

Fusion of Evidence Depravity Is Sought Attorney For State

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At its weekly luncheon held today at the Montezuma Hotel, the Junior Chamber of Commerce went on record favoring making the 1924 agricultural survey of Seminole county for the state agriculture department. The matter brought to the attention of the body by E. W. Pearman, secretary of the senior body, was unanimously taken over after a short discussion.

The proposition was referred to the Project Committee which meets on Saturday night but its reception at today's meeting indicates that it will be undertaken by the junior body. It was pointed out that not only could the organization count in for some excellent publicity in this connection but that a large sum of money could be realized for its treasury.

As discussed at the meeting, the plan would be undertaken with several members of the body taking certain parts of the county and becoming responsible for the compilation of the farm data as will be required. In this manner it will work no hardship on anyone and at the same time will give every member an opportunity to work. Sherman Moore and Hodgson Ball volunteered their services at today's meeting.

Secretary Pearman called attention to the fact that a good deal of publicity has been obtained for Sanford and the Junior Chamber of Commerce recently through articles sent out to northern newspapers by the secretary of the senior body. Among those papers which reprinted articles concerning the bathing beauty contest recently held at Daytona Beach and at which Miss Mildred Holly, one of the organization's entrants, was the prize winner, were the Philadelphia Record and North American. (Continued on page 3)

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NAVAL TREATY IS SUBJECT OF ENGLISH NOTE

Formal Protest Made That Increase in Gun Elevations On Existing Battleships Is Breach of Limitation Treaty

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Navy Department Welcomes Note as Probable Means of Settlement for All Time

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WASHINGTON, July 31.—The British government had made formal representations to the United States and Japan, contending that, in its opinion, any increase in the elevation of the guns of existing battleships under the flag of any nation signatory to the Washington naval limitation treaty would be a breach of that treaty, and an entirely new aspect to a discussion of this subject which has been in progress in this country for two years or more.

The announcement was met with complete silence on the part of officials at the state department, but at the navy department Secretary Wilbur, speaking on the basis of press reports and not upon any official representations he may have seen, declared that "it is a good idea to have the question raised in order to have it settled." The announcement in London, it is believed in this country, has served to give the question a diplomatic status it has not before known.

So far as known, the Washington government has taken no steps toward replying to the British representations. It is believed that the communication referred to in the house of commons by Arthur Ponsonby, under secretary for foreign affairs, was transmitted several weeks ago at least. In view of this, it is evident that the Washington government sees no reason for urgency in dealing with the situation.

The announced purpose of the navy department to re-submit to congress at the next session its full program for modernization of the older battleships of the American navy. That program includes elevation of turret guns to give them modern battle range. At no time has the navy department, despite a very extensive study by the general board of all of the proceedings of the Washington conference and its committees and experts conceded that the provisions of the treaty could fairly be interpreted to prohibit the modernization work it has repeatedly recommended to congress.

The British communication is believed to be based on a provision in section 1, part 3 of the treaty, which prescribes replacement rules and says with reference to existing battleships:

"No alterations in side armor, in caliber, in number or general type of mounting shall be permitted."

Exceptions to this qualification are made to permit France and Italy to increase their armor protection and the caliber of guns to the treaty limit of 16-inch weight. (Continued on page 3)

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Investigation into the recent entry into this country of Luis Angel Firpo, Argentine heavyweight, was promised today by the commissioner general of immigration at the demand of President Chase of the New York Civic League.

Democrats and Republicans Both for Good Government Declares Davis in Address

PLAN ANNOUNCED BY GOVERNMENT FOR DEFENSE DAY

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Instructions Sent Out By War Department to Chiefs and Commanders of All Corps Areas.

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WASHINGTON, July 31.—Plans for the observance of September 12 as defense day, a project which has become a subject of much public controversy, are laid down in detail in instructions sent by the war department to the chiefs of all its branches and to the commanding generals of all corps areas.

As made public by the department for the first time, the instructions say that the general plan for the day has two main objectives, namely, patriotic demonstrations and a test mobilization. By way of preface, it is explained that in lieu of extensive field exercises which for economic reasons cannot be held during the present calendar year, the secretary of war has decided to initiate a mobilization demonstration which will serve as an occasion for assemblages and ceremonies involving public manifestations of loyalty and practical patriotism.

The document says in part: "It is expected that the initial mobilization plans will be in such a state by September 12, 1924, that it will be practicable on this occasion to subject the underlying principles thereof to analysis and tests. Based as they are upon the experience of 1917 and 1918, the policy of decentralization is embodied wherever believed to be practicable. Local mobilization, a special feature in the mobilization plans, will be emphasized and tried out by this test. This should eliminate much of the delay and confusion caused by hurried expediency in the past."

"The plans and the decentralization authority to be exercised by corps area commanders and state officials depend for their effectiveness upon the public realizing the methods of operation. Each person should know something of the agencies which guide the efforts of his community. Consequently, wherever there are military units of any character on September 12, 1924, the procedure of mobilization will be demonstrated as fully as is practicable without extra expenditure of public funds. Efforts will be made to test the value and reveal the defects of the plans."

"It is the purpose of the war department to prescribe the general plan only, leaving to the commanding generals of corps areas and the district of Washington, and to chiefs of branches in connection with activities under their control, the detailed plans for carrying into effect the general plan."

In connection with the patriotic demonstrations, corps area commanders are informed that the purpose "is to depict the progress of mobilization, the dependency of units on the community to which allocated and the contribution in personnel that would be expected from each community in the event of a national emergency."

For that purpose the commanders are directed to make efforts in co-operation with state and municipal officials to see that every community in the country holds some form of observance on the day of the test.

The commanders were directed to take up the matter confidentially with state and local authorities as to appointment of civilian committees. The civilians committees would represent state and local agencies which would be used in procurement under either a volunteer or selective service system of the men necessary to fill up the ranks of all branches of the army.

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Defense Strikes Back

The defense in the trial of Nathan F. Leopold, Jr., and Richard Loeb, confessed slayers of Robert Franks, Chicago schoolboy, made its first effort to break down the testimony of state's witnesses when it began cross-examining Detective Sergeant James J. Gortland. Here the attorneys are seen going over Gortland's notes, with Leopold looking over their shoulders. Loeb, sitting next of them, appears more interested. Sitting with heads together, from left to right are Chief Defense Counsel Clarence F. Darrow, Leopold, Attorney Walter Bachrach and Attorney Benjamin Bachrach.

