's parents on South Sanford Avenue with the Rev. J. J. Kellaghan, pastor of All-Souls Catholic Church, officiating.

Miss Fellows was born in Vincennes, Ind., but has lived in this city for the past 18 years, and attended the public schools of Sanford and was graduated from Seminole High School in 1929.

Mr. Stumpe was born in Titusville, and made his home there and in Palatka. He was graduated from Palatka High School and received a degree in mechanical engineering from the University of Florida in 1929. He is a member of Sigma Tau and Phi Kappa Phi fraternities, and is also a member of the Orlando Chapter of the Reserve Officers Association. He has been employed since 1924 by the Florida Power and Light Company and has been living in this city for three years. He is a brother of Mrs. W. E. Varn, of this city.

Since the announcement of her engagement Miss Fellows has been honored with several social events. Miss Madeline Matlock entertained with a bridge party and a musical shower on Thursday evening at her home on East First Street with 16 guests in attendance.

Pink, green, and white were the chosen party colors worn were accentuated by the floral decorations, lilies and score pinks, and the cups of candies on the bridge tables. The gifts for the honor guest were presented after the refreshment hour in a large box wrapped in pink and white crepe paper and topped with a miniature parasol and bouquet of fern.

At the conclusion of the bridge games Miss Fellows, who had been invited to the party by Mrs. F. E. Roumillat, went to Miss Ira B. Wathen while out prize, a box of stationery, was presented to Miss Lucy Peters. Low score prize, a framed picture, was given to Miss Ann Marie Fellow. The honor guest was the recipient of a bride's book as a memento of the occasion.

Refreshments were served by the hostess, assisted by Mrs. G. C. Fellows and Mrs. A. G. Mallem. Those present were: Miss Irene Fellows, honor guest, Mrs. G. C. Fellows, Mrs. Otto Traut, and the Misses Margaret Better, Marie Fellows, Naomi Fellows, Ellen Hoy, Mary Maurer, Lucy Maloney, Alice Methlene, Lucy Peters, Ruth Peters, Adelaide Richter, Arline Richter, Margaret Takere, and Ira B. Wathen.

Another bridge party and an under glass-wash shower were given by Miss Fellows by Mrs. F. E. Roumillat last night at her home on Palmetto Avenue. High score prize, a vanity case, was awarded to Miss Mary Maloney, while out prize, a similar vanity, was presented to Miss Mary Maurer. The honor gift consisted of a pair of hand embroidered pillow cases tied with a tassel of flowers.

Quantities of tall-man roses, ranunculus, statice and carnations were used to adorn the rooms of the Roumillat home for the occasion. At a late hour a waltz course was served on the hand-tables which were overlaid with brightly colored linen covers. Assisting the hostess were: Mrs. G. C. Fellows, Mrs. T. L. O'Connor,

PAOLA COMMUNITY CHURCH
The Rev. Alfred Ericson, pastor.
Morning Services, 11:00 A. M.
Sunday School, 9:45 A. M.
Christian Endeavor, 8:30 P. M.
Prayer Services, 7:30 P. M.
Mid-week Prayer Meeting, 7:30 P. M.

LAKE MARY COMMUNITY CHURCH
(Presbyterian Government)
Organized in 1894.
Teaching Services at 11:00 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.
Gospel Sunday School with Trained Teachers, 10:00 A. M.
Ministry, the Rev. James M. Thompson.

CHURCH OF THE NAZARENE
Lake Mary Fla.
R. N. Sanders, pastor.
Sunday School, 9:45 A. M.
Teaching, 11:00 A. M.
Young People's Society, 6:30 P. M.
Teaching, 7:30 P. M.
Prayer Meeting Tuesday, 7:30 P. M.
Teaching County Home, 2:15 P. M.
Teaching County Camp, 3:30 P. M.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH
The Rev. W. P. Brooks, Jr., pastor.
Sunday School, 10:0 A. M.
Morning Services, 11:00 A. M.
B. Y. P. U., 6:45 P. M.
Evening Services, 8:00 P. M.
Wednesday Evening Services, 8:00 P. M.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH
Corner Park and Third Street.
The Rev. John Bernard Hunt, minister.
Church School, 9:45 A. M.
Morning Worship, 11:00 A. M.
Christian, Endeavor, 7:30 P. M.
Vernon Shaffer, speaker.

