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## GENERAL LAWS OF FLORIDA

I, H. Clay Crawford, Secretary of State of the State of Florida, do hereby certify that the Acts and Resolutions contained in this volume have been compared with the original Enrolled Acts on file in this office, and that the same are correct and true copies. The apparent omissions of words and inaccuracies of language appear in the Enrolled Bills.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I hereto set my hand and affix the Great Seal of the State of Florida, at Tallahassee, the Capital, this the 25th day of June, A. D. 1917.

STATE OF FLORIDA, } SS  
Office of Secretary of State.

H. CLAY CRAWFORD, Secretary of State.

### CHAPTER 7259—(No. 1).

**AN ACT Creating a State Board of Pensions, Defining Who Shall Receive Pensions, Who Shall Not Receive Pensions, Who Shall Be Retained As Pensioners, How Applications Shall Be Made, How Pensions Shall Be Paid; Duty of County Commissioners in Regard to Pensions; Providing For the Levy of a Pension Tax, and Authorizing the State Board of Pensions to Make Regulations to Carry Into Effect the Provisions of This Act.**

*Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:*

Section 1. That the Governor, Comptroller and Treasurer of this State are hereby constituted the State Board of Pensions.

Sec. 2. Any person who enlisted and served in the military or naval service of the Confederate States during the war between the States of the United States, and did not desert the Confederate service and who performed service in actual line of duty for a period of not less than one year, or who was in actual service at the time of the close of said war, unless incapacitated for such duty by reason of wounds received or disease contracted while in line of duty, or who was otherwise honorably discharged for any cause, and shall have been a bona fide citizen of the State for eight years next preceding to the filing of this claim for pension, and whose property valuation, both real and personal, including the property of his wife, if she shall not have deserted her husband, does not exceed the sum of Five Thousand Dollars exclusive of his or her home and the land on which such home is located, not to exceed one acre of land, shall each receive One Hundred and Eighty Dollars per annum in monthly payments.

Provided, however, that no soldier or their widows, who are now on the pension roll and drawing a pension shall be required to make other and further proof; provided, further, that any applicant for a pension under this Act, who has previously made satisfactory proof of service, under any former Act, which proof of service meets the requirements of this Act, although not now on the pension roll, shall not be required to make new proof of service; that the provisions of this Act shall apply to all those who were members of the Florida Reserves, and also those known as "Home Guards," which were in the service of the State of Florida during the war between the States of the United States; provided, further, that any soldier or sailor who performed actual service for a period of one year or more in line of duty and was absent from his command at the time same was mustered out, upon a furlough granted him after January 15, 1865, shall not be presumed to have deserted the service and shall be entitled to a pension under the provisions of this Act, unless proven to be a deserter; and provided, further, that a discharge from a Federal prison by reason of sickness where such sickness is shown by official records and also by positive proof shall not be considered a desertion of the Confederate government.

Sec. 3. The widow of any deceased soldier or sailor who enlisted and served in the military or naval service of the Confederate States during the war between the States of the United States, and did not desert the service, and who performed service in actual line of duty for a period of not less than one year, unless incapacitated for such duty by reason of death, wounds received or disease contracted while in actual line of duty, or who was otherwise honorably discharged for any cause, and who has not married since the death of said husband, provided that such marriage shall not prevent any widow over the age of forty years of a deceased soldier from drawing a pension under the provisions of this Act if said marriage has been dissolved by death or decree in chancery, shall be entitled to receive the sum of One Hundred and Eighty Dollars per annum in monthly payments; provided such widow shall have resided in this State continuously for a period of eight years next preceding the date of the filing of her pension claim; provided, further, that from and after passage of this Act, no pension will be allowed to any widow whose marriage was subsequent to June 1, 1917; provided such widow is otherwise eligible under the provisions of this Act; provided, further, that any such widow shall not be required to make out the proof of her husband's service, but such widow of any such deceased soldier, or sailor, who would have been entitled to a pension under this Act, shall make proof if her said husband shall not have already been receiving pension under this Act at the time of his death.

Sec. 4. No person receiving a pension from any other State shall be entitled to a pension under this Act.

Sec. 5. The payment of all allowed claims shall be made from the date of the filing of the application in the Pension Department; provided, that an applicant for pension under this Act, whose application for pension has been denied by the Board, for any cause, shall file within three months of the denial of application, additional proof that is satisfactory to the State Pension Board, otherwise the action of the Board will be considered final on such applica-

tion; provided, however, such action of the Board shall not prevent a new application from being made and filed under the provisions of this Act, which, if granted, shall entitle the person applying to receive a pension from the date of the filing of such new application; provided, further, that nothing in this Act shall be construed to prevent Chaplains in the regular Confederate service from receiving a pension. Any person who drew a pension from the State of Florida at the time of the passage of this Act, and is entitled to a pension under this Act, shall not be required to make new proof and shall be paid from the passage of this Act. Payments shall not continue to pensioners during absences from this State of longer duration than twelve months; provided, that when a pension has been discontinued because of such absence, it shall be renewed upon return of pensioner to this State where it is shown that such absence was not permanent and was caused by accident or causes beyond the control of pensioner; provided, that payments to pensioners be discontinued immediately upon their removal from this State, if said removal is shown to be permanent; provided, further, that upon any pensioner being incarcerated or confined in any State institution in this State, the payment of any pension shall be discontinued during such time of confinement, unless such pensioner has a wife or minor children dependent upon him or her for support, when such pension shall be paid to those so dependent upon such pensioner.

Sec. 6. Applicants for pensions under this Act shall make oath before an officer authorized to administer oaths and use a seal, stating the company and regiment in or ship upon which he enlisted and served, the date of enlistment and date and cause of discharge, his citizenship and rights to the benefits of this Act. He shall furnish the affidavit of a commissioned officer under whom, or two comrades with whom he served, of the transcript from the muster roll from the Adjutant General's office, at Washington, to establish the service claimed, or other documentary evidence satisfactory to the Board of Pensions.

Sec. 7. The Board of County Commissioners of the county in which the applicant resides shall investigate all claims made under this Act, and report upon the application whether or not the pension applied for should be granted.

Sec. 8. The State Board of Pensions shall furnish, annually, suitable blanks for making such reports, and shall file applications immediately upon receipt of same.

Sec. 9. All sums required for the payment of pensions to applicants under the provisions of this Act shall be paid by warrants drawn by the Comptroller on the Treasurer of this State in favor of the applicant for the sum for which he or she may be entitled, out of any moneys in the State Treasury raised by special levy for the payment of pensions as provided in this Act.

Sec. 10. The County Commissioners of each county shall at least once a year, examine the pension rolls of their respective counties and ascertain whether or not any person on said pension roll should be dropped from same by reason of not being entitled to draw pension under the provisions of this Act, and make report of their findings to the State Board of Pensions who are hereby authorized to drop such pensioners from the list, if, in their judgment, the same should be done. The Pension Board is further authorized to discontinue from the pension roll any pensioner upon satisfactory evidence that said pensioner is not entitled under the provisions of this Act to receive a pension.

Sec. 11. That the several camps of Confederate Veterans of this State be and they are hereby requested to co-operate with the Boards of County Commissioners and State Pension Board in purging the roll, if there be persons on said roll who are not justly entitled to receive a pension.

Sec. 12. The State Board of Pensions shall forward to each pensioner who is not on the pension roll at the time of the passage of this Act, a certificate that he or she is entitled to draw a pension which shall be prima facie evidence to all courts of the same.

Sec. 13. There shall annually be assessed and collected a tax of three and one-half mills per dollar or so much thereof as may be necessary on all property liable to assessment, which shall constitute a fund for the payment of pensioners, the proceeds of which shall be applied to the payment of pensions.

Sec. 14. The State Board of Pensions shall prescribe rules and regulations for the carrying out of the provisions of the pension laws of this State, see that laws are complied with, and shall make reports and recommendations to the Governor, at least thirty days before the meeting of the Legislature. Said Board may make rules and regulations for the conduct of their business as they may deem proper, not in conflict with the spirit and purpose of the pension law. They may employ a clerk at a salary not exceeding Five Hundred Dollars per annum and an assistant clerk at Three Hundred Dollars per annum, payable quarterly out of the State Treasury on the certificate of the chairman of said Board.

Sec. 15. The Governor of the State of Florida

may, and he is hereby empowered to reduce the millage authorized to be assessed and collected under the provisions of this Act, when, in his judgment, the amount so assessed will be more than the amount required to pay the pensioners authorized by this Act.

Sec. 16. All laws and parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this Act be, and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 17. This Act shall take effect on August 1, 1917.

Approved June 7, 1917.

### CHAPTER 7260—(No. 2).

**AN ACT to Provide for Monthly Payments of Pensions; to Make Regulations Therefor, and to Prescribe Penalties in Connection Therewith.**

*Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:*

Section 1. That from and after the quarter ending June 30th, 1917, payments of pensions heretofore or hereafter granted to persons in this State shall be made monthly instead of quarterly, as now provided by law, and the Comptroller shall issue his warrant on the State Treasurer in favor of each pensioner granted a pension under the laws of this State, for a sum equal to one-twelfth of the amount annually granted to such person and mail the same out on the last secular day of each month hereafter beginning with the month of July next ensuing.

Sec. 2. That the Comptroller shall have printed on the back of each pension warrant drawn and sent out in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing Section, a statement to be made by each pensioner under oath which shall be substantially as follows:

I do solemnly swear that I am a bona fide citizen of \_\_\_\_\_ County, Florida; that this claim is just and correct.

And where the pensioner is a widow it shall further state that she is still, or was, the widow of a Confederate soldier, and such statement shall be accompanied by the certificate of an officer using an official seal or stamp that pensioner is a bona fide citizen of \_\_\_\_\_ County, Florida, and is the individual to whom the pension was granted, and where such pensioner is a widow, it shall further certify the fact that she has not remarried since being granted the said pension. Provided, that where such affidavit and certificate is not made as herein provided, such warrant shall not be paid by the State Treasurer until it has been so made.

Sec. 3. That the affidavit provided for in the foregoing Section may be made before any State or county official using a seal who is hereby required to take such affidavit and seal the same free of charge. Provided, however, that such affidavit may be made before any postmaster, or mail carrier, authenticating the same with his official seal or stamp, or anyone authorized to administer an oath.

Sec. 4. That the Pension Board may make such additional rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act as may be deemed necessary to safeguard the pension fund and to better carry out the objects and purposes of this Act.

Sec. 5. That any person who shall unlawfully cash any such warrant, or swear falsely to any statement made in connection with the provisions of this Act, or any officer who shall make a false certificate under the provisions of same, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not more than Five Hundred Dollars or by imprisonment not exceeding one year.

Sec. 6. That all laws and parts of laws in conflict herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 7. This Act shall take effect July first, 1917.

Approved May 14th, 1917.

### CHAPTER 7261—(No. 3).

**AN ACT Regulating the Charges by Persons in Aiding or Procuring Pension for Persons Applying Therefor Under the Laws of This State.**

*Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:*

Section 1. That it shall be unlawful for any person to demand or charge any Soldier or the Widow of any Soldier applying for a pension under the Laws of this State, more than Five Dollars for all services rendered the person applying for such pension when no fee or contract has been agreed upon between the parties before such service has been rendered or performed.

Sec. 2. That it shall be unlawful for any person to charge any Soldier or the Widow of any Soldier applying for a pension under the Laws of this State a fee of more than Fifteen Dollars for all services rendered in connection with the obtaining of such pension where such charge for such service has been agreed upon.

Sec. 3. Any Person charging, accepting or collecting more than the fees stipulated in foregoing sections shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than Five Hundred Dollars or be imprisoned for not more than one year or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 4. That this Act shall take effect immediately upon its passage and approval by the Governor.

Approved June 5, 1917.

### CHAPTER 7262—(No. 4).

**AN ACT to Amend Sections 1591, 1592, 1593, 1594, 1595, 1596 and 1597 of the General Statutes of the State of Florida Relating to the Manner of Obtaining Money For the Pay of Jurors and Witnesses in Certain Courts of This State.**

*Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:*

Section 1. That Section 1591 of the General Statutes of the State of Florida be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

1591. *Clerks to Estimate Amount and Make Requisition.*—Within four weeks of the commencement of any term of the Circuit Court, Criminal Court of Record, Civil Court of Record, or County Court, in and for any County in this State, whether the same be a regular, special or adjourned term, the Clerk of any of such Courts of such County shall make an estimate of the amount necessary for the payment by the State of jurors in the Circuit Court and witnesses before the grand jury, and jurors in the Criminal Court of Record, Civil Court of Record and County Court, at said term of Court, and shall forward such estimate to the Comptroller of this State; and at the time of the forwarding such estimate the Clerk of any of said Courts shall make his requisition upon the Comptroller for the amount of such estimate, and the Comptroller shall have the power to reduce the amount if in his judgment the requisition is excessive.