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FARM SURVEY TO BE MADE SOON BY JUNIOR CHAMBER

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Permits for Month Show Substantial Gain Over July, 1923, Although Less than Last Month.

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Building permits issued in Sanford during July amounted to \$52,329 as compared with \$45,055 for the same month last year, according to figures submitted by City Clerk L. R. Phillips today. This is an increase of approximately 30 per cent or \$16,874. Last year when the permits issued advanced from \$26,130 in June to \$45,055 in July it was stated that the growth of Sanford was getting well under way. This year, however, there has been a constant rise in the month total until now and figures for 1924 show a more consistent increase in construction than do those for 1923.

June permits for this year totaled \$81,055 while those for July show a decrease of \$19,726. The June total was boosted by the permits issued to the city for the construction of a grandstand at the new municipal athletic field and the power house on the site of the new waterworks plant.

Total permits issued during July were \$35,354 against a total of \$25,830 for 1923. This is a gain for the first seven months of this year over the same time for last year or \$92,424 or approximately 38 per cent. Of the first seven months in each year, February of 1923 was the only month in which permits amounted to more than for the same period during 1924.

Prominent business and real estate men predict that perhaps the steady increase in the amount of construction going on in this community demonstrates more clearly than anything else the prosperity and the growth of this section. Some have said that to watch the building of residences in the outlying sections of the city will give the investors something to think about.

Compilation of figures shows conclusively that Sanford construction for 1924 is far ahead of that for 1923. A table showing the amount of permits issued during the first seven months of both years follows:

Month	1923	1924
February	52,995	40,770
February	63,995	20,770
March	30,165	35,018
April	26,050	25,511
May	45,475	61,510
June	29,130	81,055
July	45,055	62,329
Total	\$258,930	\$345,354

The largest permit issued during the past month was to C. J. Merrifield for the erection of a brick store room at the corner of Second Street and Magnolia Avenue to the amount of \$22,046. The foundation of the structure has been laid and the walls are now going up.

Deadlock Settlement Apparent

Latest Proposal Made By French Members Appears Likely Settle all Difficulties

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French Delegation To Have Nothing Else To Offer if it Fails

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LONDON, July 31.—Members of the experts committee of the inter-allied conference, after examining the proposals submitted by the French experts as a compromise plan to end the conference deadlock over security for a loan, declared their belief today that the French proposals, with minor alterations, probably would be acceptable to the conference.

If the new plan fails, the French say they have nothing more to offer. They do not submit the scheme in any sense as an ultimatum and they emphasize that they are not looking out of the window toward a train waiting to take them back to Paris.

Nevertheless, they maintain that the document on which their experts have labored for the last 48 hours should provide a means of settlement. Unless it does they do not know what more they can do toward reaching a settlement which will put the Dawes plan to work.

After the adjournment of the delegates Mr. Kellogg declined to comment on whether the French proposal would be acceptable until the American experts had studied it. But from other American observers who have some knowledge of what the draft contains, it is learned that it is not expected that the plan will have easy passage when it starts along the rough political surface of the allied conference table in Downing Street.

Strong objections from British sources are expected when the proposal is formally submitted to the allied experts at noon today. As for its being the last attempt toward reconciling the divergent views of the delegates about the best methods of applying the Dawes plan, a competent American observer, said "last steps" toward a compromise were being taken every day. First Great Britain then France say they have given way for the last time, he added.

On its face value the French proposal, as authoritatively interpreted, seems to be a great concession of French policy; but there are conditions and reservations attached which the allied experts were scrupulously studying last night.

The proposal contains three main points, besides some features of the original plan for sanctions and defaults. The first point seeks to calm British fears that a sharp German default may be declared by providing for a board of arbitration which will make a declaration of default by the reparations commission much more difficult to obtain than at present. The second point provides for the establishment of machinery to handle defects which may develop in the working of the Dawes plan, particularly in relation to deliveries in kind.

The third provides for guarantees that Germany will not maneuver out of payments in kind. It also enables France to make new agreements extending the terms for payments in kind beyond the provisions of the Versailles treaty date, which is 1930.

BUENOS AIRES, July 31.—With the return of the state government to Sao Paulo, Brazil, some of the recent revolt life in Santos has assumed a normal aspect, says a dispatch to La Nación. Business has been resumed and factories are operating.

INSURANCE COMPANIES PLAN TO INVEST HERE

Representatives State Lack of Real Estate Inflation Makes Sanford Desirable for Investments.

Some of the large nationally prominent life insurance companies are now planning to loan money in Sanford. The recent census compiled by R. L. Polk and Company, showing the city to have a population of 10,000 or a gain of 100 per cent over its population in 1920 has caused these companies to cast furtive glances at the possibilities for lucrative investment offered in the City Substantia.

Thirteen Cases Are Disposed Of In County Court

Nine cases were disposed of at Tuesday afternoon's continued session of Seminole County Court, and the morning court additional cases were tried and disposed of. The nine cases tried Tuesday afternoon were criminal cases while those for today, two were civil and two were criminal.

The cases as tried this afternoon were: Tige School, aggravated assault, dismissed; Annie Mae Pickett and Joe Pickett, charged with fornication, found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of \$1 and costs or to spend 30 days in the county jail; Charlie Jones, carrying concealed weapons, guilty, \$100 and costs or 90 days in jail; Marie Grant, using indecent language in public, \$5 and costs; Marie Grant, reckless exhibition of fire arms, \$50 and costs or 60 days in jail; Charles Cobb, petit larceny, guilty; Willie Rivers, assault and battery, guilty; J. M. Brown, larceny, guilty.

DAVIS FINISHES VISIT TO MAINE; LEAVES TODAY

(Continued from page 1) hearing him swear over his game care free conversationist, he said since then he has been occupied by his wife talked to him steadily, for about ten minutes during dinner one night here, and then suddenly accused him: "You haven't heard a word I said, have you?" "No," he said gently, "I was thinking about the political situation."

Three Cases Draw Large Fines in City Court During Week

Fines, costs and estrated bonds at the Monday and Wednesday morning sessions of municipal court amounted to \$416. Eleven cases were arraigned at both sessions. One case for the possession of intoxicating liquor, drew a fine of \$200 and costs, and two for carrying concealed weapons, drew fines of \$50 and costs.

