

Vote on July 16 For Compulsory Dipping of Cattle. Eradication of Cattle Fever Ticks Means More Beef and Milk for Ourselves and Our Soldiers

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY

THE SANFORD HERALD

ON TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

IN THE HEART OF THE WORLD'S GREATEST VEGETABLE SECTION

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DEHYDRATING PLANT WILL BE DISCUSSED AT THE BOARD OF TRADE TONIGHT

IMPORTANT PROJECT TO FARMERS AND MERCHANTS

The Sanford Board of Trade will take up the matter of the dehydrating plant at the meeting tonight and steps will be taken looking toward immediate action on this proposition when the times comes to go after it. Already California has taken advantage of the dehydrating idea and many large firms out there are dehydrating fruits and vegetables and are advertising their goods in the trade papers. Not only do they sell to the trade but are making enormous contracts with the government to furnish dehydrating fruits and vegetables to the armies and navies of the allied nations.

By the process of dehydration all the water is extracted from the fruits and vegetables and they are much lighter in shipping weight and will keep indefinitely. When ready to use the fruits and vegetables are placed in water and resume their original proportions and flavor and form. Foreign countries have been using this system for several years and find it is one of the best methods for keeping fruits and vegetables that has ever been discovered. And just at this time it will save jars and sugar and many other commodities that are extremely high in the putting up of fruits and vegetables.

Now the government will establish one plant or many plants in the fruit and vegetable sections of the country. The government will also aid and assist any private firms that wish to build dehydrating plants and since one of these plants can be established in Sanford and since it means so much to our growers and our merchants it is well for the Board of Trade, and every farmer and merchant to get busy and assist in obtaining this plant. The following bill has been presented and will be passed in a few days in the agricultural bill and shows just what the government intends to do in the matter of dehydrating plants:

"The establishment of dehydrating plants by the Department of Agriculture is covered in the following provision in the agricultural appropriation bill for 1919:

"To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to cooperate with individuals, firms or corporations, owning or operating plants for drying or dehydration of vegetables, fruits, and other perishable edible products, to determine the best means and processes of dehydration and to disseminate information as to the value and suitability of such products for human food, \$250,000, which sum shall be immediately available; Provided that the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby authorized, if the President shall determine it to be necessary, to use all or any part of this appropriation for the establishment and operation of a plant or plants for the dehydration of vegetables, fruits, and other perishable edible products in any place or places in the United States for the purpose of supplying food for the army and navy; and the money received from the operation of any such plant or plants shall constitute a revolving fund until June 30, 1919."

Truck Growers Here

Wednesday morning a party of prominent truck growers of Sanford passed through Plant City enroute to Tampa, where they met with growers from the Manatee section and considered matters of importance to the vegetable industry.

The party from Sanford included Rex Packard, president of the Sanford Truck Growers, Inc., John Holly, J. D. Hood, H. G. Deterich, and C. K. Lucas, directors, and D. C. Marlowe, formerly secretary to the Sanford Board of Trade but now with the truck growers body. Others in the party were Editor R. J. Holly of the Sanford Herald, S. J. Carnes and Mrs. Hood, Mrs. Deterich and Mrs. Lucas, who spent the time pleasantly in Tampa while their respective husbands were occupied with problems confronting the growers.—Plant City Courier.

FORREST LAKE HONORED

Sanford Man Made President of the State Bankers' Association

At the meeting of the Florida Association of state banks held in Jacksonville last week Hon. Forrest Lake of this city was honored by being elected president of the new association. He was also elected a delegate to the national convention of bankers to be held in St. Louis in September.

The meeting in Jacksonville was a most important one as the banking business is affected by the war similar to other lines of business and many questions of vital interest to the state banks were discussed.

Forrest Lake, president of the Seminole County Bank and O. L. Taylor, vice president and cashier of the Peoples Bank represented Sanford at the meeting.

Distinguished Visitors

An auto party including in its personnel Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Dieterich, Mr. and Mrs. Lucius, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Hood, Rex Packard, John Holly, R. J. Holly and son, Robert, D. C. Marlowe, secretary of the Board of Trade of Sanford passed through Kissimmee Wednesday enroute for Tampa to effect a joint growers association with Manatee county to cooperate in handling vegetables, especially the celery crop, for which Manatee and Seminole counties are justly famous. Our friend "Bob" was a welcome visitor at the Gazette office during their stop here.—Kissimmee Gazette.

Letter from Dr. Hyman

On Active Service with the American Expeditionary Force, June 12th, 1918.

Dear Friend Holly:

I am safe in France. Have been here for a number of weeks—soon after I visited Sanford. Wish I could tell you all I know, but cannot. I get the Herald regularly over here and believe me I am glad to get it. It goes to Camp Gordon and is then forwarded. If sent to me 326 Inf. Amer. Ex. Forces it will come direct.

I read your editorial in regard to running for office and admire it very much. You have got the right stuff in you. I have always known it. We are sure to win in this war but every person must do their part.

Give my best regards to all my friends, especially those of the Herald Household.

God bless you.

Yours truly,
George Hyman,
Chaplain.

Cust—Moffitt

News has been received in Sanford of the marriage of Mrs. Martha Cust of Mr. Elmore Avin Moffitt which took place in Birmingham, Alabama, June 25th.

Mrs. Cust is one of Sanford's most popular women, she is an active member of the Woman's Club and Red Cross and has many friends in Sanford.

Mr. Moffitt has a fine position with the government stationed at Sheffield, Ala. They will spend their summers in the north and winters in Sanford.

The business men of Titusville have formed a company and purchased the machinery of the Palmetto Products Company of Jacksonville and engage in the manufacture of Palmetto rugs, cotton baling, coarses burlap, sugar bags, grain and will move the plant to Titusville, where they will make coffee bags, cement bags, binder twine, etc. It is thought that the industry will prove a paying one and furnish employment to many people.

The owners of large tracts of land in St. Cloud and neighboring counties are waking up to the value of their lands for grazing purposes, and especially to the necessity for enclosing lands in order to improve their stock by intensified breeding methods and conserving native pasture grasses.

RED CROSS NOT USED FOR SHOWS

ENTERTAINMENTS NOT TO BE GIVEN IN THAT NAME

The following from the Orlando Reporter-Star will be most interesting to Sanford people:

Yesterday's session of the Red Cross executive committee was well attended and included much of helpful information and discussion of plans and work.

Letters received from Atlanta headquarters gave directions and suggestions regarding chapter allotments, these to be made for specific articles and quantities in other departments as has been done in surgical dressings, for with the vast numbers of makers it is necessary to regulate supplies and work in order to conserve labor and materials toward finishing articles that are most needed.

The importance of home service was stressed, with discussion of how best to meet the probable increasing need of such work here.

One letter discouraged the giving of entertainments for the Red Cross. This opened an animated discussion, different members expressing earnest disapproval of using the Red Cross name as an advertisement for entertainments, also that its great purpose as a work of mercy is so fully appreciated that people are glad to supply funds without expecting entertainment in return.

The following resolution, presented by Dr. Cason was seconded by Dean Glass and unanimously carried:

Whereas, The Red Cross represents sympathetic thought for those who are in distress, the sick, the wounded, the dying. In its purpose and scope, the work is clothed with the highest credentials of the sacred. The policy of the national administration is to keep the Red Cross apart upon the highest plane of respect and dignity. For this reason the use of the name is denied benefit entertainments, side shows, card parties and dances. The consistency of this attitude needs no argument. Publicity to merely making in the name of the Red Cross as a source of revenue for the unfortunate is a stain and wound to the refined sensibilities of our higher nature.

Therefore, be it resolved by the executive committee of the Orange County Chapter of the Red Cross, we most courteously and emphatically disapprove the use of the name Red Cross in connection with all merry making as a source of revenue. We specially disapprove of the designation "Red Cross Dance," "Red Cross Card Party," and of kindred entertainments.

A Canal, a Capsized Crew and a Coincidence

On the same day—Wednesday of this week—that the federal government turned down the long agitated proposition to take over the Florida East Coast Canal, a tragedy occurred off our shores which proved most strikingly and conclusively the need for an inland waterway along the East Coast of Florida. The United States dredge boat Florida, valued at a hundred and twenty five thousand dollars, is at the bottom of the Atlantic Ocean today and General Sackett, chief engineer of the district and two members of the crew are drowned, because the big craft was forced to go outside for its return trip from St. Lucie Inlet, there being insufficient water for the dredge to make the journey inside. The loss of a government dredge is a serious one to the country at this time. All facilities for ship building and machinery manufactured are otherwise engaged. But just so long as light draft shipping is compelled to go to sea in order to travel from port to port, just so long will the United States lose valuable men and material. Nature has almost builded the canal for us; man has but to complete the great work. As long as man keeps his talents buried, leaves his resources undeveloped, the Maker of all that is perfect and good will take a toll from man for his indolence.—St. Augustine Record.

HAD LOSS IN CATTLE BY TICKS

SEMINOLE CATTLE OWNERS KNOW WHAT IT MEANS

Dipping of cattle to eradicate the cattle fever ticks is a safe operation, but the ticks left to their own devilishness are very dangerous, according to the experience of Mr. S. O. Chase of this city.

In an attempt to start a breeding herd of fine cattle he bought 42 Hereford heifers last winter, which were guaranteed to be tick immune. He reports that 15 of those fine animals died of tick fever within a very short time after getting them on to his ranch.

One-third of his herds were wiped out by the ticks and some of the other animals went through a siege of tick fever which has retarded their development.

Dr. Blackman reports that he lost 200 native cattle out of a herd of 1,000 from tick fever during the winter before he put in his dipping vat, but since that has been in operation he has not lost an animal from tick fever.

Other Seminole county cattle owners have had similar experiences, resulting in the inauguration of a campaign to eradicate the cattle fever ticks, but it will be necessary under the state law for the qualified voters to authorize such a campaign.

Every voter should cast his ballot at the special election on July 16th for compulsory dipping of cattle, so the work can be done.

State College for Women

A copy of the latest catalogue of the Florida State College for Women has been received. It is a book of 127 pages and gives a brief statement of all the activities of the college.

From a general overview of the catalogue it is evident that the State College for Women is one of the leading woman's colleges in the country. It has the following divisions: College of Arts and Sciences; School of Education and Normal School; Schools of Home Economics; School of Music; School of Art; School of Expression and Physical Education; Business Department; Extension Division. All these departments offer thorough courses under the direction of able faculties.

The staff, including teachers and officers is composed of 65 men and women. The enrollment in the winter term of 1917-18 was 559. If to this be added that of the summer school for teachers and the short course in Home Economics, the total enrollment was 951. The student body represents practically every county in the state.

There are nine buildings on the campus when the new Educational building now under construction is completed. The college also operates a large farm to supply the dining room with milk and vegetables, thus reducing the cost of living on the campus.

It is to be noted that all of these high grade facilities are offered at a very low cost, making it possible for every Florida girl to get a first class college education. Florida offers her daughters the very best.

The Anthony Farms of Anthony have recently gotten in fifty head of pure bred Angus heifers and bull from Texas and one from Coopers, Ia. Three Dorset horned rams from Tranquillity Farms, New Jersey, and another mammoth jack from Kentucky. Also two Nubian milch goat billies.

West Palm Beach Chamber of Commerce is working for the location of a peanut oil mill for that section. In view of the prospects of such a mill being located there the farmers are planting quite a large acreage of this product.

Five thousand cattle were dipped in Volusia county during the month of May. The cattlemen of that county are determined to free the cattle of that county of the most expensive pest.

SANFORD AND MANATEE GROWERS TO CO-OPERATE IN VEGETABLE BUSINESS

SANFORD MOTOR CLUB

To Be Organized Next Thursday Night

At the Hotel Carnes Thursday night at 8:30 will be perfected the organization of Sanford Motor Club, to be affiliated with the American Automobile Association and with the Florida State Automobile Association, membership in Sanford Motor Club to also include membership in the state and national bodies.

The six principles to which the Motor Clubs of Florida are pledged are as follows:

1. The promotion of good roads in Florida.
2. Comprehensive road marking.
3. Enactment of progressive legislation and defeat of adverse legislation affecting automobiles.
4. Drastic action against theft of automobiles.
5. Accurate touring information for members.
6. Spreading of the gospel of Florida and her resources.

Present at the meeting will be president of the State Association M. M. Smith and Secretary Mead.

Cigars there will be and everybody will learn of the work that the motor clubs are doing and what will be expected of the Sanford Club.

Field Secretary P. K. Van Valkenburgh of the State Association will try to see every auto owner and sign them up.

Stop him anywhere and ask to see the New Radiator Emblem, etc.

RED CROSS PICNIC

Fourth Was Celebrated at Chuluota in Good Style

Chuluota, July 8.—The Red Cross picnic given here on the Fourth was a great success, both socially and financially and still held out the reputation that "picnics are always good at Chuluota."

The crowd began to gather in the forenoon to visit and compare notes of general interest. The Red Cross ladies devoted the time to selling tickets on the nice things to be sold for the Red Cross and to selling refreshments, etc.

Then came the bounteous dinner which put everyone in good cheer for the program following. After dinner the parade was formed.

Mrs. J. W. Nixon had charge of this part of the program and it was carried out to the letter. The parade was headed by Uncle Sam and Miss Columbia, Mr. and Mrs. J. Tilden Jacobs, both on the same gorgeously decorated white horse and bearing "Old Glory" in all its glory. Following this came the Seminole Home Guards on foot, then a car bearing Red Cross nurses and Red Triangle workers, then two cars bearing the Junior R. C. members, with a chief leader, Mrs. M. S. Averette all in gala attire suitable for the occasion. This was followed by the parade in which could be seen clowns, dunce, witches, Mother Goose sky sweeper, cow boys, cow girls, scouts, jesters and many other characters on horseback. The line drew up in front of the stand where Sheriff Brady and County Commissioner Kilbee gave short talks to the assembled crowd on the day and the organization, the war and all it means to our nation.

Our capable chairman, Mrs. C. D. Brumley deserves much credit for the able management of the affair.

