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The Sanford Herald

AN INDEPENDENT DAILY NEWSPAPER

SANFORD, FLORIDA, TUESDAY, AUGUST 25, 1931

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THE WEATHER

Fair tonight Wednesday partly cloudy with probable showers.

NUMBER 192

Labor Party Unites Closely To Oppose Ramsay MacDonald

Premier's Advocation Of Cut In Dole Has Estranged Himself From His Own Party

LONDON, Aug. 25.—(A.P.)—The independent labor party left wing of the labor movement today officially declared its opposition to Ramsay MacDonald's new non-partisan government's policies and urged the trades union congress and the labor party to organize an immediate campaign of resistance.

J. Ramsay MacDonald, twice socialist prime minister of England, took up the reins of non-partisan government today with the realization either that he had committed political suicide or history would record him among the empire's great statesmen.

It is freely predicted that what ever else might happen MacDonald will never again be the head of the labor government. In advertising a slash in the dole he cut himself from the labor executive and the labor trade unionists representing the lifeblood of the party.

Almost immediately after the cabinet resigned King George entrusted MacDonald with the formation of a new national government composed of leaders of all of the three major parties, whose business for the moment would be burying politics and extricating Great Britain from her economic and financial difficulties.

Last night, MacDonald, Stanley Baldwin and Sir Herbert Samuel, representing the labor party, the conservatives and the liberals, were in conference.

"It was thought that at least by today or tomorrow a full cabinet roster can be presented.

Both praise and censure were heaped upon the gray head of the wily Scotman last night. In some labor quarters he was denounced as a traitor to the party, while in others he was termed the hero of the hour, who by putting his personal ambitions aside is risking his political life for the

(Continued on Page Three)

American Bankers Blamed In Fall Of MacDonald Party

LONDON, Aug. 25.—(A.P.)—Leaders of the revolt against the regime of President Machado insisted last night that the revolution was far from crushed. However, serious clashes were reported yesterday and, in spite of scattered fighting in Oriente province, the belief was expressed in other quarters that the uprising was close to an end.

The story said that the \$250,000 credit recently acquired by the Bank of England was now nearly exhausted and that in seeking new money, from the United States the Bank of England was informed by the Federal Reserve bank that fresh credit could only be granted if drastic economies were made in the "dole."

"The late government," the paper said, "was informed by the Federal Reserve bank that credits would only be granted provided specific and considerable economies were made at once in the administration, or in the actual benefit paid under the unemployment insurance scheme."

This virtual ultimatum from New York bankers played a vital part in dividing the late cabinet on the issue of a 10 percent reduction in unemployment benefits.

"The insistence by the Bank of England on the need for credits, even on these terms," the paper added, "undermined the existing cloak within the cabinet."

In an editorial the Herald said:

"Where is the patriotism, we ask, in allowing the Federal Reserve bank of New York to dictate, as it did, conditions for further credits to the Bank of England, the policies of which cannot be reduced to the unprofitable level?"

"This isn't patriotism, but acceptance of a dictatorship, not even of a British bank, but of international finance. It is a blow to Britain, another caused only by members of the Versailles treaty."

HOOVER GIVEN REPORT TODAY ON U.S. CRIME

LINDY AND ANNE TAKE REST PRIOR TO HOP TO TOKYO

Sleep Late While Citizens Admire Shoes On Display At Inn

NEMURO, Aug. 25.—(A.P.)—Charles and Anne Lindbergh, who expect to conclude by tomorrow their 7,100-mile flight from the Eastern United States to Tokyo, won a much needed rest after an exciting night-exiting to Nemuro anyway. They left early and were still sleeping at nine this morning.

Meanwhile the two citizens, in the absence of the fliers themselves, were contented to look up on Lindbergh's boots and Anne's tight laced three and a half which were stowed in a boot rack outside the entrance of their inn in accordance with an old Japanese custom. The plan to take off tomorrow for Kasumigaura naval base near Tokyo where the flight officially ends, Lindy said he has no plans for a world tour nor a visit to the Philippines.

Only 64 miles lay between them to the Kasumigaura naval landing field near the Japanese capital but they decided to remain here today out of respect for three Japanese fliers killed at the field Saturday.

Forced down four times in the five days they required to make the 927 mile flight from Peking to Nemuro, Lindbergh expressed the appreciation of himself and wife for the sympathy and assistance of the Japanese people. Their last hop of only fifty miles was made in 28 minutes from Kasumigaura Island.

