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DEMAND MADE UPON JAPS BY SOVIET RUSSIA

Moscow Wants Explanation As To What Purpose Army Wishes To Use Railroad

MOSCOW, Feb. 26.—(A.P.)—The Soviet government, it was learned today, made a formal demand Wednesday on Koki Hirota, Japanese ambassador, for an explanation of the proposal of the Japanese command in Manchuria to use the Chinese Eastern Railway, partly Russian owned, for troop transportation, charging "in reality that the troops are expected to be sent to the Soviet border."

The explanation was made by L. M. Karshkin, Soviet acting commissar for foreign affairs.

It was revealed today following publication in Moscow newspapers of reports from a correspondent of the Tass Russian news agency at Peking that a White Russian force is being recruited in Northern Manchuria under Japanese auspices to invade Vladivostok and the Russian province of Primor.

The dispatch from Peking was dated two days before Karshkin's request. Karshkin's conversation with the Japanese ambassador was verbal and no reply to the explanation has been made public.

MUKDEN, Manchuria, Feb. 26.—(A.P.)—Several thousand Soviet Russian soldiers are moving down toward the Manchurian frontier, presumably because of Moscow's apprehension over Japanese troop movements to northeastern Manchuria. The Russo-Japanese war was fought from 1904 to 1905.

Manchuria has Japanese supporters headed by Gen. Jiru Tamon and based at Chinese tribal in the vicinity of Lushun, who had held up difficulties in getting permission to transport troops, the Chinese Eastern railway, which is jointly owned by Russia and China.

Officials of the railway said they were unable to furnish trains requested by the Japanese because they had not received instructions to do so, from Moscow. Japanese authorities denied the railway officials were attempting to prevent any Japanese advance in the direction of Vladivostok, although general Tamon has announced his only purpose was to disperse Chinese rebels against the new Manchurian government who have seized considerable territory in the vicinity of Lushun.

Eighty-five Japanese and 200 Koreans, refugees from disorders in the Lushun area, arrived at Harbin with stories that their homes had been looted.

Governor Murray Injured In Motor Crash In Indiana

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 26.—(A.P.)—Gov. William H. Murray of Oklahoma and three other persons in an automobile in which he was en route from Fort Wayne to Indianapolis, were bruised and shaken up early last night as the car left the road near Alexandria, Ind.

The accident delayed the governor's arrival to address a political meeting here until 9 P. M. and kept a crowd of approximately 7,000 waiting.

In the automobile with Murray were Jack Edwards, mayor of Marion, Ind.; Edward Semans, Indianapolis City manager; Murray's campaign for the Democratic presidential nomination, and the driver, Ray Collins, assistant chief of police at Marion.

The car was an armored police machine belonging to the city of Marion. It is the Oklahoma government had been driven from Marion to Gary, Ind., for an address Wednesday night, and to Fort Wayne where he spoke yesterday afternoon. The accident occurred two miles north of Alexandria when the Murray party attempted to pass another automobile, and faced a truck approaching without lights. Collins pulled the machine out of the truck's path, struck the rear of the car he was attempting to pass, swerved into a ditch and out of it, finally stopping the car against a fence. The bullet-proof compartment of the automobile was slightly damaged, but the occupants escaped serious injury.

With royal assent, the measure became effective as of next Tuesday.

Cries of "Resign! Resign!" were shouted at Fort when, 45 minutes before the "millineum" hour when the bill had to be out of the way, the men and women in the House adjourned the importunate committee. He declared it had been the history of nations that once a country adopted tariffs it had to "swear blood" before it could get rid of them.

"I hope the passing of this bill will not place those importunate members in," he said.

The bill, containing material that would have been voted on by the House

had been referred to their feet

and carried over to the chamber, changed

and waived

the bill.

RAILROAD—Walmetto Electric Co. agreed to name Willis-Harris building in Miami.

U.S. Infantry, 'Veterans' Of Battle Of Shanghai, Are Glad Of Chance To Rest

SHANGHAI, Feb. 26.—(A.P.)—Three hundred dead-tired members of the 21st U. S. infantry, who have been dodging machine gun bullets and occasional shrapnel shells for the last 15 days in positions along the International Settlement boundary, came out of the line yesterday and shaved a major bathing and shaving operation.

The boys will be allowed a few days rest before taking up their "squadrons right" routine. They came from the most dangerous position in the Settlement line, and their eyes were bloodshot and swollen from lack of sleep.

Units of the Scottish Argyll and Sutherland "Ladies from Hell," besieged and killed, took their places." The position has been a hot one because the Chinese face a hot one because the Chinese face a

Japanese from Chapei and

(Continued on Page Seven)

ARMS PARLEY ATTAINS SOME DEFINITE RULE

Gauge For Measuring Armaments In Coming Negotiations Is Unanimously O.K.'d

GENEVA, Feb. 26.—(A.P.)—The world disarmament conference unanimously selected a ruler yesterday to measure armaments in its future negotiations, and turned down a Russian plan for general and total disarmament.

The ruler is the draft convention of the preliminary disarmament commission, but the inch, caliper, ton and manpower marks carved it in 1930 by the pre-conference negotiators are rather vague and dim.

The resolution to make the draft convention a basis of discussion was adopted on the motion of Sir John Simon, the British delegate after Maxim Litvinoff, the Russian, had made a long but futile plea for his trial armament scrap- ping plan.

The day was not without a strategic victory for Andre Tardieu, the new French premier, who gained approval of his proposal to appoint a special political commission to deal with security and armament of the League of Nations.

Some observers held that the French international police force idea gained a dominant position in future deliberations through the appointment of the commission.

There was a show of flight when Tardieu first broached his suggestion. He coupled it with a project to set up three commissions on effectiveness, material, and expenditures, to take the place of the League secretary's plan to organize the conference into commissions on land, naval, aerial, and expenditures questions.

The American, Italian and German delegations objected. The matter was compromised and Tardieu got his po-federal commission, but the other delegates won out on organizing the various commissions as proposed by the secretariat.

The political commission will deal with all political questions before the conference but will return them to the general commission for final ratification. Ambassador Gibson, the American delegate, gave his approval when Tardieu made it clear that all states participating in the conference would also take part in the political commission.

In a statement this morning, Mr. Boyle said, "This appointment came to me as a more or less surprise, as I did not know that my name was being considered until late Wednesday afternoon. I will endeavor to fulfill the important office of state's attorney and perform the various duties connected with it to the best of my ability, with the earnest hope and desire that my occupancy of the office will be a credit to the administration and the Bar of the 23rd Judicial Circuit."

Since Tardieu had no objection to the draft convention and also won his security point, critics appeared to agree that when he boarded a train for Paris last night for a brief stay, he carried in his satchel a couple of documents that represented victory.

The Soviet total disarmament project went to defeat almost unanimously, only Rayburn joining the authors in supporting it, a fate which Litvinoff expected.

(Continued on Page Eight)

Pinchot Takes Lead In Campaign To Prevent Renomination

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 26.—(A.P.)—Claims that "temperance people are not satisfied with the status of affairs," and that President Hoover never has stated definitely that he favors retention of the Eighteenth Amendment were hurled into the Anti-Saloon League convention here yesterday by M. H. McCormick, retired business man of Coshocton, Ohio.

The charges brought shouting "down, down, down" from the audience as McCormick assailed officials of the Anti-Saloon League and answering the question whether they would not nominate candidates to take a definite stand on prohibition.

McCormick, a winter resident here, arose as J. N. Wilkinson, of Toronto, Ont., retired minister of Canada and the United States, was cheered for a statement President Hoover would be re-elected, because he is a prohibitionist. Others defended the President as strongly favorable to the Eighteenth Amendment.

"Any political party that refuses to commit itself and its nominees openly by statement and by platform in favor of the Eighteenth Amendment and pro-

(Continued on Page Seven)

Substitute To Talk In Place Of Mayo

PH H. Taylor, Tallahassee, of the State Department of Agriculture, will substitute for Nathan Mayo, Florida secretary of agriculture, who was to have spoken at a joint meeting of the Home Improvement Club and the Seminole Agriculture Club, at Seminole High School tonight at 7:00 o'clock.

Mr. Mayo is detained in Tallahassee because of urgent business, and has delegated Mr. Taylor to act in his stead. Mr. Taylor's address will relate to Home Improvement work in Florida, it is said.

Mrs. Mary Keown, DeLand, state official, will also be present to give a short talk before the nearly 200 men and women who will be served a supper comprising products grown on Seminole farms.

The affair is sponsored by the women of the Home Improvement Club, which has been meeting weekly for the past several weeks. All food served will be prepared from recipes tested by the women during the past few weeks.