Another Sanford Soldier

Charles A. Anderson, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Anderson of this city, with his parents' consent left three weeks ago to enlist in the service.

We have just been informed that Charles was successful in his efforts and is now at Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga. He has enlisted in the field artillery and will later be removed either to California or Florida.

We are looking for early promotion for Charles, for besides having spent three successful terms at Riverside Military Academy he is just "naturally" built of the "right kind of stuff," and will "get there." Sanford is proud of her soldier son.

WILL AFFILIATE WITH GROWERS ASSOCIATIONS

Journeying to Tampa last week several directors and officers of the Sanford Truck Growers Association met with the officers and directors of the Manatee Growers Association and many questions of vital interest to the growers of both sections were discussed. This is probably the first time in the history of the celery and lettuce business in Florida that the growers of these two great growing sections have met together on the topics of such great interest and it is a good omen for all the growers. It originated with the Manatee growers who several months ago were in Sanford to visit the Sanford growers and interest them in a state wide association—if possible.

The Sanford Association started at that time by a few live wire growers who realized that in union there is strength and the Sanford Truck Growers Incorporated was the result with a good strong body of officials ready to take the field for next season and headed by one of the best sales managers in the business. The Sanford truckers were fortunate in securing the aid of the Eastern Shore Association of Virginia, one of the strongest and best growers associations in the United States and the Sanford growers are ready and willing to stand together with the Manatee growers and from this association will come wonderful results.

The meeting in Tampa was most harmonious, demonstrating that the Sanford and Manatee growers realize as never before that their salvation lies in the closer union of the growers of Florida and the question of selling, growing, packing, etc., came up in the meeting. Several committees were formed and they will render their report at a meeting to be held in Tampa this month, at which time the Sanford and Manatee growers will get together under the head of a state association with separate organizations at Sanford and Bradentown at present and with other organizations at other points in Florida as other truckers wish to affiliate.

Sanford and Manatee ship the bulk of the celery and lettuce of this state and with these two great sections closely affiliated the systematic growing, shipping and selling of these products as well as other vegetables should now be placed upon a business basis through co-operative methods and close association.

Some of the most progressive farmers of each place have signed up with the new associations and there will be a close relationship between Manatee and Sanford, thus working together and for each other and placing nothing but the best celery and lettuce on the market under a guaranteed brand.

Opening of Schools

All Seminole county white schools will open for the fall term on September 16th, and all colored schools on October 14th, 1918.

T. W. Lawton, Supt.

Sanford Boys Overseas

All the Seminole county boys with Company C who were at Camp Wheeler since last year and who went to New Jersey to embark for France have arrived safely overseas according to postal cards received in this city from relatives and friends. This is good news to their families who were waiting anxiously each day to hear from them. Seminole boys will be there with the goods when they get in the front line.

Presbyterian Church

The Presbyterian Sunday school had some interesting features Sunday. Four children of the Primary Department graduated into the Junior Department. Appropriate exercises were held. The graduates demonstrated to the whole school their memory work, reciting a large number of selections from the Scripture and singing from memory.

The secretary reported that there were 8 more women and girls present than there were men and boys. The boys could not stand that, so at Christian Endeavor Sunday night there were more boys than girls.

STAR THEATRE

STAR LIGHT---STAR BRIGHT
SOMETHING DOING EVERY NIGHT

FRIDAY --- Goldwyn Features --- Mae Marsh and Tom Moore in "THE CINDERELLA MAN" also MUTT and JEFF.

SATURDAY---Norma Talmadge in "THE GHOST OF YESTERDAY" also the First Chapter of the Most Thrilling Serial Ever Made "THE LIONS CLAWS". Prices will not be Advanced.

MONDAY---Fox Standard Picture in Ten Acts, "THE HONOR SYSTEM". If you see this Picture and don't Declare it is the Best Sanford has Ever Seen you can come to the Box Office and try to get your money back.

TUESDAY---Francis X. Bushman and Beverly Bayne in "THE VOICE OF CONSCIENCE" also "THE WOMAN IN THE WEB"

Wednesday --- The Celebrated, The World Famous Mme. Nazimova in "REVELATION"

AMUSEMENT

"IN HONOR SYSTEM"

Border Town Raid and Life in Latest Big William Fox Film Thrill the Spectators

At the Star Theatre Monday. Much has been said about the value of the sensational photoplay, "The Honor System," which will be seen in this city soon, and in the general human sympathy aroused from this angle one might lose sight of the other great and distinguishing qualities of this master drama which R. A. Walsh directed and which William Fox is presenting.

Eliminating the great moral story, the powerful record of human love and sympathy, and judging it from

the viewpoint of a spectacle, one is forced to the conclusion that it is one of the finest pieces of realism the motion picture stage has yet seen.

True, no great cities tumble, and no heavens fall, and the bowels of the earth are not exposed to view, but this photoplay shows more real, flat on the earth human existence than any film story that has yet been made for the amusement of the public.

There are scenes depicting the frontier life of Arizona which are without parallel on the screen. Mr. Walsh was born and raised in Arizona and shows it first in his selection of types. He positively uses no Bergen (N. J.) cowboys, and, after all, that's a good start. His men of the West breathe, snort and fight Western fashion. And they love that way, too.

The most moving scene is when the cowpunchers and rangers of one town dash madly on their Mustangs and cayuses to the rescue of their pals in another border town. It has been raided by Mexican bandits, and Mr. Walsh's scene makes Villa's Columbus raid look like a game of croquet. The word has been brought to the boys of Lariat by Joe Stanton, the hero. In a whirlwind of passion they ride across the desert, the American flag at the head, and save the town.



FRANCIS X. BUSHMAN and BEVERLY BAYNE in "THE VOICE OF CONSCIENCE"

At the Star Theatre Tuesday

German Spies Threaten Empey for His Patriotic Efforts Here

That German spies still are active in this country was proved recently in the case of Sergeant Arthur Guy Empey, author of "Over the Top" and hero of the big Vitagraph pic-

ture of the same title which is founded on the book. Twice in one day the Sergeant, who had taken time off from the motion picture studio to deliver several patriotic lectures in Pennsylvania cities was mysteriously threatened. During his address at Scranton he received a whispered warning to cease his activities and the same night, on a sleeper he again heard the sibilant threat: "We'll get you yet."

Empey, who has been lecturing in behalf of Americanism, the Liberty Loan, the Red Cross, and tobacco funds for soldiers, says he has received many threats by mail and even bribery proposals sent by enemies of the United States. To all threats and proffers the fighting American replies: "Five million Hunns haven't been able to make the boys over there quit and a few over here" are not going to make me quit.

Empey, who is said to be a natural born actor, lives over again in "Over the Top," the vivid and exciting days that he spent in the front line trenches of France as rifleman, bomber and machine gunner. During the making of trench scenes at Camp Wheeler, Ga., he gave the soldiers in training there a real insight into trench fighting and, being one of them was able to picture for the men actual conditions as they exist in the trenches.

By taking the military scenes at the big army camp, the Vitagraph Company was brought into close co-operation with the War Department, it having been agreed that the company would submit to the department all trench scenes taken as they appear in the rough and later as they appear in the completed picture. Thus, the picture which was conceived in a spirit of patriotism as an aid in stirring enthusiasm becomes a semi-official adjunct of the recruiting service.

Sergeant Empey may be seen here in person soon, as efforts are being made to have him lecture here. Since he began lecturing on the war the sergeant has appeared before hundreds of thousands of people in the big cities of the country and it is declared that he will appear in practically every town of importance before he returns to the fighting front. Lyric, July 10-11.

What Critics Say About "The Honor System"

Moving Picture World
"The Honor System" meets every demand. It reveals an extensive and correctly mounted production, filled with striking scenes, much quick action and a human appeal that will find ready response from every true man and worthy woman."

Brooklyn Eagle
"Too much that is good cannot be said about it. It is a play that deals with big things in a big way. Interest is never lost throughout the thread of the intensely human drama."

and the execution itself is remarkable."

Dramatic News
"William Fox has given us a picture that stands shoulder to shoulder with the 'Birth of a Nation'."

New York American
"The Birth of a Nation" at last eclipsed. Made new history in the film business. The most vital story ever put on the screen."

New York Evening World
"A masterpiece of film drama. Comes up to the characterization of 'greatest human story ever' told from beginning to end."

New York Evening Sun
"William Fox has done a service in producing it. It is a picture big with humanity. Treats a great subject squarely. The large cast is excellent."

New York Evening Journal
"If you don't sit in your chair and hold on tight you are not human."

New York Globe
"Thrilling plot. Absorbing, convincing."

New York Evening Mail
"The Honor System" has biggest theme of any screen production thus far. It will touch and move you—and set you thinking. It is an advance in story, marking the entrance of the photoplay into a big field of activity."

German Aviator is Captured in Picture of "Over the Top"
Lyric July 10-11

Sergeant Arthur Guy Empey went to Washington recently on a mission connected with his recruiting activities and a government pilot took him aloft thinking to have fun with the trench here and author of "Over the Top," by showing him a few stunts he had never seen above the fighting lines in France. Several thousand feet over the Capitol he looped, dove and turned his machine up side down, but never disturbing the imperturbability of Empey, who as they were descended shouted to the pilot to know when he was going to begin his stunts.

"Empey is too tough a proposition for me," admitted the flier, in telling of his experience, as any person will learn who tries to pull anything on him.

Sergeant Empey will be seen in actual airship scenes in Vitagraph's picturization of his famous book, "Over the Top," based on his experiences in first line trenches. In one scene he captures a German flier behind his own lines and forces him to fly with Empey and an American girl to safety behind the French and British lines.

"The Ghost of Yesterday"
Norma Talmadge, Queen of the Cabaret Life of Paris in "The Ghost of Yesterday" at the Star Theatre Saturday.

Along with Norma Talmadge's fame as one of the leading emotional actresses of the screen, she has established an enviable high mark for the elaborateness of her Select Star Series productions. In "Ghost of Yesterday," she has exceeded even that superb record by the excellence of the sets introduced into this picture. The interior of the Bal Tabarin, the internationally famous cabaret resort of Paris was reproduced with special fidelity since this is the scene of perhaps the most stirring bits in this thrilling photodrama.

The background for this action is without doubt the most elaborate and costly cabaret set ever erected for reproduction in a drama of the screen. It has cost thousands of dollars and has employed men at work on the set for the tremendous outlay. Miss Talmadge declares it is the most beautiful set in which she has ever appeared, and her pronouncement is echoed by the reviewers and other critics who have viewed this production. In this set we see the entire interior of the



NAZIMOVA in "REVELATION" COMING TO STAR THEATRE

famous resort—at one end, the spacious stage curtained off with heavy velvet hangings, the myriad tables of the large restaurant, and in the center the dance floor on which the main action occurs.

Paris itself at carnival time was never gayer than the Talmadge-studio during the filming of these cabaret scenes. Five hundred pounds of confetti were used, for example, and over two hundred extra men and women participated.

"Over the Top"
American soldiers training for service in France received vivid and valuable instruction in trench warfare a few weeks ago when Sergeant Arthur Guy Empey, author of "Over the Top" and war lecturer went to Camp Wheeler at Macon, Ga., to make trench scenes for the motion picture production of "Over the Top," which the Vitagraph Company is producing. Empey, who served eighteen months in France as a member of the Royal London Fusiliers, suffered seven wounds during three engagements and was actively engaged in battle with rifle, bayonet, bomb and machine gun.

His experience was more diversified than that of the average soldier, and for this reason he was able to show our troopers the different angles of trench fighting in more convincing manner than many of the official instructors could.

Took Troops "Over Top"
During the two weeks that Empey and the Vitagraph Company were at work at Camp Wheeler, the little sergeant carried the troops over the top a score of times and it is declared that this practical demonstration by a man who had done it many times in actual battle was of great value to the troops in training.

Government permission for the Vitagraph Company to use an army camp for motion picture purposes was due, in large measure, to the fact that "Over the Top" as produced by Vitagraph is expected to have a helpful effect in the government's war work. The story of the play is based on Empey's famous book which has been read by more than 2,500,000 persons, and it is said to present in vivid relief many stirring incidents which will inspire Americans everywhere to determined efforts to wipe out German barbarity. Another factor which entered into the matter was Empey's personal patriotic work.

Loyal War Worker
Since his return to the U. S., he has been the most conspicuous individual war worker in the country. Through his speeches he raised more than \$1,000,000 for the Second Liberty Loan, inspired thousands of men to enlist and raised, through lectures and the sale of autographed copies of his book, approximately \$75,000 for the Red Cross and soldiers' smoke fund.

Taking these things into consideration the War Department consented to permit Vitagraph the use of Camp Wheeler and the troops there on condition that the company submit to the department for approval all scenes taken at the camp and the completed picture. Albert E. Smith, president of Vitagraph, agreed to the conditions and "Over the Top" thus became a semi-official production, which lends great weight to it aside from the dramatic values that the picture contains.—Lyric, July 10-11.



Mae Marsh in "THE CINDERELLA MAN" GOLDWYN PICTURES

At the Star Theatre Tonight—Friday

Notice to Property Owners
Notice is hereby given that the Board of County Commissioners will meet on the 5th day of July, A. D. 1918, at the Court House at 10 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of hearing and acting upon all such owners or agents as desire to appear and enter complaints as to the valuations raised by the Board of County Commissioners on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1918, when sitting as a board of equalizers and to hear any reason that may be given why the valuation as fixed by the board on any real estate or personal property should be changed. The Board of County Commissioners sitting as a board of equalizers on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1918, having fully discussed the statements and facts as presented decided to increase the valuation upon the following described property covering certain parcels of land and items of personal property as follows:

J. M. McLaughlin—Beg. 25 ft. E. of NW Cor. of SW 1/4 of Sec. 32, Tp. 20 S., R. 30 E., run E. 328.4 ft. S. to pt. on S line of Orange ave., E. 197.6 ft. S. to Ry. Right along Ry. to N. E. of Jessup ave., W. 254 ft. to NE. Cor. of Jessup and E. Lake Ave. N. to beg. Railed from \$400.00 to \$1000.00.