Addressing a crowd here, Col. Lindbergh said:

"When we return home, we will tell our friends of the kindness of those Shanka folks who took in a couple of strangers who came out of the skies Saturday and would not take any money for lodgings or anything else."

Mrs. Lindbergh made little of

(Continued on Page Four)

Cuban Revolters Aver Insurrection Is Far From Ended

Re-Opening Of Oil Wells Is Delayed Despite Good Price

HAVANA, Aug. 25.—(A.P.)—Leaders of the revolt against the regime of President Machado insisted last night that the revolution was far from crushed. However, serious clashes were reported yesterday and, in spite of scattered fighting in Oriente province, the belief was expressed in other quarters that the uprising was close to an end.

The dollar level was the primary goal of the shutdown movement but both Governor Murray of Oklahoma and Governor Woodring of Kansas indicated curbs would remain in force until the price is general. Governor Sterling of Texas said martial law in that state's new fields would not be affected by the present higher prices.

Kansas operators in the Rita Ganton pool, producing an estimated fifth of the state's daily output, closed most wells under an order of the Kansas public service commission.

Meanwhile plans for meeting unemployment distress during the coming winter were in progress in other parts of the country, notably New York State and the Mississippi Valley.

At Memphis, a conference called

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Tales Of Horror Are Told Of Forest Fires

SPOKANE, Wash., Aug. 25.—(A.P.)—With larger forest fires in the area quelled, graphic stories of horror, following the Priest River, Idaho conflagration, trickled into Spokane today. Dismayed animals running until they dropped dead, farm families standing neck-deep in streams to escape flames, and hundreds of persons in want, their homes ruined, were described by Mrs. F. Client, whose home was on the border of the scene of heat, she said, so great that it stirred up tremors.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 25.—(A.P.)—The Duke of Gloucester, who underwent an operation for appendicitis Saturday, passed a more comfortable night and his condition continues to be satisfactory, his doctors said yesterday.

CONDITION FAVORABLE

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Three Germans have drawn 15,000,000 volts of electricity from the sky during a lightning storm.

SUSPECTED BANDITS



Three girls, two of them twins, were arrested when Pittsburgh police rounded up an alleged bandit gang and held them in connection with the holdup at a toll bridge keeper in Chester, West Virginia. Here are the girls as they appeared at the East Pittsburgh station, left to right, Mrs. Edna Egan, 21, and the twins, Mary and Betty Fallon, 19.

NATIONAL DRIVE TYPHOON FEARED FOR LOCAL FUNDS IN CHINESE AREA TO BE LAUNCHED SWEEP BY FLOOD

Campaign Is Aimed To Aid Unemployment Situation In Nation

Belief Is Held That Storm At This Time Would Be Calamity

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—(A.P.)—A national campaign for local funds was announced yesterday as the immediate objective of President Hoover's newly organized unemployment relief organization.

This was made known by Walter S. Gifford, national relief director, as he took over the task assigned to him by the President of organizing an unemployment relief agency.

Gifford said there are no plans at present for raising a national relief fund. The nation-wide drive for local funds he added, will be discussed at a conference beginning today with representatives of welfare and charitable organizations.

Meanwhile plans for meeting unemployment distress during the coming winter were in progress in other parts of the country, notably New York State and the Mississippi Valley.

In the native section of this city, hunger-stricken refugees quartered in a large war house, attacked a detail of soldiers who had begun to remove a quantity of grain stored there. The crowd was quelled by the use of machine guns. Several of the refugees were wounded.

Reports of the Kuomintang news agency stated more than 1000 persons who were housed in the barracks at Wuchang were drowned as a result of a fresh break in the dyke holding back the Yangtze river.

Thousands of corpses daily float down the main channel of the river into an immense lake forming between Hankow and

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Do-X Airplane Flies Over Jacksonville

JACKSONVILLE BEACH, Aug. 25.—(A.P.)—The giant German airplane, Do-X, cruised up the coast of Florida this morning from Miami enroute to Charleston in less than four and a half hours and was welcomed all along the route by waving throngs.

Flying low all the way the treat ship arrived here at 10:10 after taking off from Miami at 7:17. It will stop in Charleston tonight and continue its flight to Norfolk tomorrow and New York Thursday.

WOMEN ARE BARRED

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—(A.P.)—An order prohibiting the employment of women as informers in federal dry law enforcement activities will be issued by the prohibition bureau, Director Woodcock said today following incidents in New York and Chicago.