The cases arraigned at today's session were: George Williams, disorderly conduct, \$10 bond or treated; Louise Williams, \$10 bond or treated; J. T. Atkins, speeding, \$5 and costs or 10 days in jail; J. T. Atkins, operation of car in a reckless manner, dismissed; Larney Slappy, disorderly conduct, \$1 and costs or 10 days in jail; Booker Scott, disorderly conduct, \$1 and costs or 10 days in jail; Louise Erick, vagrancy, \$5 and costs or 10 days in jail; Charles Savage, drunk and disorderly, dismissed; Charles Savage, vagrancy, dismissed; Robert Mack, carrying concealed weapons, \$50 and costs or 60 days in jail; Charles Pitts, speeding, \$10 bond or treated.

Klansmen Engage In All-Night Battle To Rotary Club On Crossing Accidents

LANCASTER, Mass., July 30.—After a night of disorders and clashes in which scores were injured, a crowd of men engaged in night hostilities with members and spectators at a "Ku Klux Klan meeting" in a field near here were dispersed with the arrival of additional state patrolmen today.

There were 500 to 800 men engaged in the fighting during the night. A similar outbreak at Spencer, several miles away, was also reported. Five men were taken into custody by the state police patrol at the scene of the Spencer riot early this morning, charged with being implicated in the trouble. They gave Spencer addresses. The police say they had not determined the charges that would be placed against the men pending an investigation.

T. L. Dumas Speaks To Rotary Club On Crossing Accidents

Supr. T. L. Dumas of the local office of the Atlantic Coast Line was present at the noon luncheon of the Rotary Club Tuesday as its principal speaker and urged the members of that organization to "assist in reducing the large annual, yet needless, loss of life and injury to occupants of automobiles."

Mr. Dumas stated that through the efforts of the safety committee which were first organized during the war when the government had charge of the railroads, railroad employee accidents have decreased from 4,334, in 1907 to 1,687 in 1922, a decrease of approximately 63 per cent. This result has been achieved, he said, notwithstanding the vastly larger forces of railroad employees in the latter years.

St. Petersburg Tax Rate 11 Mills 1924

ST. PETERSBURG, July 30.—The tax rate for this city will remain at 11 mills for 1924, the city commission has decided after placing the budget at the tentative figure of \$740,631. General expenses of the city will amount to \$400,892; interest on bonds will be \$34,801; and \$291,938 for the three auxiliary boards, the advertising and library, park and hospital boards. Salaries of the directors of finance and public works have been raised from \$4,200 to \$5,000 each, according to the superior technique of workmen who do more in less time than their fellows is being shown on motion picture film by efficiency engineers.

Going Away For The Summer?

Then why not order The Sanford Herald to follow you on your trip. Without it your vacation will be incomplete. With it you will be kept informed of what is going on back home. It will be just like a letter from home every afternoon.

For Fifteen Cents you can have The Herald mailed to you for a week. Before leaving phone 148 and tell the operator to enter your name on the mailing list. You owe it to your self to keep well informed of all that transpires back home.

STEEL COMPANY GIVES DIVIDEND OF FIFTY CENTS

NEW YORK, July 30.—Despite a perceptible slackening in steel operations in the second quarter of the year, directors of the United States Steel Corporation Tuesday declared an extra dividend of 50 cents on the common shares for the third successive quarter.

Total earnings of the corporation, amounting to \$41,881,049, while almost \$9,000,000 below those of the preceding three months, were, however, about \$6,000,000 above preliminary estimates made in the financial district. Confidence in the business outlook of the country was expressed by E. H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, after the meeting of directors.

Mr. Gary stated that as soon as the presidential election had occurred and at least a month before, we would have good business in this country. "If I were to make a prediction at the present time, I would not change materially what I then said."

Mr. Gary said there had been a considerable increase in steel buying since the first of July. Before the directors' meeting, presidents of the subsidiary companies of the corporation conferred with Chairman Gary regarding the federal trade commission's order to abandon the "Pittsburgh plus" system. Another meeting will be held on August 19 to determine what action the corporation will take.

Junior Chamber Of Commerce Enrolls 71 New Members

(Continued from Page 1) Raleigh A. King, Osborn B. Murphy, C. S. Thompson, G. L. Williams, W. C. Erickson, D. W. Smith, Henry McLaughlin, Jr., W. H. Shepherd, Luke Thompson, Jr., Floyd A. Palmer, E. S. McCall, W. E. White, G. E. McCall.

When the king of Siam wished to destroy a courtier's fortune he sent him a white elephant.

City Water Bills For June Will Be Payable At Utilities Office

It has been announced by City Manager W. B. Williams that all water bills for July will be payable between Aug. 1 and 10 at the office of the Southern Utilities Company, 218 East First Street, where N. T. Cobb, office manager, has been in charge since July 1.

Deposits on water will be refunded by the Southern Utilities Company and new deposits will have to be made with the city water department; in fact, when a customer calls to have his deposit refunded, the transfer to the city department may be made at the same time, it is said.

CROWE LOSER OF A POINT IN COURT CLASH

(Continued from page 1) put a record of Loeb's emotion before the judge, the defense will begin. Immediately the atmosphere is expected to change from a recital of sordid facts into a discussion of pathological conditions bearing upon the mentality, the degree of the defendant's responsibility, and the fine shadings of psychological phenomena by which the defense hopes to win the mitigation of punishment, which they announced as their object the day the boys pleaded guilty.

Mr. Darrow said that Dr. William E. White, superintendent of St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Washington, D. C. would be the first witness and the other defense experts on mentality and juvenile delinquency would probably follow. Dr. White has a reputation as a specialist in the mechanisms of character formation.

Announcement Made New Steamship Line

TAMPA, July 30.—Announcement is made here that a new steamship line will be started to Tampa next month. The venture will begin as a monthly service, it is stated, between Tampa and Philadelphia, Wilmington, Del., and New Orleans, but plans are for it to be changed to a sailing every ten days or two weeks. The first sailing will be from Philadelphia Aug. 6, arriving here Aug. 11. The steamer to later continue on its way to New Orleans.

INTERFERENCE OF BRYAN UNIQUE SAY OFFICIALS

(Continued from Page 1) instructions in regard to the test. Referring to the description of the program as a "mobilization," the department insisted the only thing asked for was "voluntary co-operation during the ceremonies of the day of these citizens who desire to parade with organizations on the theory that in case of war, they would probably enlist therein."