Raskob Attacked For Hoover Statement

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—(A.P.)—President Hoover's economic and prohibition views crashed into the pre-convention presidential race spotlight today. Secretary Murphy said that Charles E. Raskob of the Democratic Committee and his associates were "slanderous and misrepresenting the President" and were not in a position to give the executive's prohibition views.

Haley's speech was in reply to one by Raskob last night saying he had good information that President Hoover will run on a prohibition reformism platform if his party should adopt such a platform.

CHEMISTY—Balmetto Electric Co. moved to name Willis-Harris building in Miami.

Small Blaze Causes Little Crate Damage

Fire, believed to have been of incendiary origin, last night caused a slight damage to a warehouse full of crates and crate material owned by the Wilson Crate Co., and stored in the F. L. Woodruff warehouse at Fourth Street and Elm Avenue.

Members of the Sanford Fire Department went to the scene of the blaze, which caused damages amounting to about \$50 to the crates, but only a small amount to the building.

"Tables Turned"

A Little Chat With The Secretary Of The Seminole County Chamber of Commerce

We have been talking for weeks about keeping home dollars at home. Sanford and Seminole County folks have been spending lots of their own money in neighboring and other cities and now the tables have been turned. The Morris Plan Bank, a nationally organized financial institution which specializes in small loans to salaried people and others who can furnish satisfactory references, to secure money needed to take care of their obligations, has opened a branch in Sanford.

The best thing about this new loan facility in Sanford and Seminole County is the fact that there is none of our money invested in it. No stock has been offered for sale. It is not a stock promotion for general and total disarmament.

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(Continued on Page Eight)

Ban Off On Shipping Celery Of "10" Sizes

Believing that the celery marketing situation will now warrant the shipping of good grade celery, size tens, the committee of farmers and shippers which has been meeting weekly to discuss this shipping problem, last night voted to approve the shipping of celery of this type.

Growers are asked to abide by this decision during the coming week, according to Henry Schumacher, Jr., member of the committee who stated that obviously the shipping of poor grades of tens will be harmful.

The group will meet next Friday night at 8:00 o'clock at the offices of the Standard Growers Exchange, to discuss plans for the following week.

Garner Raps Hoover In Press Interview

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—(A.P.)—Speaker Garner said to-day that President Hoover had been "into the greatest panic the country or world has ever known." The Texas Democrat, who is being pressed to become an avowed candidate for the Democratic presidential nomination, made the remark at a conference with newspapermen. He had been asked to comment on the speech of national Secretary Raskob, saying President Hoover's leadership had made the Democrats "just a little bit nervous."

Mr. Smith expressed pleasure over his appointment, it is said, and stated that he would do all in his power to fill the appointment with credit.

FLU SPREADS IN BUDAPEST

BUDAPEST, Hungary, Feb. 26.—(A.P.)—The influenza outbreak in the Budapest area has been increasing. During the last three days 22 deaths were attributed to the disease.

Jap Naval Aviators Launch Big Attack On Chinese Planes

PLANS FOR ROAD WORK REVEALED IN NOTIFICATION

Airdromes Battered With Heavy Bombs; Chinese Are Rushing More Soldiers

SHANGHAI, Saturday, (A.P.)—

—In a slashing counter-attack just after midnight the Chinese army drove the enemy out of the Mianchanghe sector and held on against doubtful machine gun fire. "We can't claim any great gain," said General Tsai Tingkai, in a communiqué. "But we succeeded in ousting the Japs from the sector during Friday's fighting. The outcome was more gratifying."

SHANGHAI, Feb. 26.—

(A.P.)—Japanese naval aviators, equipped with heavy bombs, began a sweeping campaign today to destroy all Chinese aviation fields over wide district around Shanghai, while upon the short sector northwest of Kiangwan the Japanese delivered another attack upon the Chinese without gaining much ground.

A Japanese naval spokesman said the Japanese fliers bombed the Chinese airbase at Hangchow, destroying a number of Chinese planes and continued their raids bombing three additional fields. Later in the day upwards of a dozen Chinese planes were destroyed by bombs before they had a chance to leave the ground and three were shot out of the air by machine guns.

The Japanese lost one plane

which was forced down in Hangchow Bay where it sank, but the pilot was picked up by a Japanese destroyer.

The chief attack was on the Kiangwan front, officials at Japanese headquarters said, which asked permission to wreak revenge on the Chinese for killing their captain in yesterday's battle. They went over the top in a fierce assault led by the second lieutenant and gained some ground from the surprised Chinese.

Indications were today that the Chinese are rushing more troops into the Kiangwan district before Japanese reinforcements arrive. The Japanese announced tonight that if they couldn't bomb the Chinese out of Kiangwan, they would starve them out.

Chinese resistance was an stubborn satiation appeared to be the only weapon which could succeed against them. A spokesman said the Japanese losses in the last 24 hours were 120 killed and wounded.

Artillery punished first one side, then the other as intense battle went on today in the Kiangwan sector and around Chapei between the Chinese army and the fighters of Japan.

Steadied by their success in recovering from a rout and gaining back by desperate fighting much of the ground that had been lost when the Japanese smashed the line north of Kiangwan, the Chinese turned a vicious artillery bombardment on the Japanese strongholds in Hongkew park.

Japanese guns answered shell for shell. At dawn they were doing most of the firing, for Chinese ammunition was running low and gunners had orders to use it sparingly.

Social And Personal Activities

MISS MARGARET PETERS, Society Editor

Office Telephone 148.

MONDAY

The Woman's Missionary Society of the First Baptist Church will have an all day meeting beginning at 10:30 o'clock at the church when the book, "Missions in the Bible," will be studied. Members are requested to bring their lunch.

TUESDAY

The Daughter's of Wesley Class of the First Methodist Church will have a country store party at 7:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Helen Brown, 200 Lake Avenue, with Mrs. Brown, Mrs. M. B. Smith, Mrs. T. C. Brown, Mrs. Joe Hathaway, Mrs. J. M. McCaskill, and Mrs. Walter E. Morgan as hostesses.

TUESDAY

Business and social meeting of the Altham Class of the First Baptist Church will be held at 7:30 o'clock at the church annex with Mrs. T. C. Pitchford, Mrs. Fred Myers, Mrs. A. J. Walker, and Mrs. A. L. Kelley as hostesses.

The Sarah Parker Methodist Orphanage Club will have an all day sewing party at the home of Mrs. John D. Jenkins, French Avenue. A covered plate luncheon will be served at noon.

TO HOLD SERVICES

In honor of the memory of George Washington, Jewish persons of Sanford will observe the Bi-Centennial in connection with their regular Friday evening services tonight at the Community Center. J. Dingfelder will speak at this time on the subject "The History of the Jew in the United States from 1492 to 1776."

GELATIN IS VALUABLE PROTEIN

By Dr. R. R. LEE
Some persons regard gelatin as merely a decorative dessert and "carrier" for salad ingredients, with little food value of its own. In reality it is a source of the most important body building and repair foods.

Gelatin belongs to that great family of protein-rich foods whose other prominent members are milk, eggs, cheese, meat and fish. It contains the food elements which build and repair the tissues of the body, and promotes its growth. Not only is it one of the easiest of all foods to digest, but it is an important factor in aiding the digestion of other foods. For that reason gelatin is often added, unflavored, to milk in infant feeding, and is used in the menu of invalids.

Recent scientific laboratory tests show that gelatin contains a large amount of a substance often lacking in many foods so that gelatin supplements these and makes a more perfect food for keeping muscles and bones in constant repair, and is invaluable as an aid to the proper growth of strong healthy girls and boys.

There is no doubt but that gelatin deserves a prominent place in the daily menu of children, invalids, and adults, especially nowadays, when it may be purchased in the convenient quick-setting prepared form, each package containing pure high grade gelatin, pure vegetable coloring, pure cane sugar and delicate fruit-flavored crystals. In gelatin, healthful dietic qualities and decided food value combine to delight the eye and palate as well.

SHOE WORKERS STRIKE

LYNN, Mass., Feb. 26.—(A.P.)—Six hundred members of the Shoe and Shoe Workers' Union went on strike yesterday in an attempt to enforce demands for a 15 per cent increase in wages and recognition of the union by employers.

CERMAK AT HOT SPRINGS

CHICAGO, Feb. 26.—(A.P.)—Mayor Anton J. Cermak left for Hot Springs, Ark., yesterday for a vacation of 10 days. He left alone but other Democratic leaders were reported to join him soon.