Automobile tracks were found across the plane, which was sighted by a searching plane.

LUKE LEA AND SON GUILTY OF BANK FRAUDS

FAMED PUBLISHER AND FORMER U.S. SENATOR FACE TERMS OF 60 YEARS AND BIG FINE

ASHEVILLE, Aug. 25.—(A.P.)—Colonel James Louis Nash, newspaper publisher and former United States senator, was found guilty in superior court here today of attempting to defraud the Central Bank and Trust Company of Asheville. His son, Luke Lea, Jr., and Wallace B. Davis, who was president of the bank which failed here tall, were found guilty with him.

E. P. Charles, Nashville, Tennessee, manager of the bank, tried with the other three, was found guilty. The Leas and Davis were convicted on two counts of conspiracy and on two lesser counts under an additional conspiracy count.

In addition the Leas and Davis were convicted on a third misappropriation of funds. Charles was found on all counts. The maximum sentence under the verdict will be to the Leas 60 years in prison and a fine of \$15,000. Davis will get a maximum of six years and \$10,000 fine.

The court recessed until later in the afternoon to allow time for preparation of instant.

3-CORNERED ROW RESULTS IN FINE FOR PARTICIPANT

PROMINENT LOCAL PERSONS TAKE PART IN FIRST STREET FIGHT

Municipal Judge R. W. Ware, sitting in justice court trials yesterday afternoon, fined A. L. Rosier, local filling station operator who figured in an alteration with W. B. Peckman and Lyle Dodge, residents of West First Street, early Saturday night, \$50 on a charge of assault. Charges of disorderly conduct against Mr. Dodge and Mr. Peckman, preferred by Mr. Rosier, were of denied dismissed.

Details of the alteration were heard in County Judge Sharon's office this morning where Mr. Rosier secured a warrant, charging asault with intent to murder with a knife, against Mr. Dodge. Mr. Rosier is under a \$100 bond on a similar warrant sworn out by Mr. Dodge and served against Mr. Rosier yesterday afternoon. A preliminary hearing will be held late this week, and upon the finding, results the final deposition of the mat.

It is the custom for typists and office workers to meet the door of the three flats, Hanley, Wuchang and Hanks, by flying such volumes of water against them that condemned buildings would be forced to collapse.

More than 100,000 refugees are clinging to a precarious existence of the island of two hills behind Wuchang. Forced to drink the polluted waters of the swollen streams, the refugees are ravaged by feverish dysentery.

In the native section of this city, hunger-stricken refugees quartered in a large war house, attacked a detail of soldiers who had begun to remove a quantity of grain stored there. The crowd was quelled by the use of machine guns. Several of the refugees were wounded.

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CAUSES FOR CRIME ARE EMPHASIZED AT ANTI-GANG MEETING

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—(A.P.)—Prohibition, unemployment and unrestricted interstate sale of firearms were advanced by speakers at a public anti-gang demonstration yesterday as the principal causes of crime.

In Madison Square Garden, citizens gathered in public protest of the recent outbreak of violence in New York which have claimed the lives of small children, policemen and caused injury to peaceful bystanders.

Police Commissioner Mulrooney said in his opinion prohibition is the responsible creator and the financier of the vast majority of the most vicious and brutal racketeers that "cure the country to day."

"The policeman has the duty of enforcing the law. The people of New York do not want the Volstead law. They proved it when they voted a protest against and their defiance of the Volstead law."

"No law can be enforced without the support of the people. Yet we must enforce the Volstead law against the wishes of our employers—the people of New York. The police of New York are entitled, in fairness, to a repeal of the law or to be relieved of any responsibility of its enforcement."

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REGULAR MEET OF CITY HEADS HELD MONDAY

Commissioners Vote To Let U.S. Use City Greenhouse To Experimental Activity

The Sanford City commissioners will last night begin its long awaited meeting in the auditorium of the county courthouse to discuss the matter of allowing the U.S. Department of Agriculture to use the city greenhouse to experimental activity.

There was no formal presentation of a motion, but the commissioners voted to let the U.S. use the greenhouse to experimental activity.

After the vote, the commissioners adjourned to the county auditorium to hear a report by Dr. C. E. Peckman, director of the Bureau of Entomology and Plant Pathology.

Dr. Peckman testified yesterday before Judge Ware that he heard of disturbances in the Foster home across the street from his own, on Saturday afternoon. After discussing the matter with his wife, Mr. Peckman said that he decided to visit the home of Mr. Dodge, two doors in the rear of the Foster place, and ask Mr. Dodge's advice.