TALLAHASSEE, July 30.—Governor Hardee today voiced his approval of President Coolidge's stand on Defense Day in a telegram to the New York Sun, answering an inquiry from that paper as to the governor's attitude on the question. Governor Hardee's telegram reads as follows:

"Your message asking my views on president's call for mobilization on Defense Day, I approve the stand taken by the president. We have not reached that point when the nation can disregard its proper national defense and measure looking to the efficiency of defensive forces should be encouraged." (Signed) "Cary A. Hardee, Governor."

MIAMI, July 30.—William Jennings Bryan took issue with President Coolidge's plan for setting aside September 12 as "Mobilization day" tonight. While declining to comment on the position taken by his brother, Governor Charles F. Bryan of Nebraska, the Congressman declared that he "did not see any reason" for a "defense day."

Germans Are Making New Waterproof Silk

COLOGNE, Germany, July 29. Storm proof, featherweight coats which may easily be carried in the pocket, have appeared here this season. They are made of wool or silk and weigh from 10 to 20 ounces. A handy "pull on" hat, also of waterproof material, made to match the coat, is to be had as well. This hat, weighing three ounces, is so constructed that rain cannot drip down the neck. The featherweight coats for men come in several designs of all-wool cloth, while the more luxurious garments for women are of silk.

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Sanford, Leesburg Kiwanis Teams To Play On Thursday

(Continued from page 1) Lane. The exact date for the game will probably be fixed during this week, he said. The Plant looking with envy at the straight line of Sanford victories, said Mr. Lane, and hopes to schedule a game in which it will have a chance to break the luck of the local team.

Manager Lane further announced that the American Athletic Girls' baseball team is now touring Georgia and that he has written them for a game in case they should come into this state. He says that if the team comes to Florida, it will play the Kiwanis team in this city.

When asked what had been done about the tentative game with the Daytona Kiwanis club team, Mr. Lane stated that the team did not wish to play the Sanford outfit until it had played a game with the Daytona Rotary club team, which it has challenged in an effort to feel out its strength. If the team is successful in that game, it will then arrange to play the Sanford Kiwanis.

The probable line-up as given out by Mr. Lane is: Howard Overlin, catcher; G. E. McCall, pitcher; Merriwether, first base; J. C. Hutchins, second base; L. C. DeBout, short stop; Burke Blum, third base; Gardner, right field; Matthews, center field; Byrd, left field, and E. F. Lane and S. M. Lloyd utility men.

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Local Civilian Committee on September by General

On request of C. Shanks, commander of the American Legion, the local civilian committee on September 12, 1918, will function in the city. These local units will function in the city to the extent of their own resources. They will call for the programs for the day to be held in the city, and will call for the assistance of the commanders of the Army of the United States in their immediate vicinity.

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The Seminole Grocery Co.

Cash Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, FRUITS AND PRODUCE,
HAY, GRAIN AND FEED

Begs to Announce its

Opening in Sanford

at 206 West First St., adjoining A. C. L. Freight Depot in the Old Pace Warehouse

THIS COMPANY WILL CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS. ALSO A COMPLETE STOCK OF ALL FEEDS.

Selling for Cash

enables us to make exceedingly close prices. You are cordially invited to visit our warehouse and look over our stock.

Seminole Grocery Co.

206 West First Street — Telephone 591

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SPECIAL NOTICE: All obituary notices, cards of thanks, resolutions of condolence and similar items where charges are made will be charged at regular advertising rates.

THURSDAY, JULY 31, 1924

WISDOM THOUGHT FOR TODAY

VALUE OF A GOOD NAME.—A good name is rather to be chosen than great riches, and loving favour rather than silver and gold. —Proverbs 22:1.

ELIZABETH L. H.

Wouldst thou hear what man can say in a little?—reader, stay! Underneath this stone do I lie As much beauty as a scold gives; Which in many a barber dyes; To more virtue than doth live. If at all she had a fault, Leave it buried in this vault. One name was Elizabeth— The other, let it sleep with death; Fitter, where they dyed to fall. Than that it lived at all. Farewell! —Ben Jonson.

Many an old egg thinks he is hard boiled who would run away if he ever got cracked.

If cats only didn't sing through their noses we wouldn't mind them so much.

A skeleton, believed to be that of Richard III, was recently unearthed in England. But it looked like anybody else's skeleton.

Firpo's lady friend is now in Cuba. She had no more trouble landing there than her famous companion did in this country.

Enthusiasts have left the presidential race and are now centering their interest upon the sprint between corn and wheat.

The New York World tells of the delightful romance to be found in the bootlegging trade. It seems to know a surprising lot about the inside workings of this profession.

They tell us that the brain of an ant is about the size of the head of a darning needle. And yet ants have sense enough to come in out of the rain.

The little girl down the street says that every man who takes you to a filling station is not necessarily going to buy you something to eat.

The trouble about this one hundred per cent Americanism is that it doesn't include anybody except Seminole Indians and we understand there is an Ethiopian strain in them.

Judge Caverly, who is trying the famous Loeb-Slopek case, was thirty-six years old when he graduated from law school. Some young men who feel they are failures at twenty-seven or thirty might well start all over again.

In Revolutionary times Minute Men were armed volunteers who could be called out in a moment's notice to repel an attack by the British. Nowadays Minute Men are folks who keep appointments and the organization is not nearly so large as in 1775.

The Lakeland Star-Telegram announces that beginning on August 4 it will issue an evening paper as well as the morning edition. The two papers will be delivered to subscribers in Lakeland for twenty-five cents a week, or either one of the papers at the usual price of fifteen cents a week; Lakeland will be amply and ably supplied with the latest news.

With but little more than six months having passed since the citizens of Sanford voted on bonds to acquire three utility plants and to construct a city hall, the City Commission has purchased two of the plants and approved plans for the city hall. This shows that the commission is taking care of the people's business and carrying out their wishes. The next thing on the program now is the acquisition of the electric light plant.

An Associated Press dispatch tells of Mexican girls who are arming themselves with small bore pistols to defend their rights to wear bobbed hair. Rather extraordinary scenes began to occur on the streets of Mexico City with the introduction of bobbed hair. Girls were seized and their heads completely shaved. Others were ducked in tubs and ponds. We recommend that the girls not only carry those small bore pistols but also use them with much serious intent.