MURKIN'S NAME OUT

ATLANTA, Feb. 26.—(A.P.)—Murkin suggested that Murkin would be nominated but the ruled com-

Mrs. Babbitt's Home Is Scene Of Party

Complimenting the members of the "23" Club and a number of other guests, Mrs. Pearl S. Babbitt entertained with a bridge party given last night at her home on South Sanford Avenue. Vases and bowls of snap dragons, asters and roses in pastel shades were arranged about the rooms where the guests were entertained. The tables bore silkscreen designs.

Friends of Mrs. C. W. Speer will regret to learn that she is ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Nettie Ingram, West Palm Beach. Miss Sara Warren Easterby and Miss Julia Higgins expect to return Sunday from Haines City where they have been spending several days visiting Mr. and Mrs. James Higgins.

Among those from here visiting the Central Florida Exposition in Orlando last night were: Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Renick, Mr. and Mrs. Emil Amann, Mr. and Mrs. John Schirard, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Trueluck, Mr. and Mrs. S. Y. Cross, Mrs. C. A. Yancey, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Papworth, Mr. and Mrs. R. Stevens, the Misses Carson Guthrie, Katherine Schirard, Winnie Smith, Rebecca Stevens, Margaret Wright, Dorothy Stokes, Jean Maxwell, Elizabeth Whitner, and Karl Lehmann. John K. Fox, Maxwell Stewart, L. F. Boyle, C. E. Adams, Volta Williams, R. A. Cobb, E. J. Meyer, John Meisch, Jr., Bob McKnight, and T. MacAfee.

Mrs. Griffin Hostess At Party Wednesday

Developing a color scheme of red and white were the quantities of red radiance roses and baby's breath arranged about the living rooms of the home of Mrs. J. I. Griffin, Loch Arbor, when Mrs. Griffin entertained a large number of guests with a bridge party Wednesday evening in honor of Mrs. H. T. Glass who celebrated her birthday anniversary at that time.

High score prizes for the ladies went to Mrs. G. O. Danner and Miss Nellie Hicks, while H. T. Glass was presented with high score prize for the men. Late in the evening a salad course was served.

Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Al Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph R. Kennedy, Mr. and Mrs. John Sparkman, Mr. and Mrs. G. O. Danner, Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Glass, Mr. and Mrs. R. Burdick, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Himes, Mrs. Anna C. Morrison, the Misses Ruth Gibson, Maxine Glass, Marjorie Pope, Nellie Hicks, Hazel Hamby, and J. T. Griffin.

Mr. And Mrs. W. A. Pitts Give Informal Dance

Complimenting a large number of their friends, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Pitts entertained with an informal dance on Thursday evening at their home on East Second Street. Quantities of golden-colored calendars and crimson bougainvillea were used to adorn the rooms where the guests were entertained.

Throughout the evening dancing was enjoyed by the guests and at a late hour a buffet supper was served. Those invited were: Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Tunnellif, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph B. Wright, Dr. and Mrs. R. E. Stevens, Mrs. J. H. Hintermeyer, Mr. Hal Wright, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bender, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Dyson, Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. George A. DeCottis, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Coleman, Mrs. Hazel Coleman, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Mayer, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Higgins, Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Merlo, Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Perkins, Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Wiggins, Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Caldwell and F. A. W. Brown, A. E. Howell, Frank L. Woodruff, Jr., and J. D. Sheldon, of New Smyrna.

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McLeland Gray and Moore

Accountants and Auditors

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Sanford, Florida

Personals

Ben Cantwell plans to leave Sunday for St. Petersburg where he will enter spring training with the Boston Braves.

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Walker, of Akron, Ohio, were the guests yesterday of Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Holley at their home on Oak Avenue.

Friends of Mrs. C. W. Speer will regret to learn that she is ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Nettie Ingram, West Palm Beach.

Miss Sara Warren Easterby and Miss Julia Higgins expect to return Sunday from Haines City where they have been spending several days visiting Mr. and Mrs. James Higgins.

Among those from here visiting the Central Florida Exposition in Orlando last night were: Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Renick, Mr. and Mrs. Emil Amann, Mr. and Mrs. John Schirard, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Trueluck, Mr. and Mrs. S. Y. Cross, Mrs. C. A. Yancey, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Papworth, Mr. and Mrs. R. Stevens, the Misses Carson Guthrie, Katherine Schirard, Winnie Smith, Rebecca Stevens, Margaret Wright, Dorothy Stokes, Jean Maxwell, Elizabeth Whitner, and Karl Lehmann. John K. Fox, Maxwell Stewart, L. F. Boyle, C. E. Adams, Volta Williams, R. A. Cobb, E. J. Meyer, John Meisch, Jr., Bob McKnight, and T. MacAfee.

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Miss Sara Warren Easterby and Miss Julia Higgins expect to return Sunday from Haines City where they have been spending several days visiting Mr. and Mrs. James Higgins.

Among those from here visiting the Central Florida Exposition in Orlando last night were: Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Renick, Mr. and Mrs. Emil Amann, Mr. and Mrs. John Schirard, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Trueluck, Mr. and Mrs. S. Y. Cross, Mrs. C. A. Yancey, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Papworth, Mr. and Mrs. R. Stevens, the Misses Carson Guthrie, Katherine Schirard, Winnie Smith, Rebecca Stevens, Margaret Wright, Dorothy Stokes, Jean Maxwell, Elizabeth Whitner, and Karl Lehmann. John K. Fox, Maxwell Stewart, L. F. Boyle, C. E. Adams, Volta Williams, R. A. Cobb, E. J. Meyer, John Meisch, Jr., Bob McKnight, and T. MacAfee.

Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Al Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph R. Kennedy, Mr. and Mrs. John Sparkman, Mr. and Mrs. G. O. Danner, Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Glass, Mr. and Mrs. R. Burdick, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Himes, Mrs. Anna C. Morrison, the Misses Ruth Gibson, Maxine Glass, Marjorie Pope, Nellie Hicks, Hazel Hamby, and J. T. Griffin.

Mr. And Mrs. W. A. Pitts Give Informal Dance

Complimenting a large number of their friends, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Pitts entertained with an informal dance on Thursday evening at their home on East Second Street. Quantities of golden-colored calendars and crimson bougainvillea were used to adorn the rooms where the guests were entertained.

Throughout the evening dancing was enjoyed by the guests and at a late hour a buffet supper was served. Those invited were: Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Tunnellif, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph B. Wright, Dr. and Mrs. R. E. Stevens, Mrs. J. H. Hintermeyer, Mr. Hal Wright, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bender, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Dyson, Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. George A. DeCottis, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Coleman, Mrs. Hazel Coleman, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Mayer, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Higgins, Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Merlo, Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Perkins, Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Wiggins, Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Caldwell and F. A. W. Brown, A. E. Howell, Frank L. Woodruff, Jr., and J. D. Sheldon, of New Smyrna.

To Aviational Enthusiasts

Executive Immediately
Dual Instruction—80 Hour
Course—\$7.50 Hour
SANFORD FLYING SERVICE
Phone 632-5 or 704

CHINESE RAISING FUND IN GOTHAM TO AID FIGHTERS

STIMSON CALLED IGNORANT AFTER NOTE TO BORAH

Airplanes And Pilots Will Be Provided As Part Of Program

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—New York's Chinese raising funds for Shanghai relief yesterday brought out the ancient dragon of the Hip Sings, hired an American band, paraded through the streets and around Chinatown and collected a sheaf of nickels, dimes and dollars.

A boy in a packed suit of black satin beat on a green drum. Two men in green and yellow silk marched behind and clashed cymbals.

A dozen more followed with tridents, old swords and queer-shaped knives. Then came a guard escorting a big American flag with the stars prominently displayed only for the dragon.

Behind them marched a group of Chinese Boy Scouts who carried flags of Old China. Then came more with the flags of the first and second Republics. The Hip Sings sponsored the procession and when they came to On Leong territory, the On Leongs threw money down from their windows. Then they came down and joined in the march.

There were fantastic costumes, flags of red and purple and yellow silk. In the midst of all this marched the school children with American flags, members of the Chinese Young Women's Christian Association, members of the Parent-Teachers Association, of the Red Cross. There were Chinese nurses in uniforms, students from Columbia, followers of Confucius and Christians. They sang old Chinese songs and "My Country, 'Tis of Thee."

Possibly 10,000 persons gathered in Chinatown. Almost everybody who commented on the Simonson letter admitted something when the little Chinese girls went by with the sheet. The Italians, who live between Chinatown and City Hall, gave generously. Some of the policemen on duty gave as much as a dollar.

Chinese girls and women went among the sidewalk crowds and shooed cups. They gave every person who gave them a coin a small pink paper rosette.

Statistics, while still too incomplete to chart actual percentages, have been gathered that so far to prove that, perhaps, more than half of all criminal convictions in this country are based, in some degree or other, on evidence of circumstantial nature.