HOLY CROSS BISHOPAL CHURCH
The Rev. Martin J. Bran, rector.
Sunday after Ascension.
Holy Communion, 7:30 A. M.
Church School, 9:30 A. M.
Morning Prayer and Sermon, 11:00 A. M.
Monday: Church Service League at 4:00 P. M. United Thank offering program.
Friday: Young People's card party at 4:00 P. M. Proceeds for the Camp Wing-Marin fund.
Boy Scouts at 7:30 P. M.
Sunday, June 1, Whit Sunday.
There will be a corporate communion of the Service League and presentation of the United Thank offering at the 11:00 o'clock service.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH
The Rev. Smith Hardin, pastor.
Professor G. E. McKay, superintendent.
Morning Service, 11:00 A. M.
Sermon by the pastor, "Our Greatest Need."
Young People's Division, 6:45 P. M.
Song Service, 7:45 P. M.
Sermon by the Pastor, 8:00 P. M.
Subject: "The Christian Soldier."
A special Memorial Day service will be held at the evening service. A special invitation is extended to all veterans and ex-soldiers to attend this service.

GIVEKO METHODIST CHURCH
W. J. Carpenter, pastor.
The morning sermon will treat of "The Untraveled Way."
Dr. J. C. Jenkins, D. D., will preach the Commemorative sermon for the Oviets High School at

War Vets Invited To Memorial Services

All veterans of the World War are being invited to attend a special Memorial Day service to be held today evening at 8:00 P. M. at the First Methodist Church.

The program for the evening will be as follows: Song, "America," Organizational Song, "Columbus, the Gen of the Ocean," Choir.
Laying The Lee Smith Healey "Tenting Tonight on the Old Camp Ground," Seminole High School male quartet, accompanied by Mrs. Clifford Shindler, of Script to Lesson.
Song, "The Yucca Tree," Choir.
Offerings and Announcements.
Song, "America the Beautiful," Congregation.
Sermon, "The Christian Soldier," The Rev. Smith Hardin.
"Taps" Played by the Misses Mabel Chapman, Mary Johnson, Esther Strazze, and Nellie Cunningham.
Song, "Star Spangled Banner," Congregation.
Special Memorial Day music will be rendered at the morning service at 11:00 o'clock at the church. The anthem, "The Last March," will be sung by Mrs. George Hardin and the choir and J. M. Stinebaugh will sing "The Goodnight" by Kipling.

Future Farmers Club Has Swimming Party

Among the final events of the Seminole Chapter, Future Farmers of Florida school year was the swimming party which members of the Chapter gave last night after a large group had gathered at the High School to enjoy games, contests and refreshments before the party adjourned to a nearby lake.

Those attending were: Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Day, The Misses Mabel Williams, Margie Phillips, Mollie Hamilton, L. Olive Yee, Dorothy Hester, Emily Rayburn, Lena Lee, Stella Dunn, Jewell Clayton, Mabel Metz, Jewett Chapman, Janne Rayburn, Edith Baker, and Margaret Giles.

Also present were: Talton Phillips, Clifford Bell, John Bennett, Jerry Senkari, Talmadge Miller, Robert Wilcox, Robert Wallace, David Earle, Steve Peters, E. D. Tyler, Ronald Murray, William Trunch, Donald Landrum, Conny Howell, Harry Gaudin, Robert Gustafson, David Vanover, Bogner Carter, and Walter Nepp.

Mrs. Pope Is Hostess At Party For Sister

Complimenting her sister, Mrs. R. C. Johnson, of West Palm Beach, Mrs. T. C. Pope entertained with a bridge party last night at her home on Canton Avenue. The home guest received 160 gifts as a gift from the hostess.