At the Dodge home, Mr. Dodge suggested to Mr. Peckman that they take no action, and, after visiting there for some minutes, Mr. Peckman returned towards his own home. As he was walking along the east side of Avocado Avenue, and neared the Foster filling station, Mr. Peckman said Mr. Rosier called to him, saying he wanted to talk to him. Mr. Peckman said Mr. Rosier crossed the street and without a word, struck him in the eye, causing him to stagger. Mr. Peckman said he remembered nothing for some minutes.

Mr. Dodge declared that his part in the alteration occurred when, after he saw Mr. Rosier strike Mr. Peckman to keep him from falling, he saw, out of the corner of his eye, Mr. Rosier raise his hand, and that a second later he was knocked to his knees by a blow on the top of the head. While he was on his knees, Mr. Dodge said Mr. Rosier struck him several more times. Mr. Rosier then left the scene, Mr. Dodge said, and went into his filling station; Mr. Dodge said that he went home at once, to dress his wounds, and then he and Mr. Peckman went to the police station to prefer assault charges against Mr. Rosier.

Mr. Rosier testified that he was whipping his child because it had disobeyed him; that he walked across the street and struck Mr. Peckman with his fist, but only after Mr. Peckman had cursed him; that as he turned away from Mr. Peckman and was walking toward his filling station, he heard someone coming toward him at a rapid rate of speed and saw a knife in his hand; that he did not strike Mr. Peckman with any instrument, but

(Continued on Page Three)

Dutton Car Runs Off Highway Into Lake

Slowing down his Ford sedan as he rounded the curve in State Road Number Three next to Lake Minnie about three miles from town, late yesterday afternoon, Stewart E. Dutton, son of E. E. Dutton, of this city, miraculously escaped from even minor injuries when the car skidded into the heavy wire fence on the left side of the road, tore down a portion of it, and turned over once, to come to a stop on its wheels about three feet of water.

Mr. Dutton, who was riding alone, and returning from Orlando at the time of the accident, was assisted from the automobile by passing motorists, and is reported as resting comfortably at his home, although he suffered no injuries. The automobile sank to a depth of about four feet before a wrecker arrived on the scene and removed it to Sanford.

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TUESDAY, AUGUST 25, 1931

BIBLE VERSE FOR TODAY

WHERE IS YOUR TREASURE?—Where your treasure is,
there will your heart be also.
Matthew 6:21.

PRAYER—Help me to have only
good and pleasant thoughts
and conduct.

Whenever a man is defeated for
public office, he swears to eschew
politics forever, and usually de-
votes the rest of his life to chewing
the rag instead.

There are times when Repub-
lican candidates hardly know
whether to run for office because
they have given up property or
prohibition enforcement.

Revolution!—Hanging in Bal-
ance—headline. And President
MacDonald wisely remarks that
that'll be about all the hanging
there'll be in the revolution.

A friend in need is a person you
always stumble over every time
you start to go somewhere, but
whom you never can find when
ever you need someone to bring
you home.

Ralph De Palma, famous rac-
ing driver, has gone into bank-
ruptcy, letting his debts at \$1,
000,000 and cash resources at \$3,
000. Well, he should have enough
to pay that off and still have
enough left for a cup of coffee.

Ocala has a good system of
handling its unemployment prob-
lems; it maintains a municipal
woodpile where a good axe and
something to eat can be found by
anyone applying to the Salva-
tion Army.

And one of our local citizens,
who followed with interest the
doings of the recent legislative
session, is of the opinion that the
New York girl who shot a New
Jersey senator should be given a
medal of honor.

A rich Japanese importer goes
on a pleasure cruise taking a
beautiful Broadway chorus girl
with him as a "companion"; his
child, his mysteryously disappeared,
fell overboard, etc., something,
and now they are getting the "gov-
ernor's". When you hire out
for a job of that kind, you want
to be sure that your employer
doesn't walk in his sleep.

What it means to have good
credit may be learned from the
fact that our federal government,
recently needing sixty million
dolars was offered \$223,074,000,
and had to pay but one-half of
one percent. When Sanford runs
needs in re-establishing its credit,
it will be easy to lay enough
money to retire its bond obligations
advantageously. Without
credit, it can do nothing.

James Couzens, Michigan sen-
ator, who made millions out of
Ford Motor Co. profits, has of-
fered one million dollars for un-
employment relief this winter.
Senator Couzens has set a good
example not only in charity but
also in gratitude. For many of
the unemployed whom he is now
helping made his millions possible
through the purchase of Fords in
more prosperous years gone by.