Sec. 2. That Section 1592 of the General Statutes of the State of Florida be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

1592. *Comptroller to Endorse Requisition.* Upon the receipt of such estimate and the requisition from the Clerk of the Circuit Court, or the Criminal Court of Record, or the Civil Court of Record, or the County Court of any County, the Comptroller shall endorse on same the amount that he may deem necessary for the pay of said jurors in any of said Courts, and witnesses before the grand jury, and the State Treasurer shall transmit that amount to the Clerk making such requisition.

Sec. 3. That Section 1593 of the General Statutes of the State of Florida be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

1593. *Comptroller May Apportion Appropriation.*—If the Comptroller shall have reason to believe that the amount appropriated by the Legislature is insufficient to meet the expenses of jurors in all the Courts at the next ensuing term of the Circuit Court, Criminal Court of Record, Civil Court of Record, or County Court, of any County, he shall have power to apportion the money in the Treasury for that purpose among the several Counties, basing such apportionment upon the amount expended for the payment of jurors in each County at the last regular term of said Courts; and in such case the State Treasurer shall remit only the amount so apportioned to each County and when the amount so apportioned to any County is insufficient to pay in full all the jurors at any term of the said Courts, the Clerk of the Circuit Court, Criminal Court of Record, Civil Court of Record, or County Court, shall apportion the money received by him pro rata among the jurors entitled to pay at such term, and shall give to each juror a certificate of the amount of compensation still due, which certificate shall be held by the Comptroller as other demands against the State.

Sec. 4. That Section 1594 of the General Statutes of the State of Florida be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

1594. *Clerks to Disburse Money.*—All the monies drawn from the Treasury under the provisions of this Act by the Clerk of the Circuit Court, Criminal Court of Record, Civil Court of Record, or County Court of any County, shall be disbursed by the Clerk of said Court as far as needed in payment of jurors for the legal compensation for service at the term of the Court for which said monies were drawn, and to no other purpose; and should any of the said monies remain in the hands of said Clerks unexpended after the payment of all of said jurors properly on the pay roll at any term of the Circuit Court, Criminal Court of Record, Civil Court of Record, or County Court, the Clerk of any such Court shall transmit the same to the Comptroller within ten days after the adjournment of such Court and upon failure to do so shall be suspended from office by the Governor until the next meeting of the Legislature, when the Governor shall report his action to the Senate.

Sec. 5. That Section 1595 of the General Statutes of the State of Florida be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

1595. *Deficiency.*—Should the compensation of jurors at any term of the Circuit Court, Criminal Court of Record, Civil Court of Record, or County Court, exceed the amount estimated by the Clerk and therefore be insufficient to pay in full said jurors, said Clerk shall make his further requisition upon the Comptroller for the amount necessary to pay such default, and the amount required shall be transmitted to the Clerk in the same manner as the original requisition or order.

Sec. 6. That Section 1596 of the General Statutes of the State of Florida be and is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

1596. *Clerk to Make Triplicate Pay Roll.*—The Clerk of the Circuit Court, Criminal Court of Record, Civil Court of Record, or County Court, of the several Counties of this State, shall make out a pay roll in triplicate which shall contain the name of each juror who has attended any session of such Court, which pay roll shall state the number of days which each juror served, and the number of miles traveled, the amount of monies each juror is entitled to for his services during such term of Court; the form of such



# Among The Theatres

## Kitty Gordon

"The Beloved Adventurers" is the title of the latest World Picture Brady Made and it will be shown at the Lyric Theatre tonight with Kitty Gordon as the star. Miss Gordon has a highly dramatic role in this offering. She appears as Juliette La Monde, a woman of the stage, who is the favorite of many wealthy men and yet loves but one man and he is a married man. Juliette returns to her home when her mother is dying but is turned from the house by her stern and unforgiving father. Her mother dies and her father takes her younger sister, Francine, to Europe where she is brought up in a convent. When the father dies Francine comes to live with Juliette. All of Juliette's better nature—her maternal love is awakened by the sight of innocent Francine. When the latter gets in with a fast set and seems started on the wrong road and when her badness is abetted by Morgan Grant, the man she loves and the man with whom she has lived for years, she sacrifices her love and everything to save Francine. Francine is saved, though it means Grant's death, and after Francine's happy marriage Juliette goes to France where she nobly expiates her sins. The drama is intense and well sustained. Miss Gordon's role is an emotional one and in it she does the most effective work of her career. She is given splendid support by an excellent company.

## "Somewhere in France"

Men and women are working out their tangled destinies. There men and women with strange pasts, with strange kinks in their lives, are proving true worth by the sacrifices they are making for humanity. There the heroine of "The Beloved Adventurers," the latest World Picture Brady Made works out her destiny after a remarkable life. Kitty Gordon is the star in this picture and her acting is brilliant and intense. See "The Beloved Adventurers" at the Lyric Theatre tonight.

## "Mystery of Double Cross"

Cast—  
 Philippa Brewster.....Molly King  
 Peter Hale.....Leon Bary  
 Bridget Bentley.....Ralph Stuart  
 The Masked Stranger.....? ? ?  
 Peter Hale, whose inheritance of the Hale millions depends upon his marriage to the girl braided with the mark of the Double Cross is brought face to face with death in the third episode of "Mystery of the Double Cross." Pathe's feature serial starring Molly King which will be shown at the Lyric Saturday.

Peter has reason to believe that Philippa Brewster is the girl he seeks and he is already deeply in love with the girl he believes to be Philippa and freed by jealousy he hides in the tire rims strapped to the back of an automobile when he sees Bridget Bentley, his rival, start out for a ride with Philippa. Bentley is also aware of the clause in the Hale will which provides that the Hale millions shall go to the man who marries the girl of the Double Cross and Peter's belief that Philippa Brewster is the girl of the Double Cross and is trying to marry her. He attempts to kiss her in the automobile and Peter comes to the rescue. He is overpowered by Bridget and taken to his home where a cruel revenge is planned. Peter is bound and gagged. The rope that binds his hands is tied to a beam so that his toes barely touch the ground. A brace is used so that he cannot turn his head. In front of him is a clock. Just below the dial, and pointing directly at Peter's head is a revolver attached by visible wires to the mechanism inside the clock. It is arranged so that the revolver will be fired at 11 o'clock.

After making sure that Hale is securely bound, Bentley leaves to prepare an alibi. He runs an automobile over a high embankment, leaving some of Peter's letters in the road to make it appear that, possibly, while intoxicated his automobile ran wild and he was killed. Then he goes to Peter's room, and rifling the safe, finds the Hale will which he reads with great interest. Meanwhile Peter, during the temporary absence of the two men left by Bentley to keep watch over him is visited by a mysterious character known as "The Dark Lady." Just a moment before 11 o'clock she succeeded in unfastening the bonds and releasing Peter.

Confident that his plan would not miscarry, Bentley has gone to the Brewster home to apologize to Philippa for his ungentlemanly conduct earlier in the evening. She, however, expresses great surprise, assuring him that she knew nothing about the attempted kiss. When Peter arrived, after his rescue, he found her asleep with her head resting on her hand. He tiptoes over to her, determined to learn once for all whether she was the Girl of the Double Cross. As he leaned over her to unfasten the shoulder strap so that he could see

her arm she awoke and blew cigar ashes into his eyes, temporarily blinding him. Then she ran laughing from the room. Lyric Saturday.

## Lyric Monday

Olive White makes her bow in the William Fox super de luxe production of "A Tale of Two Cities." Miss White who plays the part of Miss Pross, has acted in only one other motion picture, "David Garrick" when she played with William Farnum's brother, Dustin.

Miss White went on the stage several years ago in Bay City, Mich., after she had been in a theatre only twice. During her earlier life time she has seen only two theatrical performances. She joined a repertoire company in Bay City, and after several months experience in Shakespearean roles Miss White went to New York and had no difficulty in finding a part.

While in the Metropolis Miss White appeared with Chauncey Olcott in several of his productions and quickly reached favor with New York audiences. She also played with many metropolitan stars, among them being Robert Hilliard, Bruce McRae, William Courtleigh and both the Farnums. Lyric Monday.

## Aspires to Grand Opera

Jewel Carmen, the very striking young woman who plays opposite William Farnum in the tremendous William Fox Super de Luxe photoplay, "A Tale of Two Cities," has aspirations for grand opera. Miss Carmen is blessed with a golden soprano voice and has been told by voice teachers that there is scarcely anything in a song way beyond her possibilities.

Miss Carmen is an earnest student of music. Voice culture with her is of tremendous interest, and she gives herself, heart, soul and vocal chords to its demands.

Recently, while in New York, Miss Carmen studied under one of the recognized masters. Since then she makes daily or nightly pilgrimages to the studio of another master of singing of Los Angeles, and those who have heard her sing believe that it will be only a short time before she steps before the public in real life as prima donna in an upper realm musical organization. Lyric Monday.

## Thousand People Used

One thousand persons took part in the gigantic scene for the new William Fox photoplay starring William Farnum. The enormous Bastille set, which has been the wonder of all Los Angeles for the last two months was torn down, block by block to illustrate scenes of the French revolution for the film production.

The frowning wall, 125 ft. high, took five weeks to erect on the grounds of the Fox plat at Hollywood. It took five hours to demolish it, when those thousand extras put their hands to it.

At the end of a long, narrow Parisian street, the enormous building had been placed, surrounded by a stout wall and a deep moat. Across the ditch stretched a drawbridge, which was lowered when the people of the city captured the fortress. Then they piled into the structure and began the work of demolition.

The scene began talking about ten in the morning. It was almost four o'clock before Director Frank Lloyd would admit that enough of it had been torn down to give the desired effect of realism to the photoplay. Even then, he kept about fifty of the citizens there to continue the work, stone by stone far into the night. For, when the real Bastille was stormed, it required five days and five nights to complete the destruction. Lyric Monday.

## World's Thickest Tree

It is said the largest tree known, in thickness, is a partly-decayed chestnut in Sicily, which is 90 feet across. Mexican cypress and the oriental plane have reached 40 feet. This puts the California big tree and the baobab in the background, but the big tree is of greater bulk in combined height and girth and the baobab is thickest in relation to height.

## Where Finest Opals Are Found

According to some authorities there is only one locality in the world where the finest kind of opals are found. It is the Dubnyk mine, near Czerventza, in Hungary. At any rate, opals have been taken from that mine for many centuries. The ancient writers speak of opals coming from India, but the precious variety is not now found there, whatever may have been the case in the past.

## Expecting Too Much

The girl who expects her friends to be perfect has many a disappointment in store. Human nature is full of surprises, but perfection would be the greatest surprise of all. Do not be astonished when you discover some little flaw in your friend's character. For unless love has blinded her, it is very certain that she has discovered a similar flaw in yourself.

# THE GIRL FROM CUBA

By EARL REED SILVERS.

After Hal Griffiths had graduated without honors from the most exclusively select small college in the East, he entered the brokerage firm of Simms, Simms & Simms, in Wall street, and was given a desk in one of the inner offices. Every morning at ten o'clock he walked into the office, opened the desk, smoked a cigarette, looked out of the window for awhile and then went home. For this arduous labor he received a salary of \$10,000 a year. If any of the trio of Simms could have followed his inclination he would have told Mr. Griffiths, gently but firmly, that as far as business was concerned, he was an excellent golf player, but as Hal's father had placed several hundred thousand dollars in the firm, Hal was left to his own peaceful pursuits.

These pursuits concerned chiefly golf in the summer and dancing in the winter. And so, possessed of many friends and much money, he was constantly in demand.

Occasionally these calls upon his time were rather irritating. He was one of those lovably blundering persons who did not know how to refuse an invitation, and so, when Charlotte Taylor suggested, with the hint of tears in her eyes, that he see her off when she left for Cuba, he assented smilingly but unhappily, and ordered two dozen roses to be sent to her stateroom.

On the morning of Charlotte's departure Hal waited in his office as long as he dared, and then took a taxi for the dock. Charlotte was waiting for him, and together they inspected the boat. "I am going to sit here and think of you during the long evenings," she told him, indicating a shelter on the after deck, "and wonder if you will be thinking of me."

"I'll think of you every minute you are in my mind," he answered absently. Then he stopped short. Passing across his line of vision was the prettiest girl he had ever seen. She wore a blue suit, white hat and white fox furs.