After several progressions of bridge high score prize, which sports gloves, was given to Mrs. Tom Drummond while second high score prize, Elizabeth A. A. (a) powder, was awarded to Miss Rosalie Pope. Mrs. Paul Johnson held low score and was the recipient of ornate handkerchiefs, roses, bougainvillea, and other garden flowers were used to adorn

KILLED BY FALLING POLE

PALATKA, Fla., May 26.—(AP)—Capt. Walter L. Surles, 55, was killed at his lumber camp near here yesterday when a pole fell, breaking his neck. He operated the lumber camp from which barges are floated to Jacksonville.

10,000 FOR 200 JOBS

NEW YORK, May 26.—(AP)—The greatest rush in history to join "New York's finest" started yesterday. Ten thousand applications for membership in the police force were handed out by the civil service commission. These are only 200 jobs.

James Hoff, who was graduated the month from the University at Albany, is spending a few days here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Mike Stuloff. He plans to go on soon for Daytona Beach.

F. D. Scott has returned from Havana, Cuba where he has been spending about two weeks.

Miss Helen Wilkinson Honored With Party

Mrs. W. A. Allen, Mrs. H. Newman, and Mrs. S. A. H. Wilkinson entertained with a surprise birthday party Thursday afternoon at Evansdale Park near Lake Mary in honor of Miss Helen Wilkinson and Billy Wilkison. During the afternoon swimming was enjoyed after which a picnic supper was served.

Those present were: Miss Helen Wilkinson, Miss Marjorie Newman, Miss Mildred Knight, Mrs. H. Newman, Mrs. W. A. Allen, Mrs. S. A. H. Wilkinson, Billy Wilkison, and Allen Newman.

To-Night

Double Show

Top speed thrills amid a hail of bullets!

TIM MCCOY

SILENT MEN

— AND —

High Jinks on the High Seas

PLEASURE CRUISE

Genevieve TOBIN Roland YOUNG

Fan Picture

Sunday

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SEMINOLE COUNTY LAUNDRY, INC.

INVOLVING LINE'S FAITH BE DECIDED

Presbyterians Pledge To 3-Year Evangelism Effort

NEW YORK, N. C., May 27.—The four-year-old case involving the weakness in the faith of Rev. W. A. Hopkins, Little Rock, Ark. minister, was referred to a special commission by the general assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States.

Members of the commission announced that the proceedings would be in the nature of a trial and that Dr. Smith would not be named before it.

The point to be decided, he said, was whether the complaint of two ministers that the synod of Arkansas erred in not sustaining the charges made against Dr. Smith should, if held valid, the matter be referred to the general assembly. If the contrary decision is reached, no further action will be taken by the commission.

The commission consists of 14 members and 13 ruling elders and includes Elder R. B. Harris, Jacksonville, Fla.

The charges against Dr. Smith, pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church of Little Rock, were based on publication by the minister of an article dealing with the theory of evolution.

Most of the day on the floor of the assembly was taken up with reading of reports from standing committees, practically all of which were adopted without debate.

A resolution was adopted pledging the church to a three-year program for evangelism. Under its terms, the Committee on Stewardship and Finance is directed to study the entire question of the evangelistic method and "endeavor to place all of the constituted agencies in a unified effort to emphasize the evangelistic forward movement in every church throughout the assembly."

The report of the committee on foreign missions urged every church to observe the week of Nov. 13-19 as a week of prayer and self-denial for foreign missions, and appealed for greater efforts in support of this work from all branches of the organization.

Dr. Egbert W. Smith was re-elected for another year as field secretary for foreign missions, Dr. James I. Vance, Dr. T. K. Young, R. B. Clinton and Mrs. A. W. Turner were re-elected to the executive committee on foreign missions for three-year terms.

The assembly voted "heartily endorsement" for plans to celebrate the 250th anniversary of the founding in this country of Presbyterianism, to be held in Virginia this fall.

The report of the committee on Sabbath observance, adopted unanimously, declared "this nation can not survive unless the Christian Sabbath is preserved" and called upon ministers, Sunday school teachers and other leaders to stress the importance of the subject during the coming year.

Third Count In Mitchell Case Brought Forth

(Continued From Page One)
ed as a payment for the National City Company management and was to be considered as an advance and not as a payment.

Testifying from his work sheets, Black said Mitchell's compensation in 1929 from the bank and the National City Company totaled \$1,206,198.02 exclusive of the \$666,666.67.