About a week ago a mob of men, with a single exception, seized a Maryling, striped bar and red hot tar and feathers. This was sufficient to make us aware of our race. No matter how many or how the girl had committed so many at all worthy of the mob would be a party to such a crime. But the abuse of the girl was not with the tar and feathers. The girl was seized by the hair, her face was scratched and she was thrown into the water. The mob, however, was not satisfied with this. They now charge her with the crime of being a white girl.

Don't Pass The Buck

The unfortunate part of the present national political situation is the extreme likelihood that the will of the people will be thwarted. This itself is not unusual. The will of the people is often thwarted. Andrew Jackson gained a popular majority in the election of 1824, but John Quincy Adams was elected president. There have been other instances. But it is not often that one man who has no chance of election himself can dominate the selection of a president.

When Senator LaFollette threw his hat into the arena, an element was injected into the presidential fight of peculiar significance. Immediately the battle ended between two well ordered, well groomed candidates and became a tripartite struggle in the nature of a "free for all." This not only makes the necessity of raising three campaign funds and causes the expenditure of at least a third more money in electing a president, but also makes the choice of a president at any price very difficult and uncertain.

LaFollette has an excellent chance of carrying five states—Wisconsin, Minnesota, North and South Dakota and Montana—which would give him thirty-nine votes in the electoral college. There is a possibility that he may carry seven or eight additional states which would run his electoral votes up to perhaps eighty. It is obvious that unless there is either a Democratic or a Republican landslide, LaFollette can easily block the election of either Davis or Coolidge.

If this should be the case the selection of a president, according to the Twelfth Amendment to the constitution, would rest with the House of Representatives. Their selection is made, with the delegation of each state voting as a unit, from the three highest candidates. In this particular House a selection from among Davis, Coolidge and LaFollette would be practically impossible. Five states would be tied and not voting. Twenty-one states would vote for Davis and twenty-two, nominally Republican, should vote for Coolidge, but LaFollette would be sure to capture the delegations of certain states like Wisconsin and Minnesota. Here again LaFollette would hold the balance of power and could block the election of either of the other candidates.

In this event, the Twelfth Amendment goes on, the election of a president shall be made, if by March 4 the House has made no choice, by the Senate of the United States from among the two highest candidates for the vice-presidency. In the Senate there are fifty-one Republicans, forty-three Democrats, and two Farmer-Laborites, while forty-nine votes would be necessary for an election. The Republicans have the required number, but unfortunately for them it includes LaFollette and his crowd to whom Charles W. Bryan would prove far more acceptable than General Dawes.

LaFollette, then, from first to last, will control the election provided he gets a handful of votes in the electoral college from the mid-Western states. He controls a presidential election and yet has no more chance of election himself than Jack Dempsey or Harold Lloyd. Political leaders of the country should immediately set about remedying such an evil as this, but in the meantime the voters of the country should see to it that their will is carried out by voting overwhelmingly for the Democratic ticket.

A Live Organization

Congratulations are due to the Sanford Junior Chamber of Commerce for the splendid results it attained in its membership drive yesterday. This junior trade body with a membership of only thirty, set itself industriously to work and within two hours had increased its entire enrollment over two hundred per cent, placing the total number of members at one hundred and one.

This is especially commendable in view of the fact that the junior chamber has been organized only three weeks. The charter members readily recognized the importance of making their organization thoroughly representative of all the young business men in the city, and immediately formulated plans for securing a one hundred per cent membership. The response with which their efforts have been met bespeaks well the progressiveness and enterprise of the young men of Sanford.

Such an organization as this, of over one hundred live-wire, clean-cut, energetic and ambitious young business men could accomplish wonders for any city and will achieve many things for Sanford, which heretofore have been unthought of, and which now thought of, will lend an added push as Sanford reaches the crest of prosperity.

All Sanford is proud of the start that the Junior Chamber of Commerce has made and is predicting a brilliant record of achievements for this organization.

THE PEOPLE WHO talk about poor business and dull times are those who are not hustling to get business. Just as sure as a merchant or other business man gets out and tells the world through newspaper advertising what he has to sell and what he is doing, he will find that business is not dull after all, but that he was the one who was in a state of lethargy. No business man can afford to sit down and wait for business to come his way. That day and time have long since gone by and the successful merchant of today is the one who is forever hammering at the public in the way of attractive and appealing advertisements.—Eustis Lake Region.

I HAVE SEEN that man moves over with each new generation into a bigger body, more awful, more reverent and more free than he has had before.—Gerald Stanley Lee.

VENGEANCE COMES not slowly either upon you or any other wicked man, but steals silently and imperceptible, placing its foot on the bad.—Euripides.

FIFTY CENT DOLLARS

TAMPA TIMES

There are more ways than one of depreciating a dollar, and that is the reason William Jennings Bryan now has the laugh on those who fought his free silver policy on the ground that it would give the country a fifty-cent dollar. This country never has had a dollar as cheap as that except under a Republican administration, and as a matter of fact the dollar which the farmer has to get out of what he produces by hard labor is worth considerably less than fifty cents when he has to buy things which he must have if he would keep his farm running.

A recent article in the New York World shows what the Fordney-McCumber tariff has done to the farmer when it cites figures to show that the average price of farm products today is but little above what it was in 1913, while the average price of what the farmer buys is more than double what it was then. In fact the farmer's dollar has an exchange value of from 41.1 to 57.1 cents. This is the only thing for which the farmer can charge his dollar on the high market fifty-seven cents.

As Brisbane Sees It

Woman President? Not yet. No "Old Men's Diseases." Just Bones. Not So Surprising.

BY ARTHUR BRISBANE (Copyright 1924)

JOHN R. VOORHIS, oldest office-holder, aged ninety-five, predicts a woman president. She will come, but not in fifty years. Many women in the United States would make presidents better than any with two exceptions since Thomas Jefferson. But man, proud man, dressed in a little brief authority, will take a long time to get over his superiority complex.

Men of low intelligence sincerely believe that they are in some mysterious way woman's superior and such men decide presidential elections.

If a woman becomes president before 1980 it will be through promotion of a vice-president. That might happen within a generation.

DAVID BELASCO is better. Senator Lodge must undergo a second operation. He has strength to endure it, fortunately. Too many take for granted "old men's diseases," just as "children's diseases" are taken for granted.

There is no reason why children should have the mumps, measles, scarlet fever, chicken pox, that parents ignorantly call "natural and necessary." Every such disease weakens the child. None is natural or necessary.