"Goodness!" he exclaimed involuntarily. "Who in the world is that girl?" Charlotte's piquant face became suddenly resentful.

"I'm sure I don't know," she answered shortly. "Some Spaniard, probably."

"Spaniard nothing; she's an American."

The blast of the "All ashore!" whistle came. Hal said good-by just as quickly as he could and made his way to the gangplank. He stood on the pier and watched as the boat turned out into the river. Although he waved conscientiously to Charlotte, his gaze searched the ship for sight of the other girl. And just as he had given up hope, she appeared. The picture of her as she stood beside the rail, her face framed in the circle of hat and furs, was stamped indelibly on his memory.

The winter wore on, the same old endless round of social duties. But, somehow, Hal seemed to have lost interest; he even remained at the office all day and gave some attention to business, until the elder Simms' brother remarked to the younger one that maybe Harold Griffiths might be of some use to the firm, after all. Regularly, Hal received a six-page letter from Charlotte telling of the wonders of the climate. And then, just before the date when Charlotte was to sail for northern climes, Hal's telephone rang, and the softest voice he had ever heard asked him if Mr. Harold Griffiths was in. And having been assured that he was, the owner of the soft voice proceeded to tell him that she had just returned from Cuba, where she had the pleasure of meeting Miss Charlotte Taylor.

"Charlotte asked me to telephone you as soon as I reached New York," the stranger continued, "and to tell you that she was having a lovely time and will be home on the first of May."

"That's mighty nice of you," Hal answered pleasantly. "Did you see much of Charlotte?"

"Oh, yes," the voice answered. "We went down on the same boat and stayed at the same hotel."

Hal's heart missed a beat. He asked abruptly: "Where are you now?"

"At the Plaza."

"Do you mind if I drop up to see you for a few minutes? I am terribly interested in Cuba."

For a moment there was silence, and then the voice answered: "No, I don't mind if you do."

So Hal rushed out of the office and hailed a passing taxi. As he rushed into the lobby of the Plaza, the girl with the white furs arose to meet him. And then time flew so fast that it was 1:30 before either of them realized it; they took lunch together and each told the other the history of his and her life. And after the girl with the white furs had found out that Hal was not engaged to Charlotte or to anyone else, she told him that he might come to see her the next evening.

So Hal, with feigned interest in Cuba and unfeigned interest in at least one Cuban tourist, accepted the invitation and talked, not about the winter in Cuba, but the summer in the United States. And then, tucked away in the society columns of the New York papers, there appeared one morning the following notice: "The engagement is announced of Harold Griffiths to Miss Lois Brownling"—which was the name of the girl from Cuba. (Copyright, 1917, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

# SOME QUEER ONES

Toy balloon Delaware girl swallowed became inflated and suffocated her.

Classic burglar in Portland, Ore., left all the money and jewelry and took high class phonograph records.

"Patriotic" thief stole \$180 worth of red, white and blue silk from New York house, leaving all other shades.

Hubby spent all his time fishing and all his money for tackle and bait, wife complained in court. Six months in workhouse.

Because Chicago woman forgot to sign will leaving half a million to son, husband, who deserted her for another woman, got it all.

Match thrown into trench, where man was mending gas pipe in New York, caused explosion, blew him out and burned off the seat of his overalls.

Boy pupil in Chicago who refused to stand for national anthem tried by classmates and sentenced to remain indoors during recess for rest of war.

Doctors claim to have found in Joseph Quinlan's stomach in Philadelphia 482 pieces of hardware, including thirty-four spoons, thirty-two colns, nineteen screws and twelve screen door hooks.

## FIND NEW SLACKER GAME.

Federal Agents Believe "Farmer" Ought Not to Be Employed.

A new "slacker" ruse was found when it was learned that federal agents have recently been investigating the payrolls of a number of farmers of Newton, Flushing and Great Neck, N. Y. Certain farm hands are wanted who are supposed to receive \$6 a week for playing golf and tennis and living on the farm. The farmers, it is said, have received compensation for "employing" young sons of the rich Long Island set who believed that by registering as farmers they could escape conscription. The farmers, it is believed, have in certain cases given away their own game, for they got tired of "the young swells who didn't know the difference between a grub hook and a cultivator" and began to talk about their "employees."

## A SOLDIER'S PRAYER.

By HAROLD MACGRATH of the Vigilantes.  
 Lord, give me this day my manhood to stand straight. Lead me into battle with a clean heart and a sober mind. Deliver me from blind hate and wanton ruthlessness. Give me only that white anger that lends righteousness to battle.  
 Help me to preserve the idea of my forefathers.  
 Let me keep my mother's face before me and the feel of my father's hand upon my shoulder and strengthen them against the day when I shall return no more.  
 Amen.

## Real Fortunate.

Wills—Did you ever read the story of the sword of Damocles? Just think of a man sitting through a whole meal with a sword above him suspended by a single hair. Gillis—Bab! He isn't in it with the woman who can dance serenely all evening with her whole wardrobe depending on a dinky little shoulder strap.

## Put Stick in Knot.

When tying a knot in rope which must stand much strain, put a stick of soft wood in the knot for it to close on. When you want to untie the knot break the stick and pull out both ends. Your knot can be easily untied.—Farm and Fireside.

## Wisdom and Laughter.

One should take good care not to grow too wise for so great a pleasure of life as laughter.—Addison.

## NOTICE

is hereby given that under and by virtue of a certain writ of execution issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court of Orange county, Florida, on the 12th day of June, A. D. 1917, in the cause therein captioned in which W. J. Hill & Company were plaintiffs and Anna C. Woodbridge was defendant I have levied upon the following described lands as the property of the defendant, to-wit: The S 1/2 of N 1/2 of S 1/2 of S 1/2 of N 1/2, Section 35, Township 19 S., Range 21 E., containing 5 acres more or less lying and being situated in Seminole county, Florida; I will execute and offer the said lands for sale at public outcry to the highest and best bidder for cash before the Court House door of Seminole county Florida, at Sanford, Florida, on the first Monday and the third day of September, A. D. 1917, the same being a regular sale day and within the legal hours of sale. Given at Sanford, Seminole county, Florida, this 1st day of August, 1917.  
 E. E. BRADY, Sheriff,  
 100-Fri-5tc

## NOTICE

is hereby given that an application will be made to the Honorable James W. Perkins, Judge, Seventh Judicial Circuit, Florida, at DuLand, Florida, or wherever the Judge may be, on the 3rd day of September, A. D. 1917, for a charter incorporating the First Baptist Church of Sanford, at Sanford, Florida, a corporation not for profit; the general nature and object of the corporation shall be to maintain and conduct a church of the Baptist denomination together with a Sunday school and Bible school and other institutions of instruction. The following named appear as incorporators: D. B. Brisson, Joe Cameron, F. P. Bines, Geo. D. Ballard, Inc. B. Jenkins, J. L. Miller, P. E. Gatchell, W. E. Seaman and Schelle-Maines, all of Sanford, Florida. The proposed charter now being on file in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Sanford, Seminole county, Florida.  
 100-Fri-5tc

# CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

All Local Advertisements Under This Heading THREE CENTS a Line For Each Insertion. Minimum Charge 25 Cents.

## FOR SALE

For Sale—Span of mules.—Koonks Beck Hammock. 100-2tp

For Sale—10 acres in Palm Hammock, located on Pineway at \$600. Terms one-fourth down and balance in 1, 2 and 3 years at 6 per cent, or liberal discount for all cash. This is excellent soil, easily cleared, good natural drainage, on good road and only 1/4 mile from loading track. Should bring double this price. J. O. Packard, Sanford, Fla. 100-1tc

For Sale—5 acres in Eureka Hammock, splendid flowing well, small clearing, 1500 tile on ground ready for use, well located, best of soil and drainage. Price only \$400.00. J. O. Packard, Sanford, Florida. 100-1tc

For Sale: 5 acres near Cameron City, half cleared and fenced, good flowing well, price \$700.00. Terms. J. O. Packard, Sanford. 100-1tc

For Sale—10 acres all improved, in best of condition, well located, \$5500.00 on easy payments. J. O. Packard, Sanford. 100-1tc

For Sale—10 acre farm all improved and sub-irrigated, close in, 1/4 mile off Celery avenue brick road, right at loading track. \$6000 and will include crop of corn and peas if taken in time. J. O. Packard, Sanford. 100-1tc

For Sale—25 acre beautiful lake front farm on Lake Monroe. 16 acres sub-irrigated and in cultivation, balance timber, five flowing wells, house and out buildings. Price \$16000.00 with half, cash. Balance on terms as agreed. J. O. Lackard, Sanford. 100-1tc

For Sale—Several tracts of five and five acre tracts of fine flowing well truck land, on good road, joining improved farms, well drained, best of conditions. For a short time I can sell these as low as \$50.00 per acre and you can't buy any better land at any price. Terms 1/3 cash and balance in 1, 2 and 3 years at 6 per cent. It would be hard to find a better investment for your savings than one of these tracts of land for they will be surely worth much more. J. O. Packard, Sanford, Fla. 100-1tc

For Exchange—"Yacht Ellayre," 36 1/2 ft by 8 ft beam. Will exchange for a good 1916 or '17 five passenger automobile. Address W. F. Ayres, Daytona Beach, Fla. 86-1tc

For Sale—Good work horse eight years old. Gentle and good driver. Inquire R. L. Garrison, R. D. No. 1. 98-1tc

## FOR RENT

For Rent—Well screened house-keeping apartments with sleeping porch. All conveniences. Furnished first floor. 618 Oak avenue. 100-1f

For Rent—Two furnished rooms. 807 Magnolia. 87-1f

Furnished Rooms by Day, Week or Month—Park avenue flat, 105 North Park avenue, over L. R. Phillips & Co.'s drug store. Mrs. James Patton, manager. 30-1f

## WANTED

Wanted—Practical tile inspector with references. Good wages. O. C. Bryant, Wagner, Fla. 99-5tp

Wanted—Irish potato seed, must be free from scab. Also second hand one horse cutaway harrow. Box 1194, Sanford, Fla. 97-1tp

Would like to hear from owner who has good body round timber for sale close to railroad. Full particulars in first letter as to price, location, terms and grade of timber. Address Box 1041, Orlando, Fla. 97-6tp

Found in automobile roll of old cloth and roll of cheesecloth. Owner can have same by calling at Herald office and paying for it. 100-2tc

Lost—Diamond brooch pin. Finder leave at Herald office and receive reward. 98-3tp

Department of the Interior  
 U. S. Land Office at Gainesville, Fla., July 31, 1917.  
 Notice is hereby given that Benjamin F. Hall, of Duval County, Florida, who, on May 28, 1916, made Homestead Entry No. 06783 for NW 1/4 of SW 1/4 Section 29 and NE 1/4 of SE 1/4 Section 30, Township 19 South, Range 23 East, Tallahassee Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make five-year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before County Judge, at Sanford, Florida, on the 6th day of September, 1917.  
 Claimant names as witnesses:  
 C. L. Click of Sanford, Florida  
 J. P. Costas of Sanford, Florida  
 Benjamin Griffin of Markham, Florida  
 Frank Griffin of Markham, Florida.  
 ROBERT W. DAVIS, Register.  
 97-Tues & Fri-10

# LYRIC THEATRE

THE HOME OF GOOD MUSIC

**FRIDAY**  
 Wm. A. Brady Presents  
 Pretty Kitty Gordon in  
 "The Beloved Adventurers"  
 Also Pathe News

**SATURDAY**  
 "The Brand of Hate"  
 "One Damp Day" Comedy  
 "Mystery of the Double Cross"  
 Featuring Madeline King

**MONDAY**  
 Wm. FARNUM  
 IN  
 "THE TALE OF TWO CITIES"

**TUESDAY**  
 Wm. A. Brady Presents  
 Clara Kimball Young in  
 "The Feast of Life"  
 Pathe News

**WEDNESDAY**  
 Pathe Presents  
 "THE EXPRESS"  
 Lonesome  
 Luke Comedy

The Lyric Orchestra Will Give Special Concerts Every Night

Just plant the Tape a row at a Time.



**Better Results—Less Labor**  
 WITH  
**PAKRO SEED TAPE**  
 FOR BETTER GARDENS

Better results because only finest, selected seeds from prize-winning strains are used. They are properly spaced in thin tissue paper tape which absorbs and holds moisture, giving quicker and better germination, and healthier plant life. Less labor, because you plant a whole row at a time, and no thinning out is necessary on account of proper spacing in the tape. More economical, because absolutely no waste of seeds.