Other items of income which Mitchell reported for 1929 included \$140,105.47 interest on bank deposits, bond coupons and National City Bank stock loaned to the National City Company; \$4,672.88 directors' fees from other companies, and \$16,605.37 profit in syndicate transactions.

The first count against Mitchell grows out of a sale of 18,000 shares of National City Bank stock he claims he made to his wife in 1929 recording a loss for tax purposes. The government alleges this was a fake. The second deals with a similar transaction in 2800 shares of American Copper stock in 1930 involving W. D. Thornton, president of the Green Cananea Copper Company.

DOG POPULATION DOUBLES

MEMPHIS, May 27.—(AP)—The dog population in Memphis has doubled since there are more dogs than ever before in the city. The number of canines in the city as compared with 1925 was 100,000. In 1925 the number was 50,000.

LIFE'S BYWAYS



Grand Jurors Condemn Sale Of Lottery Tickets

(Continued From Page One)
been carried on, and we do vigorously condemn this undoubted violation of the state law and call upon the law enforcement officers of Seminole County to investigate and make cases against all persons guilty of such violations of the law.

Concluding their report, the jurors, who found "all County properties to be well kept and in good condition," state that "we want to express to the officials in charge of the various county properties our appreciation for the manner in which they have performed their duties and for their excellent supervision."

State's Attorney L. F. Boyle also is thanked "for his method of handling the business before us which has resulted in a considerable saving to the taxpayers." Mr. Boyle had changed the usual method of calling all witnesses to the Court House on the first day of the grand jury's investigations. He had ordered only those witnesses to appear who would be questioned each day. In this way he had effected a considerable saving in payment of witnesses fees, and the jurors expressed themselves as pleased with his action.

The Court and the County officials also were thanked for their "courteous and prompt co-operation."

Accompanying their final presentment, the jurors turned in four indictments and four no true bills.

Moses Newman, negro charged with the first degree murder of Ambus Williams, on Dec. 15, 1922 near Moore's Station, pleaded guilty to second degree murder and Judge Millard B. Smith sentenced him to 20 years at Raiford.

Morris Davis, negro, was indicted on a charge of assault with intent to rape a 13-year old negro girl.

Two other indictments were returned but the names of the persons indicted were not made known owing to the fact that they have not been arrested.

No true bills were found in favor of W. C. Sherman, white resident of Panama City, who was found not guilty of culpable negligence as the result of the death of the driver of an automobile which figured in a collision with Mr. Sherman's car on the Orlando highway some weeks ago. Boyce Sherman, negro charged with breaking and entering; Walter Allen, and Robert Roper, negroes charged with the sale of lottery tickets.

State's Attorney Boyle stated that in the case of Allen and Roper, the grand jury did not feel disposed to indict these negroes for selling lottery tickets because at the time they were arrested, several white persons were known to have been selling the tickets in violation of law, and in addition, announcement of a concerted drive against lottery ticket salesmen had not been made.

Mr. Boyle further stated that "I am well pleased over the results of our detained efforts to stop the sale of lottery tickets in this county. We made much headway and apparently have succeeded in eliminating the evil almost entirely. The grand jury has recommended, and their recommendations will be carried out, that all future violations be dealt with to the fullest extent."

Congress Is Being Urged To Activity For Adjournment

(Continued From Page One)
burden on men of small incomes. Before acting on the bill, the House voted down an attempt by Representative McCormack, Democrat, Massachusetts, to insert a 2 1-2 percent general manufacturers' sales tax into the bill to finance the \$3,300,000,000 public works bond issue.

In rejecting the sales tax, 265 to 137, the House approved a revenue program increasing income and gasoline taxes and making corporate dividends subject to the higher income levies.

The taxes are designed to raise \$220,000,000 annually to cover charges on the bond issue. Without a dissenting vote, the House adopted an amendment by Representative Ragon, Democrat, Arkansas, designed to prevent income taxpayers from charging off year-old losses in making out income tax returns.

This amendment grew out of the disclosures before the Senate banking committee investigating J. P. Morgan & Co., Ragon told the House that had this amendment been in the law it would not have been possible for Morgan and his partners to avoid payment of taxes. It limits to the current year deductions of net losses of all descriptions sustained by individuals and partnerships. Under the present law, a year's carry over is allowed.