A recent survey, covering several years, and undertaken privately by one of the most famous and authoritative penologists in the country, tends to show that a deplorable large percentage of such convictions are miscarriages of justice.

A good illustration of the manner in which the blind goddess can be foiled is said to be presented in a graphic manner in "The Silent Witness," the new Fox picture, dealing with such a case, opening at the Milne Theater Saturday.

In this instance, the supposed murderer, though really innocent, actually believes that he committed the crime. Yet when his father, who had not the slightest connection with the murder, insists on standing trial for it, the jury comes within a hair's breadth of convicting the father for a crime that the son only thinks he committed.

The dragon of the Hip Sings is only brought into the streets on occasions of great sadness or of joy. He has three eyes, a multi-colored head, ears trimmed with white fur and an alarming grin.

CAPITALISM NOT COMMUNISM SEEN AS COMING ORDER

Professor Completes Critical Study Of Russian Situation

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 26.—Capitalism, with certain refinements in operation not generally accepted in these days, and not Communism, is to be the ruling economic order in the years to come. That is the opinion of Dr. A. Bruce Anthony, professor of economics at the University of Southern California, who has recently completed a critical study of the Russian economic situation.

The social order developed by Communists is not established upon sound economics, Dr. Anthony believes, and he estimates that its objective aims are either unattainable or undesirable, and that even if a uniform society can be formed in Russia, which he gravely doubts, it would not be beneficial to human progress.

"If Communism could make good each and every one of the own particular techniques of reforming the world, it would still fail to be worth the social cost involved," he stated. "Sociologically speaking, the game would not be worth the candle."

"Individual initiative would be smothered and the impulse for progress impeded. The world depends for advancement primarily upon the development of individual leaders in all fields of human endeavor. In this, freedom of thought and choice is essential, and the system which we may call Leninism, or Communism, does not guarantee it. I doubt very much whether the sacrifice of these qualities for the arbitrary standards of living set up as necessary would be worth while."

"As a critique for guaranteeing a critical searching analysis of the world's capitalistic structure grows,

DO YOU KNOW?



That one of the prettiest of Indian legends concerns this rock which stands beside the shore of Stanley Park, Vancouver, British Columbia? It is known as Siwash Rock and at high tide is surrounded by water. The legend has to do with a young brave who eloped with the daughter of the chief of a rival tribe. The girl's father and his warriors gave chase and were about to catch the lovers when the girl called on Manitou to save them. As they stood in the canoe clasped in each other's arms, Manitou transformed them into this rock. Siwash Rock was a favorite spot with Pauline Johnstone the great Indian poetess of Canada and after her death her ashes were strewn on the water beside it in accordance with her request.

modern capitalism, the plan is may provide greater benefits to admirable; but as a real constructive substitute for the capitalistic principle of production, it is destined to prove a failure."

The reform which Professor Anthony expects will take place in the world's capitalistic structure grows,

STATE HOLDS BIG LEAD IN CANNING OF CITRUS FRUIT

Grapefruit Pack Was Reported At Over Four Million In '29

JACKSONVILLE, Feb. 26.—Out of a total of 1,174,823 cases of canned grapefruit packed in the calendar year, 1929, representing the combined production of the industry in Florida, California, Texas and South Carolina, the sunshine state produced 1,150,587 cases, Texas 12,497 and the balance of 2739 cases originated in either California or South Carolina.

Such a summary is the result of a compilation made by the Florida district office here of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, from statistical data prepared and issued by the Census Bureau in the 1929 Census of Manufactures.

The value of the 1929 grapefruit pack for the country as a whole amounted to \$4,139,993 of which the Florida pack alone accounted for \$4,084,092. Florida also can claim supremacy in the canned grapefruit juiced field as it was the only state reporting in the last census for this item in the canning industry. The canned grapefruit juice pack for 1929 tallied 115,708 cases valued at \$490,490.

The rapid strides made in the canning and preserving industry of Florida during the 10-year period beginning in 1919 are evident from the data compiled by the local office. They indicate that in development, the canning of grapefruit products had been of greatest importance.

For the comparative years, 1919 and 1929, Florida establishments engaged in canning and preserving of fruits and vegetables, pickles, jellies, preserves and sauces numbered 18 in the former year and had jumped to 46 in 1929. During the latter year, citrus canning establishments predominated.

Average wage earners per year increased from 160 to 1735; wages in the industry increased from \$65,728 to \$62,865. In 1929 there were 90 salaried officials and employees with a payroll of approximately \$31,238 and in 1919, there were 127 drawing \$240,334.

For these same years, the value of products rose from \$658,718 to \$6,116,663, the value of canned grapefruit alone for this latter year representing \$4,630,968 of the total. Cost of materials and containers for products, fuel and power used in the industry amounted to \$432,205 in 1919 and \$3,277,398 in 1929.

Costs of fruits and vegetables, and sugar consumed in the canning and preserving of fruits and vegetables, pickles, jellies, preserves, and sauces in Florida during 1929 amounted to \$1,498,978, or \$1,196,015 for fruits and vegetables and \$300,863 for sugar.

Aside from the canning of fruits and vegetables, Florida in 1919 produced 4078 standard cases of oysters valued at \$10,488 and 50,845 standard cases of shrimp with a valuation of \$318,941. Preserves of all kinds, packed during the same year, were valued at \$391,079. A value of \$467,324 was placed on 242,513 cases of tomatoes.

Also represented in Florida's canning and preserving industries are pickles, ketchup, prepared mustard and mayonnaise and other salad dressings, but because of the fact that the census reports include Florida's production of them with other groups of states, production statistics or valuation for Florida cannot be identified.

For the nation as a whole in 1919, there were 4280 canning and preserving plants engaged in the production of fruits and vegetables, pickles, jellies, preserves and sauces and in 1929 there were 3245 establishments. In 1919 there were 14,179 salaried officials and employees with an annual payroll amounting to \$24,768,664. In 1929 the number of such officials and employees decreased in salaries paid, the later figure being \$24,460,652. Wage earners increased from 86,923 to 115,478 and wages paid from \$66,444,025 to \$86,771,648. In 1919 the value of products increased from \$223,578,925 to \$231,190,554.

OVALA — Ovala Securities, Inc., real estate firm, granted charter.

NINE SOUTH FLORIDA PREMISES PADLOCKED

MIAMI, Feb. 26.—(A.P.)—United States deputy marshals to-

day served permanent padlock orders on nine South Florida premises, while orders of Federal Judge Halsted Ritter, releasing temporary padlock orders on 10 premises were recorded. The places

involved were located at Hollywood, Stuart, West Palm Beach, Lake Worth, and elsewhere.

ORLANDO — Made-in-Orange Fair held here recently.

TAMPA — Logan Bros. submit-

Fair held here recently.

Phone 224 JACK'S We Deliver

Irish Potatoes	10 Lbs.	14¢
TOMATOES	3 Lbs.	23¢
BANANAS	3 Lbs.	10¢
RICE	5 Lbs.	15¢
LARD	2 Lbs.	15¢
Pillsbury Flour	24 Lbs.	75¢
COFFEE	Lb.	15¢
MACARONI	Pkg.	4¢
SALT	2 Boxes	5¢
SYRUP	Gal.	69¢

PLANT NOW

Kilgore's Bred Rite Seeds

BEANS. Western grown stock. Highest quality. BOUNTIFUL, GIANT STRINGLESS AND TENNESSEE GREEN POD at \$7.00 per bushel.

FIELD CORN. Kilgore's Red Cob Prolific, Cuban Flint, Florida Flint, Hastings Prolific and Whatley's Prolific.

SWEET CORN. Stowell's Evergreen, Long Island Beauty, Country Gentleman and other varieties. Ask about our non-arsenical KALO SPRAY and KALITE DUST for the control of worms and insects.

KILGORE SEED COMPANY
Phone 248
Sanford, Fla.

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AND

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FRIDAY

AND

SATURDAY
SPECIALS



FRIDAY AND SATURDAY SPECIALS

FLOUR

HELMET
SELF-RISING.