Pakro Seedtape is made by the American Seedtape Co., 11 West 21st St., New York City. Get it at your dealer's. Price 10c per package.

**W. G. ALDRIDGE**



**"OVER THERE"**  
(Continued From Page 3)

miserable "funk holes," dug where it was possible to dig them without uncovering dead men. We remained in this position four days, from the 17th to the 21st of October, 1916.

There were reasons, of course, for the difference between conditions in Belgium and on the Somme. On the Somme we were constantly preparing for a new advance, and we were only temporarily established on ground which we had but recently taken after long drumming with big guns. The trenches were merely shell holes connected by ditches. Our old and ubiquitous and variously useful friend, the sandbag, was not present in any capacity, and therefore we had no parapets or dugouts. The communication trenches were all blown in, and everything had to come to us overland, with the result that we never were quite sure when we would get ammunition, rations or relief forces. The most awful thing was that the soil all about us was filled with freshly buried men. If we undertook to cut a trench or enlarge a funk hole our spades struck into human flesh and the explosion of a big shell along our line sent decomposed and dismembered and sickening mementos of an earlier fight showering among us. We lived in the muck and stench of "glorious" war, those of us who lived.

**The German Dugout—and What They Found.**

Here and there along this line were the abandoned dugouts of the Germans, and we made what use of them we could, but that was little. I had orders one day to locate a dugout and prepare it for use as a battalion headquarters. When I led a squad in to clean it up the odor was so overpowering that we had to put on our gas

masks. On entering we first saw two dead nurses with our ghastly flashlights, one standing with her arm around a post, just as she had stood when gas or concussion killed her. Seated at a table in the middle of the place was the body of an old general of the German medical corps, his head fallen between his hands. The task of cleaning up was too dreadful for us. We just tossed in four or five fumite bombs and beat it out of there. A few hours later we went into the scared and empty cavern, made the roof safe with new timbers and notified battalion headquarters that the place could be occupied.

During this time I witnessed a scene which, with some others, I shall never forget. An old chaplain of the Canadian forces came to our trench section seeking the grave of his son, which had been marked for him on a rude map by an officer who had seen the young man's burial. We managed to find the spot, and at the old chaplain's request we exhumed the body. Some of us suggested to him that he give us the identification marks and retire out of range of the shells which were bursting all around us. We argued that it was unwise for him to remain in danger, but what we really intended was that he should be saved the horror of seeing the pitiful thing which our spades were about to uncover.

"I shall remain," was all he said. "He was my boy."

It proved that we had found the right body. One of our men tried to clear the features with his handkerchief, but ended by spreading the handkerchief over the face. The old chaplain stood beside the body and removed his trench helmet, baring his gray head to a drizzle of rain that was falling. Then while we stood by silently his voice rose amid the noise of bursting shells, repeating the burial

service of the Church of England. "I have never been so impressed by anything in my life as by that scene. The dead man was a young captain. He had been married to a lady of Baltimore just before the outbreak of the war. The philosophy of the British Tommies and the Canadians and the Aus-



His Voice Rose Amid the Noise of Bursting Shells.

trallans on the Somme was a remarkable reflection of their fine courage through all that hell. They went about their work paying no attention to the dying death about them.

"If Fritz has a shell with your name and number on it," said a British Tommy to me one day, "you're going to get it, whether you're in the front line or seven miles back; if he hasn't, you're all right."

Fine fighters all. And the Scotch lilies, lovingly called by the Germans "the women from hell," have the respect of all armies. We saw little of the pollus, except a few on leave. All the men are self sacrificing to one another in that big melting pot from which so few ever emerge whole. The only things it is legitimate to steal in the code of the trenches are rum and "fags" (cigarettes). Every other possession is as safe as if it wore a patent lock.

The fifth article of this remarkable personal narrative will appear soon. It is entitled:

No. 5.—Wounded in Action.

This article describes the terrible fight the dead and dying, the loss of a pal and the final falling of McClintock in No Man's Land. Simply told, it is one of the most remarkable descriptions of a battle by a participant ever put together.

**MAN METER USED IN SELECTION OF OFFICERS**

Psychology Expert at Fort Sheridan Has Devised a Unique Standard.

Uncle Sam is using a "man meter" in the selection of the officers for the new national army.

Dr. Walter Dill Scott, former head of the department of psychology of Northwestern university, now a government expert, visited Fort Sheridan, Ill., the other day. The "man meter" is said to be his invention—the result of the application of his knowledge of psychology to the task of judging men. At the request of a number of industrial leaders he used the same plan in connection with big business organizations but for some time he has been in government service.

His plan was presented to the instructors of the reserve officers' training camp, but it will be used only in part, as it came some time after the selective machinery had been grinding. He previously had presented it at Plattsburg, Fort Myer and Fort Benjamin Harrison, where it is said to have been adopted. And it is expected it will be used throughout the second camps.

The theory of the "man meter" is the establishment of standards by which a man may be judged. Dr. Scott found a means of doing this. As it is applied to the army's present task, the basis is established by the instructor's comparison of the candidate he is judging with ten army captains under whom he has served.

There are five points to be scored—physical qualities, intelligence, military leadership, character and general value to the service. Each of the first four is allowed a maximum of fifteen points and the last a maximum of forty points, making 100 the highest possible or ideal score.

The things to be considered in connection with each point are outlined. For example, under "intelligence" the instructor considers "sense of learning, capacity to apply knowledge and ability to grasp readily and solve new problems."

**Spiritual Mongrels.**

The religions in Russia are almost as diversified as the races. In European Russia the Greek church rules. In Asiatic Russia there are Mohammedans, Buddhists, Jews and Christians.

**Suicides.**

Records are said to show that the tendency to suicide is more prevalent among the educated and wealthy than among the poorer and middle classes.

for Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes

Looks Better Lasts Longer Easy to use Best for Shoes

**2 IN 1 WHITE SHOE DRESSING**

White Cake 10c. White Liquid 10c.

F. F. DALLEY CO. OF NEW YORK INC., BUFFALO, N. Y.

It's Easy To Tell Which One Keeps His Hens Free From Bugs

No matter how carefully you feed your hens they can't lay if infested with lice. Lice sap their strength and quite often cause their death. Dust your chickens and nests occasionally with BEE BRAND INSECT POWDER and you'll notice the difference in your egg basket. Harmless to you and the pets.

**Bee Brand Insect Powder, 25 & 50c.**

san it into the air.

Flies and Mosquitoes die in a few minutes. Will kill ants, fleas, roaches, bedbugs, lice and bugs of every kind. Directions on package. Look for the BEE BRAND Trade Mark.

All Grocers, Druggists and Department Stores.

**MCCORMICK & CO., - BALTIMORE, MD.**

**Don't Poison Your Child With that Sickening Calomel.**

It is almost a crime to dose children with calomel—that nauseating, poisonous mineral that some folks still think is the one thing that will relieve constipation, headache and other bilious conditions. I wouldn't give calomel to a dog unless I wanted to kill it.

When you need liver or stomach medicine, use a safe, guaranteed vegetable preparation like Martin's Liver Medicine. It tastes good. It acts powerfully on the liver and bowels without pain or griping. And it often saves one from a spell of sickness.

One of the best known men in Haddock, Ga., is C. H. Keller. On the 12th of May he wrote the following letter to the proprietors of Martin's Liver Medicine:

"I have five children in school and all of them showed decided sallowness and were very sluggish. I gave each of them a dose of Martin's Liver Medicine night and morning for two days. Their complexions cleared up and they are now normal children in every respect. The medicine did not inter-

fere with them in school and did not gripe like liver medicine formerly used. My youngest child, three years old, was sick last summer and it took careful nursing and the attention of physicians to save him, and I am sure that a few doses of Martin's Liver Medicine has prevented a recurrence of the same trouble. Therefore I feel it my duty to others to let them know what Martin's Liver Medicine did in my home."

You run no risk in buying Martin's Liver Medicine. It is a recognized standard preparation, made according to the prescription of a prominent Southern physician. It is composed of absolutely pure drugs and is guaranteed to give positive satisfaction. If after taking a bottle of it you are dissatisfied with the results, return the empty bottle to your druggist and you will receive your 50c back.

If your druggist hasn't Martin's Liver Medicine, he can easily get it for you. Do not accept any substitute. There is no other medicine "just as good."

Sold by R. C. BOWER, Sanford, Fla.

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We Can Equip Your Office With Anything You May Need

**FOR YOUR OFFICE**

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Everyday Someone Says

**"I Didn't Know You Sold It"**

The chances are that if its for the Office we do Sell it.

Call or Phone us about your Requirements and we will do the rest.



**Stop Using Cheap, Unreliable Carbon Paper**

Don't take a chance with inferior carbon paper. It means faded, illegible copies, untidy files, waste of time and poor work. Put a stop to this!

**MULTIKOPY Carbon Paper**

Lasting legibility—neatness—uniformity—and economy make MultiKopy the standard carbon paper. In black or blue, MultiKopy never fades. MultiKopy gives non-smudging, non-rubbing copies which often rival the original in clearness and legibility. MultiKopy gives surprisingly long service and is unequalled for manifold.

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Let us Equip your Telephone with one of these Tablets for a Ten Days Free Trial. If it don't prove to be Convenient and Satisfactory we will remove it without any cost to you whatever

Price \$2.50 Delivered

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THE SANFORD HERALD

R. J. HOLLY, Editor
W. M. HAYNES, Business Manager

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Second-Class Mail Matter August 22nd 1906, at the Postoffice at Sanford, Florida Under Act of March 3rd, 1879.

Office in Herald Building Telephone No. 148



At last they have discovered what makes that fishy taste in Orlando's drinking water. People have been bathing in it.

C. E. Howard, editor of the Orlando Citizen has been elected secretary of the Orange County Fair Association which means that the fair will be bigger and better than ever.

Kissimmee Gazette was held up last week because there was an "ad" in it wanting money for Tom Watson to fight the conscription law.

The Leesburg Commercial says "Two of the 'thumbs down' bunch are due to get theirs. Both Fogarty of Key West and Ion Farris of Jacksonville want to go to congress from the Fourth, unseating Joe Sears."

Florida troops want to elect their own officers and do not like the idea of Governor Catts trying to foist his sons upon the soldiers as officers.

The Palatka News, discussing the advance in the price of ice, says "these are the times that try men's soles, running about to obtain redress from the board of trade."

Tampa has a women's home guard company and they will get uniforms and do their bit. Sanford women could do the same thing and it would be following along the line indicated by our government and carried out by all the foreign governments.

The government has been entirely too lax in allowing newspapers and individuals free hand to cuss the government, cuss the draft, cuss the officials and cuss everything that

TIME BOOKS FOR FARMERS

Start the year right by using a time book for a record of your labor records this year. This will give you a permanent record of your pay roll for the season without additional trouble.

We have them that will fill your wants.

The Herald Printing Co. Office Supply Dept. PHONE 148

does not meet with their anarchistic ideas of how the government should be conducted. The day is over when these people will be allowed to run loose and if there are any of them left in Sanford they had better keep their mouths shut for these be strenuous times and no foolishness is permitted.

Bob Holly of the Sanford Herald has about as much to show on a personally conducted tour about his home town as any section in the United States. Bob led a campaign for growing corn on Sanford's famous celery lands as soon as the celery crop had been harvested and now they have so much corn they don't know what to do with it.

DIFFERENCE IN PRICES
Everything is high that you buy and if wages go higher it is no more than can be expected. Employers do not object to paying more for labor of they can get service the main trouble just now with capital and labor is the demand of men who are not entitled to the scale that is paid to skilled labor and those who cannot give the service asking the same price that is paid for real service rendered.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Items include 2 qts turnips, 1 pound bacon, 2 qts onions, 2 1/2 lb sack flour, 2 lb oatmeal, 1 lb best butter, 4 lb chicken, 1 lb soda crackers, 1 doz eggs, 4 lb sugar, 1 qt milk, 1 lb lard, 1 pk potatoes, 1 lb cheese, 1 broom.

FIGHTING DRAFT
News came yesterday of an organized effort in Franklin county Georgia, to fight the draft of men for the national army, and of the presence of United States officer at the meeting place of the traitor citizens who were seeking to defeat the ends of liberty and justice.

Scattered at different points throughout the country there are small, unimportant and generally unorganized bodies opposed to the draft. These are and can be nothing but traitors, for in such a time as the present any one who attempts in any way whatever to impede the wheels that move toward the consummation of the American ideal can be classed as nothing else.