THE OLD MEN'S diseases, rheumatism, bladder and kidney trouble, hardening of the arteries are not "natural or necessary," either. Neglected teeth that cause self-poisoning by absorption in the blood, auto-intoxication caused by a clogged-up condition of the intestinal tract, following unwise eating, send millions to the graveyard that ought to have their most useful years of life ahead.

"WE DIG OUR graves, with our teeth," was well said, and also, "half of what we eat keeps us alive, the other half kills us!"

If a man past fifty, not condemned to heavy labor for a living, would understand that two or three ounces of meat a day is enough, with green vegetables in abundance "for bulk," five doctors could do the work of ten.

Frenchmen are taught from childhood, "leave the table hungry."

Our people from childhood until premature death are urged to eat more.

Ten minutes after you leave the table, which means as soon as digestion has begun, appetite ends. By getting up hungry you can do without doctors or medicines and live longer. But don't do like Napoleon, cut short your meal time. Eat more slowly, chew more thoroughly, eat less. That's the advice of Dr. Braun Squard, one of the wisest doctors.

THEY HAVE dug up the bones of William the Third of England, and a great fuss would have been made about that in the days when the "sacred majesty" of kings was taken seriously. Now those bones are, just bones.

ANTIQUARIANS are hunting the grave of Attila, not far from Budapest, interesting things would be found near the skeleton of the "Scourge of God," as he proudly called himself. He is one, by the way, that killed himself with his teeth. Celebrating his marriage to a handsome young captive girl, he ate tremendously, as Huns and Tartars did when they had the chance, and died of indigestion.

AN OLD STORY says the beautiful young captive, who had seen the murderous work of the man who boasted, "Grass never grows where my horse puts his foot," murdered him on their wedding night.

The story has not been proved, but you could believe it had you seen the temperamental girls of Hungary and the Balkans that attended Professor Popper's class in the Budapest conservatory some years ago.

LOUIS SEIBOLD says radical Democrats will be disappointed in John W. Davis's acceptance. Seibold, who often gets information in advance, says Davis will declare against public ownership of any kind. That may disappoint radical Democrats, but it ought not to surprise them.

CHARLES DANA GIBSON, entertaining Mr. Davis at Dark Harbor, prints in his clever "Life" a picture showing Uncle Sam with a magnifying glass, examining two bugs. One is labeled "Democrat" the other "Republican." Uncle Sam says, "I am told there is a difference between these bugs, but I can't see it." There you have the campaign as many see it.

WONDERFUL YEAR FOR THE PAD AND PENCIL EXPERTS

Comic strip titled 'DAN DOUGLASS' featuring a character named Dan Douglass. The panels contain humorous dialogue about political figures and events, such as 'IT'S JUST AS PLAIN AS A-B-C-COOLIDGE WILL GET EVERYTHING BUT THE SOUL SOUTH AND WISCONSIN-FIGURE IT OUT FOR YOURSELF, IT'S A SURE THING' and 'NOW THIS IS THE WHY IT WORKS OUT-DAVIS OF COURSE WILL CARRY THE SOUL SOUTH, THAT'S 183 VOTES IN ALL-THE AL-SOUTH WILL HELP HIM CARRY NEW YORK AND NEW JERSEY AND WITH OHIO HE'LL HAVE ENOUGH-WORK IT OUT YOURSELF!'

"IT IS EPHEMERAL" NEW YORK WORLD

"Teapot Dome," says Chairman Butler with a half sneer. "It's an ephemeral matter. I have not heard of it for weeks." So the naval oil-reserve scandal, the opinion of Mr. Coolidge's campaign manager, is of no importance. Make light of it is the instruction from Republican headquarters to all the party workers awaiting word to take the field. That is the key-note. Chairman Butler strikes for the guidance of the big and little politicians who are to labor for a new lease of power for the only party fit to govern. Up-State, singing in tune, Representative Ogden L. Mills pooh-poohs the notion that however much corruption there may have been a Republican Administration or should be held to answer. Fall, the Republican Secretary of the Interior under the Harding Administration, has been caught furiously turning over priceless Government resources to private exploiters from his friend Doherty and lying about it, and has been indicted and is awaiting trial for bribery and conspiracy to defraud the Government. Why pay attention to so trivial an incident? Daugherty, Attorney General under the Harding-Coolidge Administration, denounced at the White House by Republican Senators as unfit to hold office; his record at the head of the Department of Justice exposed; his intimate and room-mate, Jess Smith, exhibited as the central figure in the operation of a gang of bootleggers and illicit-whiskey traffickers, but what of it? It's an ephemeral matter, Chairman Butler would say. Forbes, head of the Veterans' Bureau under the Harding Administration, while sick and administered service men suffered neglect, caught jobbing hospital contracts, and conniving at the plundering of the medical-supply depot at Perryville, indicted and awaiting trial. A mere trifle, Chairman Butler might say in his casual way. Three members of the Cabinet, "only three out of ten," as Senator Pepper of Pennsylvania admitted in his Portland speech, "corrupt or incompetent. Who cares?" says Chairman Butler. "It's an ephemeral matter." An orgy of corruption reaching to the highest offices within the gift of the President, unequalled even in the days of the second Grant Administration, a succession of official scandals that stagger the country—Fall, Daugherty, Denby, Forbes, Newberry and the rest—and Mr. Coolidge's trusted adviser flippantly suggests: "Forget it, boys; it's all ephemeral. Keep off it and it will be all right." This is the moral tone in which the campaign to elect Mr. Coolidge is to be pitched by the canny New Englander in charge of it. The American people do not care anything about dishonesty in high places, about rascality in Cabinet offices and other positions giving access to the White House. It has already passed out of their memories. They do not mind in the least. There's Chairman Butler's word for it. It is a thoroughly cynical attitude, but hardly more cynical than that assumed by spokesmen for the Administration before Chairman Butler was promoted to his present duties. Mr. Coolidge, Secretary Hughes and others specially deputized to serve on occasion as broadcasters for the Administration have never so much as once among them all mentioned Fall by name or held him up to public obloquy, have never once branded Daugherty as he deserved, or denounced Forbes for turning the Veterans' Bureau into a hothouse of graft. Never once by the head of any department was a helping hand offered to a single one of the Senate committees of investigation. Never once has a word of hearty approval been heard of their work in uncovering corruption and forcing the expulsion of rascals from office. Never once has a note of honest indignation been sounded at the base betrayal of the Government by faithless Republican officials. Always, from start to finish, there has been the same policy of reticence and evasion of the eyes of the public attention through that held public attention through out the country. Always there has been manifested the same desire to slide away from the shameful facts and to soothe public opinion into forgetfulness. Chairman Butler has merely taken his cue from those whom he serves when, in the face of the foulest corruption in Washington this generation has knowledge of, he dodges the plain truth and says: "It's an ephemeral matter."