24 LBS. 51¢

1 1/2 LB. PKG. SALT, 4 For	10c	TALL CAN PORK & BEANS	5c
VELVO COFFEE, Lb.	19c	NO. 2 CAN CUT BEANS, 3 For	25c
LIGHTHOUSE CLEANSER, 3 For	10c	NO. 2 CAN CUT BEETS, 3 For	25c

MEAL or GRITS	5 LBS.	9¢	
NO. 1 CAN CORN, 3 For	25c	14 OZ. BOTTLE CATSUP	10c
CARNATION MILK, Tall Can	7c	TALL LIBBY'S MILK, 3 For	18c

Del Monte PRUNES	2 LB. Carton	12 1/2¢	
RED SOUR PITTED CHERRIES	15c	32 OZ. JAR PAPPY'S JAM	25c

Del Monte BARTLETT PEARS	No. 1 Can	12 1/2¢	
CAL ICEBERG LETTUCE	9c	SUPERNUT OLEO, Lb.	10c
POTATOES, 10 Lbs.	14c	WIS. DAISY CHEESE, Lb.	18c
FANCY EATING APPLES, 3 Lbs.	19c	SUNSET GOLD BUTTER, Lb.	29c

BETTER MEATS AT LOWER PRICES	222 EAST FIRST ST.	118 MAGNOLIA AVE.	
STEAKS	SIRLOIN AND CLUB	LB. 18¢	
BEST GRADE WHITE BACON	LB.	7 1/2¢	
LARGE JUICY WIENERS, 2 Lbs.	25c	WESTERN NECK BONES, 5 lbs.	25c
FRESH WESTERN BEEF LIVER, 2 Lbs.	25c	FRESH PIG LIVER, 5 Lbs.	25c
WESTERN SHOULDERS, Lb.	19c		
WESTERN SHOULDERS, Lb.	14c		

PORK LOIN ROASTS	LB.	12 1/2¢	
DEAN MEATY SPARE RIBS, 2 Lbs.	19c	WESTERN SKINNED PORK HAMS, Lb.	15c
FRESH WESTERN PORK SHOULDERS, Picnic Style, Lb.	9 1/2c	SWIFT JEWEL COMPOUND LARD, 2 Lbs.	13c
FRESH DRESSED HENS, Lb.	21c	FRESH BOILED HAM, Lb.	27c
DEAN MEATY SAUSAGE MEAT, Lb.	8c	KANSAS CITY Stewed Beef Roast, Lb.	12 1/2c
DEAN MEATY BACON, Bried On, Lb.	15c	FANCY BACON BACON, Fried On, Lb.	15c

SUGAR-CURED PIGNOL CHAMPS	4 S.	

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We Do Not Meet Competition—We Make It

ARE YOU SPENDING HOME DOLLARS AT HOME?
From A Selfish Standpoint It Is The Very Best Thing That You Can Do! Think It Over And Buy This Week's Groceries From A Store That Is Helping You, As Well As The Many Community Projects That Outside Cities Have No Interest In.

Kraft's Mayonnaise and Relish
1/2 PINT SIZE 16¢ PINT SIZE 29¢

RUMFORD, 1 Lb. Can 25c
GOOD BAKED BEANS, 2 Lbs. 9c

Chicken and Egg Noodle Dinner—Just Heat It and Serve

<p

BUSINESS SLUMP OF MIDDLE-WEST SUDDENLY LIFTS WOMEN, ACTIVE IN EXPLORATION, HAVE OWN MEET

Thawing Of Money, Reduction In Wages, Described As Aids

CHICAGO, Feb. 26.—Several important factors contributed to the sudden emergency of the Middle West from its long period of anxiety and inactivity. The climax came in the latter part of the week with an agreement by the building trades unions to accept a 20 per cent reduction in the wage scale. This closely followed an agreement by the rail unions to accept a reduction in wages that will add millions to the working capital of the carriers. The government plan to make money easier and thaw out millions in frozen assets is having a most exhilarating effect.

As a result of all these forward movements, the stock and bond markets livened up at a remarkable rate, and many thousands of dollars came out of hiding. Scores of new automobiles of the costlier variety are appearing on the streets, causing a revival in the motor industry. County merchants are building up their stocks, and farmers are preparing for spring work on an increased scale, which is being felt in factories producing tractors and other farm supplies.

Taken altogether, business and industry are displaying more activity than for more than 18 months. Numerous factories are taking on additional men, preference being given to those laid off during the worst of the slump.

In Chicago one discordant note is struck by the labor unions that have a firm grip on public school, city and county work. The leaders of the school unions flatly refuse to enter any rehabilitation plan that will reduce their high wages, and the school board is in a sorry state. Banks will not advance them any more money until the budget is reduced to a point where income will approach outgo. After

he is survived by his widow, Winona Howard Wright, of Sanford, and two nieces, Mrs. Florence Hawes Williams, wife of Al Williams, noted United States Navy aviator, and Mrs. Elvie Hawes Brooks.

or all other employees in the county and school departments had agreed to work six days for five days' pay, the unions upset the proposition by a vehement refusal to agree to the plan.

Reports from the steel industry suggest better placements of tonnages later by railroads, particularly in the way of track accessories and rails. Several leading systems have placed good tonnages.

The breaking of the price deadlock between the packers and canners last week was followed by a good volume of business. Prices were 1½ to 2 cent lower than the nominal quotations hitherto existing, and after the first rush of business canners sought additional concessions of 10¢ on most grades. Actual sales last week were slow as a result.

Cold weather brought fair consumption buying of domestic coal and a small increase from manufacturers. Lumber mills report increased shipments, while retail distribution of lumber and building materials is about normal for the season.

Money rates are quoted by Chicago Banks as follows: Customers' commercial loans, 4½@5 per cent; collateral loans, 4½@6 per cent; brokers' loans, 4½ per cent, and commercial paper, 3½@4½ per cent.

South Carolina Is Winner In Fight On Tax Upon Gasoline

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—(A.P.)—South Carolina scored a victory in the Supreme Court yesterday when the court indicated its intention to sustain as valid the tax imposed on gasoline sold in the state.

The Eastern Airline transportation, Inc., carrying passengers and mail from Newark, N. J., to Miami, and making four stops in South Carolina challenged the tax, asserting it was a burden on interstate commerce. Explaining that it was compelled to purchase gasoline in South Carolina, it protested against being required to pay in addition to the price of gasoline a state excise tax.

Justice McReynolds asked counsel for the airline company whether under his contention it would not mean that automobiles could evade the tax at the time they purchase gasoline in South Carolina by stating that they intended to use it in a journey outside the state.

Justice McReynolds asked the company if the company's argument by com-

pany was that the tax was too speedy."

Eight invitations for next year's meeting of the educators were received. They were from San Francisco, Cincinnati, New Orleans

Minneapolis, Chicago, Cleveland, Houston and Philadelphia.

The executive committee will choose, probably during the first week of April.

REACTIONS VARY AS TO BRITAIN'S TARIFF POLICIES

Democrats And Republicans Take Opposite Sides On Issue

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Democratic and Republican senators reacted to the proposed new British tariff in strictly according to party doctrines. To the Democrats the new 10 per cent barrier was just one more evidence of retaliation against the excessively high rates of the Smoot-Hawley tariff Act.

Members of the Republican Party, however, saw in the British action the highest possible compliment to their party's statesmanship. Briefly, they termed it "imitation" and pointed out that after more than 90 years of free trade Great Britain has at last been forced to return to the protectionist fold.

Far from admitting it was retaliatory, Republicans insisted it was either for revenue or for protection. Even Senator Simeon D. Fess of Ohio, chairman of the Republican National Committee, broke his recent silence on political matters to declare that since it is a flat 10 per cent rate it is "unscientific" and cannot therefore be considered retaliatory.

The frank admission of Mr. Neville Chamberlain, British Chancellor of the Exchequer, that one of the purposes of the new tariff is to provide means for bargaining with other high tariff countries appeared to escape the notice of the Senate leaders, who declined to comment on this phase of the matter.

It was pointed out in informed circles, however, that if England

uses the new rates as a point of departure for general attack on the high rates of other nations, using the bargaining method, it may spell the doom of "most favored nation" trade treaties.

The tariff expert of the Democrats, Senator Correll Hull of Tennessee, summed up his party's general attitude most concisely with the simple statement that "it is about the forty-sixth retaliatory measure since the tariff policy was sponsored in 1921."

Senator Pat Harrison of Mississippi, another leading Democrat, also offered just another retaliatory measure which "will considerably affect our surplus products."

On the Republican side Senator Reed Smoot of Utah, author of the Smoot-Hawley bill, asserted the United States has no right to complain of any British tariff action "nor any other legislation it sees fit to enact. We passed our tariff bill to protect our industries," he added, "and every other country has the same privilege."

Senator James E. Watson of Indiana, Republican leader in the Senate, "It justifies the American protective tariff system throughout. It shows that England has been floundering in the bog for 120 years, while we have been steadily going to the heights."

Officials of the Department of Commerce explain that their only question is whether the 10 per cent will replace the abnormal importation act duties of 50 per cent recently applied to some items. Some 25 per cent of manufactured goods imported into England already are dutiable.