RED CROSS RESULTS
The editor of The Herald has remarked several times that the people of Sanford are not awake to the fact that war is upon us and that we must all get out of this apathetic state of "letting George do it" and climb right in and "bill do it."

The reorganization will affect every company, regiment and division of the present regular establishment and the militia units that are about to go to camp. The national army, called under the draft, will be organized altogether along French lines.

that means the saving of lives at the front—perhaps of your boy—at least of some boy. It is a great work and one in which each of us can do a part.

HAMSTRING AND STRANGLE
Not long ago a train of fourteen cars of potatoes, billed to the Chicago market were discovered at a small town near that city, where they had been side tracked and left to rot—at a time when potatoes were selling at \$1.00 a bushel.

For a number of years now we have been learning of the willful destruction on every season of such commodities as potatoes, cabbage, melons, apples and other fruits when there was an opportunity by so doing to force prices up in the interest of the speculators.

These food pirates have purchased acres and acres of fruit on the trees and then refused to allow them to be picked—kept them there to rot—in order to keep them from the open market.

In other ways the campaign of pillage and loot at the expense of the consumer has been going merrily on.

Of course merely to designate the perpetrators of these outrages as robbers and pirates do not one particle of good except to afford some slight relief to our feelings. There seems to be nothing the country can do to prevent these outrages.

But there should be, and if we mistake not the temper of the American people there soon will be.

When the countries of Europe first adopted the policy of government control of food stuffs we in this country congratulated ourselves that we lived in a free country. Lately, however, we are beginning to learn few things—that instead of the freedom of which we boast, we are hamstrung and strangled by a horde of practical food speculators who have no conscience, know no law, and are devoid of the first elements of humanity.

With the proof clearly before us that the people are being systematically and outrageously plundered, our congress has the monumental effrontery to dawdle around and haggle over minor details while the poorer classes of our population are being driven to distraction.

With such examples before us, the action of President Wilson in demanding food control by the government—even a dictator, if necessary—looks good to us. It will not keep the producer from receiving a fair price for his products, neither will it injure the consumer. But it will everlastingly put a crimp on the golden tail of the remorseless speculator.

It is time for congress to enact adequate laws whereby the President can once and for all put an end to this hamstringing and strangling of the American consumer. Tarpon Springs Leader.

PERSHING FAVORS FRENCH SYSTEM

Every Army Unit May Be Reorganized at Once.

SOME INCREASED, SOME CUT

Each Company Under the New Plans Would Be Composed of 250 Men With a Captain and Four Lieutenants—Action Shows That Our Forces Are Expected to Co-operate With French.

The first important result of General Pershing's conferences at the Paris war office and observations on the western front will be a reorganization of the United States army along the lines of the French units.

The reorganization will affect every company, regiment and division of the present regular establishment and the militia units that are about to go to camp. The national army, called under the draft, will be organized altogether along French lines.

Orders for the reorganization are now being prepared by the general staff and will be telegraphed to the various departmental commanders about the date of the field mobilization of the militia.

Pershing's Recommendations.
As a result of the experience of the civil war, supplied with lessons taken from European wars of fifty years, the American army was organized on the basis of from 100 to 150 men to a company, 1,200 to 1,800 to a regiment and approximately 28,500 to a division. The war college has indicated that this represented the best possible system of organization for a number of reasons of a technical nature.

General Pershing has been convinced by the French general staff that such organizations were proper under the old methods of warfare, but that the United States should do away completely with this system if the American troops are to be of the utmost possible service to the allies' cause. In place of these units General Pershing has recommended by cable that the companies be increased to 250 men, reg-

When You Sell Real Estate or personal property it is a matter of prudence to deposit the proceeds in the bank. We cordially invite YOUR account—affording every protection, facility and courtesy. CAPITAL \$30,000.00 SURPLUS \$15,000.00 PEOPLES BANK OF SANFORD WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS. H. R. STEVENS, C. M. HAND, SANFORD, FLORIDA, O. L. TAYLOR, R. R. DEAS. THE BANK THAT INSURES YOUR DEPOSITS

iments to 3,000 and divisions be cut approximately to 17,000.

As it would be impossible to expect France to reorganize an army of millions, General Pershing reported that this country should immediately build its system along the lines already followed by the greater force.

When General Pershing's report was received officers of the war college division of the general staff objected strenuously to an adoption of the French system. Some of the younger officers complained bitterly that the United States should not throw overboard a system that was adopted because it was believed to be perfect.

Will Shake Up Minor Officers.

The principal reason ascribed for the change is that American troops are expected to occupy trenches alternately with French troops. Unless the units are in the same size confusion would result from the interchange. In other words, if a French division of 17,000 men was withdrawn so that an American could take the trench it would be manifestly impossible to make the change. Conversely, the same difficulties would arise from attempting to use American companies and regiments in trenches occupied by French organizations.

As a result of the change there will be a general shakedown of officers in minor commands. In the American organization a company is commanded by a captain, assisted by a first and second lieutenant. Under the new system the captain will remain in command, but will probably be mounted, and he will have four lieutenants under him.

No change is anticipated in the battalion or regimental commands. A major will command the former and a colonel the latter, as under the present system. A colonel under the new system will have almost as many troops as a brigadier general now has. A division at present is commanded by a major general.

Entire Service Affected.

It is assumed that the new divisions of smaller size will have a commanding officer of the same grade. While the proposed change appears to be merely a matter of readjustment in numbers, as a matter of fact it affects every branch of the service, and they must all be reorganized to meet the reorganization. As an example: The quartermaster corps, the medical corps and every other staff organization, with transports, materials and supplies, is built on the present regimental and divisional lines. All must be changed to meet the requirements of the new system.

One of the significant aspects of this reorganization is that the calculations all are based upon the French system rather than the British, indicating General Pershing anticipates the closest kind of co-operation with the armies of General Petain rather than of Haig.

Fell Four Stories; Lives.

Doctors say two-year-old girl of New York is first to tumble four stories, touching nothing on way down, and live. But they can't explain how it happened.

Next Spring Styles.

No pockets, belts or cuffs on next spring's suits, men will have to carry belongings in wrist bags or knapsacks.

FACTS ABOUT OUR NAVY AS TOLD BY LIEUTENANT

Tells of the Effect of Constant Firing on the Large Caliber Guns—Other Details.

A fourteen inch gun is built up from eight or ten hoops or steel tubes. Each is turned to an exact fit less several thousandths of an inch, then heated red until expansion permits it to be drawn on. It cools and adds strength not only by its thickness, but by the grip of its shrinking, writes Lieutenant Fitzhugh Green of the United States battleship Texas of the Vigilantes. The first or inner tube has helical grooves to give rotation to the shell, just as in any sporting rifle. Tremendous firing pressures between fifteen and twenty tons per square inch, combined with acid gases and other products of explosion, cause erosion or wearing away and pitting of the grooves. Inner tubes must be renewed periodically. The life of the gun, so

called, is about 150 shots. Since frequent target practices are held few years elapse before guns must be taken ashore and retubed. The total cost of retubing a fourteen inch gun is in the neighborhood of \$25,000.

Besides the inner erosion, constant shocks of explosion crystallize the whole steel structure. Crystallization of metal may be likened to the drying of cheese. At first the mass is relatively tough and elastic. After the heavy punishment of protracted firing, gun tubes weaken and become brittle. Microscopic examination reveals contraction and disintegration of metal particles, just as cracks and crumbly sections occur in a cheese. Further use of the gun is dangerous. Sometimes the crystallized state is reached sooner than was expected. The guns crack or burst. On the Michigan fifteen feet of a twelve inch gun broke off and fell on deck. On the next load the gun captain, having opened the breech to report "bore clear," shouted, "There ain't no bore!"

The charge of a fourteen inch gun is 385 pounds of smokeless powder put up in four 8 1/2-lb. bags. The back end of each bag is painted red and contains about four ounces of black powder called the ignition-charge. A brass primer similar to a rifle cartridge except it has no bullet ignites the black powder, which in turn sets fire to the smokeless powder. Contrary to popular belief, there is no real explosion, but a progressive burning of enormous rapidity. Vast volumes of gas at high temperature and pressure are produced, forcing the projectile out.

A fourteen inch shell weighs 1,400 pounds, is five feet long and contains a bursting charge. Twelve strong men lift one with difficulty. Yet from the gun it can sink a battleship twelve miles away. It travels at the rate of 2,600 feet a second, or a mile every two seconds. On striking it expends an energy of 65,387 foot tons, or enough to transport a load of two tons to twice the height of Mount Everest.

To Treat a Cold.

Camphor is excellent for colds and should be taken in this manner: A drop or two of camphor should be dropped on a lump of sugar which should be placed in a small wineglassful of water and a teaspoonful of this mixture taken every two hours.

Great Possibility.

Small Johnnie (watching the passing of a brass band)—"Say, pop, if it was to rain, them tuba players could catch a barrel of rain water, couldn't they?"

Overlooked a 'Few. Muriel—"Glady says she has seen only eighteen summers." Ethel—"Yes; you know she was born nearsighted."—Judge.

To get carbon copies that are not only unusually sharp and beautifully neat, but copies that are really permanent, use MultiKopy Carbon Paper. Buy typewriting supplies of THE Herald Printing Co. Phone 148 SANFORD, FLORIDA

Sanford Public Library Oak Avenue Between 3rd and 4th St. Open Tuesdays Thursdays Saturdays at 3 p. m. Reading Room Free to All

CONFIDENCE In the Federal Reserve Banking System played an important part in the recovery of business from the adverse conditions following the outbreak of the European war, thirty months ago, and is still helping to keep business on an even keel. This system with its immense resources is a bulwark of strength to the banks which are members of it, and will assist them in any financial requirements which they may be called upon to meet. By depositing your money with us you receive the protection and the new facilities which our membership in the system enables us to offer you. MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

FIRST NATIONAL BANK SANFORD, FLORIDA



IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Little Happenings—Mention of Matters in Brief—Personal Items of Interest

Summary of the Floating Small Talks Succinctly Arranged for Hurried Herald Readers

Mrs. J. D. Hood returned this week from visiting relatives in Blue Ridge and Macon, Ga.

Miss A. L. Bevier and mother returned Tuesday via Clyde Line, after spending six weeks with E. M. Bevier, Canajoharie, N. Y., and visiting relatives in central New York.

Rev. Arthur Peck is home from Ormond Beach where he had a party of Brotherhood of St. Andrew boys and their friends for several weeks. They had a large house and thoroughly enjoyed their stay.

Rev. Peck is always planning something for his boys and this trip is looked forward to each year by the Brotherhood and the outing on the ocean is a great treat for boys and rector alike.

No. 666 will cure Malaria or Bilious Fever. It kills the germs. 86-35t

Willie Stringfellow is in the city again after a trip to Jacksonville where he conferred with the general department of the Overland Company. Willie says he intends to sell some Overlands and Chandlers and Willys-Knights as the new models are the real thing.

Walter Hotz has resigned his position with Spencers Bakery and in the future will be with the Roberts Grocery.

O. C. Bryant of Wagner, one of the successful truckers of that fertile section was in the city today.

Rub-My-Tism—A ntipseptic, Anodyne—Kills pain, stops putrefaction. 86-15t

R. A. Newman has returned from Waynesville, North Carolina where he spent several weeks. Mrs. Newman and Olive and Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Hill will remain for several weeks longer.

Guy Stenstrom, formerly of The Herald, force was recently married to Miss Hessie Smith at Paola and bride and groom will reside in Leesburg where Guy is with an automobile concern.

Ayres' New Daytona a Beach Hotel Daytona Beach, Fla.—Special summer rates now in effect. Week end parties solicited. Dance every Saturday night. W. F. & E. R. Ayres, managers and owners. 81-tf

J. A. Heath of Tampa spent a few days of this week with his aunt, Mrs. Douglass at 107 Third street East.

J. B. Lawson has returned from Atlanta where he and his family have been visiting for several weeks. Mrs. Lawson and little daughter will remain for the month of August. J. B. says that Atlanta is busy and war talk is rampant and that Buicks are the main things in cars.

Mrs. H. C. Gerrer is spending this week at Daytona Beach.

Woodland Park is open only Sundays. To let on week days. 92-tf

Postmaster Elder writes from Tallulah Falls that he is enjoying himself and the fishing is good. Capt. Elder has not been well for some time and his many friends here will be glad to know that the trip is benefiting him.

Harold Washburn and Albert Fry have returned from Tampa where they went to enlist in the Coast Artillery. They were accepted and will report for duty tomorrow expecting to be sent to some point in Virginia.