Mrs. Robert Allen—Lots 288 and 290, Longwood. Railed from \$200.00 to \$400.00.

S. M. Entzinger—Lot 169 (Less N. 21.81 ft.). Longwood. Railed from \$200.00 to \$400.00.

S. M. Entzinger—Beg. S. W. Cor. Church St. and E. Lake Ave., run S. 200 ft. W. 400 ft. N. 200 ft. E. 400 ft., Sec. 31, Tp. 20 S., R. 30 E. Railed from \$200.00 to \$2,500.00.

Mrs. E. L. Seary—Beg. 200 ft. W. of NE. Cor. of SW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 31, Tp. 20 S., R. 30 E., run S. 1320 ft., W. 451.9 ft., N. 1086.2 ft., S. 70 deg. 33 min. E. 43 ft., N. 19 deg. 20 min. E. 149 ft., N. 1 deg. 15 min. W. 114.4 ft., E. 147.6 ft., N. 48 deg. E. 119.5 ft., N. 46 deg., 45 min. E. 163 ft., S. 182 ft. less 34 ft. in NE. part sold to T. G. Iowbrack. Railed from \$100.00 to \$1000.00.

D. W. Clouser—Beg. 1061 ft. W. of SE. Cor. of NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 31, Tp. 20 S., R. 30 E., run N. 396 ft., E. 1061 ft., S. 46 deg. 45 min. W. 433 ft., S. 48 deg. W. 117.5 ft., W. 147.6 ft., S. 1 deg. 15 min. E. 114.4 ft., S. 19 deg. 20 min. W. 149.5 ft., N. 70 deg. 35 min. W. 415.5 ft., E. 353 ft., N. 26 deg. 40 min. W. 132 ft. E. 353 ft., N. 26 deg. 40 min. W. Railed from \$300.00 to \$500.00.

M. J. Jensen—SW 1/4 of NE 1/4 and NE 1/4 of NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 15, Tp. 21 S., R. 29 E. Railed from \$750.00 to \$1000.00.

J. C. Thelen—Lots 109 and 410, Altamonte Land Hotel & Navigation Co. Railed from \$600 to \$1000.

M. J. Peterson—Lot 465 Altamonte Land Hotel & Navigation Co. Railed from \$1500.00 to \$2000.00.

Thos. Sprague—Lots 430, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, and a strip 24 1/2 ft. wide of rear of Lots 428 and 429, Altamonte Land Hotel & Navigation Co. Railed from \$2500.00 to \$3000.00.

F. P. Waterhouse—Lots 603 and 604 (less part W. of a line beg. NW Cor. Lot 604 and run S. 742 ft.), Altamonte Land Hotel & Navigation Co. Railed from \$1000.00 to \$1500.00.

J. M. Lewis—Lots 574 575 and 576, Altamonte Land Hotel & Navigation Co. Railed from \$400. to \$1000.

J. M. Lewis—Lots 577 to 580, Altamonte Land Hotel & Navigation Co. Railed from \$1000.00 to \$2000.00.

T. A. Briggs—Lots 621 and 644, Altamonte Land Hotel & Navigation Co. Railed from \$1500.00 to \$2000.00.

S. M. McIntyre—8 1/2 of Lots 555, 556 and 557 and 8 1/2 of 558 and all 57, Altamonte Land Hotel & Navigation Co. Railed from \$3000.00 to \$4500.00.

G. E. and E. C. Bates—Lots A, 384, 445, 610, Altamonte Land Hotel & Navigation Co. Railed from \$4000.00 to \$7500.00.

C. N. H. Fogg—NW 1/4 of NE 1/4 of Sec. 11, Tp. 24 S., R. 29 E. Railed from \$1800.00 to \$2500.00.

Personal Property
Dr. J. W. Nixon—Railed from \$1740.00 to \$2550.00.
M. G. Grasham—Railed from \$220.00 to \$500.00.
E. A. DOUGLASS, Clerk.
Board of County Commissioners.
91-Fri-Ste

LYRIC THEATRE

TONIGHT---Dorothy Dalton in "Love Letters" also Comedy
SATURDAY---Special Program
MONDAY---Mary Pickford in "Amarily of Clothesline Alley"

COMING JULY 10-11th
Sergt. Arthur Guy Empey

"Over the Top"

It is the Real Stuff

By a Man who Fought One Year and a Half in No Man's Land. See over 7,500 of our Boys at Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga., take part in this Picture

RESERVE SEATS AT BOWER & ROUMILLAT
Children 27c plus 3c equals 30c Adults 50c plus 5c equals 55c

Sanford Shoe & Clothing Company
The Home of Hart Schaffner and Marx clothes

CURBSTONE GLEANINGS

BUDGET OF OPINION "JUST BETWEEN YOU AND ME."

EVEN THE GATE POST NOT IN IT

A CHIEF IS AMONG YE TAKING NOTES AND FAITH, "HE'LL PRENT 'EM"—SO SAYS SAUNTERER.

Pa's Made a Raise
 Say, you ought to hear me singing, she's happy as a lark,
 And her smile stays on from mornin' till a long time after dark.
 She's buying new rugs and gettin' a new costly switch to wear,
 And she takes a car whenever she goes callin' anywhere.
 She has bought herself a diamond, and you ought to see it blaze;
 Ma's cheerful as a robin—since Pa's made a raise.
 Sister's busy gettin' dresses that cost an awful pile,
 And the hats that she's been buyin' are the very latest style.
 She's to go away this summer with some people named the Cooks,
 Is she happy? Well, I guess so! You can tell it by her looks.
 She goes hummin' songs and dancin' and in four thousand ways,
 Let's us know that she is cheerful since Pa's made a raise.
 Pa still works the same as ever, and he's smokin' stogies yet;
 Wears the suit he got last summer, and I guess he's still in debt.
 Anyhow, he starts off early and comes home fagged at night,
 And his forehead's getting wrinkled and his hair is turning white.
 Can't somehow help feelin' sorry as I set and watch his gaze
 With a vacant stare at nothin'—Yes, Pa's made a raise.
 So many travelers in cars stop and ask me the road to the beach or the road to Orlando or any of the places where motorists are apt to go.
 Now a great many cities post the road through the city by marking

the telephone poles with a white or a red band around them which is an unfailing trail through the city limits. No matter how small the town it always takes time and inquiry about how to get through and keep on the right road. For instance, Sanford could paint a white band around all telegraph or telephone or even the electric light poles all the way through the city showing the roads to take to get in and out and it would be appreciated. I know this for I have been lost in several cities in Florida lately and had to bother people with questions and it is surprising the number of people who do not know what you are asking about and the number of wrong directions that they give you. Will the Board of Trade and the City Council please take up this matter before the fall travel begins.
 I understand that the city council at their last meeting cut out a great many expenditures that they thought could be eliminated and thus saved the city many dollars in real money. I have not found out yet just what they cut but commend them on their action for every dollar saved now is a dollar earned and if there are anything that the city can do without this is certainly the time to do without them. All of us are sacrificing these days and no one should kick on expenditures being cut by the city and the county.

AMONG THE SCOUTS

Boy Scouts of America—Troop 1 Sanford
 The meeting for Thursday, July 4, 1918, was called to order by Patrol Leader McAlexander on account of the absence of the Scout Master.
 The minutes of last meeting were read and approved. The roll was called and dues collected.
 Some business was discussed, one

report heard and three by-laws passed on.
 Because of the small attendance the mile relay race formerly planned was postponed for one week, after which meeting adjourned.
 Some of the Scouts rode to Palm Springs on their wheels last Wednesday evening and returned Thursday afternoon after having a fine over night camp.
 As a troop we are something over a year old and still growing, under the leadership of Scout Master Marlowe and Asst. Scout Master Giles. J. W. Musson, Scribe.

CHULUOTA SNAPSHOTS

The weather is ideal summer time with plenty of showers to keep us cool and to keep vegetation growing.
 Potato planting has been the order of the day for the past two weeks. The farmers have nearly all finished putting out their crops.
 Mr. and Mrs. George Jacobs spent Wednesday in Orlando on a business trip.
 Miss Mary Triple of New Smyrna is spending several days here visiting Mrs. C. D. Brumley.
 Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Towns and children of City Point spent the Fourth with Mrs. Towns' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Gabe Long.
 Jas. T. Nixon left on the 27th ult. to enter the military service of U. S. He is stationed at Columbia, S. C.
 Miss Katherine Flynt of Geneva spent several days with Miss Ethel Collins last week.
 Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Raulerson and son Alfred of Ft. Pierce visited Mrs. Raulerson, mother of Mrs. M. E. Jacobs last week.
 Edwin Jacobs, who has been confined to his bed with typhoid fever for the past six weeks seems to be improving slowly.
 Miss Edna Austin, trained nurse from Orlando is taking care of Edwin Jacobs during his illness.
 Ulyses Bentley who has been in Georgia packing peaches for the last month has arrived home.
 Mrs. Eric Bruno, who has been in Alabama in the interest of home education business came home Wednesday night.
 Our War Savings Stamp drive was a great success for a community of this size. Mrs. Brumley for the ladies' club, Mrs. Snyder authorized agent and Mrs. J. T. Jacobs in the postoffice kept things busy during the drive.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Porterfield and children who have been visiting in Atlanta and other points in Georgia arrived home Wednesday morning.
 The little children of Henry Futch of Tittsville are visiting relatives in this community.
 David Self went to Tampa one day last week and brought home with him a lovely bride. This was a complete surprise to his friends. The bride was Miss Iva Moray who has spent several vacations in Culluota and who has many friends here.
 On Wednesday night the young folks gathered up and taking their refreshments with them went and gave the newly married couple a rousing serenade. All report a very pleasant evening.

Notice

City council will sit as a board of equalization on Monday night, August 5th, 7:30 p. m.
 Anyone wanting tax adjustments will please appear before them at that time.
 R. C. Maxwell,
 90-Tues-4tc Assessor.

SEMINOLE'S ROLL OF HONOR

Navy
 Karl Schultz, Sherman Routh, Collier Brown, Oliver Murrell, Ned Chittenden, Roy Chittenden, Ralph Roumillat, Allan Jones, Morris Spencer, Hugh White, Oscar Rouse, C. J. Lawton, James Purvis, William Hartley, Wallace Liphord, W. C. Temple, Forrest Gatchell, Ed. Cameron, Lyman Baker, E. S. Ward, Robert Deane, Tenny Deane, F. F. Roper, Douglass C. Griffin, W. M. Chancellor, Theo. Stiles, Alton E. Farnell.

Army

John Murrell, Kenneth Murrell Leslie Hill, Seth Woodruff, Stanley Walker, Dr. Ralph Stevens, Joe Chittenden, Oscar Speer, Bruce Anderson, Ernest Gregory, Fred Mason, George McLaughlin, Harold Washburn, Albert Fry, James Estridge, George Huff, Thomas Sullivan, W. A. Pattishall, Meade Fox, Ingram Guerry, Henry Byrd, Osborne Williams, Nail Lovell, Martin Temple, Robert Robinson, Arthur Dickens, John Lee, Jr., A. Stafford, Andrew Aulin, John Cater Lawton, Alfred M. Beck, Herbert Fuller, Joe Lewis.
 Arthur Lewis, Melville C. Tyler, J. F. Coates, Ernest Gormley, Walter Radford, Corbett Hutchinson, Sam Pevehouse, Harry Carlson, C. E. Hunter, Wilson Miller, Harold Long James Weaver, Norman Baker, Ernest C. Morris, Ike House, T. M. Hill, Harry Rabun, Guy Stafford, Lewtie Oglesby, Denler Stafford, T. O. Gillis, Willie O. Goolsby, Harrold Holiday, C. R. Peabody, Robert Merriwether, Robert Routh, Stafford LeFils, Grover LeFils, Paul Dooley, E. L. Mott, Frank Campbell, William Hartley, Floyd Washburn, Oscar DuBose, Edwin L. Dinkle.
 Sam J. Pickens, Harry H. Newman, Bryan Walker, Andrew J. King, Charles Priesang, Robt. O. Weeks, Walfred Pierson, W. P. Perritte, Adolph Shaw, Barney F. Griggs, Harry Miles, Duncan Mitchell, Drawdy Matthers, Lewis Collins, John A. Rhodes, John R. Long, William B. Lynch, James H. Lee, J. C. Hutchinson, C. T. Smith, Roy Mason, Dr. T. A. Neal, George Hyman, John E. Hawkins, Fred Ballard, Carl Robert Willie, Joe Zapf, Ralph Geiger, Harry Geiger, Fred Ballard, Robert Hill.
 Eddie Potter, Raymond McDonald, Carl McDonald, Clarence Temple, Joe Guerry, William Shepard, Carl Takach, Victor M. Greene, First Lieut. Geo. G. Herring, Second Lieut. Ralph Wight, Clarence Mahoney, Homer Wynne, Walter Mason, John Pezold, Paul Pezold, Edmond Stowe, Frank Leasing, Arthur Lossing, Berkeley Blackman, Worthington Blackman, Wallace Lee, Henry Lee, Alvin Kendall, Brittain Johnson, Joseph Wynn, Chas. S. Lee, Tate Chapman, Robert A. Cobb, J. J. Driggers, A. I. Ross, Tom Meredith, William Coulbourn, Fred Wight.
 Reginald Holly, Virgil Lee Smith, Carl Malm, Hume Rymph, Carl Bruton, H. A. Chorpeneing, Harry Phillips, Louis B. Lenartz, Enoch M. Austin, Edward C. Austin, Isaac M. Dyess, Will Erickson, C. S. Hickson, T. F. Singletary, J. O. Huff, Edward Routh, J. R. Stroud, E. H. Webb, Edwin Raulerson, Ralph King, C. A. Clark, Marcus Leinhart, McDonald Charraway, George A. De Cottes, Harry Cobb.