The city manager of Miami re-
ceived a shock the other day which
settled upon him the vital need
bigger and better advertising
appropriations. In his morning
he found a letter from a Chi-
cago publishing concern asking
a two page article on Miami's
task of removing snow from
city streets. The Magic City's
manager is probably better
equipped to write upon Miami's
task of removing snow from
City Hall.

Permits for racing (subject to
veto of voters) have been
issued for horse tracks in Dade,
Hillsborough, Palm Beach,
St. Johns, Santa Rosa,
and Seminole counties; and
for tracks in Dade, Doral,
Hillsborough, Palm Beach, Sarasota,
Pinellas, Santa Rosa,
and Seminole counties;
probably more horse and
racing than in all the rest of
the state put together.

England's New Cabinet

When a ministry resigns in England it is evidence that an impasse has been reached in governmental affairs. When a coalition cabinet, composed of Labor, Liberal, and Conservative party leaders, is formed, it is a potent indication that crisis of international consequence exists. A revolution in Cuba, or Peru, the abdication of the king of Spain, or a near-triumph for Hitlerites in Germany, affords no better proof of the unsettled conditions of world affairs and the economic desperation facing most nations than the events which have transpired in London during the past few days.

The existence of a six hundred million dollar deficit in the British budget precipitated this crisis. To balance this budget has proved the undoing of the MacDonald cabinet and may yet prove the undoing of MacDonald himself. To save six hundred million, or to raise an additional six hundred million in times like these, is no simple task. But that is the problem MacDonald is asked to solve. Saving six hundred million, in England, means but one thing, drastic reduction in the "dole." To any reduction at all, the Labor party, to which MacDonald himself belongs, is unalterably opposed. In fact, with increased unemployment, they are asking for a larger "dole."

Increased taxation, on the other hand, presents almost as difficult a problem. We are inclined to believe that taxes are high in this country. While in some cases unfair assessments have resulted in *"inequalities in tax levies"* which may make one man's taxes appear confiscatory, as a general rule our taxes are twenty-five to fifty percent lower than those in England. Most Englishmen contribute anywhere from fifty to eighty percent of their income, depending upon the source, for the support of the government. Increased taxation to them naturally is an anathema. They are as bitterly opposed to *"as the *toxicologists* to any cut in the 'dole.'*

The situation is further complicated by the inability of the present government to finance itself. MacDonald, who rose from the ranks and now leads the Labor party, lacks the confidence of the Conservatives, and what is infinitely worse, the big bankers, or what is known in this country as the "money barons." When Andrew Mellon was told of the billion dollar deficit in the United States treasury, he promptly borrowed all he needed to see him through. Money lenders in this country and throughout the world have confidence in President Hoover and Secretary Mellon. They don't have that confidence in MacDonald. And England, willing to pay high rates of interest, is unable to borrow.

It is seldom that King George takes any active role in governmental affairs. Ordinarily he is the glad hand man of the Empire, who contents himself with issuing goodwill proclamations and opening country fairs; it is only in such a crisis as England now faces that his power as king is really felt. With the fall of the MacDonald cabinet, it became the king's duty to select someone to form another government. Perhaps with the idea of allaying further unrest among the laboring classes, he promptly re-appointed MacDonald, with the subtle hint that the new cabinet include such notables as Stanley Baldwin, Conservative leader, who has the support of the banking group; Lloyd George, Liberal leader; and such other Liberals and Conservatives as Austin Chamberlain, Lord Reading, and Philip Snowden.

It will be interesting to see whether this new cabinet reduces the "dole," increases taxation, or effects some sort of a compromise which will be acceptable to all parties. Whatever the outcome, one feels reasonably sure that England, as usual, will "muddle through."

For Governor

Whether the unemployment situation or the crying need for political leadership is the motivating power back of the innumerable candidacies already making their appearance for next year's elections we do not know, but it certainly looks as if the people will have a wide variety of faces from which to make their choice. Among the dozen or more who have the gubernatorial bee in their bonnet is David Shultz, citizen of our neighboring resort, Daytona Beach, about whom the News-Journal of that city, has this to say:

"Virtual announcement in Miami of the candidacy of David Shultz for governor will be welcomed in Volusia county as good news, and the support of the voters of the county undoubtedly will go to him."