The bill empowers President Roosevelt to establish fair codes of competition in industry through suspension of the anti-trust laws.

He is empowered to fix maximum working hours and minimum wages for workers in industry.

The public works program has been estimated capable of giving about four million men jobs. About \$2,000,000,000 is to be advanced to the states and local governments, 70 percent in loans and 30 percent in outright gifts.

In addition, \$400,000,000 is to be given the states for highway construction. This is to be distributed on the basis of one-half for population, and a fourth each for area and post road mileage.

This allocation was inserted in an administration amendment offered by Chairman Doughton, Democrat, North Carolina, of the ways and means committee who piloted the measure through the House.

The balance of about \$900,000,000 is to be expended on federal projects including a \$100,000,000 naval construction program, public buildings, rivers and harbor, flood control and for preservation of natural resources.

Already the administration is preparing to put the works under this legislation into effect. Brig. Gen. Hugh Johnson, retired, is to become the administrator of the industrial section of the bill.

A public works administration will handle expenditures of the \$3,300,000,000 fund. The loaning facilities and authority of the Reconstruction Corporation as far as self-liquidating projects are concerned are to be transferred to him. Meanwhile, the act reduced by \$1,200,000,000 the borrowing power of the Reconstruction Corporation.

NAMED AS AMBASSADOR

WASHINGTON, May 27.—(AP)—President Roosevelt today nominated Alexander W. Weddell, of Virginia, as ambassador to Argentina.

MRS. JELKE GIVEN CLEAN SLATE BY DUBIOUS WITNESS

Seller Of Dope Exonerates Defendant In Suit For Divorce

NEWPORT, R. I., May 27.—(AP)—Mrs. Eugenia Woodward Jelke arose in superior court late yesterday to undergo the scrutiny of Mrs. Ethel Hartman, of Birmingham, Ala., and hear the witness swear that Mrs. Jelke never had visited her Birmingham apartment in company with a man known as "the major."

Flying from New Orleans to Newport to appear on the witness stand in the Jelke divorce suit before Judge Walsh, Mrs. Hartman thus struck a blow for the respondent against the charge of F. Frazier Jelke that his wife had been unfaithful to him with "the major" in Birmingham within a few weeks after her marriage in 1931.

However, in cross-examination by Charles P. Sisson, counsel for Jelke, Mrs. Hartman admitted she told investigators last year that Mrs. Jelke had visited her apartment with "the major" and she would so testify.

She also admitted she had served two terms in federal penitentiaries for selling narcotics, that she rented rooms in Birmingham for "immoral purposes" and that she had lived under several different names.

In direct examination, she declared she had been approached by representatives of a New York detective agency to appear in the Jelke case, and that she had received \$2000 from Jelke's representatives at various times. She said she was offered \$5000 to testify for his side of the case.

Just as court adjourned until Monday, it was learned Judge Walsh had issued a writ of protection to prevent anyone arresting Mrs. Hartman while she was testifying in the case.

It was learned the writ was issued because of a projected attempt by Jelke's lawyers to "arrest" the woman for deceit, in taking money from the petitioner in the case and then falling to testify for him.

Referring to Mrs. Bailey, who testified in the first week of the trial that she had seen Mrs. Jelke and "the major" in the Hartman apartment, Mrs. Hartman said "she is one of my best friends."

"Did you ever sell her narcotics?" asked George Paul Stede, counsel for Mrs. Jelke.

"Occasionally," said the witness.

Under cross-examination, she admitted she "got" Mrs. Bailey into the case, but said, "she made a mistake. We all make mistakes. I've made plenty. I haven't any right to try to blacken the reputation of another woman."

She said there was a woman named Eugenia who used to come to her apartment with a man, but it was not Mrs. Jelke.

"Do you consider \$2500 a pretty good sum?" asked Mr. Sisson.

"No," said the witness, with some contempt, "I've made \$50,000 to \$75,000 a year selling narcotics."

She admitted she had "considered" testifying that Mrs. Jelke was in the apartment.