Alice Brady

When a woman loves, she is ready to make any sacrifice. That is the moral of "Her Silent Sacrifice," the gripping heart interest photodrama in which Alice Brady, the Select Pictures star will appear at the Star Theatre next Thursday. Her loved one, an American artist has great

talents, but needs the support of some influential person to further his career. The arrival of Prince Boisard, an old roue, gives her the opportunity, and the unsophisticated little country girl promises to give herself to him in return for his aid to the young artist. The Prince fulfills his part of the bargain, and in the mean time plies the girl with every luxury and attraction of smart Parisian society life. After the artist receives the Grand Prize the girl carries out her part of the agreement by publicly acknowledging the Prince as her lover; but the fare which watches over true lovers saves her from the greatest sacrifice. Through the Prince's Hindu servant, the tangle is finally unravelled, and "the man and the maid" embarked together upon the blissful seas of matrimony.
 Like every select Star Picture, "Her Silent Sacrifice," with Alice Brady will thrill you and gladden your heart.

Valley of Great Natural Wealth.
 The largest river emptying into the Pacific within the confines of Peru is the Santa, which waters the valley back of Chimbote, and is capable of supplying power to many industries and water for the irrigation of a vast area. In the Santa valley there exist extensive coal deposits. The coal found here is anthracite, and is said to be of a good quality for the manufacture of briquets.

NOTICE

Believing that FIRE INSURANCE RATES charged by old line stock companies are too high, I have secured the agency of the FLORIDA MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of Tampa, Florida. This company saved its policy holders 20 per cent last year and hopes to do better in the future. The company is organized under the state law and selects its risks carefully, and the profits go back to the policy holders, instead of being paid in dividends to stockholders.

Being a mutual company, the policy holders are pledged to pay the premium the second time in case the company needs more money than the original premium in order to pay losses. This adds to the security of the policy holders and is necessary because there is no capital stock. However, the chances that such an assessment will be made is very remote.

If interested, before your policy expires, bring it to my office at Room 8 in the Court House, and make application for its renewal in the Mutual Company.
 M. F. Robinson, Agent.
 91-4tc

HENRY McLAULIN JEWELER

MY SPECIALTIES:
 PICKARD'S HAND-PAINTED CHIN
 GORHAM'S STERLING SILVER
 ROGERS' PLATED WARE
 ELGIN AND WALTHAM WATCHES

RED CROSS MEETING
 The Third Friday of every month will be a business meeting of the Red Cross, at Woman's Club on Oak Avenue, at 2:30 p. m.

C. H. DINGEE
Plumbing and Gas Fitting

All Work Receives My Personal Attention and Best Efforts
 Opposite City Hall Telephone No. 28

BUSINESS CARDS

One Inch Cards Will Be Published Under This Heading At The Rate Of \$7.50 Per Year.

O. S. VAUGHAN OPTOMETRIST
 EYES EXAMINED and GLASSES FITTED
 Schaal's Jewelry Store. 123 W. First St

Dr. DOWNING
 Formerly of the U. S. Army
 CONSULTING PHYSICIAN
 SEMINOLE COUNTY BANK BLDG.

Dr. C. J. Marshall
 Office 309 Park Avenue.
 Telephone 291
 Office Hrs: 10-12 a. m. & 2-4 p. m.

DR. L. D. BROWN
 DENTIST
 Office Yowell-Speer Building
 Phone 108 Sanford, Florida

THOMAS EMMET WILSON
 E. FERGUSON HOUSHOLDER
Wilson & Hoasholder
 LAWYERS
 Sanford, Florida

SHELLE MAINES
 LAWYER
 OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE
 SANFORD -- FLORIDA

FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR

30 WESTERN COW HORSES

To be Sold at Public Auction
SATURDAY, JULY 13th
 Beginning at 10:00 A. M., at
J. R. HAYDEN CO'S.
 FARM ON BEARDALL AVENUE
Sanford, Seminole County, Florida

This is one of the Best Lots of Cow and General Purpose Horses Ever Offered for Sale in Seminole County. Some of these Horses have Foals by their sides and others have been Bred by Good Sires. : : : : :
This is Your Best Opportunity to Buy a Good Horse Cheap

Notice to Our Customers
 Notice is hereby given that we will close our business at noon on Saturday instead of Thursday, during the three summer months beginning June 22. All orders received up to twelve o'clock will be delivered.
HILL LUMBER CO.

Cypress Lumber
 For Barns, Fences, Out-Houses
Chase & Co., Sanford, Fla.

D. C. BROCK
 MERCHANT TAILOR, CLEANER, DYER AND REPAIRER
 Sanitary Steam Pressing, Hot Gasoline Dry Cleaning. Alterations of All Kinds on Short Notice
 Join Our Gentlemen's Valet Club. \$2.00 Per Month.
SUITS \$15.00 UPWARD
 CALL AND SEE ME ON SANFORD AVE. PHONE 174

DAIRY PRODUCTS VERY ESSENTIAL

Wiser Use of By-Products Is
Clearly Shown to Be War
Necessity.

IMPORTS HAVE BEEN STOPPED

Greatest Loss in Milk Industry Is Failure
to Use Skim Milk and Butter-
milk for Human Food—Plan
for Better Dairying.

Dairy products are essential to the well-being of the nation, and the dairy cow produces more food with less feed than any other of our domestic animals. Before the war the United States received dairy products from about twenty foreign countries; now these supplies have been largely stopped and it has become necessary not only to replace them at home, but also to export large quantities. In 1914, for instance, we imported ap-

proximately 87,000,000 pounds more of dairy products than we exported, not including fresh milk and cream. In 1917 we exported 320,000,000 pounds more than we imported.

Our Milk Flow in 1917. The total amount of milk produced in this country in 1917 is estimated to be 81,911,350,000 pounds. Large losses occur, and the greatest is through the failure fully to utilize skimmed milk and buttermilk for human food. These products have all of the food value of the whole milk except the fat. A given quantity of them would produce seven times as much food value in the form of cottage cheese as they would produce in the form of meat if fed to live stock. The possibilities of increasing the supply of food by the fuller utilization of these by-products are enormous. In brief, there should be a better utilization of skimmed milk and buttermilk, both as food on the farm and through the market.

Ways to Better Dairying. Better results in dairying may be secured by proper sanitation and care in producing and handling milk; by better care and utilization of pastures; by raising on the farm adequate supplies of roughage, particularly legumes and silage to take the place of grains so far as is practicable; by preserving for dairy purposes all the high-producing animals and eliminating those that

are inefficient; by feeding according to production so as to secure the greatest yield of milk with the least quantity of feed, which necessitates a record of production of individual cows; by the full utilization in the community of good bulls throughout the entire period of their usefulness and to their full capacity; and, by the prompt control of disease.

Producing Quality Beef.

Live-stock markets during recent years have experienced a continual growing demand for well-fattened beef animals weighing from 900 to 1,200 pounds. In order to meet this demand and secure the highest prices, breeders are showing an increased tendency toward finishing off their beef cattle at younger ages. Stock raisers find it more profitable to conduct their operations in this manner than to hold their cattle to advanced ages as was the custom some years ago, when pasture land was cheaper than it is at present.

Such a demand must necessarily be supplied by well-finished animals from fourteen to twenty months old carrying a large percentage of blood of one of the early-maturing beef breeds, usually that of the Hereford, Aberdeen-Angus, or Shorthorn. To distinguish them from animals of other beef classes, these yearlings have come to be designated as baby beefs. The use

of better bulls with consequent improvement in quality and early maturity is an essential in the production of baby beef. The preparation for market of this class of beefs requires more skill than is necessary in the production of animals marketed at more mature ages, but, as has been stated, it is also usually more profitable. Heavier grain feeding is necessary, but as the feeding period is shorter a less amount of grain is necessary to bring the cattle to maturity.

About Shaving Milk's Cost.

Serious increases in the cost of producing milk have resulted in recent years from feed and labor problems. This increase is in keeping with the increase in the cost of almost all other commodities, and the consumer must expect to pay his portion of any legitimate increase in the cost of production occasioned by these conditions.

On the other hand there is need of more attention to better management on the average farm devoted to the production of milk. The amount of milk produced per cow is frequently so low as to reflect seriously on the business ability of the owner. There is no good excuse for slack business methods on the dairy farm. Directions for keeping records of milk yields and cost of production are furnished by each state agricultural college and

by the United States department of agriculture.

Keep a Clean Cow Barn.

The most common defect in dairy stables is a lack of cleanliness; cobwebs on the ceiling and manure on the walls are too common in some places. The dairyman must not allow cobwebs, dust or dirt to accumulate if he expects to produce the highest grade of milk. With a tight, smooth ceiling and smooth walls without ledges this is not difficult. Whitewash should be freely applied both to the walls and ceiling at least twice a year, as it helps to purify the stable and to keep it light. An abundance of light is necessary; four square feet of glass for each cow is generally sufficient if the windows are well distributed and not obstructed in any way. If the stable is located with its length north and south it receives the purifying benefits of both morning and afternoon sun.

Beware Enemy Propaganda.

"It wasn't guns that defeated Russia. It was propaganda. It was propaganda that defeated Italy. If we are defeated it will not be guns that will defeat us, but it will be propaganda. If our poets are already being silenced one by one, that is a bad sign. America needs her poets today as she has never

needed them during the one hundred and forty years of her existence, to combat the insidious pretexts that Germany is still spreading broadcast amongst us."

This is not my own statement, but that of one of the most notable young singers, Herman Hagedorn. It is so well expressed I do not know how to better it, and I can only sign my name and say "Amen."—Vachel Lindsay of the Vigilantes.

An Old Resident.

Tommy, four, was taking his visiting nunt for a walk. She was a little dubious as to where Tommy was leading her, so finally she questioned: "Tommy, are you sure you know where you are going?" Tommy replied, scornfully: "Do you think I've lived four years in this city and don't know my way about yet?"

Rich Platinum Rock.

Platinum is now being secured in Siberia from dunite, a conglomerate rock, which exists there in large quantities. By grinding and washing processes the platinum is extracted from the chrome-iron ore contained in the rock. A recent experiment secured 200 ounces of platinum out of 9,720 pounds of chromitic slack.

Are the Packers Profiteers?

Plain Facts About the Meat Business

The Federal Trade Commission in its recent report on war profits, stated that the five large meat packers have been profiteering and that they have a monopoly of the market.

These conclusions, if fair and just, are matters of serious concern not only to those engaged in the meat packing business but to every other citizen of our country.

The figures given on profits are misleading and the statement that the packers have a monopoly is unsupported by the facts.

The packers mentioned in the report stand ready to prove their profits reasonable and necessary.

The meat business is one of the largest American industries. Any citizen who would familiarize himself with its details must be prepared for large totals.

The report states that the aggregate profits of four large packers were \$140,000,000 for the three war years.

This sum is compared with \$19,000,000 as the average annual profit for the three years before the war, making it appear that the war profits was \$121,000,000 greater than the pre-war profits.

This compares a three-year profit with a one-year profit—a manifestly unfair method of comparison. It is not only misleading, but the Federal Trade Commission apparently has made a mistake in the figures themselves.

The aggregate three-year profit of \$140,000,000 was earned on sales of over four and a half billion dollars. It means about three cents on each dollar of sales—or a mere fraction of a cent per pound of product.

Packers' profits are a negligible factor in prices of live stock and meats. No other large business is conducted upon such small margins of profit.

Furthermore—and this is very important—only a small portion of this profit has been paid in dividends. The balance has been put back into the businesses. It had to be, as you realize when you consider the problems the packers have had to solve—and solve quickly—during these war years.

To conduct this business in war times, with higher costs and the necessity of paying two or three times the former prices for live stock, has required the use of two or three times the ordinary amount of working capital. The additional profit makes only a fair return on this, and as has been stated, the larger portion of the profits earned has been used to finance huge stocks of goods and to provide additions and improvements made necessary by the enormous demands of our army and navy and the Allies.

If you are a business man you will appreciate the significance of these facts. If you are unacquainted with business, talk this matter over with some business acquaintance—with your banker, say—and ask him to compare profits of the packing industry with those of any other large industry at the present time.

No evidence is offered by the Federal Trade Commission in support of the statement that the large packers have a monopoly. The Commission's own report shows the large number and importance of other packers.

The packers mentioned in the statement stand ready to prove to any fair minded person that they are in keen competition with each other, and that they have no power to manipulate prices.

If this were not true they would not dare to make this positive statement.

Furthermore, government figures show that the five large packers mentioned in the report account for only about one-third of the meat business of the country.

They wish it were possible to interest you in the details of their business. Of how, for instance, they can sell dressed beef for less than the cost of the live animal owing to utilization of by-products, and of the wonderful story of the methods of distribution throughout this broad land, as well as in other countries.

The five packers mentioned feel justified in co-operating with each other to the extent of together presenting this public statement.

They have been able to do a big job for your government in its time of need; they have met all war time demands promptly and completely and they are willing to trust their case to the fairmindedness of the American people with the facts before them.

- Armour and Company
- Cudahy Packing Co.
- Morris & Company
- Swift & Company
- Wilson & Company

THE SANFORD HERALD

R. J. HOLLY, Editor
W. M. HAYNES, Business Manager
Published Every Tuesday and Friday
THE HERALD PRINTING COMPANY
Subscription price in advance:
ONE YEAR \$2.00
SIX MONTHS \$1.25
THREE MONTHS .75
Delivered in the City by Carrier \$2.00 Per Year in Advance or 25c Per Month
Payments in Advance Must Be Made at Office
Entered as Second-Class Mail Matter August 22nd 1904, at the Postoffice at Sanford, Florida Under Act of March 3rd, 1879
Office L. Herald Building Telephone No. 143

I pledge allegiance to my flag and the Republic for which it stands; one nation indivisible, with Liberty and Justice to all.



Bob Holly, editor of the Sanford Herald is threatening to go to war, and says it couldn't possibly be worse than the newspaper business just at this stage of the game.