"It would be a splendid thing for Volusia if a man could be elected to the office of governor who understands the problems of this county. David Shultz, of course, knows the situation in his home county intimately."

"Shultz has shown vigor and imagination in his work with the state chamber of commerce. His is a splendid vision of Florida's future. His platform, as indicated at Miami, would admirably combine his desire to see Florida progress and a commitment radically to cut state expenses and to reform the tax situation."

"There is promise that the primary into which Shultz is casting his ample bonnet will be unique. At the rate candidates are announcing there may be two dozen or more before the lists finally close."

"It may be anybody's race; Volusia's candidate as well as any of the others. His many friends at home and over the state wish 'Dave' godspeed."

REPUTATION MIAMI HERALD

Frequently, during the past months, there have been intimations that this or that municipality, or this or that country or drainage district in Florida was thinking of or preparing to re-pudiate, in whole or in part, its bonded indebtedness.

Since the financial debacle of 1929, there has come a feeling in many sections of the country that as the people have lost money and property, that because the world-wide depression has caused a deflation in values, the public is not required to make good its promises to pay.

Owen D. Young, well known financial expert, expressed the moral side of the question of debt, both private and public,

when he said in an address before the graduating class of St. Lawrence University that

"Any obligation which you make—perform it. If it be for money—say it. If you cannot pay it—renew it, but never neglect it and never default on it. Your credit, not for money alone, but for good faith, depends upon it. The credit of the nation, the value of our currency, the conduct of business,

Labor Party Unites Closely To Oppose Ramsay MacDonald

(Continued From Page One)

Good on the nation.

The new national government is expected to contain about 12 ministers, as compared to the 20 in an ordinary British administration. Among those who, it was believed, possibly would fill posts in the new government besides MacDonald are Stanley Baldwin, former secretary of India who has been mentioned as a possible new foreign secretary, Sir Samuel Hoare, Sir Austin Chamberlain, Nevile Chamberlain, former Premier Lloyd George (at his health permit), Lord Reading, Sir Herbert Samuel, Sir Donald MacLean, Philip Snowden and J. H. Thomas.

When the second labor government passed out of existence yesterday it had been in office two years, two months and 15 days. The recent publication of the May economic report foreshadowed a deficit of approximately \$600,000,000 in next year's budget and the subsequent efforts of the prime minister and the cabinet to surmount this difficulty, directly led

to the present crisis. The prime minister was caught between upper and nether mills, between the objectives of the trade union congress at a mid-point of the "dole" on the one hand, and the insistence of the conservatives that savings, and not new taxes, must be the essence of the government's policy.

Negotiations and conferences with trade union leaders and heads of the opposition parties occupied the last few days, which were filled with rumors of import revenue taxes, cutting the dole and lowering the wages and salaries of state employees.

With a divergence of opinion among the members of his own cabinet, and apparently unable to reach a compromise with the trade unionists or the opposition leaders, Prime Minister MacDonald is said to have reasoned that the only way to save the country was to dissolve his government and tackle the problems with a combination of the three parties and without previous party restrictions.

Last night many labor officials were taking the view that since

MacDonald is becoming the *head* of a national government he ceases almost automatically to be a leader of the labor party.

Only within recent weeks has

the ordinary British citizen awokened to the fact that his country's economic difficulties may be more than superficial.

Even now he believes that if his new national government succeeds in over-mingling a possible deficit of \$600,000,000 everything will be all right, but the roots of Great Britain's economic crisis run deep and unbiased. Observers are saying that England is on the threshold of one of the most difficult periods she ever has known.

It was George Harvey, late ambassador of the United States, who angered England by calling it a "mild, man" country, but the belief is increasing that Harvey, in his picturesque way, put his finger on the sore spot.

Right now British industry as a whole is widely described as wobbling and infirm. Vital industries such as cotton, cloth and steel manufactures are wasting in

National Drive For Local Funds To Be Launched

(Continued From Page One)

Governor Murray, of Oklahoma, established a permanent organization and elected Representative Reid (R. H.), chairman.

Word came from Albany that Governor Roosevelt has decided unemployment relief is the paramount question facing the special session of the legislature beginning today.

The governor and house leaders were reported to have agreed the legislature should not vote a dole bill, should attempt to provide work as well as relief.

Gifford announced that representatives of every state will be appointed to the advisory committee which President Hoover has created to assist him in co-ordinating relief work.

When the committee is com-
plete, it will be composed of three
representatives of each state, one
from agriculture, one from
commerce and one from
industry.

This is the problem which the
new national government faces.