The United States exported to Great Britain during 1931 a total of \$155,560,614. If the final tabulation of products corresponds to that of the previous year, approximately 50 per cent of the total would be raw materials and similar items. Manufactured exports usually total about half of American shipments to Great Britain.

President Advises Against Curtailing Funds For Schools

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—(A.P.) Pausing in his drive for instant federal spending, President Hoover declared unequivocally yesterday that sustained financial support of the public schools had the first call upon the national resources.

The President took his stand in a letter to Dr. Milton Chase Potter of Milwaukee, new president of the Department of Superintendence of the National Education Association. Even as he wrote, delegates to the convention just closing here published a similar resolution.

The school superintendents headed their annual declaration of principles with a request that educators everywhere join with officials "to the end that during this period of economic distress, ways may be found to effect economies in government administration which will not cripple the education of the children."

After congratulating the delegates upon the results of their conference here, the President in his letter to Dr. Potter took an even stronger position.

"We cannot afford to lose any ground in education," he said. "That is neither economy nor good government."

Senator Fred of Ohio voiced concern to the educators over "what is likely to be the effect upon the work of the teacher and upon the pupils of the schools of the modern economic breakdown." Outlining the legislative reconstruction program now partially enacted, he warned, "it must not be expected

to be too speedy."

Eight invitations for next year's meeting of the educators were received. They were from San Francisco, Cincinnati, New Orleans

Minneapolis, Chicago, Cleveland, Houston and Philadelphia.

The executive committee will choose, probably during the first week of April.

Fischer's Market

At Piggly Wiggly Cor. 4th St. and Sanford Ave.

Phone 755 Free Delivery Phone 755

ANY SIZE, ANY COLOR HENS WE DRESS 'EM FREE Lb. 19¢

ANY CUT—RUMP, RIB, SHOULDER Beef Roast Lb. 12½¢

THE BEST BEEF WE'VE HAD YET! STEAK Lb. 14¢

ROUND, SIRLOIN, T-BONE—Guaranteed Tender Fresh Lean Georgia Ribs OR

BACK BONE Lb. 15¢

FRESH GROUND, ALL BEEF

Hamburger Lb. 12½¢

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When the founder of A&P sold his first pound of tea, he had the idea which made us successful—to cut out all unnecessary profits and sell the best at low prices.

Today, this method of direct buying and small profits applies not only to tea, but to all of the 1200 items we sell!

ANN PAGE—Pure Fruit, Seven Delicous Flavors to Choose From, 16-Oz. Jars

PRESERVES 2 For 35¢

Special Care—Full Cream

CHEESE, Per Lb. 19¢

Encore MACARONI or

Spaghetti, 8 oz. pkg. 6¢

Col. Strain—Finest Av-a-Pink

SALMON, Tall Can 10¢

Raft—Supreme Quality SALAD DRESSING, Pint Jar 17¢

A&P'S FANCY ELGIN CREAMERY BUTTER Tub or Print Lb. 29¢

Blue Rose—Lancy, Whole Grain

RICE, 5 Lbs. 19¢

Winner Pearl HOMINY 15¢

GRITS, 6 Lb. Bag 25¢

Mandy UNROOTED CORN MFAL, 6 Lb. Bag 20¢

CORN, 3 No. 2 Cans 20¢

BIG (EYE) Hominy, 2 No. 2½ Cans 15¢

Sunnyfield Buckwheat or Pancake

FLOUR, 2 Pkgs. 15¢

INGLESIDE or ALAGA 12¢

SYRUP, No. 1½ Can FOR BREAKFAST 25¢

Melo-Wheat, 2 Pkgs. 25¢

IONA Plain or Self-Rising

FLOUR 19¢

15¢

15¢

WHITE HOUSE Evaporated MILK

Tall Cans 4-lb. Pall 8-lb. Pall

5 For 27¢ 32¢ 61¢

A&P—Fancy, Dry Pack

Pumpkin, 2 No. 2½ cans 15¢

Iona—Lucious Yellow Cling

Peaches, 2 Ng. 2½ Cans 25¢

Pearlie—Delicious Rich Bulk

Peanut Butter, 2 Lbs. 25¢

FIG BARS, Per Lb. 9¢

CAMPBELL'S—Delicious Tomato Soup, 3 Cans 20¢

P&G—Famous White Naptha Soap, 5 Bars 15¢

PURE SANTOS—MILD, MELLOW

8 O'CLOCK COFFEE Lb. 19¢

U. S. STANDARD MAINE

POTATOES 10 Lbs. 14¢

BANANAS 3 Lbs. 10¢

SUNNYFIELD—QUICK COOKING

ROLLED OATS 5¢

IN OUR MEAT DEPARTMENT

Milk Fed Veal Shoulder

CAST, Per Lb. 10c

Small Western Pork 12½c

CHOPS, Per Lb. 14c

Pork Fed Veal 5c

SAUSAGE, 3 Lbs. 25¢

WESTERN BEEF

ROAST, Per Lb. 10c

Steak, Beef

STEAK, Per Lb. 7c

Pork, Beef

LIVER, Per Lb. 7c

STEW, Per Lb. 7c

Certainly,
KLIM is good
to drink
... and so easily
digested!

YOUR GROCER AND DRUGGIST CARRY KLIM

MERRILL-SHULE DIVISION, The Borden Co.
250 Madison Ave., New York, N. Y.

Send for your free copy of our new catalog.
We'll also send you a free sample of Klim and my copy of "Food Values—Multiplied."

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Vegetable Market Look For 1932 Season; Demands Careful Thought

Commercial shipping vegetables, with only a few exceptions, show lower prices during the marketing season than in 1931, according to H. E. Sury, general representative of the United States Marketing Bureau.

Following the tendency existing in the low general level of prices, unusually low prices were received even for some truck and truck crops that are produced in smaller quantities than the year before. The decline in vegetable prices, as a rule, however, has not been as great as that shown by the figures in general. There is evidence that, because of this situation and the high gross returns seen on vegetables, growers have upon vegetable production been holding inviting prospect for expansion as an alternative for other perishable crops that have paid disproportionately low returns the past few seasons. Before shifting from one crop to vegetables, growers should give careful thought to the higher costs and greater risks usually involved in the production and marketing of the perishable crops.

An appraisal of the prospects for vegetable producers in any season is rendered difficult by the various uncertainties that are peculiarly associated with production of these perishable and highly perishable crops. Unusually favorable weather conditions, or the reverse, may so quickly change the consumption, or even affect the attitude of the consuming market toward some products, that earlier prospects will be completely upset. Market variations in quality or grade and condition, affecting the rate of harvesting and marketing of the perishable crops, are elements of the situation of which cannot be foreseen.

In general, it does not seem likely that the consumption of vegetables from various producing areas will be less in 1932 than in 1931 and for some areas of the marketing season it may be materially increased. In 1931 yields for acre averaged somewhat lower than usual for most of the vegetables and yet rather ample quantities of the usual quantities were harvested because of market conditions. As usual, surplus production was most serious for vegetable crops planted on a largely increasing acreage or for which the yields per acre were unusually heavy and, in general, unprofitable; was most in evidence in areas at some distance from consuming markets. The commodities which were most seriously in excess of market requirements in 1931 were early beans, cucumbers and onions and early and midseason cabbage, carrots and watermelons. Prospects for 1932 are affected by the lower level of food prices now prevailing and by the increased attention being given to home gardening both around urban areas and on farms. The demand for certain vegetables and vegetable fruits, furthermore, may be quite as great as in 1930 and 1931 when it appears to have been increased by the abnormally good weather during part of the growing period.

A reasonable diversification of vegetable crops and production at a low cost, which are important considerations in any season, and especially so in 1932, under present conditions, grows nearest to the market for greater advantage than ever. With food prices lower and sugar rates relatively high, the margin between market prices and marketing costs has been materially increased. This greatly reduces the distance that the lower qualities of the lower-priced vegetables can be shipped. With cheaper labor and other reduced expenses, and truck transportation of vegetables has decreased more rapidly than market rates, which gives the advantage to areas with shorter distances of their market, causing shifts between areas.

The first time since 1929, there was a slowing up in the marketing of commercial fresh vegetables in 1931. In the years from 1926 to 1929, the average acreage of twenty leading vegetables (not including early beans and strawberries) had an average annual increase of 1.5 per cent, but in 1931 an unusually small increase of 1.2 per cent.

The value per acre of the vegetable crops combined fell below the 1930 value, which was 20 per cent less than that of 1929. Although the average was still quite above the total of 10 per cent for all years, the general downward pressure of market prices in 1931 was very much

under the major portion of the kraut crop, amounted to 236,400 tons, the smallest crop since 1921. Although the crop was 27 per cent smaller than in 1930, prices averaged 11 per cent lower in 1931. The late Danish or storage crop of cabbage, at 261,300 tons, was 10 per cent smaller than the 1930 crop but prices remained by growers up to about December 1 were nearly one-fifth lower than the year before.