J. H. Humphries displayed good sense when he reduced the size of the Bradentown Journal to four pages. There is not a daily in Florida, except the big city dailies, that has paid expenses the past year and it would be a wise idea for nine-tenths of them to suspend until the people generally and the business men in particular wake up to the fact that the local newspaper is the biggest and best asset any town possesses.

SOME CONSPIRACY
Robert J. Holly, editor of the Sanford Herald has either changed his mind regarding certain problems or he has been made the victim of a monstrous "conspiracy."

PREPAYMENT NOT REQUIRED
At the time the statement appeared in the press to the effect that freight on all perishables must be paid in advance the Florida Grower denied that this was so.

in the past for the railroads to allow favored shippers and receivers an almost unlimited time to settle freight charges while the same privilege has been denied others and it is now proposed to put all on the basis now proposed to put all on the same basis and that is all there is to the story.—Florida Grower.

SEMINOLE INDEPENDENCE

The voters in Seminole county will be given an opportunity on the 16th of this month to sign a declaration of independence against domination of the cattle fever tick.

Our cattle owners have paid toll to the ticks all their lives in the way of heavy death losses from tick fever and exhaustion of animals, and quarantine restrictions reducing the value of stock marketed.

Development of the live stock industry has been thwarted to a large extent by the cattle ticks which have killed off much of the better breeding stock brought into the county, and development of farm lands has been retarded because progressive farmers from northern states knew they could not bring their good stock here with assurance that it could survive tick fever.

Sanford is located in the heart of a large district easily adapted to cultivation of staple crops, in addition to the muck lands that are used for growing vegetables, but the farming lands have not been developed and settled up as they would have been if better live stock could have been grown here.

As a result our trade territory has not been enlarged to its possibilities, and our merchants are sending large sums of money out of the state to get beef and milk that should be produced at home.

The ticks are not sucking human blood from our people, but they are causing large losses to our city's financial credits and every person in Seminole county is adversely affected by the tick fever infestation and quarantine.

A vote for compulsory dipping of cattle is a signature on Seminole county's declaration of independence to the ticks.

CURB MARKET A WAR MEASURE

The establishing of curb markets in Florida which has been advocated by the Times-Union, as a war measure for the saving to the consumer and the benefit of the producer is increasing steadily and it is believed that by early winter nearly every city of more than three thousand population in the state will adopt this plan of marketing.

The people of the South have never cultivated the habit of carrying a market basket and, during normal times have been too prone to indulge in the luxurious and expensive habit of having everything, even the smallest items delivered to their doors.

Already half a dozen of the most progressive cities in Florida have adopted the curb market plan and all report success and a decided saving in the prices.

NEED OF ST. JOHNS RIVER
It was a strange coincidence that on the very day that the government engineers made a report that it was not good policy to buy the

East Coast Canal or have a parallel route or in other words that Florida at this time did not need an inland canal, that General Sackett, chief of engineers for Florida should lose his life on a government dredge on the ocean just off Daytona on the East Coast. Had the government listened to the earnest appeals of central Florida to take the great St. Johns river as the inland water route through Florida cutting a channel from the St. Johns river to the Indian river and having deep water all the way from Jacksonville to Key West with a small expense this great inland water route would have been finished and the dredge Florida instead of attempting to ride the stormy waves of old ocean would have been peacefully plying the placid waters of the St. Johns river and have landed safely at the docks in Jacksonville with all safe on board instead of the half drowned crew that finally reached shore reporting the loss of General Sackett and some of the crew.

THE WATERWAY THROUGH FLORIDA

The East Coast Canal has been turned down as impracticable and costing too much to put in shape and while The Herald does not want to exploit the advantages of the St. Johns river over any other section to the detriment of that section we are only relying on the judgment of the engineers who have several times given their opinion on this subject and have also reported favorably on the St. Johns river.

In the name of common sense and love of country why don't the government officials take the St. Johns river natural route through Florida and get to work on this great project at once.

The engineers have spoken and the spirit of General Sackett should flare up and haunt them for being lax in their duty if this matter is delayed any longer.

Notice

Bids will be received for transporting school children in District No. 1, on the following routes for a term of eight months beginning September 16, 1918:

- Route No. 1—Celery avenue and Boardall avenue to Cameron City.
Route No. 2—Sanford avenue to Elder Springs.
Route No. 3—First street to Monroe corner.
Route No. 4—Upsala.



Seminole's Representative
Hon. Frank L. Woodruff, recently re-elected as representative for Seminole County is a Seminole County product, having been born on the old Woodruff place near this city

That Safe Feeling
To make sure that under no circumstances your important papers or valuables of any description will be exposed to danger or loss from any cause whatsoever rent a Safe Deposit Box at this Strong Bank at \$3.00 per year.
CAPITAL \$30,000.00 SURPLUS \$15,000.00
PEOPLES BANK OF SANFORD
WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS
H. R. STEVENS President
C. M. HAND Vice-President
F. L. WOODRUFF Vice-President
O. L. TAYLOR Cashier
R. R. DEAS Asst. Cashier
SANFORD, FLORIDA
THE BANK THAT INSURES YOUR DEPOSITS

and has made this city his home ever since. He served Sanford several times as mayor and alderman and was made a member of the board of county commissioners for the new county, serving as chairman of that body for one term.

ATTENTION CITIZENS

Waterways Committee from Washington will be here tomorrow to decide on St. Johns River as Inland Waterway. We want cars land citizens to take them out.

W. S. S. Honor Roll
Five hundred dollar purchasers
Bower & Roumillat, A. M. Thrasher, Chase & Co., Herald Printing Co., Mrs. R. A. Newman, W. E. Scoggin, E. H. Bennett, Mrs. J. D. Jenkins, W. P. Brooks, Mrs. W. C. Hill.

Thousand dollar purchasers:
L. P. McCuller, Yowel-Speer Co., F. F. Dutton, S. Rapp, First National Bank, J. W. Booth, W. P. Brooks, C. W. Brown.

Huff To New York
T. S. Huff, county food administrator had an attack of appendicitis and left for New York where he will receive treatment or have an operation.

Coming of Night.
Shadow creeps over lawns toward the lake, still radiant with day. Black and twittering, a bird picks its little path, delicately, near the border.

Not Worth Anything For.
'Mos' any gal,' said Uncle Eben, 'is smugly enough to see dat a man ain' likely to be a good provider if he puts in time makin' up a love letter when he might be earnin' four dollars a day.'

GERMANS PREPARE OFFENSIVE

ALLIES ARE READY FOR ANOTHER BIG PUSH

Momentous happenings are in the making on the western front. The lull of the past few days will not continue long, and it is not improbable the Germans will break it by hurling their masses against the Allied line to crush it, if possible.

Meanwhile the Allies are busy strengthening the positions taken from the enemy in the past week. Raids are being carried out here and there, but not in great strength, except in the case of the Australians, who have moved forward four hundred yards of a front of more than a mile in the Hamel region south of the Somme.

On the Italian front the Italians are consolidating and strengthening the positions retaken near the mouth of the Piave. Vienna admits the loss of the ground east and south east of Capo Sile, which was the nearest the enemy had got to Venice. There has been only slight activity in the mountain zone.

There are many indications that the news from Russia in the next few days will be important and significant as concerns the future of that troubled country.

In the north the residents of Murman region have thrown off the authority of the Bolshevik government in Moscow and joined the Entente Allies. There is a great amount of war supplies in this region, and American, French and British troops are guarding it, while German and Finnish forces have been reported advancing in force northward from Finland.

Germany has not yet acted on the murder of County Von Mirbach, the ambassador in Moscow. The Bolshevik government has made apologies and has enforced strong measures in Moscow in an endeavor to find the assassins.

mans will march on Moscow, but thinks the murder is the first sign of awakened anti-German feeling in Russia.

Fundamental Human Need.
It seems to me a great truth that human beings cannot stand on selfishness, mechanical utilities, economics and law courts; that if there be not a religious element in the relations of men, such relations are miserable and doomed to ruin.—Carlyle.

Helman.
'Helman,' is both Polish and Little Russian for head man, captain, chief. The Russian form of it is 'ataman'; thus a Cossack chief is called an ataman. Both words are related to the Teutonic 'Hauptmann.'

Valuable By-Product.
A method has been discovered of distilling valuable products from the chips that accumulate in wood-working establishments, and of making paper out of the residue.

Strength in Love.
'Love is the first cable of the suspension bridge that is thrown across the gap between two souls. If this is strong and true you can hang any number of faults on it without it giving way.'—George Elliot.

Report of the Condition of The Peoples Bank, at Sanford, in the State of Florida, at the Close of Business, June 29, 1918

Table with financial data: Resources, Loans, Deposits, etc. Total: \$344,757.28

State of Florida, County of Seminole, s.s. I, O. L. TAYLOR, Cashier of the above-named Bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of July, 1918. H. R. Stevens, Notary Public

Highest Prices Paid
For all kinds of
JUNK
Fertilizer and Feed Bags
A SPECIALTY
Sanford Junk and Bag Company
Opposite Star Theatre
P. O. Box 197, Sanford, Fla.

Sacks For Castor Beans
New or Second Hand Bags
WRITE FOR PRICES
Southern States Bag Co.
JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

IN SOCIETY'S DOMAIN

HAPPENINGS OF INTEREST IN AND AROUND SANFORD

Mrs. F. P. Foster has gone to Rouses Point, New York for a visit of three or four months.

Mrs. Alfred King left Saturday for Glennville, Ga., where she will spend several weeks on a business and pleasure trip.

Woodland Park will be open Sunday, July 14th.

Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Taylor spent several days of last week in Jacksonville where Mr. Taylor attended the State Bankers Association.

Dr. and Mrs. Tolar left Sunday for Philadelphia where Dr. Tolar is obliged to undergo an operation at Jefferson Hospital. His many friends are hoping for his speedy recovery.

Musson's swimming pool is the coolest place in town. Open Wednesday, Thursday, Saturday and Sunday afternoons. Fresh water every day.

R. R. Deas, the popular assistant cashier of the Peoples Bank is enjoying a well earned vacation at Daytona Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Gabbett are spending the remainder of the summer at Washington and Savannah and other points in Georgia.

Harold Washburn of the Coast Artillery located at Pensacola is home for a few days furlough. His brother Floyd is either in France or on the way over and Harold expects to go soon.

666 cures Chills and Fever.

Capt. W. M. Lovell has received from the War Department the intelligence that his son Vail Lovell had been made a First Lieutenant in the Aviation Corps and is now active in the flying service in France. His many Sanford friends will rejoice to hear of his rapid rise in the service.

Miss Alma Turner and Miss Vera Terheun left Saturday for Ocala where they will remain for several weeks in the Western Union Telegraph Co.

For Wood and heavy hauling see Murrell, or phone 378.

Robert Holly left yesterday for Oakland where he will spend a few weeks with friends.

Mrs. E. P. Morse and children and Mrs. B. A. Howard and children have taken cottages at Daytona Beach for the summer.

Mrs. J. N. Whitner and family leave tomorrow for Coronado Beach where they will spend the summer.

666 cures Billious Fever.

Mr. and Mrs. Endor Curlett and Miss Emma Elchior of Geneva were in the city yesterday coming in to attend the business meeting of the Red Cross.

The store room in the Woodruff Block recently occupied by the Bonita Cafe is being remodeled and will be occupied by the Specialty Shop about the first of August.

SLEEP INSURANCE
"A Terror to Mosquitoes."

P. C. Van Valkenburg of Orlando, representing the Florida Motor Club is in the city to interest Florida motorists in the club.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Dresner left yesterday for New York where they will be absent several weeks on business and pleasure.

SLEEP INSURANCE
"A Terror to Mosquitoes."

William Shepherd, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Shepherd is home on a furlough from the aviation camp at Arcadia where he is learning to be a flyer.

Allen Jones is home on a flying trip while his boat is at New York. Allen is one of Uncle Sam's sailor boys, being in the medical supply corps on his last trip from France he saw two other ships sunk by subs. He was in Paris during an air raid and altogether has had enough experience to fill a book. His many friends are glad to see him again.

R. C. Maxwell and family expect to leave tomorrow for Coronado Beach where they have rented a cottage. Mr. Maxwell will return in about two weeks but the family will remain at the beach for two months.

666 cures Malarial Fever.

T. P. Denham, Jr., is out again after an operation for appendicitis and is attending to his duties with the Palm Fibre Co.

666 cures Headaches, Billiousness, Loss of Appetite, or that tired aching feeling, due to Malaria or Colds. Fine Tonic.

Sanford schools will open September 16th according to notice from County Supt. Lawton in this issue of The Herald.

SLEEP INSURANCE
"A Terror to Mosquitoes."

Mr. and Mrs. Dressner have gone to the northern markets. They will also visit New York where they will spend several weeks selecting a new line of ready to wear goods and millinery for the fall and winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Willmot are selling out the stock of the French Shop and will remove to Orlando where they have a stock. G. W. Spencer, Jr., will occupy this room for his meat shop about July 15th.

Dr. Hilburn left today for Tampa to attend a called meeting of the trustees of Southern College.

Mrs. Deane Turner and son, Deane left Sunday for Daytona Beach for a visit of three weeks. They were accompanied by Mr. Turner who spent a day on the beach.

Horace W. Way of Savannah, Georgia is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Terheun.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Adams of Macon, Ga., arrived yesterday and will enjoy a brief visit in Sanford, the guests of friends.

R. A. Sales arrived Saturday from Washington and will remain here several weeks on business.

D. Marx arrived yesterday from New York City and will remain several days on business.

Ed Betts left this week for Daytona Beach where he will remain for several weeks.

SLEEP INSURANCE
"A Terror to Mosquitoes."

Mr. and Mrs. Bunson arrived yesterday from Valdosta and will remain a week or ten days combining business and pleasure. While here they will be guests at the Hotel Carnes.

A. L. Robinson of Jacksonville spent a few hours yesterday in the city on business.

Allen Jones, U. S. N., arrived home Sunday from New York on a brief furlough and is the guest of his mother, Mrs. Allen Jones.