KEEPING BUSINESS GOING FT. MYERS PRESS

Business, as we understand the term today, did not exist before mercantile credit was discovered. The operations of the individual merchant were necessarily restricted, when he bought for cash, and sold for cash, if possible. Retail credit is much older than mercantile credit. The same is true of banking credit. The wholesale merchant, however, was, in the days of limited communication, handicapped in forming judgments as to the credit of extending credit. This worked both to his disadvantage and to the disadvantage of the retailer and the retailer's customer. The basis of all credit is character. It is largely necessary to the character of a reputation. Supplementing character is first, the individual's ability to meet his obligations, then his capital or property. Property is not at all essential. Character, the willingness to meet one's obligations, and the ability to meet them are the essential factors. The wholesaler judges the retailer on these points, the banker judges the wholesaler, and the retailer judges the consumer—all on the basis of character, ability, and in a minor way, property. The credit standing is a fair test of character, and the banker's judgment of what the busi-

Advertisement for Seminole County Bank. Includes an illustration of a man and a woman. Text: "How does he do it?" "He earns no more than I do, but he had money enough to buy that house." (They didn't know that their friend paid for his home with money he had saved.) "A fund for a home can be accumulated in a few years by opening an Interest Account with us and depositing a small amount every week." STRENGTH — SERVICE — PROGRESS. Seminole County Bank. 4% Interest Paid on Savings.

Advertisement for Sea Trip. Includes an illustration of a ship. Text: "Sea Trip Delightful and Beneficial." REDUCED FARES. JACKSONVILLE TO BALTIMORE \$49.50. PHILADELPHIA 55.00. BOSTON 72.18. WASHINGTON ATLANTIC CITY NIAGARA FALLS. MAKE TRAVEL A PLEASURE. Three sailings weekly Philadelphia to Boston. Sailings for Philadelphia, Monday-Thursday. Two sailings weekly Baltimore to Boston. Sailings for Baltimore Wednesday-Saturday. ENOUGH TICKETS. GOOD CONNECTIONS. FREQUENT SERVICE. SECURE STATEROOM ACCOMMODATIONS IN ADVANCE. Merchants and Miners Trans. Co. PER 800 E. BAY ST. TELEPHONE

Advertisement for First National Bank. Text: "Save for the Sunny Day..." "FIRST Nationalize your savings if you have a bright future and want to make it brighter." "Build up an account with this bank and 'some sunny day' you'll thank us for helping you reach your goal and reach it faster." "A home, a business of your own, an education for your child, travel, investment, benevolence—all these may be yours if you use this bank." FIRST NATIONAL BANK. A COMMUNITY BUILDER. F. F. FORSTER, President. B. F. WHITE, Vice-President.

The World of Sport

RED SOX LOSE TWO GAMES TO BOSTON OUTFIT

Boston Wins First 5-0 and Second 6 to 3—Pittsburgh Wallops New York Yankees—Dodgers Shut Out Cuba, 6 to 0—St. Louis Rallies to Beat Philadelphia

BOSTON, July 31.—Boston won two games from Cincinnati Wednesday 5 to 0 and 6 to 3. Felix Philpott pitched for Boston in the first game for a home run to right center. Cooney pitched well and had good support from Shay. An error by Crite in the sixth with two out let Boston score two runs in the second game.

First Game
Cincinnati.....000 000 000—0 7 1
Boston.....100 002 03x—6 9 0
Sheehan and Sandberg; Barnes and Gibson.

Second Game
Cincinnati.....101 100 000—3 11 1
Boston.....100 002 03x—6 9 0
Sheehan and Sandberg; Barnes and Gibson.

Pittsburgh 6; New York 3
NEW YORK, July 31.—Jonard started his second game since he joined the New York club in 1921 and was defeated, Pittsburgh winning from the Giants Wednesday 6 to 3. Errors by Kelly and Southworth helped Pittsburgh to two of its runs.

Score by innings:
Pittsburgh.....001 101 012—6 9 0
New York.....200 001 000—3 12 2
Cooper and Smith; Goeh; Jonard and Snyder.

SMOKERS BLANK ST. PETERSBURG 9 TO 0 WEDNESDAY

Errors and Absurd Base Running Help Pelicans Beat Growers—Lakeland Shuts Out Orlando.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 31.—The Smokers was generous with hits Wednesday and the Pelicans alleged their way to the third straight victory over the Tampa Smokers, 9 to 0. Five of the local blows were for extra bases, Bigelow starting with a double, triple and a single out of four trips.

Score by innings:
Tampa.....000 000 000—0 6 1
St. Petersburg 400 500 00x—9 14 0
Sadler and Torres; Wilson and Moore.

Clearwater 4; Bradentown 3
BRADENTOWN, July 31.—Too many errors and absurd base running beat the Growers Wednesday. It was just the Pelicans today to win, 4 to 3.

Score by innings:
Clearwater.....000 300 010—4 8 3
Bradentown.....000 110 001—3 9 9
Craig and Livingston; Rooper, Rainey and McDaniel.

JOHNSON HITS A HOME RUN TO AID SENATORS

With Score Tied, Rice Hits Triple in Ninth to Score Two—White Sox Stage Eighth and Ninth Inning Rallies to Beat Boston—Indians Trim the Athletics

DETROIT, July 31.—Walter Johnson, who started the game for Washington here Wednesday, hit a homer over the left field fence scoring Bluege, who had singled ahead of him in the second inning for the first two runs of Washington's 7 to 4 victory over Detroit. It was the Tigers' third defeat in four games. Detroit retaliated in their half of the second inning by getting four runs on five hits and an error. In the ninth inning with the score tied Bluege and Marberry singled and Rice scored them with a triple. Rice then scored on Harry's single.

Score by innings:
Washington.....022 000 003—7 10 2
Detroit.....040 000 000—4 12 1
Johnson, Marberry and Ruel; Whitehill and Bassler.

Chicago 7; Boston 6
CHICAGO, July 31.—Chicago staged rallies in the eighth and ninth innings and defeated Boston 7 to 6, Wednesday. 'Emkhe was driven off the mound in the eighth and Quinn was forced to retire in the ninth.