The first group be-

will be called in for consultation
from time to time; the second
will keep in touch with local
needs and co-operate with local
authorities in raising funds; and
the third will be formed into sub-
committees to examine programs
and plans for employment and re-
lief.

Gifford, in his first conference
with the press, explained that so
far there were no plans for a national
fund, but that "anything
may happen" in time.

Asked what would happen if
local communities failed to raise
the necessary relief funds, he said
he would "cross that bridge when
we come to it."

He gave the same answer to a
question about whether his organiza-
tion would accept relief funds if
they were appropriated by Congress.

The relief director said his or-
ganization would be concerned
with finding jobs for the unemployed
as well as providing relief
out of its primary objective, which
is to see that communities raised
the necessary relief funds, because
no magic wand is going to find
jobs for everyone.

"We want to make sure that
every city and every state is free
from acute suffering," he added.
"We are primarily concerned with
emergency relief this winter."

Typhoon Feared In Chinese Area Swept By Flood

(Continued from Page One)

Fifty Chinese and foreigners
have formed a branch of the na-
tional flood commission headed by
Bishop Logan H. Roots, of the
Episcopal mission. An official esti-
mates the cost of food and shel-
ter alone to alleviate the most ex-
treme suffering will require \$1,
500,000 (American) exclusive of
the cost of wheat held by the
Chinese.

The national flood relief com-
mission's finance committee de-
cided yesterday to ask Wash-
ington for more favorable terms on
the rate of interest and length of
credit offered China for the pur-
chase of wheat held by the United
States farm board.

Nanking reports that President
Hoover had offered \$10,000,000
bonds without interest charged
over 10 years have been found
insufficient.

"TOASTING" expels SHEEP-DIP BASE naturally present in every tobacco leaf

(Black, biting, harsh irritant chemicals)

**"They're out—
so they can't
be in!"**

Every LUCKY STRIKE is made

of the finest tobacco leaves the world can

offer—the finest from Turkey—the finest

from Kentucky, Tennessee, Virginia,

Georgia and the Carolinas—the Cream of

many Crops throughout the world. But all

tobacco leaves, regardless of price and kind,

as nature produces them, contain harsh

irritants. LUCKY STRIKE'S exclusive

"TOASTING" Process—a process that

mellows, that purifies, that includes the use

of the modern Ultra Violet Ray—expels

certain harsh irritants naturally present in

every tobacco leaf. We sell these expelled

irritants to manufacturers of chemical com-

pounds, who use them as a base in making

sheep-dip*, as well as a powerful spraying

solution for trees, flowers and shrubs—

Social And Personal Activities

MISS MARGARET PETERS, Society Editor

Office Telephone 148.

Personals

Smith Home Is Scene Of Meeting Of Class

Miss Mildred Duncan spent the day recently at DeLand as the guest of Miss Phyllis Butler.

Mrs. and Mrs. L. E. Frazier have returned from Hendersonville, N.C., where they have been spending the summer.

Miss Katherine Scott, of Goldsboro, N.C., is spending a short time here with Mrs. W. H. Long and Mrs. W. R. Brooks.

Randall Chase sailed last night from New York City on the S.S. Majestic for Europe, where he will spend a short time.

Mrs. B. Ceresoli and grandson, Johnnie Alexander, and Mrs. J. H. Groves and daughter, Ruth, are spending two weeks at Coronado Beach.

Miss Indiana Leslie has returned to her home at Miami City after visiting Miss R. E. Griffin at her home on Myrtle Avenue for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Morris and daughters, Elizabeth, Dorothy and Catherine, of Rockhill, S.C., are visiting Mr. Morris' sisters, Mrs. K. Williams and Mrs. G. H. Brown, at their homes here.

John Schirard, Jr., has returned from Blowing Rock, N.C., where he had been spending the summer months with Banzai Currie and his Floridian orchestra from the University of Florida.

W. M. Scott, who has been spending the summer months at Macon Ga. and points in North Carolina with Mrs. Scott, has returned home. Mrs. Scott has gone to Virginia to visit relatives for a short time.

Sam Byrd is spending a week here with W. A. Zachary at his home on Park Avenue. He has been in Maing for the greater part of the summer but spent two weeks with relatives at Mount Olive, N.C., before coming here.

Mrs. W. S. Jordan, of Jackson ville, and Mrs. Kathleen Jordan, of Miami, left last night for Jacksonville after spending a week here as the guests of Judge and Mrs. James G. Sharpen at their home on West Tenth Street.