According to the reports of growers and dealers on January 1, 1932, the holdings of Danish cabbage on that date amounted to 62,242 tons, compared with stocks amounting to 61,128 tons on January 1, 1931. New York had more than its usual proportion of the January stocks owing to the large crop produced and also to the light crop in Wisconsin in 1931. Warm weather and the poor quality of much of the cabbage placed in New York is reported to be causing an unusually heavy shrinkage.

The fall crops of cabbage in South Carolina and Norfolk section of Virginia, starts the movement of the new crop each year with marketing usually from November to February. It is only within recent years that the crop began to take on any importance as a part of the movement during the fall and winter months, acreage increases in the fall of 1929 and 1930 more than doubling the production compared with previous years. For the 1932 crop, the plantings last fall were reduced 26 per cent to 750 acres.

Although the 1931 cabbage acreage was lower than in either 1929 or 1930, prices averaged about 46 per cent below those of the previous two seasons, dropping to the lowest point on record. The exceptionally low prices were largely a reflection of the steadily declining buying power of consumers, although heavy market supplies during certain parts of the early season contributed materially to the decline. Principally as a result of the extremely low returns obtained from the crop, decreases are being made in the early and second early acreage for 1932. Further decreases will likely occur in some of the intermediate and late states.

Production of domestic and Spanish types of cabbage in the late states the past season amounted to less than 500,000 tons compared with about 615,000 tons in 1930 and a little more than 550,000 in 1929. Acreage had been decreased about 15 per cent, Wisconsin making most of the reduction. The production of domestic-type cabbage, which in

duration of 1930, but 110 per cent below the average proportion for the preceding five years. Prices to growers were, however, the lowest on record.

A 2 per cent decrease occurred in the intermediate shipping group which includes most of the other southern states and Washington, New Mexico, Missouri, Iowa, Illinois, New Jersey, Long Island and areas in Ohio and Virginia. Yields were larger than in 1930, but production was slightly lower. Prices were at an unusually low level.

Upsala and Grapeville Mrs. LURELL BALLINGER

Edgar Sjellow and wife and sister, Marie, of Dayton, called to see his uncle, H. G. Lundquist, who has just returned from a motor trip to Knoxville, Tenn.

Mrs. Nels Swanson and Mrs. Norman Swanson spent the afternoon with Mrs. Augustus Swan-

son. Arthur Campbell was out by his old home place last week. The family is well and living in St. Augustine near her folks after two years in Miami.

Norman Swanson and wife spent an evening with Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Lundquist. They spent the week-end in a motor trip to Tampa.

Friends are glad to see Mrs. Paul Thurmond out again after a month's illness.

Littie Tim Stevens is ill.

Mrs. Fred Dyson and Mrs. Jennings have both been on the sick list the past week.

Mrs. Gould, of Butler, New Jersey, spent the day, Tuesday

at the homes of her old friends, Mrs. Jennings and Mrs. Harry Stevens.

The Lutheran Ladies Aid held a very pleasant meeting at the home of Mrs. Gant on the West Side. Nine members attended. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Soderblom.

T. O. Tyner was home until Monday from Daytona while Eleanor Tyner, Mr. and Mrs. Emil Magnuson, and Noah Fry spent the week-end at home from Windermere.

Dr. Kirk, an old friend of Rev. J. S. Clark, spent a number of days with him at his home near the aviation field, leaving Wednesday for St. Petersburg. He expects to return in April and spend a month with Bro. Clark. He has nearly lost his eyesight since he was here last winter but prudently

reached the tracks-free which they had been driven only a few hours earlier.

All night long and early this morning a strong wind brought down to Shanghai from the Kiangwan front the sound of machine gun and rifle fire.

Despite the fact that they had

reached a wonderful success in the Upsala people. He has travelled the world over and was pastor of one of the oldest Presbyterian churches in Philadelphia for 17 years, later going as a missionary to Alaska. It was under his ministry there that Bro. Clark united with the church and carried on his work there when Dr. Kirk had to leave.

Grapes Lundquist spent the day Monday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. H. G. Lundquist.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Stevens and children were supper guests at the home of his brother, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Stevens, one night last week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Lundquist, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Lundquist, Mr. and Mrs. August Swanson, and Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Swanson attended the funeral at Mrs. Jones Larson of Piedmont, at the Ur-

lande funeral home.

Mr. and Mrs. August Swanson entertained for the 12th birthday of their little granddaughter, Dorothy, who makes her home with them, on Feb. 12th. The children enjoyed the games and delicious refreshments and Miss Dorothy was much pleased with her many pretty presents, especially the wrist watch from her father and mother, and a fine minkie set from her grandparents. Mrs. E. W. Lundquist and wife spent the day there while Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Swanson,

Grandma Lundquist, Mrs. E. F. Lundquist, Mrs. Archie Swanson, and Mrs. Ida Peterson, and Mrs. Wallinger all enjoyed the afternoon there with the children, among whom were Audrey Mae Neese, Virginia and Irene Lundquist, Betty Thurmond, Elizabeth Dene, Irene Williams, Edith Marie Lundquist, Martha Stevens, Anna Benson, Gloria Swanson, Camilla, Alice and Alva Lundquist and Marvin and Dwight Swanson.

The Dutch Circle will meet at the home of Mrs. Joe Thompson, Lake Mary, on Thursday after-

noon.

GROVELAND—Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co., stores opened in former Edge Mercantile Co. grocery store.

Jap Naval Aviators Launch Big Attack On Chinese Planes

(Continued from Page One)

Despite the Chinese counter attack.

As a result of their advance the Mikado's men said they had the village of Kinghsien, a mile northwest of Kiangwan.

Occupation of Miao-chung-ch'en, which had been disputed for several days, was complete late Thursday by the Japanese when they broke the line, but the Chinese announced early today they had succeeded in clearing the last Japanese out of that village.

At this juncture of the battle the small Chinese garrison at Kiangwan was in imminent danger of falling. Communication with the rear was almost severed and the Japanese artillery and airplane activity was so great that it seemed impossible to move up supports.

The salient in the otherwise

straight Shanghai-Woo-sung line, already two miles deep when the action started, bulged an additional 600 yards to the west when the Japanese assault reached its high point.

The Japanese announced "that they had completely broken down the Chinese primary defenses and that the Chinese troops were in disorderly and panic retreat.

Secure in their belief of victory, they pushed forward their artillery to new positions, thereby putting the guns within easier range of the Chinese supports.

The Chinese were depending chiefly on machine guns.

Japanese guns answered shell for shell. Before daybreak the thunder of the artillery and the crash of projectiles was unceasing.

The Japanese fire was concentrated on the enemy position, in the ruins of Chapel and the sky was alight with the flames of new fires started by the bombardment.

Behind the Japanese lines troops and heavy guns were rushed to the north either in preparation for another attempt to take Kiangwan or as a safeguard against the Chinese who had demonstrated that they were sufficiently well-disciplined to reform after their organization had been broken and to put on a successful counter-attack.

Apparently reinforcements somehow or other had been brought up despite every effort by the Japanese artillery and air bombers to drop a curtain of explosives sufficiently destructive to prevent any troop movement.

It was reported that these reinforcements were fresh men of the 88th division of Chang Kai-Shek, whose national guard units are looked upon as the best troops in China.

The counter-attack swept over

shell torn ground and at many places along the front the Chinese

reached the tracks-free which they had been driven only a few hours earlier.

All night long and early this morning a strong wind brought down to Shanghai from the Kiangwan front the sound of machine gun and rifle fire.

Despite the fact that they had lost most of the ground taken in their original assault, the Japanese described the Kiangwan action as a "substantial victory." At Chinese headquarters there was jubilation over the way the troops had performed.

A Japanese communiqué said the Thursday casualties totalled 80 killed and wounded and that the Chinese losses were from 300 to 400. The Japanese took 15 prisoners.

Before dawn this morning this correspondent saw several additional companies of Japanese moving up to the Kiangwan front. Practically all of the artillery and tanks which had been concentrated at the Kiangwan racecourse started for positions to the north.

At the height of Thursday's action a Japanese transport arrived at a wharf within the International Settlement. The ship was loaded with ammunition which was quickly taken off and put into trucks that rumbled off in the direction of Kiangwan.

Reports circulated that two or three Japanese army divisions would arrive today or tomorrow and that the high command planned to open the biggest drive yet early next week.