J. D. Davis, the genial representative for Z. W. Zaring & Co. of Jacksonville was in the city yesterday.

S. E. Barret left Friday night for Fayette, N. C., where he will remain for a few weeks on business for his company, the Fruit Growers Express, during which time Mrs. Barret will visit in Atlanta and Kentucky when both will leave to spend the next few months in Michigan.

J. O. Miller of Gainesville, S. C., is spending several days in Sanford this week looking after business interests.

666 contains no alcohol, arsenic nor other poisonous drugs.

Miss Agnes Dumas left yesterday for Charleston, S. C., where she will remain for several weeks the guest of friends and relatives.

A. W. Underwood of St. Augustine was among the Sanford visitors yesterday.

D. Hamrick of Tampa spent a few hours in the city yesterday on business.

Mrs. E. F. Housholder left Friday for Daytona Beach where she will remain for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Cobb and son of Wauchula are enjoying a brief visit in Sanford this week the guests of friends.

W. Daniels of Tavares was a Sanford visitor yesterday.

Mrs. M. T. Christian and son arrived yesterday from Tampa and will be the guest of her brother, Mr. S. Carnes for several weeks.

G. D. Berry of New York City arrived this week and will remain for a week or ten days looking after business interests.

666 cures by removing the cause. J. W. Deane of Jacksonville was among the visitors in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Garner left Saturday for Atlanta, Georgia, on a visit to friends.

J. W. Lackey arrived yesterday from Chatanooga and will remain several days looking after business interests.

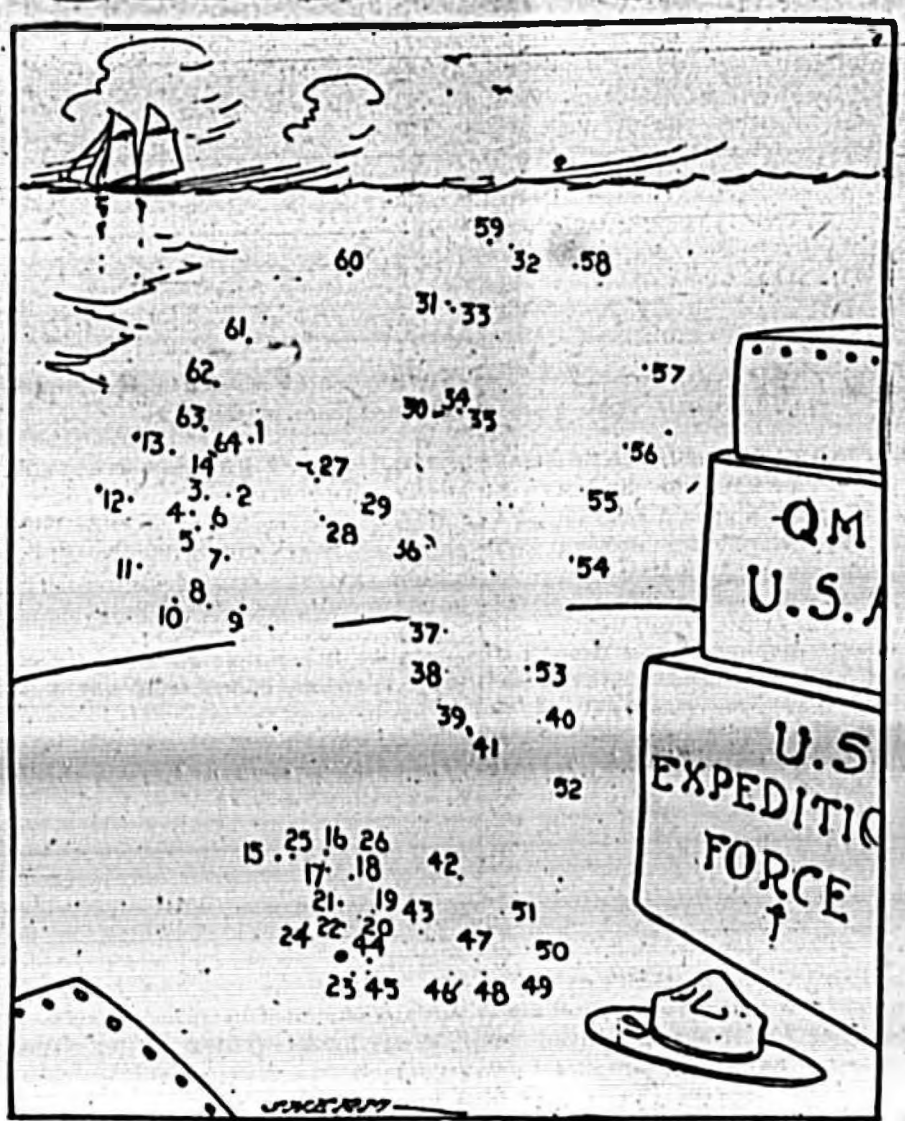
Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Herndon arrived yesterday from Jacksonville where they have been spending the past few days combining business and pleasure.

Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Ecomons of Tarpon Springs are spending several days in the city the guests of relatives and friends.

A. J. Plunds of Jacksonville was among the guests registered at the Hotel Carnes yesterday.

Dr. D. C. Ward, Osteopathic Physician, First National Bank Bldg., Phone 330-W.

SHERM'S DOTS



THE DOTS SOMEWHERE IN FRANCE.

Dear Folks:—The second day on the transport wasn't so bad. I got over my seasickness quickly, and now I have an appetite like a horse. It seems as though I just couldn't get enough to eat. I have heard Dad complain of a "crick" in his back. I wish he was along, for I'll bet our drill would take it out of him instantly. I thought when I joined the army I would drill with a gun most of the time, but nothing doing. In the morning we line up on deck and go through exercises for nearly an hour. Ask Dad how would he like to do this about fifty times.

To complete the picture, draw a line from dot 1 to dot 2, then from dot 2 to dot 3, and so on.

By Clifford Leon Sherman. No. 2 (Copyright, 1917, by The Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

A. R. Winkle of Jacksonville spent a few hours in Sanford yesterday on business.

R. R. Deas left Saturday to join Mrs. Deas and the children at Daytona Beach where they will remain several weeks longer.

J. R. Thornton of Atlanta is in the city for a few days this week, combining business and pleasure.

Cow Pens—Brabham Root-Knot Resisting variety. Price \$4.50 bushel. Chase & Co. 76-1f

W. H. Arrington and daughter of Jacksonville are among the guests at the Hotel Carnes this week.

D. W. Emery of Tampa spent a few hours in the city yesterday on business.

Mrs. Ella Meyer of Moorehaven is spending several days in the city the guest of friends and relatives.

F. C. Smilie arrived yesterday from Cincinnati and will spend several weeks visiting different points in this section.

Miss Mabel Bowler of Jacksonville is in the city the guest of Misses Mell and Alice Whitner. Miss Bowler's many Sanford friends are glad to see her again.

NOTICE—PAY YOUR CITY TAXES

This is to notify all persons who have not paid their city taxes for the year 1918, and those prior thereto that these taxes must now be paid.

This is a matter which you should look after; and don't wait for a second notice from me, for it will be a costly one.

J. J. DICKINSON, City Attorney.

Notice to Rebekahs

Seminole Rebekah Lodge will have a regular meeting Friday night in Masonic Hall. Let every member try to be present.

Lightning Strikes Steeple

Lightning struck the steeple of the Holy Cross Episcopal Church during the rain this morning and shattered part of the steeple on the south side. Two workmen engaged at work were on the lower floor and were untouched by the bolt.

NOTICE

Members of W. O. W. Meeting Wednesday night, 7:30, conferring degrees and refreshments. All members are expected. F. L. Miller, Clerk.

Many Formations of Sponges

Sponges are animals with power to eat and digest. They begin their life as tiny eel-like creatures and have a short, free life in the sea, after which they fasten themselves to a rock and begin to develop. They grow into all directions like fingers, and are called mermaid's gloves. There are fanlike sponges, tubelike sponges and cuplike sponges. There are sponges that form a carpet over the rocks, and sponges called by the fishermen "sea nests," because they look like birds' nests.

Farmers and Fruit Growers

Items of Interest for the Man Behind the Plow

Plan Now for Seed Corn

The acre yield of corn in Florida could and should be greatly increased, according to the University of Florida extension division, which says that the proper selection of seed is of primary importance in improving the yield. The average production for the country is 26 bushels an acre, though yields as high as 200 bushels have been made by contestants in boys' corn clubs. The Florida production does not average the 26-bushel mark.

Seed corn should be selected from stalks standing where they grew. This is necessary because it is the means of making sure that the seed will have the power to yield well, as shown by the superiority of the stalks over surrounding ones that grew under the same conditions. This sort of seed inherits high producing power.

It must be understood that like produces like, and that an early-maturing corn yielding abundantly on short, thick stalks is likely to repeat these same characters in the next generation. For example, seed corn should be taken from stalks without suckers; such seed may produce some stalks with suckers, but it will invariably produce fewer suckers than seed from sucker-bearing stalks.

All seed corn should be selected by hand, as a special task, and not incidental to husking. The corn should be gathered as soon as thoroughly mature, and before it is infested by weevils. Enough seed should be gathered for two seasons' planting.

Provide Pastures for Hogs

The cheapness of pork production depends upon the cheapness of the feed. Of course a pig may be turned upon the range to rustle for himself, but that is not the best practice for a good quality of pork and for top prices on the market. It is just as bad practice to feed grain alone. Corn is the primary pig feed of the United States, but it is deficient in protein for muscle building and in ash which goes toward bone building.

Pasture is cheap hog feed and it supplies those essentials which are lacking in the corn or most other grains. In Florida it is possible to have hog pastures the year around if the right plans are made. Legume pastures are best since they supply that which is most often lacking, protein to the pig's ration.

Of course there are various commercial feeds which will supply the lacking constituents, but such feeds are expensive and besides pastures will more nearly approach the natural conditions under which the pig formerly lived. There is no doubt that pasture is as essential to profitable pork production as grain. Furthermore it requires about one-third the grain to fatten a hog on pasture as it does on grain alone.

A. P. Spencer of the University of Florida extension division has compiled a chart which shows the crops which can be planted at various times in the year to provide pastures for hogs. The chart also gives the method and date of planting the seed required, stage of growth to feed, date to feed, and the number of hogs which can be pastured on an acre for a given time.

For July Mr. Spencer suggests sorghum and cowpeas. The sorghum

should be planted in rows 3½ feet apart at the rate of one peck to the acre.

It can be fed when it is about three feet high which will probably be in September and October. It will support twenty six y-pound hogs from 15 to 25 days. The cowpeas should be sown in thirty-inch rows at the rate of two pecks to the acre. It can be fed at the first bloom in September and October. An acre will support sixty-pound hogs for 15 to 25 days.

Copies of this chart may be had by applying to the University of Florida experiment station, Gainesville.

Use Disk in Potato Field

The farmer who has a large acreage of sweet potatoes will find the disk cultivator a labor saver. Under ordinary methods a one plow horse is used. One man is needed to plow, one is needed to lay the vines around and another may be needed to uncover them behind the plow. One man with a disk cultivator can do all the work, and cover twice the acreage in a given time. Is the saving worth while? It will soon pay for the cultivator.

Furthermore, C. K. Quarrie of the University of Florida extension division says that the disk cultivator is the best tool for working sweet potatoes. During the first cultivation the disks can be set to throw the dirt away from the plants into the middle between the ridges. Only a thin layer on top is scraped off in this way and the bed is not destroyed. Then if something delays work the ridges will not dry out before the earth can be thrown back. At the next cultivation the disks can be reversed and the soil returned to the bed. If the plants are so small that they are covered fenders may be used on the cultivator and set to protect the plants. This will enable the operator to cover all the weeds and grass.

This process may be repeated as long as weeds bother or until the vines cover the beds. After the vines begin to run it may be necessary to lay them back to avoid pruning, or a home made attachment with fingers can be placed on the cultivator to lift the vines out of the way of the disks.



AEROLUX PORCH SHADES
Live Out-Doors this summer
It costs little and the benefits are many
if you use

AEROLUX--no whip
VENTILATING PORCH SHADES
SANFORD FURNITURE CO.

Innocence No Guard.

A southern newspaper contains the following item: "Joe Odum was acquitted of violating the prohibition law, and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$100 or serve three months at hard labor; the balance of the fine to be suspended during good behavior on payment of \$50. We shudder to think of what might have been inflicted upon Joe had he been convicted instead of acquitted."—Case and Comment.

The Medical James.

Speaking of units, as we often do nowadays, a Londoner had occasion to pay frequent visits to an eminent physician, and he said one day to the attendant: "You will be tired of opening the door for me, James." "Not at all, sir," was the gracious reply; "you are but a hunk in the ocean, sir."—Boston Transcript.

Value in Association.

"I believe in association as the sole means of realizing progress—not merely because it multiplies the action of the productive forces, but because it tends to unite all the various manifestations of the human mind, and to bring the life of the individual into communion with the collective life of the whole."—Mazzini.

Many Kinds of Breadstuffs.

Almost everything that grows has been called upon to make bread for man. In remote ages the Egyptians of the Nile valley prepared bread from the seed of lotus flowers. These flowers grew abundantly in the mud of the river bottom, and when the annual overflow receded there was a harvest of lotus flowers, just as we harvest wheat today.