Mrs. F. E. Miller and daughter, Miss Frances Fair Miller, Mrs. B. L. Rust and son, Irwin, and Miss Winifred Strong, who spent the week-end here with Mrs. Mary Strong and Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Perkins, left yesterday morning for their homes in Fort Myers.

Mrs. Walter L. Cooper, Miss Ruth Pearman, David Cooper and W. L. Cooper, Jr., have returned from Daytona Beach where they spent the past week. They had as guests for the week-end, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Ritch, of St. Louis. Mrs. Clarke Leonard spent the first part of last week at Daytona with Mrs. Cooper.

Forming a party spending Sunday at Daytona Beach were: Mrs. F. E. Miller and daughter, Miss Frances Fair Miller, Mrs. J. L. Rust and son, Irwin, of Fort Myers, Mrs. Mary Strong, Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Perkins and family, the Misses Winifred Strong, Caroline Cogburn, Virginia McDaniel, Jane Lloyd, and John Roberts, of Alabama.

Miss White Hostess At Party Yesterday

Bright colored streamers in jardinières were arranged about the living room of the home of Mrs. Albert T. White, 1104 Magnolia Avenue, when she entertained a number of her friends with a bridge party given yesterday afternoon. In addition to the decorations in the living room the dining room table was centered with a large bowl of yellow streamers and ferns.

At the conclusion of several programs of bridge, high score prize was awarded to Mrs. Herbert Ritch, of St. Louis, while low score prize went to Mrs. Walter L. Cooper. Mrs. John E. McDonald was lucky in cutting and was the recipient of cut prize.

Late in the afternoon refreshments were served by the hostess, assisted by Mrs. A. C. Dent. Those invited were: Mrs. Walter L. Cooper and guest, Mrs. Herbert Ritch, of St. Louis; Mrs. Walter L. Cooper and guest, Mrs. D. Highmyer, of Jacksonville; Mrs. D. Highmyer and guest, Mrs. C. F. Wilson, of Dallas, Texas; Mrs. John E. McDonald, Mrs. A. C. Dent, Mrs. H. W. Rector, Mrs. Roland E. Head, Mrs. Leon Koy, Mrs. E. Compton and Mrs. Fred Williams and Mrs. Leon Highmyer, all guests.

REGULAR MEET OF CITY HEADS HELD MONDAY

(Continued from Page One) ty. He declared that the use of the City's greenhouse will further the work the government has undertaken on celery "mosaic" and other disease problems in this region.

The Commissioners sat in final session as an equalizing board of hearing complaints made by taxpayers regarding assessments. They heard complaints made by Miss Aranka Takach, Sevren Rapp, and a representative of the Florida Power and Light Co., who was seeking a reduction in the valuation of his firm's property at Randi Shores. All requests were taken under advisement, although the Commissioners asserted that there was little indication that any changes may be made.

With many matters of detail before them, the Commissioners were unable to conclude more than half their work, several matters important of which was the present time so that it cannot be in playable condition for the winter season.

The golf course subject con-

tinued nearly 45 minutes before appropriate as much as \$2500 which the Commission decided to study in the situation, further and to make a report at a meeting to be held tomorrow. A. T. White, of the City's golf committee, read a report prepared at the request of the Commission, and covering the period from Mar. 20, to Aug. 22, inclusive.

The report's major point was that greens and fairways at the club are badly in need of dredging, discing, topdressing, and fertilizing, and that with only \$1941 in the treasury, it is necessary to have an appropriation in order that the club may continue to operate. Mr. White, as well as Leon Leary, president of the club, urged that prompt action be taken at once, both declaring that the improvements are needed at the present time so that the course may be in playable condition for the winter season.

The Commissioners, after a full discussion, read, were two resolutions, relating to peddlers of merchandise and narcotics. Under the new ordinance passed last night over the desk of the Commissioner, Lester and Lehman, all persons who accept cash as a down payment on articles to be delivered later, must post a bond of \$1000 or suffer a penalty not to exceed \$100 a day for failing to do so within 10 days. The Commissioner, granted a representation of an independent contractor who was engaged in a public auction sale, a license to conduct a public auction sale, and a permit to sell "flea-fishing" stationery. He expressed a desire to know whether the City should ap-

prove

house

construction

begin

it was learned.

They also authorized the ad-

ministrators to secure more

members.

Officials of the Sanford Gas and Electric Company, of the City at a cost to

the group

leasing asset

the

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dues

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make

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