B. G. Smith of Oviedo was in the city today combining business with pleasure. B. G. still retains his right to run trains and may go back to a regular run before long. Meantime he is in the banking business, is farming and engaged in the lumber business. If there is anything else to do B. G. can do it.

No. 666 will cure Chills and Fever. It is the most speedy remedy we know. 86-35t

Tom Hawkins is home again from Commerce, where he spent the past month with home folks. Miss Annie will remain for several weeks longer.

Mr. and Mrs. I. L. Walker expect to leave Monday for Key West where they will take a steamer to New Orleans and on to Beaumont, Texas. From there they will go to their old home in Plymouth, Kansas, where they will stay for some time. The Walkers have been here for the past seven years and Mr. Walker is one of our successful growers but he is anxious to see his old state again and may stay out there for the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Deas have returned from a delightful vacation trip that included many points in North and South Carolina. While at Hendersonville they went out to Laurel Park Camp to see the Sanford boys.

Fred Strange is taking an enforced vacation on account of an accident while on the Trilly run in which he had his heel badly bruised.

Homer Nicholson of Geneva was in the city yesterday on business. Mr. Nicholson is one of the big cattlemen of East Seminole.

Oscar Nicholson of Daytona Beach was in the city Wednesday. He is visiting home folks at Geneva where he formerly resided.

Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Herndon are spending a few days in town from their summer home at Daytona Beach.

Now is the time to get your office stationery, your printing and supplies while the price is right. The Herald Printing Co. has everything in this line.

Congregational Church The Communion of the Lord's Supper will be observed Sunday morning. In the evening the theme of the sermon will be "The Appeal of the Best."

Marrying Won't Save 'Em Washington, Aug. 2.—Hasty marriages made since July 26, the date of the army draft drawing, in an effort to escape conscription through the claim of a dependent wife will not be considered, unless the wife is actually dependent on the husband's daily labor. Prompted by reports from many cities of marriage license bureaus besieged by men included in the first draft call Provost Marshal General Crowder today ruled that "marriage is not of itself a valid ground for making claim for a discharge."

Dependency is a matter of fact, not of law, General Crowder pointed out.

"A man whose wife is mainly dependent on his daily labor for support," he said, "may claim exemption on that ground. Only the exemption boards can determine this fact. Where dependency is claimed and circumstances show a marriage hastily consummated since July 26 by a man whose number is high on the available list, the actual fact of dependency must be closely scrutinized."

"Moreover," General Crowder declared, "women who marry merely to aid them to be slackers are liable to prosecution under the draft act."

In his ruling General Crowder adhered strictly to President Wilson's draft regulations which draw no distinction between a dependent wife acquired before or after the drawing. Secretary of War Baker, however, advocated refusing exemption to any man married after the drawing, saying the draft should be considered a prior claim, but this of course will not be followed.

Fears of some officials that delay in obtaining material and sufficient labor for National Army garrisons would postpone the mobilization long past September 1, were dissipated today by an announcement by Secretary Baker that 75 per cent of the ammunition material is now on the ground and that reports indicate everything will be in readiness or nearly so, in another month.

New York, Aug. 2.—The city continued to sizzle in the heat wave of two days with no relief in sight. There were twelve deaths and thirty one prostrations in Greater New York between 2 and 7 this morning. Countless thousands spent the night in the parks and on the beaches.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—There were twenty one deaths attributed to the heat wave during the last twenty four hours.

Philadelphia, Aug. 2.—Thirteen dead and three hundred prostrated in Philadelphia's heat toll.

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Get State Aid Kissimmee, Aug. 1.—The celebrated "missing link," the twenty miles of bad road between Kissimmee and Polk county line, and for which a bond issue of \$100,000 was recently voted is again in the limelight. Immediately after the election C. A. Carson took up the matter of obtaining aid to further finance this road building with the state road commission.

This result of much controversy, Mr. Carson, William F. Cooke, state road commissioner, appeared before a special meeting of the board of county commissioners and made an allotment of \$20,000 of the state aid fund for the completion of this fund.

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ing of democracy for the world and the securing of liberty such as the American people enjoy for millions now enslaved. It is your bit, Mrs. Housewife, to get those vegetables into cans or jars or, in their dried form, into airtight paper containers for consumption this winter. Your own family will need them and there will be plenty of ways to dispose of whatever surplus you may have.

It is estimated that it takes from five to eight people at home to keep one soldier in the field. This is important and if you are one of the ones who will stay at home you should at once begin to do your bit.

The back yard garden idea is good and the intensive cultivation of farms idea is better. In fact, anything that tends to make every household self supporting as to the production of foodstuffs is important.

But, to return to the subject of canning—Mrs. Housewife, remember, your boy may be among those "somewhere in France" soon and you ought to be now doing your bit for your country, just as he will do his bit when the time comes.—Jacksonville Metropolis.

Large Audiences at Baptist Temple Large audiences continue to attend the services at the Baptist Temple where Rev. George Hyman, D. D., is delivering a series of addresses on events of today in the light of the Bible.

The services for next Sunday, Aug. 5th will be as follows: Sunday school, 9:30 a. m. Preaching, 11:00 a. m. Subject, "Strong Words in the Great Church List, Brotherhood." 6:40 Young People will meet. 7:45 Preaching. Subject, "Why Jesus First Coming."

You are invited to all these services and your friends may be extended an invitation by you.

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"And has she had anything more to say?"

"Well, miss, as I am going away, I might as well tell you that she says you never had a bean; can't get one and will probably be an old maid. I must hurry along now or I will miss my train."

"Why" should Mrs. Roberts scold Miss Rayl at all? Why have the bad taste to do it to a servant if she felt that she must speak. Miss Edie didn't stop to figure out an answer. Mrs. Roberts hadn't talked. She hadn't criticized. She had discharged the girl for insolence and inefficiency. Julia had got even.

"Are you going for a ride?" asked the mother of Miss Edie came in. "A short one," was answered. "You look awfully sober about it."

"And I'll make someone else look sober before I get back."

And she would say no more, but got ready and rode away.

When you arrive at the residence of the woman you are going to lay down the law to, it is due you to make what stage folk call an "entrance." You trip up the walk and the steps and ring the bell, and if it is in the forenoon the lady herself may come to the door. You bow coldly. You look her up and down. In tones to remind her of the North pole, you lead off with:

"Madam, I would like a few words with you."

Miss Edie was ready to follow this program, but no maid appeared. She rang again. The cook was heard singing "Happy Days" at the rear end of the house, but there was no sight or sound of Mrs. Roberts.

After waiting for five or six minutes, the girl turned away. Of course, she thought, Mrs. Roberts had seen her arrival and her guilty conscience had driven her to hide under a bed. She might escape that way this morning, but there were other days coming.

Miss Edie started down the three or four steps, but missed her footing somehow and pitched head-first into a rose bush. She screamed, of course. That scream brought somebody from the house just as she was picking herself up. That somebody was a young man fair to look upon—Mrs. Roberts' cousin, Archie Shelbourne.

"Ah—beg pardon—so sorry," he exclaimed, as he came forward. "You wanted to see Mrs. Roberts?" he queried.

"Yes," she gulped.

"So sorry, but she has gone to see about a servant and may not be back until late this afternoon. You came on an errand?"

"But never mind." And Edie walked away without further words.

But the penalty came within two minutes. She climbed into the runabout, but it would not start. She tried again and again.

"Beg pardon, but let me assist you." It was Mr. Shelbourne at the gate. Miss Edie would not answer him. She would not even look his way. After a last desperate but vain attempt to get away in the machine, she stepped from it and headed for home on foot.

"Well—I'll be hanged!" gasped Mr. Shelbourne, as he looked after her.

The girl reached home to find her hat on the floor and her gloves at the cat and, ignoring the questions of her mother, she locked herself in her room and wept. Four hours later, when she came downstairs, the mother said:

"About an hour after you went up, stairs a young man brought your runabout back and put it in the garage and went off without a word. What is the mystery?"

"It got out of order, I guess," was the reply.

Then Mrs. Roberts and her cousin came motoring up, and while she came in he stayed in the machine.

Julia, the discharged servant, had fled like a trooper. It came out after ten minutes' talk, and then things went happily.

"She said that I said you couldn't catch a bean, did she?" queried Mrs. Roberts.

"Yes, something of the sort."

"Why, you have caught one already! Come out and be formally introduced to him!" (Copyright, 1917, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

China Now Exporting Nation. A curious development of the war situation appears in the report that for the first time, as far as is definitely known, orders have been placed from a foreign country for the products of modern Chinese factories. The war had naturally given a great impetus to the domestic trade in native manufactures of cotton goods, matches, soap, candles, etc., but now it is stated that several large orders have been placed from Russia for the last three items mentioned.

All the Frills. Motorist—Experienced chauffeur? Applicant—Why, I can set a bone, reduce a fracture and tie up a severed artery like a surgeon.

Preparedness. Husband—"Just why do you want a vote?" Wife—"Why, suppose that I should ever be dominated for something."

Good for "Nerves." Onions furnish the most substantial cure for nervous prostration and all other nerve disorders. Lettuce has a soothing effect on the nerves. Celery is said to be most excellent for nervous troubles.

15 YEARS AND A DAY By LOUISE OLIVER.

Mr. Badger came, putting up the street with as much effect as a real commotion as the 5:33 accommodation which he had just left smoking its way noisily to the next suburb.

On both sides of the street very comfortable looking frame houses, much terraced, had the appearance of two rows of soldiers marching sideways up very steep steps. Of course in summer this illusion was softened considerably by the trees from which the street derived its name. With all of its steepness and sameness, Maple Lane had long been the harbor of "castles" in the little borough of Glenport, which was neither a town nor a port, by the way.

About the sixth house up on the right side of the street was a house of indeterminate brown, wide porches, a turreted effect on one side and a fountain.

Toward this house Charles Badger, plutocrat, now turned the tail of his eye, as he had every night, summer, winter and seasons in between, for a number of years. Sometimes it was only the flutter of a curtain, sometimes the opening of the front door to get the evening paper. In the spring it was the hyacinth and tulip beds that needed attending, but always when the 5:32 train came in there was evidence that Rosalind Murray was somewhere on the premises.

To go back a bit into the archives of Glenport: The Badgers and the Murphys had one time divided the honors of overlord. And in those days before Sylvester Murray had lost his fortune in the failure of the First National, the son of one house was betrothed to the daughter of the other.

But when the Murray fortune was swept away, Althea Badger, Charles' mother, had taken her darling aside and showed him his duty, not to the girl he was to marry, but to her. So he had allowed Rosalind to withdraw from the contract when she also had insisted.

Years had rolled along and brought vacancies in both families. In fact, there was no one left at the Badgers' but Charles and none left at the Murphys' but Rosalind.

This evening Charles looked as usual when he was directly across from the gate. The tulip beds were gorgeous in their reds and yellows, the hyacinths in their purples and pinks. And from the shrubbery beside the house came the fragrant perfume of lilacs. A bird perched on Cupid's good wing in the fountain suddenly let out a volley of joyous notes.

Charles paused to hear and to have a better view. Then he looked keenly around for Rosalind. He didn't see her. It was curious.

He turned again and went on, disappointed. It was unusual. He had learned to look for her and to count upon his evening greeting.

Again came the bird's call, and at the same instant a whiff of lilac made its way to Charles' nostrils. He was feeling very curious and, without, lonely, he stopped again.

Still no sign of Rosalind.

Then he did an unusual thing, for somehow or other he seemed to have lost the power of walking.

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to carry him forward without the least volition on his part. He stepped off the pavement, crossed the street and found himself opening the rusty iron gate and mounting the variously inclined steps to the house he had not visited for years.

The next instant he was ringing the bell and trying in vain to think of what excuse he should give when Rosalind opened the door.

But he need not have worried, for Rosalind didn't open the door. A stranger answered the bell, an older woman with sharp features, black dress and a gingham apron.

"Is Miss Murray at home?" inquired Charles, startled.

"Miss Murray doesn't live here any more," answered the woman. "She moved out today."

"Oh, yes, I see," stammered Charles turning to go. "I beg your pardon. Then: 'She didn't say where she was going, did she?'"

"No. She's going to be a nurse. I believe, but I don't know more than that. I've bought some of her things. I'm going to conduct a fashionable boarding house here, and I hope you won't mind mentioning it to your friends."

Through his brain were pounding the words, "Fifteen years and you've lost her, Fool! Fool!"

He reached the iron street gate at last and again turned heavily up the hill, the same words ringing in his brain.

Then he heard someone calling, and looking up he saw Rosalind coming down the steps of the house next door. "I've been waiting to say good-by," she said quietly. "I'm going away, Charles, and may not see you again for a long, long while."