"I thought she was there," she said.

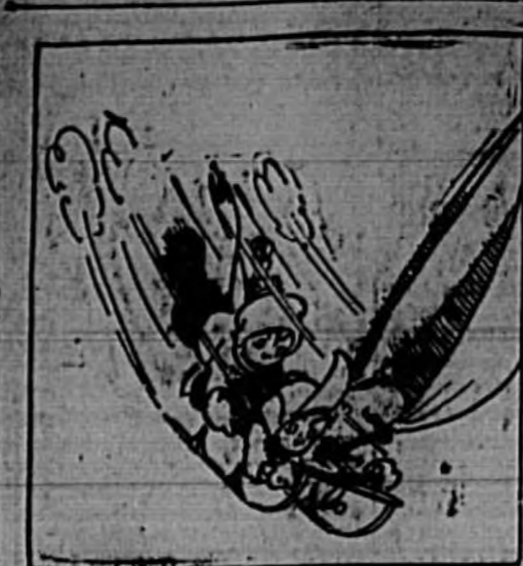
She denied she told the private detectives that she knew Mrs. Jelke, and said she did not know her. She also denied she had a negro maid who would "make a good witness."

She said she went to New York on the case early this year at the request of Jelke's representatives, and there conferred with Mrs. Bailey and with a private detective. She left New York, she said, after having a dispute with the detective in which she called Mrs. Bailey "a rat."

Atlantic Bank Signs Lease For New Quarters

(Continued From Page One)
and development of the city. The volume of our business has grown so that larger quarters become a distinct necessity. In our new quarters we will be privileged to offer our usual prompt and courteous service to our old and new customers.

Chucky



Additional Society

"Girl Break" Dance Is Given On Friday

A "girl break" tea dance was given yesterday afternoon from 4:30 o'clock to 7:00 o'clock at the Episcopal Parish House by the Phi Alpha Kappa sorority with a large number of members of the high school set in attendance. Dancing was enjoyed throughout the evening to music furnished by Miss Elizabeth Clark, pianist.

While dancing was being enjoyed refreshments were served by the Misses Anna Cornell, Caroline Hill, Barbara Blount, and Dorothy Vile.

Among those present were: the Misses Pauline Crawford, Helen Wilson, Betty McKinnon, Rebecca Wilson, Lois Britt, Patsey O'Connor, Helen Colbert, Julia Newman, Hortense David, Billie Wight, Louise Purdon, Dorothy Powell, Eleanor Hickson, Adelaide Higgins, Akona Harrison, Sadie Linnhart, Freda Ganss, Kathleen Laney, Marian Haynes, Martha McDonald, Sara Mays, Anna Marie Couch, Betty Wheelers, Libby Cornell, Lois Couch, Camilla Deas, Loraine Yarbrough, Marjorie Tillis, Nancy White, Margaret Murr, Gladys Klawns, Mary Jane Preston, Marjorie Levi, Marilee Torrance, Elizabeth Methvin.

These present were: Mrs. Ralph E. Wight, Mrs. R. R. Deas, Mrs. H. B. Lewis, Mrs. G. D. Bishop, Mrs. C. R. Atterley, Mrs. R. C. Bower, of Orlando, Mrs. M. S. Wiggins, and Mrs. P. A. Mero.

ASK TOLL SPAN PERMIT

WASHINGTON, May 27.—(AP)—Authority for the Overseas

SUCH IS LIFE



"I see by the fashion that you that dress that look were by the fact that you are a man of the world."

Mrs. Perkins Hostess At Party For Club

Mrs. E. L. Perkins entertained the members of the Thursday Morning Contract Club with a bridge party and luncheon Thursday morning at her home on Magnolia Avenue. High score prize, a double deck of playing cards, went to Mrs. R. R. Deas.

A color scheme of pink and green was developed by the quantities of garden flowers arranged about the room where the guests were entertained. At the noon hour luncheon was served in two courses by the hostess, assisted by Mrs. M. S. Wiggins and Mrs. R. R. Deas.