No. 210
Report of the Condition of the Seminole County Bank at Sanford, in the State of Fla., at the Close of Business, June 29, 1918

RESOURCES	
Loans on Real Estate	\$ 31,773.74
Loans on Collateral Security Other than Real Estate	46,663.88
All Other Loans and Discounts	231,583.99
Overdrafts	881.70
United States Bonds (Treasury)	10,638.30
State, County and Municipal Bonds	5,900.00
Other Bonds, City Warrants	11,452.56
Stocks of Corporations	11,501.00
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures	65,397.11
Other Real Estate	1,072.70
Rev. and War Sav. Stamps	290.50
Due from incorporated banks	80,091.75
Checks and Exchange for Cash	5,885.47
Other Cash Items	2,544.28
Cash on Hand	28,534.29
Cash Reserve	65,866.53
Prepayments on Bonds	180.00
Total	\$484,882.82
LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock Paid In	\$ 50,000.00
Surplus Fund	4,600.00
Undivided Profits (Less Expenses and Taxes Paid)	9,194.00
Dividends Unpaid	2,116.00
Individual Deposits Subject to Check	242,802.59
Demand Certificates of Deposit	5,375.67
Time Certificates of deposit	24,524.28
Certified Checks	70.83
Cashier's Checks Outstanding	2,353.08
Reserve Deposits	73,730.18
Total Deposits	379,073.82
Bill Payable	20,000.00
Total	\$484,882.82
State of Florida, County of Seminole: I, Forrest Lake, President of the above-named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.	
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of July, 1918.	
L. T. Bryan Notary Public	

Complete Line of McKinley's Standard and Popular Music

10c Per Copy

Come in and Hear the New Columbia Records

Gibson & Wallace

"OUTWITTING THE HUN"

By LIEUTENANT PAT O'BRIEN.



SYNOPSIS.

CHAPTER I—Introductory. Pat O'Brien tells of his purpose in writing the story of his adventures.

CHAPTER II—Tells of his enlistment in the Royal Flying Corps, his training in Canada and his transfer to France for active duty.

CHAPTER III—Describes fights in which he brought down two German airplanes and his final fight in which he was brought down wounded within the German lines and was made a prisoner of war.

CHAPTER IV—Discovers that German hospital staff barbarously neglected the fatally wounded and devoted their energies to restoring those who might be returned to the firing lines. Witnesses death in flight of his best chum, Lieut. Paul Rainey.

CHAPTER V.

The Prison Camp at Courtral.

From the intelligence department I was conveyed to the officers' prison camp at Courtral in an automobile. It was about an hour's ride. My escort was one of the most famous flyers in the world, barring none. He was later killed in action, but I was told by an English airman who witnessed his last combat, that he fought a game battle and died a hero's death.

The prison, which had evidently been a civil prison of some kind before the war, was located right in the heart of Courtral. The first building we approached was large and in front of the archway, which formed the main entrance, was a sentry box. Here we were challenged by the sentry, who knocked on the door; the guard turned the key in the lock and I was admitted. We passed through the archway and directly into a courtyard, on which faced all of the prison buildings, the windows, of course, being heavily barred. After I had given my pedigree—my name, age, address, etc.—I was shown to a cell with bars on the windows overlooking this courtyard. I was promptly told that at night we were to occupy these rooms, but I had already surveyed the surroundings, taken account of the number of guards and the locked door outside, and concluded that my chances of getting away from some other place could be no worse than in that particular cell.

As I had no hat, my helmet being the only thing I had worn over the lines, I was compelled either to go bareheaded or wear the red cap of the Bavarian whom I had shot down on that memorable day. It can be imagined how I looked attired in a British uniform and a bright red cap. Wherever I was taken my outfit aroused considerable curiosity among the Belgians and German soldiers. When I arrived at prison that day I still wore this cap, and as I was taken into the courtyard, my overcoat covering my uniform, all that the British officers, who happened to be sunning themselves in the courtyard, could see was the red cap. They afterwards told me they wondered who the "bug Hun" was with the bandage on his mouth. This cap I managed to keep with me, but was never allowed to wear it on the walks we took. I either went bare-

headed or borrowed a cap from some other prisoner.

At certain hours each day the prisoners were allowed to mingle in the courtyard, and on the first occasion of this kind I found that there were 11 officers imprisoned there besides myself.

They had here interpreters who could speak all languages. One of them was a mere boy who had been born in Jersey City, N. J., and had spent all his life in America until the beginning of 1914. Then he moved with his folks to Germany, and when he became of military age the Huns forced him into the army. I think if the truth were known he would much rather have been fighting for America than against her.

I found that most of the prisoners remained at Courtral only two or three days. From there they were invariably taken to prisons in the interior of Germany.

Whether it was because I was an American or because I was a flyer, I don't know, but this rule was not followed in my case. I remained there two weeks.

During this period Courtral was constantly bombed by our airmen. Not a single day or night passed without one or more air raids. In the two weeks I was there I counted 21 of them. The town suffered a great deal of damage. Evidently our people were aware that the Germans had a lot of troops concentrated in this town and besides the headquarters staff was stationed there. The Kaiser himself visited Courtral while I was in the prison, I was told by one of the interpreters, but he didn't call on me, and for obvious reasons I couldn't call on him.

The courtyard was not a very popular place during air raids. Several times when our airmen raided that section in the day time I went out and watched the machines and the shrapnel bursting all around; but the Germans did not crowd out there, for their own anti-aircraft guns were hammering away to keep our planes as high in the sky as possible, and shells were likely to fall in the prison yard any moment. Of course I watched these battles at my own risk. Many nights from my prison window I watched with peculiar interest the air raids carried on, and it was a wonderful sight with the German searchlights playing on the sky, the "flaming onions" fired high and the burst of the anti-aircraft guns, but rather an uncomfortable sensation when I realized that perhaps the very next minute a bomb might be dropped on the building in which I was a prisoner. But perhaps all of this was better than no excitement at all, for prison life soon became very monotonous.

One of the hardest things I had to endure throughout the two weeks I spent there was the sight of the Hun machines flying over Courtral, knowing that perhaps I never would have another chance to fly, and I used to sit by the hour watching the German machines maneuvering over the prison.



Facsimile of the Check Given to Lieutenant O'Brien as a Joke by Lieutenant Dickson When They Were Fellow Prisoners at Courtral.

as they had an airdrome 'hot Yaf' away and every afternoon the students—or I took them for students because their flying was very poor—appeared over the town. One certain Hun seemed to find particular satisfaction in flying right down over the prison nightly, for my special discomfort and benefit, it seemed, as if he knew an airman imprisoned there was vainly longing to try his wings again over their lines. But I used to console myself by saying: "Never mind, old boy, there was never a bird whose wings could not be clipped if they get him just right, and your turn will come some day."

One night there was an exceptionally heavy air raid going on. A number of German officers came into my room, and they all seemed very much frightened. I jokingly remarked that it would be fine if our airmen hit the old prison—the percentage would be very satisfactory—one English officer and about ten German ones. They didn't seem to appreciate the joke, however, and, indeed, they were apparently too much alarmed at what was going on overhead to laugh even at their own jokes. Although these night raids seem to take all the starch out of the Germans while they are going on, the officers were usually as brave as lions the next day and spoke contemptuously of the raid of the night before.

I saw thousands of soldiers in Courtral, and although they did not impress me as having very good or abundant food, they were fairly well clothed. I do not mean to imply that conditions pointed to an early end of the war. On the contrary, from what I was able to observe on that point, unless the Huns have an absolute crop failure they can, in my opinion, go on for years! The idea of our being able to win the war by starving them out strikes me as ridiculous. This is a war that must be won by fighting, and the sooner we realize that fact the sooner it will be over.

Rising hour in the prison was seven o'clock. Breakfast came at eight. This consisted of a cup of coffee and nothing else. If the prisoner had the foresight to save some bread from the previous day, he had bread for breakfast also, but that never happened in my case. Sometimes we had two cups of coffee, that is, near-coffee. It was really chicory or some cereal preparation. We had no milk or sugar.

For lunch they gave us boiled sugar beets or some other vegetable, and once in a while some kind of pickled meat, but that happened very seldom. We also received a third of a loaf of bread—war bread. This war bread was as heavy as a brick, black and sour. It was supposed to last us from noon one day to noon the next. Except for some soup, this was the whole lunch menu.

Dinner came at 5:30 p. m., when we sometimes had a little jam made out of sugar beets, and a preparation called tea, which you had to shake vigorously or it settled in the bottom of the cup, and then about all you had was hot water. This "tea" was a sad-blow to the Englishmen. If it hadn't been called tea they wouldn't have felt so badly about it, perhaps, but it was adding insult to injury to call that stuff "tea," which with them is almost a national institution.

Sometimes with this meal they gave us butter instead of jam, and once in a while we had some kind of canned meat.

This comprised the usual run of eatables for the day—I can eat more than that for breakfast! In the days that were to come I learned that I was to fare considerably worse.

We were allowed to send out and buy a few things, but as most of the prisoners were without funds this was but an empty privilege. Once I took advantage of the privilege to send my shoes to a Belgian shoemaker to be half-soled. They charged me 20 marks—\$5!

Once in a while a Belgian Ladies' Relief society visited the prison and brought us handkerchiefs, American soap—which sells at about \$1.50 a bar in Belgium—toothbrushes and other little articles, all of which were American made, but whether they were supplied by the American relief committee or not I don't know. At any rate, these gifts were mighty useful and were very much appreciated.

One day I offered a button off my uniform to one of these Belgian ladies as a souvenir, but a German guard saw me and I was never allowed to go near the visitors afterwards.

The sanitary conditions in this prison camp were excellent as a general proposition. One night, however, I discovered that I had been captured by "cooties."

This was a novel experience to me and one that I would have been very willing to have missed, because in the flying corps our airdromes are a number of miles back of the lines and we have good billets and our acquaintance with such things as "cooties" and other unwelcome visitors is very limited.

When I discovered my condition, I made a holler and roused the guard,

and right then I got another example of German efficiency.

This guard seemed to be even more perturbed about my complaint than I myself, evidently fearing that he would be blamed for my condition. The commandant was summoned and I could see that he was very angry. Someone undoubtedly got a severe reprimand for it.

I was taken out of my cell by a guard with a rifle and conducted about a quarter of a mile from the prison to an old factory building which had been converted into an elaborate fumigating plant. There I was given a pickle bath in some kind of solution, and while I was absorbing it my clothes, bed clothes and whatever else had been in my cell was being put through another fumigating process.

While I was waiting for my things to dry—it took perhaps half an hour—I had a chance to observe about one hundred other victims of "cooties"—German soldiers who had become infested in the trenches. We were all nude, of course, but apparently it was not difficult for them to recognize me as a foreigner even without my uniform on, for none of them made any attempt to talk to me, although they were very busy talking about me. I could not understand what they were saying, but I knew I was the butt of most of their jokes and they made no effort to conceal the fact that I was the subject of conversation.

When I got back to my cell I found that it had been thoroughly fumigated, and from that time on I had no further trouble with "cooties" or other visitors of the same kind.

As we were not allowed to write anything but prison cards, writing was out of the question; and as we had no reading matter to speak of, reading was all. We had nothing to do to pass away the time, so consequently cards became our only diversion, for we did, fortunately, have some of these.

There wasn't very much money as a rule in circulation, and I think for once in my life I held most of that, not due to any particular ability on my part in the game, but I happened to have several hundred francs in my pockets when shot down. But we held a lottery that was watched without quite such intense interest as that. The drawing was always held the day before to learn who was the lucky man. There was as much speculation as to who would win the prize as if it had been the finest treasure in the world. The great prize was one-third of a loaf of bread. Through some arrangement, which I never quite figured out, it happened that among the eight or ten officers who were there with me, there was always one-third of a loaf of

(Continued on Page 7)

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

All Local Advertisements Under This Heading THREE CENTS a Line For Each Insertion. Minimum Charge 25 Cents.

In answering an advertisement where no name is mentioned in the ad, please do not ask The Herald for information as to the identity of the advertiser. Usually we do not know who the advertiser is and if we do we are not allowed to give out this information. Simply write a letter and address it as per instructions in the ad.

FOR SALE

For Sale—Two fine farm horses, also good buggy horses. Will sell cheap for cash. Address P. O. Box No. 1426, City. 86-1f

For Sale, Rent or Exchange—Twenty six acres, one mile of Lake Mary, six miles of Sanford, 12 acres suitable to cultivate. Fronts a nice lake, two story packing house. Screened. Can be used to camp in. Chicken house. Will sell on easy terms or trade for property in town. Look it over and make your offer. T. W. Jackson, Fourth Nat'l Bank Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. 92-3tc

For Quick Sale—Three fine Florida breed mares, one work or saddle horse, others ready to break or would, fine stock horses. Also a splendid pair of mules, or a good pair of cheap mules. No. 1125 or phone 246-J. 91-2tp

For Sale—Am leaving town and want to sell household goods at once. Mrs. John T. Brady, over Herald office.

For Sale—A buggy cheap for cash. R. D. A., Box 113, City. 92-2tp

For Sale—New 8 ft. log cart. O. C. Bryant, Wagner, Fla. 90-3tp

For Sale—Best corner lot in Markham Park Heights, 65x130 feet. A bargain. You can't afford to overlook this. Lyman H. Frank, city. 84-8tp

For Sale—Pair good mules, wagon, cutaway harrow and plow. Reasonable price. D. V. Warren, Lake Monroe, Fla. 88-6tp

FOR RENT

For Rent—Four room house at 422 Palmetto. Gas for cooking and small garage. Enquire Herald Office or 209 E. Fifth. 91-1f

For Rent—Furnished or unfurnished house. Apply Herald Office. 90-1f

Furnished Rooms by Day, Week or Month—Park Avenue Flat, 105 North Park Avenue, over L. R. Phillips & Co. drug store Mrs. C. C. Hart, manager. 30-1f

For Rent—Three office rooms fronting on First street. Most desirable offices in city. Several other good office rooms in same building. Yowill & Speer. 23-1tc

WANTED

Lost—Will the person who borrowed the spirit level from the P. O. Building please return same at once. 91-2tp

Wanted at Once—A large number of improved tracts, of from five to one hundred acres, on or near nice lakes and good roads. Box 373, DeLand, Fla. 91-6tp

Lost—Between 313 W. Second and Herald office a cameo brooch. Finder please return to Herald office and receive reward.

Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at Gainesville, Fla.
June 8, 1918.
Notice is hereby given that Oscar Little, of Geneva, Fla., who on May 28, 1918 made Homestead Entry, No. 0118.2, for NE 1/4 of Sec. 20, N 1/2 of NE 1/4 and NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, Section 29, Township 20 S. Range 22 E. Tallahassee Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Three Year Proof to establish claim to the land above described, before Clerk Circuit Court, at Sanford Florida on the 19th day of July, 1918.
Claimant names as witnesses:
W. M. Collier of Geneva, Fla.
Preston Flowers of Geneva, Fla.
Charles H. Stewart of Geneva, Fla.
Ulie C. Burgess of Geneva, Fla.
ROBT. W. DAVIS, Register

24-Tues & Fri-10tc

EAT POTATOES
SAVE WHEAT

OCEAN VIEW HOTEL
CORONADO BEACH
OPPOSITE NEW SMYRNA
FOR RATES ADDRESS
MRS. W. W. ALCOTT, Prop.
Garage Accommodations
Sea Food Dinners A Specialty

Let Me Examine Your Eyes
I have the scientific instruments for determining and the GLASSES for correcting any and all defects of vision, NO MATTER the nature of your case, if your GLASSES do not suit you perfectly, call on me.
I fit any eye that responds to light.
You are invited to call for consultation and advice.

DR. E. S. HOFFMAN
OCULIST-OPTICIAN
28 West Church St. Orlando, Florida

HOTEL NEPTUNE
"Fronting on the Ocean"
SHORE DINNERS
A SPECIALTY
Family Rates
DAYTONA BEACH, FLA.
Ocean Ave. and Earl Sts.
Mrs. G. A. PARKER

No. 66 Squadron, Royal Flying Corps.

INVENTORY OF KIT

2/Lieut. A. O'Brien, R.F.C. (S.R.) Reported missing 17-8-17

Packed in Trunk.

- 3 suits Pyjamas.
- 1 Shirt.
- 4 Vests.
- 4 Pairs Pants.
- 3 Pairs Combinations.
- 1 Night Shirt.
- 9 Towels.
- 1 Pr. Shorts.
- 1 Pr. Puttees.
- 3 Pairs Breeches.
- 1 Pr. Trousers.
- 1 Strap.
- 1 Suit civilian clothes.
- 1 Belt.
- 1 Tunio.
- 1 American Tunio.
- 1 Pr. Ankle Boots.
- 1 British Warm Coat.
- 2 Pr. Goggles.
- 1 Gun.
- 1 Gun.
- 1 Box Dentrifrice.
- 3 Blankets.

A. O'Brien 2/Lieut. R.F.C.

Commanding No. 66 Squadron, Royal Flying Corps.

Photograph of Official Memorandum, Giving an Inventory of the Personal Belongings of Lieutenant O'Brien, Which Were Turned Over to Lieutenant Raney When O'Brien Was Reported Missing on August 17, 1917.

GIVE THE BOYS A TESTAMENT
THEY WILL BRING BACK
Nelson Sailors and
Soldiers Testaments
Are the Best

EXACT SIZE OF BOOK—FITS THE POCKET

WATERPROOF BINDING—MADE FOR SERVICE

American Standard Version

Attractive - Compact - Readable - Durable

Emphasized with the words of Christ printed in bold face type. Strongly and neatly bound in Khaki colored Morocco grained Waterproof Keratol—flexible limp cover, embossed back bands, round corners, Khaki edges, gold title, beautifully embossed American Flag in colors on the outside front cover.

Printed on specially strong Bible paper. Only 3 x 4 1/2 inches and just 1/2 an inch thick. Type is plain and clear—self-pronouncing. The Four Great American Hymns are printed and bound with this Sailors and Soldiers Testament.

HELP TO BRING THE BOYS BACK CLEAN

This Sailors and Soldier Testament, neatly packed, ready for mailing, given with a years subscription to the Sanford Herald for \$2.50

"OUTWITTING THE HUN"

LEUTENANT PAT O'BRIEN

place. However, this was the fate of a poor private who discovered there one day in terrific pain, suffering from a sprain in his stomach and back. All of us officers asked to have him sent to a hospital, but the doctors curiously refused, saying it was against orders. So the poor creature went on suffering from day to day and was still there when I left—another victim of German cruelty. At one time in this prison camp there were a French marine, a French flying officer, two Belgian soldiers, and of the United Kingdom one from Canada, two from England, three from Ireland, a couple from Scotland, one from Wales, a man from South Africa, one from Algeria, and a New Zealander, the latter being from my own squadron, a man whom I thought had been killed, and he was equally surprised when brought into the prison to find me there. In addition there were a Chinaman and myself from the U. S. A. It was quite a cosmopolitan group, and as one typical Irishman said, "Sure, and we have every nation that's worth mentioning, including the darn Germans with us whites." Of course this was not translated to the German, nor was it even spoken in their hearing, or we probably would not have had quite so cosmopolitan a bunch. Each man in the prison was ready to uphold his native country in any argument that could possibly be started, and it goes without saying that I never took a back seat in any of them with my praise for America, with the Canadian and Chinaman chiming in on my side. But they were friendly arguments; we were all in the same boat and that was no place for quarrelling. Every other morning, the weather allowing, we were taken to a large swimming pool and were allowed to have a bath. There were two pools, one for the German officers and one for the men. Although we were officers, we had to use the pool occupied by a German guard with a rifle across his knees at each corner of the pool and watched us closely as we dressed and undressed. English interpreters accompanied us on all of these trips, so at no time could we talk without their knowing what was going on. Whenever we were taken out of the prison for any purpose they always

bread over. There was just one way of getting that bread, and that was to draw lots. Consequently that was what started the lottery. I believe if a man had ever been inclined to cheat he would have been sorely tempted in this instance, but the game was played absolutely square, and if a man had been caught cheating the chances are that he would have been shunned by the rest of the officers as long as he was in prison. I was fortunate enough to win the prize twice. One man—and I think he was the smallest eater in the camp—won it on three successive days, but it was well for him that his luck deserted him on the fourth day, for he probably would have been handled rather roughly by the rest of the crowd, who were growing suspicious. But we handled the drawing ourselves and knew there was nothing crooked about it, so he was spared. We were allowed to buy pears, and being small and very hard, they were used as the stakes in many a game. But the interest in these little games was as keen as if the stakes had been piles of money. Instead of two or three half-starved pears, no man was ever so reckless, however, in all the betting as to wager his own rations. By the most scheming and sacrificing I ever did in my life I managed to find two pieces of bread (scrupulously spared at the time from my daily rations), but I was preparing for the day when I should escape—if I ever should. It was not a sacrifice easily made



From a Photograph Taken in the Courtyard of the Officers' Prison at Courtrai, Which Lieutenant O'Brien Preserved Throughout His Perilous Journey. O'Brien is Shown Standing Behind the German Guard, Who Sits at the Table in the Center of the Group.

either, but instead of eating bread I ate pears until I finally got one piece of bread ahead; and when I could force myself to stick to the pear diet again, I saved the other piece from that day's allowance, and in days to come I had cause to credit myself fully for the foresight. Whenever a new prisoner came in and his German hosts had satisfied themselves as to his life history and taken down all the details—that is all he would give them—he was immediately surrounded by his fellow prisoners, who were eager for any bit of news or information he could possibly give them, and as a rule he was glad to tell us, because, if he had been in the hands of the Huns for any length of time, he had seen very few English officers. The conditions of this prison were bad enough when a man was in normally good health, but it was barbarous to subject a wounded soldier to the hardships and discomforts of the

paraded us through the most crowded streets—evidently to give the populace an idea that they were getting lots of prisoners. The German soldiers we passed on these occasions made no effort to hide their smiles and sneers. The Belgian people were apparently very curious to see us, and they used to turn out in large numbers whenever the word was passed that we were out. At times the German guards would strike the women and children who crowded too close to us. One day I smiled and spoke to a pretty girl, and when she replied, a German made a run for her. Luckily she stepped into the house before he reached her, or I am afraid my mutilation would have resulted seriously for her and I would have been powerless to have assisted her. Whenever we passed a Belgian home or other building which had

(Continued on Page 8)

Financial report table for Seminole County, Florida, ending March 31, 1918. Includes sections for General Fund, Road Fund, Building Fund, Publicity Fund, County Guard Fund, Special Road and Bridge District Fund, Black Hammock Drainage District, Road Bond Fund, and Arrests and Liabilities. Total available assets: 108,288.68.

Losses Caused by Muskrats. Muskrats are destructive to embankments, dams, canals and irrigation ditches. They delight in the deep water of artificial reservoirs. The breaking of mill dams in districts where manufacturers depend on water has often been charged to muskrats. In the spring of 1904 muskrats were charged with wrecking a dam at Thomaston, Conn., by burrowing into it and causing several thousand dollars damage by the escape of the water, and there are instances of other loss by the giving way of waterways.

Uncle Eden. "When you see a man with a puffy disposition jes now," said Uncle Eden, "it's a sure sign dat he's got 'most as much as a ton of coal in his cellar."

LEGAL ADVERTISING. Notice of Application for Tax Deed Under Section 8 of Chapter 4888, Laws of Florida. Notice is hereby given that H. C. DuBois, purchaser of Tax Certificate No. 258, dated the 3rd day of July, A. D. 1918, has filed said certificate in my office, and has made application for tax deed to issue in accordance with law. Said certificate embraces the following described property, to-wit: SW 1/4 of Seminole county, Florida, to-wit: SW 1/4 of NW 1/4 Sec. 26, Tp. 20 S., R. 30 East, 40 acres. The said land being assessed and taxed in the name of W. M. Hazen. Unless said certificate shall be redeemed according to law, no tax deed will issue on or on the 15th day of August, A. D. 1918.

AN ORDINANCE. An ordinance entitled "An Ordinance of the City of Sanford, Florida, abolishing, vacating, discontinuing and abandoning as public highways, whether owned and used as public highways or not, in the city of Sanford, Florida, and located between the main line of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad and the Tilly Branch of said Atlantic Coast Line Railroad and east of a line described as, beginning at a point at the southeast corner of Block Eighty-two (82) of St. M. Smith's Subdivision of all that part of Section Twenty-seven (27) lying south of Gertrude avenue and that part of the west half of Section Twenty-six (26) lying south of Gertrude avenue and Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company and the NW 1/4 of Section Thirty-four (34) and N 1/2 of NW 1/4 of Section Thirty-five (35), all in Township Nineteen (19) south, Range Thirtieth (30) east, according to plat of said subdivision of record in the public records of Orange county, Florida, in Plat Book No. 1, page 55 thereof; and of record in the public records of Seminole county, Florida, in Plat Book 1, page 55 thereof; and said M. M. Smith's subdivision, thence south on the west line of Blocks 85, 86 and 87, to the right of way of the Tilly Branch of said Atlantic Coast Line Railroad, and all streets, avenues, alleys and highways of any subdivision or subdivisions of any portion or portions of any land lying east of the line described, line and between the main line of said Atlantic Coast Line Railroad and the Tilly Branch of said Atlantic Coast Line Railroad, whether opened and used as public highways or not, be, and the same are hereby declared to be, abolished, vacated, discontinued and abandoned as public streets and highways of the said city of Sanford, Florida.

NOTICE. Whereas, a petition has been presented to the Board of County Commissioners praying that a special election be called in Seminole county to determine the question whether compulsory systematic tick eradication work or compulsory dipping of cattle shall be carried on in Seminole county with and under the cooperation of the State Live Stock Sanitary Board. And whereas a petition has been presented to this board containing the names of 821 qualified electors asking that said election be called. Therefore, be it resolved that a special election be and the same is hereby called and ordered to be held throughout Seminole county on the 15th day of July, A. D. 1918, at the several polling places where the last general election was held in Seminole county for the purpose of determining by said election whether or not compulsory systematic tick eradication work or the compulsory dipping of cattle shall be carried on in Seminole county. The several polling places to be opened at 8 o'clock and closed at sundown. Done and ordered on this 5th day of June, A. D. 1918. L. A. Hummel, Chm. C. W. Estabinger, D. F. Seaton, T. F. Higbee, E. H. Keece.

NOTICE. Bids will be received at the regular meeting of the Board of County Commissioners in August for the opening of the road leading from Wagner to Gabriella as per original survey, same to be opened thirty (30) days. Rights reserved to reject any and all bids. E. A. DOUGLAS, Clerk.

Sanford Lodge No. 52, F. and A. M. Communication every first and third Tuesdays at 7:00. Visiting brethren welcome. O. L. Taylor Secretary. Jas. Moughton W. M.

Masonic Chapter No. 16, R. A. M. Meets every second and fourth Tuesday in Masonic Hall over the Empire Theatre. Visiting companions welcome. O. L. Taylor F. L. Miller Sec'y High Priest

Phoenix Lodge No. 5, K. of P. Meets every first and third Tuesday in Masonic Hall. All visiting brethren cordially invited. J. F. McClelland J. D. Deasey N. G. R. Sec'y

Gate City Camp No. 6, W. O. W. Meets second and fourth Wednesday nights in each month. J. F. McClelland Council Commander

United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America. Sanford Local Union No. 1751 Meets first and third Thursday night at 7 o'clock in the M. W. A. Hall, Pico Bldg. J. W. O. Singletary W. W. Van Ness Sec. Treas.

Clery City Aerle No. 1853 Meeting every 2nd & 4th Wednesday night at 8 o'clock Eagle Home, Oak Ave. Visiting Brothers Welcome. E. E. Hogan C. C. Woodruff Worthy President Secretary

H. P. O. E. Sanford Lodge 1841 Meet first and third Wednesday night at Elks Home, North Park Avenue. F. S. Frank O. L. Taylor Secretary Exalted Ruler

The Lake Breeze Council No. 31 Junior Order United American Mechanics Meets every Wednesday at 7:30 P. M., in the City Hall. Visiting brothers are welcome. C. H. Smith, Rec. Sec.

Modern Woodmen of America Meets 2-4, Thursday evenings, 7:30, in M. W. A. Hall, Pico Building. C. E. McDonald C. D. Couch Consul

Loyal Order of Moose Sanford Lodge No. 1310 meets in Hall in Stone & Grove Building Second and Fourth Mondays in Month at 7:30.

Sanford Public Library. Oak Avenue. Between 3rd and 4th St. Open Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays at 3 p. m. Reading Room Free to All.

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