But Charles had her hand and held it, as if he would never let go. "No, you're not going away, Rosy, you're going to stay here and marry me this very day. I've got a duty to perform as well as you. I've got to spend the rest of my life trying to make you as happy as it's possible for a woman to be. Rosy," he pleaded, "don't go. I know I'll die if you do."

"Well, if it's to be my duty to save lives, Charles," she answered half seriously, "I suppose it may as well be yours."

GROWING HOGS For a hog to be profitable he must be kept growing from birth to marketing age. He cannot be profitable unless he is healthy. He can always be in a profit producing condition if he is fed B. A. Thomas' Hog Powder. We positively tell you that this remedy prevents cholera, removes worms and cures thumps. If the powder does not make good, we will, T. Allen Seed Co., Sanford, Fla.

MEDICINE OR FOOD You have always bought the bulky stock feed and given to your stock as a medicine. Why not buy only the medicine and furnish your own food? The medicine will be much more certain. In fact, B. A. Thomas' stock remedy is so certain to give the right results that we sell it on the money back plan. If it doesn't straighten up your horse or cow or sheep we give you money back. L. A. Allen Seed Co., Sanford, Fla.

What Are You Doing?

Every farmer in this section should raise his own corn, oats, hay, potatoes and live stock to the greatest extent possible.

Every farm should have a vegetable garden with cabbage, beets, sweet potatoes, carrots, beans, peas and sweet corn growing.

There should be chickens and hogs, and a cow for milk and butter.

With the advantages of our soil and climate, we should be producing foodstuffs enough for ourselves and have abundance to sell to our neighbors.

What are YOU doing to help in this work?

We Pay 4 per cent Interest on Savings Deposits

Seminole County Bank "The Home Institution" FORREST LAKE, President A. R. KEY, Vice-President and Cashier G. W. SPENCER, 2nd Vice-President



# COUNTY HAPPENINGS

**A BUNCH OF INTERESTING ITEMS FROM CORRESPONDENTS—EVENTS OF SEMINOLE COUNTY—EFFICIENT REPORTERS FOR THE HERALD**

**PAOLA POINTS**  
Mr. Frank A. Johnson, who successfully underwent an operation at Dr. Christ's hospital in Orlando last week is home again very much improved in health.

Miss Beale Smith and Guy Stenstrom were married August 1st. at high noon. The wedding was very quiet, only the family and most intimate friends being present. Mr. and Mrs. Stenstrom will reside for the present near Leesburg.

A jolly party of young people spent Thursday at Palm Springs enjoying the bathing and picnic dinner.

Mr. T. E. Wilson has returned from New York, where he was called by the sickness and death of his brother there.

Mr. and Mrs. Blackwelder of St. Augustine are visiting Mrs. Blackwelder's parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Smith, coming down for the Smith-Stenstrom wedding.

A severe electrical storm visited our community Tuesday afternoon and struck two of our biggest and prettiest water oaks.

### EAST SANFORD

Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Lucas of Eureka-Hammock, together with Mrs. H. G. Dietrich left in the Lucas car Thursday morning for a ten days trip on the west coast of Florida.

Mrs. G. C. Chamberlain writes of a delightful visit to St. Lawrence

river and a tour of the 1000 Islands. Will leave for Hampton Falls, New Hampshire next week on a visit to friends.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. George Mitchell on Sunday. Mrs. Mitchell's mother, Mrs. Raulerson of Lake City has been a visitor here for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Guerry, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. McClelland and their young people visited Coronado Beach last Thursday.

Mrs. Simon, Miss Isabel Simon from town, Mrs. E. R. Gormly and son of Jacksonville were supper guests at the W. W. Dresser home on Thursday.

H. G. Dietrich was at Fort Myers and other west coast towns last week and this week is at Miami and east coast points in the interest of the Virginia-Carolina Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Moses Jackson have moved from the west side to Cameron Villa road, having rented a portion of Ed. Cameron's farm.

Mrs. Julius Schultz was out from town the guest of Mrs. H. G. Dietrich, a portion of last week.

Some real black, swarthy fortune gypsies were out here Monday traveling in Henry Fords instead of old-time gaily painted wagons. There was quite a party encamped on the Orlando road.

The annual celery seed bed encampment is on again throughout the celery delta for the season of 1917-18. More diversifying of cropping season seems to be the talk of the growers now.

### UPSALA AND GRAPEVILLE

This section had some fine rains this week, helping on the potato plantings.

Captain Rantoul left Tuesday to visit his sons in Boston. Miss Ruth Bergquist, who has been ailing for quite a time, was operated on last Wednesday, having both tonsils and a large adenoid removed. Dr. Neal did the work at his office and Miss Ruth is better already.

Mrs. Noah Fry of Windermere and Mrs. Fisher and children of Tampa are visiting their sister, Mrs. T. O. Tyner, coming up in their car Sunday. Miss Mabel expects to return with her aunt to Tampa and Florence to Windermere for a month's visit.

Mrs. Culp and Mrs. Hattie Thompson were guests of Mrs. Robinson one day last week. Her niece, Gladys Robinson spent the night with her. Mr. and Mrs. Robinson

have a horse now, so they will be able to return the visits.

It was our turn for the grippe, so the items have had a rest for a couple of weeks, none having been sent in.

Mrs. E. W. Lundquist and son, Raymond and Miss Ruth Bergquits were visiting yesterday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Lundquist.

We were glad of the flying visit on the 22nd of Rev. Albertson and daughter, Miss Violet, but so sorry to learn of the serious illness of his wife with cancer of the stomach.

Mrs. Ballinger learned through her father that her nephew, Stewart Haggart of Detroit, who was with our boys in Texas, will leave for France this month.

### Grow Navy Beans

Editor Sanford Herald, Sanford, Fla. Dear Sir: It may be of interest to the many readers of your paper to know that the navy bean, or white bean crop of this country is one of the most important crops there is grown. The following figures show you what the state of Michigan, the great bean growing state, grew in 1917, as forecasted by the U. S. Department of Agriculture in their crop report for July. This report shows that the state of Michigan grew 8,287,000 bushels of navy beans on 639,000

acres or an average of about 13 bushels to the acre. This crop of beans is worth at the present time at retail prices in Jacksonville, 20 cents per pound, and would net the growers six times as much as the entire orange crop of Florida. These beans are grown on the pine barrens of Michigan. The territory looks as much like Florida piney woods as anything you can think of, and these beans are grown by the poorer farmers who make a lot of money off it. These beans are hulled by machinery—although some of them are hand picked and bring a little bit more money.

Would it not pay our Florida farmers to try the growing of these beans? It certainly would add to our diversification of crops and a crop that would be worth more money than any other crop now in the state. I trust that some of our Florida truck growers or farmers will try a little patch of them anyhow, and see what they will do. I have been informed by those I have talked with about it that they have tried them and found they do nicely, and see no reason why they should not be successful and become a staple crop in this state. They are non-perishable and can be harvested and hulled at leisure.

Yours very truly,  
Wilbur McCoy,  
Agri. & Immi. Agent.

## PUBLICITY PULLS PROGRESS

"PRODUCING NOT PROMOTING" BOARD OF TRADE RESULTS (BY THE SECRETARY)

If you are a member of the Sanford Board of Trade and hold a card in good standing, you are automatically a member of the following organizations and should you be in any of the cities named, upon presentation of your card you will find by the treatment accorded you, just what it means:

- Chamber of Commerce, Wilmington, N. C.
- Chamber of Commerce, Richmond, Va.
- Chamber of Commerce, Macon, Ga.
- Chamber of Commerce, Macon, Ga.
- Chamber of Commerce, Columbus, Ohio.
- Chamber of Commerce, Cincinnati, O.
- Chamber of Commerce, Youngstown, O.
- Board of Commerce, Flint, Mich.
- Chamber of Commerce, Indianapolis, Ind.
- Chamber of Commerce, Syracuse, N. Y.
- Chamber of Commerce, Birmingham, Ala.
- Chamber of Commerce, Haverhill, Mass.
- Board of Trade, Tampa, Fla.
- Chamber of Commerce, Miami, Fla.
- Board of Trade, West Palm Beach, Fla.
- Chamber of Commerce, Jacksonville, Fla.
- Chamber of Commerce, Pensacola, Fla.
- Board of Commerce, Erie, Pa.
- Chamber of Commerce, Chattanooga, Tenn.
- Board of Commerce, Bay City, Mich.

Your membership card shows these organizations. From a business standpoint no other organization can produce the same value to the man traveling.

The following letter comes from a man who is among the many members who are satisfied with the product of the Board of Trade. He judges values by the general work and not from a personal standpoint. Individually, there are many in Sanford who are not members of the Board of Trade, who have received more direct good from the Board of Trade than this man who frankly has directly received nothing but who appreciates his town and county sufficiently to willingly support a progressive organization.

Mr. D. C. Marlowe, Secretary, Sanford Board of Trade, City. Dear Sir: It is a pleasure to be able to hand you my check for dues for last half of 1917. If I were always as sure of getting the worth of my money as I am in paying this small amount it would be a lot of satisfaction to advertise.

One only needs to look around to see abundant proof of the good the Board of Trade is doing for Sanford and Seminole county.

Yours truly,  
J. O. Packard.

Mark this prediction—war or no war, there will be five tourists in Sanford the coming season for every one here last season. We are not merely guessing, but frankly, we know whereof we speak. Not only does this apply to Sanford, but to the county at large. If you have a

hotel or boarding house or even a room for rent, all available space will be in demand this winter.

The Home Guard has a large magnificent Commissary Sergeant, but a powerful small commissary.

Keep business normal is sound logic but impossible in Sanford, because it has outgrown that size and is greater today than it has been for ten years. Quit being pessimistic, the mountain you see today will move a day ahead in your vision tomorrow and its shadow having fallen behind you will only be the traditional mole hill. If you are getting three meals a day, sleeping with a clear conscience each night and doing something for your church and your school and your town as you go along, you have John Dees skinned a mile because even with his nine hundred million he can only muss over a little toast and milk and even if he has an A-1 Jersey to provide the milk and makes his toast out of Pillsbury's Best, by heck, a peep into most any Seminole county citizen's lot will disclose a half dozen Jerseys and your grocer will let you have the Pillsburys. So now honest, what kick have you coming? You may not have the millions, but you can duplicate his grub hands down, and for dessert put one over on him, chewing Battle Axe from the top rail of a stake and ridged fence explaining and commending the income tax secure in the fact that it won't touch you—be happy. If you're a pessimist you ought to be ashamed of yourself.

As you pass along Magnolia avenue your attention is directed to house No. 411. Two weeks ago this little place was almost a tumble-down. Owned by people who do not live in Sanford and who left no authority for its upkeep, it has transferred from person to person who left it as they found it and it has remained an apology to its neighbors. Today, the little home has blossomed into its own, the result of a progressive hand and a real mother, who to make her son and daughter comfortable has transformed the little place into a veritable miniature palace—and too only as a renter. The lady doing this is Mrs. Thos. P. Denham of Jacksonville, wife of the vice president of the Atlantic National Bank. When Mrs. Denham decided on the home for her son and daughter, she didn't ask who could be secured to do the work, with but little assistance she performed the change herself. She had no time for frolic and idle amusement, but down to business she got and like the leader among women that she is, results was her requirement and results, the nature of which is a lesson to many, was the product. If we ever uttered a prayer sincere, we now say, God bless such a woman and mother.

Miss Fannie Reba Munson, before going on her vacation called at the Board of Trade for literature to take on her trip to boost Sanford and Seminole county. We highly appreciate Miss Munson's interest and progressiveness and incidentally it is known that when Miss Munson has something to say to you, she's going to say it even if she has to call the sheriff to hold you while she's talking.

## The Geo. H. Fernald Hardware Co.

AGENTS FOR  
WOOD MOWING MACHINES, The Best That's Made.  
AVERY PLOWS AND CULTIVATORS.  
CLARKS CUTAWAY HARROWS  
ACME LEVELING HARROWS.  
PLANET JR. TOOLS.  
SEE US FOR SPECIAL PRICES ON  
**MCCORMICK HAY RAKES**

## Elder Springs Water

Pure, Sparkling Spring Water Brought To Your Door Daily

Elder Springs Water Has a Guaranteed Purity of 99.98 Per Cent.