Tokyo ditches telling that the emperor had granted an audience to Gen. Yoshisaki Shigekawa were taken to mean that he would supersede Gen. Kashiwa in command of the army here.

MEDICAL GROUP TO MEET

SARASOTA, Feb. 26.—(AP)—The annual convention of the Florida Medical Association will be held here May 2 and 4. The Florida Railway Surgeons Association will meet here in annual session May 2.

AUCTION

233 Exclusive Residence Sites
4 HANDSOME HOMES

233

4

SYLVAN SHORES

ON LAKE GERTRUDE

MT. DORA FLORIDA

EVERY LOT OFFERED WILL BE SOLD FREE AND CLEAR OF ALL INCUMBRANCES FOR JUST WHAT IT WILL BRING, ALL IMPROVEMENTS IN AND PAID FOR.

SALE TAKES PLACE

In Large Tent On The Premises

Tues. Wed. Thurs. Friday

March 1, 2, 3, 4

2:30 P. M.

Regardless Of Weather

For Maps And Information Communicate With

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FLY
along Florida's Highways
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is HIGH POWERED and KNOCKLESS
... yet sells at regular gas price

For Best Results
... use
THE NEW
SUNOCO MOTOR OIL
... made by the
Mercury Process

LONG LASTING
NO DIRT CARRYOVER
MOTOR FUEL

ASSAULT SKEN IMMINENT OVER MINERS' ACTION

New York Writers See
More Trouble Aris-
ing Over Kentucky

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—Predictions of a "massacre" of miners in Bell county, Ky., and threats of legal damage suits against members of a mob that kidnapped them at Pineville, Ky., in that state were voiced recently by two of the most prominent of writers to run into difficulties in the Kentucky coal fields.

The pair was Edmund Wilson, novelist and critic, and Malcolm Cowley, an associate editor of "The New Republic." They and 10 others of a delegation of writers who had gone to distribute food to needy miners in Pineville were forcibly escorted over the Kentucky line recently, they charge, and two of their number, Waldo Frank, novelist, and Alan Taub, New York lawyer, were badly beaten. In addition, two more of the delegation, Harold Hickerson, playwright, and Miss Doris Parks, relief worker, are still in jail in Pineville, charged with criminal syndicalism.

While Mr. Wilson and Mr. Cowley were telling horrifying stories of conditions in Kentucky, the National Committee for the Defense of Political Prisoners, under whose auspices they made the trip, announced that they would "take part in a picketing of the New York offices of the Morgan, Mellon and Rockefeller interests, all of whom own Kentucky mines."

According to Messia, Wilson and Cowley, Mr. Frank, who has also returned to New York, probably has a fractured skull and is in such a serious condition that they cannot see him, while Mr. Taub's nose was "probably" broken by the mob. They declared Taub, a lawyer for the International Workers Defense, had "stunned" Bell county officials by quoting sections of the Kentucky State Constitution, supposedly framed by Thomas Jefferson, about the right of the people "to alter or abolish their government," as well as their right of free assembly.

They planned bloodshed when miners held a mass funeral pre-arranged for Harry Sims, eight-year-old Negro fugitive from the miners' union who had been unmercifully beaten, was "shot in eight places" and dropped unconscious with an eight-inch bullet from his arm to the northeast knee, and every bodyguard was called.

They threatened operators as tellers, while this is another way they planned to get rid of the miners' leaders, as talk to the miners in the front of the hotel where the operators' stonewall attitude is being maintained.

The miners' leaders, Wilson said, Bell county operators will be told to leave the front of the hotel, where the operators' stonewall attitude is being maintained.

The following program was given: Song, "America;" "Why We Play Tunes," Carl Whittemore; Flag drill and song by Graham Fuller, John Hinsdale, Harry Neary, Billy Overstreet, Ernestine North, Bobbie Entzinger, Dan Gilbert, Jim Keats, Jila Jenkins, Bobbie Blankenship, Connie Lewis, and John Lusk; Prayer, Mrs. H. W. Tanner; Tree planting, Mrs. Elsie Bonar, Mrs. Niemeyer; Niemeyer, J. A. Blattline; Tap, E. E. Entzinger; Planting of tree which was donated by Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wooding, of Pittsburgh, Pa.; Benediction by E. R. Lutz.

The Baptist Woman's Missionary Society met with Mrs. J. P. Nease and Mrs. R. S. Entzinger Tuesday afternoon with 10 men born making a quilt for mission to Louisiana.

Christ Episcopal Church of Greenwood will have service Sunday next at 8:30 o'clock in the afternoon. Preaching by Rev. H. Irving Lovell, of Sanford. A choir quartet will give special music and there will be a baptismal service.

Principal W. J. Wells, of Lyman School, addressed with Robert Shattock to the National Educational Association convention at Washington, D. C. this week. They are registered at the Mayflower Hotel.

A five-hundred Club had its usual enjoyable raid games Tuesday night at the library with a large attendance. Refreshments were served by Mrs. Beck, Mrs. McLaughlin, and J. A. Henderson.

The group which put on the play and musical numbers here last rendered the same before the New England Folklore in Orlando Monday night.

As a result, his brother and a wife, who live in Washington, are coming down this weekend for an interview with him. In the meantime, he has to drive back to Greenwood, where he resides. He has been invited to speak at the annual meeting of the National Education Association in Atlanta, Ga., April 10-14.

He is a member of the Board of Education of the State of Florida, and is a member of the Board of Education of the State of Georgia.

In the country, mostly in the possession of coal operators or their deputies, there is likely to be an actual massacre. Whether the miners have mind or not I can't say, but most of them are too poor to own shotguns.

Before they struck, the miners were being paid wages that would average \$2 or \$3 a week after deductions for house rent, funeral expenses, doctor bills, tool sharpening, etc. One woman said her husband got 86 cents the last day he worked and 30 cents was deducted. That gave him 50 cents in receipt, which is worth from 60 to 70 cents in the equivalent of twelve-hour day.

"There are 8,000 miners out 75 cents on the dollar, so what 10 cents in cash for a ten cent there. They went to the National Miners' Union after the operator had driven the United Mine workers out of the county."

The two writers said there is only one local lawyer, W. J. Stone, who dares to defend miners arrested in Bell county and they threatened to kill him. When Taub first arrived, they said, he was arrested for "criminal syndicalism" two hours after his arrival, thrown into jail and held there for eight days.

The delegation of writers was escorting trucks containing 17,000 pounds of flour, salt and fat bacon to be distributed to the miners. By turning it over to miners' relief committees they managed to get most of it distributed, but depots "pulled guns" on two miners handing out the last 200 rounds and took it away from them. They also said a truck that arrived ahead of them was run out of town by a deputy sheriff and overturned in a ditch and they

LONGWOOD

Mrs. J. H. MENICK

Washington's birthday had two celebrations on Monday morning. The Seminole County Teachers Club convened at Lyman school with nearly 100 in attendance to enjoy an interesting program and business session. Principal Morris, of Lake Monroe, presided. The new Lyman orchestra gave selections. Emily Lee played the violin. Mrs. Maud Tupper, the grade teacher, demonstrated the system of visual reading, and Mildred Nix of Sanford, gave solo on the cello.

At the library at 6:30 o'clock Monday afternoon the Longwood Civic League and the Five-hundred Club celebrated with tree planting exercises followed by a beautiful supper attended by 140 guests.

The following program was given: Song, "America;" "Why We Play Tunes," Carl Whittemore; Flag drill and song by Graham Fuller, John Hinsdale, Harry Neary, Billy Overstreet, Ernestine North, Bobbie Entzinger, Dan Gilbert, Jim Keats, Jila Jenkins, Bobbie Blankenship, Connie Lewis, and John Lusk; Prayer, Mrs. H. W. Tanner; Tree planting, Mrs. Elsie Bonar, Mrs. Niemeyer; Niemeyer, J. A. Blattline; Tap, E. E. Entzinger; Planting of tree which was donated by Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wooding, of Pittsburgh, Pa.; Benediction by E. R. Lutz.

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He is a member of the Board of Education of the State of Florida, and is a member of the Board of Education of the State of Georgia.

Uncomfortable After Meals

Unpleasant distress often follows meals if you have a bad cold or influenza. There is no better way to fight it than to drink a glass of water or tea. This is the best way to do it.

Celery Market Reports

By Courtesy U. S. Dept. of Agriculture and the Florida State Marketing Bureau, B. E. Surry, Sanford Rep.

SAFETY PLATES.
Friday, Feb. 26, 1932.
Latest shipments of Celery in the United States for Thursday, Feb. 26, 1932.

12,500 cases. Total 52 carloads.

Market shipments of celery from the Standard-Oviedo District, to date.

Total 52 carloads.

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