These present were: Mrs. Ralph E. Wight, Mrs. R. R. Deas, Mrs. H. B. Lewis, Mrs. G. D. Bishop, Mrs. C. R. Atterley, Mrs. R. C. Bower, of Orlando, Mrs. M. S. Wiggins, and Mrs. P. A. Mero.

ROAD & TOLL BRIDGE COMPANY TO CONSTRUCT A TOLL SPAN IN MONROE COUNTY FROM LOWER MATECUMBE KEY TO NO NAME KEY

was asked yesterday in a bill by Senator Fletcher, Florida.

NO OVERTIME HERE

AUSTIN, Tex., May 27.—(AP)—Overtime hours are "out" in the Texas land office, thanks to a law enacted by the legislature in 1923. The statute prohibiting work except during regular office hours was intended to prevent illegal alteration of records.

BILL REPORTED

WASHINGTON, May 27.—(AP)—The House territories committee yesterday favorably reported the Rankin bill, which would give the President power to appoint a non-resident as governor of Hawaii.

POLE VAULTER INJURED

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 27.—Her body pierced by a pole which broke as she was vaulting, Miss Janet Morrison, 14, was reported in serious condition yesterday.

THEODORE'S BLACK-DRAUGHT RELIEVES BILIOUS CONDITION

"I find Theodore's Black-Draught a great relief for headache, constipation and biliousness," writes Mrs. L. B. Crippen, of Pulaski, Ill. "When I get bilious, I feel tired and sluggish, have a bad taste in my mouth, and I take a dose of Black-Draught every other night until relieved."

By helping to cleanse the bowels of undigested food and waste matter, Black-Draught brings relief to many sufferers. When constipation is the background for a five-day upset, get busy with Theodore's Black-Draught to restore equilibrium. "Only 1¢ or less a dose."

FOR RESULTS USE DOZIER & GAY'S QUALITY PAINTS "BEST FOR THE SOUTH" STANLEY-ROGERS HARDWARE CO. 204 Sanford Avenue

DON'T RISK IT

Don't risk cheap oil in your car, just because it's cheap. Hard, hot-weather driving soon shows up "cheap" oil. They get this dirty, refuse—lose their body—then watch for your bearings! Don't experiment! Real economy lies in quality oil—changed regularly. Let us prove it to you.

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Come See Us — Test Free Phone 449
Test Spark Plugs Free Test Brakes Free
Test Wheel Alignment Free Test Battery Free
Test Radio Tubes Free

Robert Lynch Given Party Tuesday Night

In honor of Robert Lynch a party was given on Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. W. A. Hopkins. Games were played after which a wiener roast was enjoyed. An ice and sweet course was served late in the evening.

Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Hopkins, Mrs. Dora Lynch, Miss Eva Cunningham, Miss Doris Hopkins, Robert Lynch, Marvin Milam, J. E. Ellis, Harry Steinmeyer, Charlie Williams, Douglas Stanstrom, Leon Steinmeyer, Leon Barwick, Ernest Southward, Lamar Echols, Theodore Klicker, Donald LaMoine, Herbert Smith, Walter Hopkins, Clarence Hopkins, Stephen Lynch and Mr. Walker.

PLUNGES TO DEATH

PHILADELPHIA, May 27.—(AP)—Col. Thomas H. Russell, 53, said by police to be president of the Stanton Military academy at Stanton, Va., plunged to his death yesterday from a third floor window of a hospital, where he was a patient. Russell was admitted to the institution May 15 for treatment of a nervous ailment.

YACHT ROBBED

HAVANA, May 27.—(AP)—Robbers held up to sailor guards yesterday and stole four suit cases of clothes and \$355 from the yacht Swordfish, belonging to D. E. Dickson, who arrived here Thursday with his family from Miami, Fla.

HELVERING IS APPROVED

WASHINGTON, May 27.—(AP)—The Senate Finance Committee yesterday favorably reported the nomination of Guy T. Helvering, of Kansas, as commissioner of internal revenue by vote of 10 to 7.

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Don't risk cheap oil in your car, just because it's cheap. Hard, hot-weather driving soon shows up "cheap" oil. They get this dirty, refuse—lose their body—then watch for your bearings! Don't experiment! Real economy lies in quality oil—changed regularly. Let us prove it to you.

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