Leave Orders at The Herald Office

UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA STATE COLLEGE FOR WOMEN  
GAINESVILLE TALLAHASSEE  
HIGH MORAL, INTELLECTUAL STANDARDS  
Liberal Arts, Law, Agriculture, Engineering, Education, Graduate School, Physical Education, Art, Home Economics  
Send for Catalogue and Views  
A. A. MURPHY, Pres.  
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## DR. HARPER

OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN

Specialist in all Chronic Troubles such as

Stomach, Liver, Kidney, Bladder, Anemic and Poor Circulation, Asthma, Hay Fever, Sciatic, Acute and Articular Rheumatism, Lumbago, Obesity, Stiff Joints and others too numerous to mention.

14 years Practice—4 years Hospital Experience enables me to effect cures where all others fail. Thorough and Careful Examination. Professional advice on your case Free of charge. No extra charge for house calls. PERMANENTLY Located in Sanford.

Phone 91 Hotel Carnes

### HORNER MILITARY SCHOOL

Has a record of 65 years of thorough work in preparing young men for College Universities, Government, and Technical Schools, and for Business life. A Non-sectarian Christian school. Strong faculty. Military training. New buildings, fireproof. Large Campus, with baseball and football grounds, tennis courts, and running tracks. Expenses moderate. Session begins September 15th. Write for Illustrated Catalog.

J. C. HORNER, Principal, Charlotte, N. C.

### FOR THE AUTOMOBILE OWNER---

Liability Insurance against Accident, the person and Property, is a necessity. You must have it eventually.

Come and see CONNELLY

## ATLANTIC COAST LINE

STANDARD RAILROAD OF THE SOUTH  
3 DAILY TRAINS TO WASHINGTON AND NEW YORK

	No. 82	No. 86	No. 80
Lv Jacksonville	9:10 a. m.	12:01 p. m.	8:10 p. m.
Ar Savannah	1:15 p. m.	4:01 p. m.	12:35 a. m.
Ar Charleston	5:53 p. m.	8:16 p. m.	8:45 a. m.
Ar Richmond	8:03 a. m.	7:39 p. m.	7:45 p. m.
Ar Washington	8:40 a. m.	10:55 p. m.	11:50 p. m.
Ar Baltimore	10:57 a. m.	12:10 p. m.	1:10 a. m.
Ar N. Phila.	1:07 p. m.	2:27 p. m.	3:30 a. m.
Ar New York	3:18 p. m.	4:35 p. m.	5:50 a. m.

All-steel equipment, electric fans, lights, Pullman drawing room sleepers. Dining cars on trains 82, and 86. Local sleepers on 80 to Savannah. Passengers may occupy until 7 a. m. Free reclining chair coaches.  
For Information or Reservation Phone or Write  
ATLANTIC COAST LINE  
138 W. Bay St., Jacksonville, Fla. Hillsborough Hotel, Tampa, Fla.  
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Ocean Front Free Bath Houses

### Hotel Neptune

Under New Management  
Mrs. Geo. Parker and Miss Isabel Towne, Managers

Special Family and Party Rates  
American and European Plan  
\$2.00 Per Day and Up

DAYTONA BEACH, FLORIDA

## MALSBY

KEROSENE & CRUDE OIL ENGINES  
Run on Oil of any kind. No Batteries, Magneto or Ignitor. A 4 h. p. Engine will run a full load for 10 hours at cost of 2 1/2 a day. Horses 2, 4, 8, 20, 30-75 h. p. Need for pumps, Pumps, Mill Supplies, Engines, Hammers, Saw Mills and Wood Working Machinery.

MALSBY MACHINE CO.  
408-10 East Bay Street Jacksonville, Florida

## Santford Vulcanizing Works

E. W. DICKSON  
314 W. 1st ST. SANFORD, FLA. PHONE 67  
AUTO TIRES AND TUBES VULCANIZED  
COMPLETE NEW OUTFIT  
We are now prepared to do more and better work than heretofore  
ALL REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED  
FREE AIR SERVICE

## D. O. BROWN

The Place Where You Get The Best

Tile Floors, Refrigerator, Counters and the Best of Service. Special Bargains for Cash.

Round Steak	20c	Sliced Ham	40c
Steak	20c	Mixed Ham	25c
Porterhouse Steak	20c	Bologna Sausage	25c
Chuck Steak	15c	Frankfurt Sausage	25c
Rib Steak	20c	Western Pork Chops	30c
Brisket Stew	12 1/2c	Florida Pork Chops	20c
Shoulder Clod Roast	15c	Pork Stew	20c
Chuck Roast	12 1/2c	Pork Ham	20c
Rib Stew	12 1/2c	Pan Sausage	15c
Hamburger	15c	Pork Sausage	25c
Rib Beef Roast	18c	Country Sausage	25c
Florida Liver	15c	Pig Tails	20c
Western Liver	20c	Spare Ribs	20c
Hens, pound	25c	Mutton Legs	20c
Fryers	30c	Mutton Stew	18c





# "OVER THERE"

## The Thrill and the Hell of the Trenches, Described by an American Boy.

Sergeant Alexander McClintock of Lexington, Ky., and the Canadian Army Has Greeting Tale That Every American Will Read, For He Tells the Facts—Unadorned. Wounded, a Distinguished Conduct Medal Man, He Was Invalided Home, but Is Going "Out There" Again to Fight For Uncle Sam and His Allies. An Inspiring, Interesting, Personal Narrative, Full of the Spirit and Atmosphere of the Trenches.

### No. 4. Shifted to the Somme

By Sergeant Alexander McClintock, D. C. M., 87th Overseas Batt., Canadian Gren. Guards.

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Sergeant McClintock is an American boy of Lexington, Ky., who has seen service in France, was decorated for bravery, wounded, invalided home and now is returning to accept a commission. This is the fourth article in the series. In the first article he told of his training up to the point where he reached the front line trenches. In the second he outlined the elaborate preparations for a bomb raid, and in the third the disastrous raid was described.

A FEW days after the bombing raid, which ended so disastrously for us, our battalion was relieved from duty on the front line, and the tip we got was that we were to go down to the big show then taking place on the Somme. Our relief was a division of Australians. You see, the sector which we had held in Belgium was a sort of preparatory school for the regular fighting over in France.

It wasn't long before we got into what you might call the big league contest, but in the meanwhile we had a little rest from battling Fritz and the opportunity to observe some things which seem to me to be worth telling about. Those of you who are exclusively fond of the stirring detail of war, such as shooting and being shot at and bombing and bayoneting, need only skip a little of this. We had an entirely satisfactory amount of smoke and excitement later.

As soon as our relief battalion had got in we moved back to Poperinghe for a couple of days' rest. We were a pretty contented and jovial lot, our platoon especially. We were all glad to get away from the strain of holding a front trench, and there were other advantages. For instance, the alterations of our muster due to casualties had not come through battalion headquarters, and therefore we had in our platoon sixty-three rum rations night and morning and only sixteen men.



It Was Good Clean Fighting. Nobody Fired a Shot.

There was a Canadian Scot in our crowd who said that the only word which described the situation was "f-r-r-a-n-d!"

There was a good deal of jealousy at that time between the Canadians and the Australians. Each had the same force in the field—four divisions. Either force was bigger than any other army composed exclusively of volunteers ever before assembled. While I belong to the Canadian army and believe the Canadian overseas forces the finest troops ever led to war, I must say that I have never seen a body of men so magnificent in average physique as the Australians. And some of them were even above the high average. The man that punched me in the eye in an "estamina" in Poperinghe made up entirely in his own person for the absence of Les Darcy from the Australian ranks. I don't know just how the fight started between the Australians and us in Poperinghe, but I know that it took three regiments of Imperial troops to stop it. The most convincing story I heard of the origin of the bat-

effect which could only be defined as dynamic. After our men had become acquainted with them through personal experience they stopped calling them "number nines" and called them "whiz-bangs." There were only two possibilities of error under Major Gilday's system of simplified medicine. One was to take a whiz-bang for trench feet and the other to use whale oil externally for some form of digestive hesitancy. And in either case no permanent harm could result, while the error was as simple of correction as the command "about face." Blighty was therefore not very popular with our battalion, blighty being the trench name for the hospital.

Two weeks and a half after we left Belgium we arrived at Albert, having marched all the way. The sight which met our eyes as we rounded the rock quarry hill outside of Albert was wonderful beyond description. I remember how tremendously it impressed my pal Macfarlane. He sat by the roadside and looked round over the landscape as if he were fascinated.

"Boy," said he, "we're at the big show at last!"

Peer fellow! It was not only the big show, but the performance for



"Boy," said he, "we're at the big show at last!"

him. Within sight of the spot where he sat wondering he later fell in action and died. The scene which so impressed him gave us all a feeling of great awe. Great shells from a thousand guns were streaking and crisscrossing the sky. Without glasses I counted thirty-nine of our observation balloons. Away off in the distance I saw one German captive balloon. The

other aircraft were uncountable. They were everywhere, apparently in hundreds. There could have been no more wonderful panorama picture of war in its new aspect.

Our battalion was in and out of the town of Albert several days waiting for orders. The battle of Courcellette was then in progress, and the First, Second and Third Canadian divisions were holding front positions at terrible cost. In the first part of October, 1916, we "went in" opposite the famous Regina trench. The battleground was just miles and miles of debris and shell holes. Before we went to our position the officers and non-coms were taken in by scouts to get the lay of the land. These trips were called "Cook's tours." On one of them I went through the town of Polzers twice and didn't know it. It had a population of 12,000 before the war. On the spot where it had stood not even a whole brick was left, it seemed. Its demolition was complete. That was an example of the condition of the whole country over which our forces had blasted their way for ten miles since the previous July. There were not even landmarks left.

#### The "Cook's Tour."

On the night when we went in to inspect the positions we were to hold, our scouts, leading us through the first des-

ed round and took us back through a trench composed of shell holes connected up until we ran into a battalion of another brigade. The place was dreadful beyond words. The stench of the dead was sickening. In many places arms and legs of dead men stuck out of the trench walls.

We made a fresh start after our blunder, moving in single file and keeping in touch each with the man ahead of him. We stumbled along in the darkness through this awful labyrinth until we ran into some of our own scouts at 2 a. m. and found that we were halfway across No Man's land, several hundred yards beyond our front line and likely to be utterly wiped out in twenty seconds should the Germans sight us. Fine guides we had on this "Cook's tour." At last we reached our proper position, and fifteen minutes after we got there a whiz-bang, a low explosive, murdered, buried me completely. They had to dig me out. A few minutes later a high explosive shell fell in a trench section where three of our men were stationed. All we could find after it exploded were one arm and one leg, which we buried. The trenches were without trench mats, and the mud was from six inches to three feet deep all through them. There were no dugouts, only merely

Continued on Page 6

### WANT ADS PAY

15 Days Anniversary	--- THE ---	15 Days Anniversary
<b>BIG 3-IN-1 STORE WAY</b>		

## THE THIRD ANNIVERSARY MERCHANDISE EXPOSITION

We are Celebrating the Third Anniversary of the Founding of our Firm. The Crowning Event is the Opening of Two Additional Store Rooms for Shoes and Gents' Furnishings. We have decided the First Three Days --- one day for each year of our existence must represent the supreme test and definite showing of the Big 3-In-1 Store.

COME We Planned and Prepared This Bargain Event For You	<b>SATURDAY</b> The Second Day of Our Anniversary the FIRST FIFTY LADIES' SPENDING AS MUCH AS \$1.00 Will Receive One Pair of Kaisers Silk Gloves <b>ABSOLUTELY FREE</b>	FOR MONTHS Our Buyers Have Been Merchandising For This Great Event  Ladies' Shirt Waists \$1.00 Values <b>69c</b>
---	--	--

During this Exposition we will Sell a Few Pieces of Silk Taffeta for only 98 Cents

One Table of Voiles only 7½c	John B. Stetson Hats \$3.98	Come --- The Event Wont be Complete Without You are Here
B. V. D. Underwear for Men 50c value 39c	Ladies' White Nubuck High Shoes only \$1.98	Men's Palm Beach and Silk Hats Only 44c
Union Suits \$1.00 value 69c	Painters White Overalls only 98c	Only a Few of Those Ladies' House Dresses Left to Close out at 49c
Boys' Union Suits 39c	\$1.00 Value Sport Silk only 69c	
	1 Lot Choice Hats for Ladies' only 98c	

Remember We Have School Hats and Shoes for the Boys and Girls

Curtain Scrim - - - - 10c | 36-in Seed Bed Cloth - - 11c | Lace, Your Choice - - - 5c

These are Only a Few of the Many Bargains we are Offering. Come and see them.

# The Big Three-In-One Store

Sanford Ave. and Fourth St. L. L. TAYLOR, Prop. Sanford, Florida