Score by innings:
Boston.....020 101 001—6 13 0
Chicago.....000 010 033—7 15 1
'Emkhe, Quinn, Ferguson and O'Neill; Connally, Lyons and Crouse.

Philadelphia 8
PHILADELPHIA, July 31.—Coming from behind in the eighth inning, St. Louis Wednesday tightened its grip on sixth place by defeating Philadelphia 8 to 6 in a game featured by a Cardinal triple play. Hornsby's fourth-inning home run and Sherdell's excellent relief pitching were features.

Score by innings:
St. Louis.....012 101 180—9 16 2
Philadelphia.....402 002 000—8 11 2
Dickerman, Sherdell and Gonzalez; Ring, Hubbell, Betts and Wilson, Henline.

Luis Angel Firpo Leaves Broadway To Begin Training

NEW YORK, July 31.—Luis Angel Firpo departed from Broadway Wednesday for the seclusion of his training camp at White Sulphur Springs, Saratoga Springs, where he will start training for his match with Harry Willis, negro challenger, at Boyle's Thirty Acres, Sept. 11.

Firpo reiterated that his training will be entirely in the hands of his native countrymen with the possibility of an American heavyweight added to his sparring staff. He endeavored to get in touch with Bill Tate, giant negro heavyweight, to join his staff of workers but negotiations were incomplete up to the time of his sailing.

Football Fans In Uruguay Sure Of Boys' Victory

Say Just as in United States, Boys Play Baseball, So in Uruguay Small Boys Play Soccer

Buenos Aires, July 30.—The surprise expressed in the United States and Europe that a little country like Uruguay should have produced a football team able to win the Olympic championship is not shared in South America.

Just as in the United States boys learn to play baseball as soon as they can lift a bat, boys in Argentina, Uruguay, Chile, Paraguay and Brazil learn to play soccer football when they are tiny tots.

In all these countries football is the national sport, and it is considered no wonder that in Uruguay, or in any of them, world champions could be produced as the result of universal devotion to this game.

Soccer football was introduced into the River Plate countries by the English 30 years ago and took an immediate hold. Since that time crack English and Scotch teams have come to the River Plate and gone down to defeat, as well as teams from Italy, Spain and Czechoslovakia. They found that they had nothing to teach the South Americans, either in the science of the game, or in skill and sportsmanship.

For the past seven years, annual South American football championship contests have been held which rival the World baseball series in the United States in popular interest. One championship final between Argentina and Uruguay played in Buenos Aires drew an attendance of 60,000 persons. Of the seven championships so far held, Uruguay has won four, Brazil two, and Argentina one.

The football rivalry between Argentina and Uruguay is particularly keen. In Buenos Aires or in Montevideo teams of various categories play series of matches every year for different trophies that draw many thousands of spectators who cheer their favorite with an enthusiasm no less frantic than that of baseball fans at a game between the Yanks and Giants.

It is a saying about Uruguay that there are only two classes of people in that country, those who play football and those who watch it. In Argentina there are more

How They Stand

Florida State League			
Club	W.	L.	Pct.
Lakeland	25	12	.673
St. Petersburg	25	18	.585
Tampa	18	19	.500
Clearwater	18	22	.450
Bradentown	14	22	.389
Orlando	13	23	.361
American League			
Club	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	57	41	.582
Detroit	55	42	.567
Washington	55	43	.561
St. Louis	47	47	.500
Chicago	46	51	.474
Cleveland	45	52	.464
Boston	42	54	.438
Philadelphia	39	58	.402
National League			
Club	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	51	35	.594
Chicago	54	40	.574
Pittsburgh	51	41	.554
Brooklyn	51	54	.551
Cincinnati	50	50	.500
St. Louis	40	56	.417
Philadelphia	38	56	.404
Boston	37	58	.385
Southern League			
Club	W.	L.	Pct.
Memphis	70	36	.680
Atlanta	58	42	.580
New Orleans	62	45	.580
Nashville	55	51	.519
Mobile	52	55	.488
Birmingham	44	58	.431
Chattanooga	46	61	.430
Little Rock	34	78	.318

Southern League

Nashville, July 31.—Home runs by Hawks and Paakert enabled Nashville to win the second game from New Orleans, Wednesday, 2 to 0, after losing the first to 3. Morris fanned 11 batters.

First Game
New Orleans.....010 101 100—4 14 1
Nashville.....000 201 000—3 10 0
Henry and Dowie; Morris and Mackey.

Second Game
New Orleans.....000 000 0—0 6 0
Nashville.....001 010 x—2 5 2
Saldara and Dowie; Olsen and Falls.

CHATTANOOGA, July 31.

Chattanooga took two pitchers' battles from Atlanta Wednesday, 3 to 2 and 2 to 0. Umpire Johnson put Kingfield out of the game in the fifth inning of the first game for pitching a called ball and Hank finished without allowing another run. Only one man reached first off Cunningham in the second game.

First Game
Atlanta.....101 000 000—2 7 1
Chattanooga.....201 000 00x—3 6 1
Karr and Brock; Wingfield, Perkins and Anderson.

Second Game
Atlanta.....000 000 0—0 1 0
Chattanooga.....101 001 x—2 7 0
McLaughlin and Auley; Cunningham and Kress.

MEMPHIS, July 31.

Memphis led the Bears to five scattered hits Wednesday and the Chicks to 3 to 2.

Score by innings:
Memphis.....000 001 01x—6 12 2
Chicks.....000 000 200—5 11 1
Stiles and Stokes; Warmoth and Hubbecker.

LITTLE ROCK, July 31.

Little Rock won a double header from Birmingham here Wednesday, 9 to 3 and 6 to 0. McCall pitched steady in the first game, while the Bears punched hits on Good. Little Rock won the second game 7 to 0, scoring seven runs in the sixth.

First Game
Birmingham.....000 001 00—1 5 9
Little Rock.....102 030 00x—6 10 1
Good, Bates and Spencer; McCall pitched.

Second Game
Birmingham.....002 002 0—3 11 1
Little Rock.....000 117 x—9 14 0
Good, Bates and Spencer; McCall pitched.

EVERT TRUE BY CONDO



—FURTHERMORE, MR. TRUE, I'VE MADE A SUCCESS IN LIFE. I'VE MADE GOOD IN SPITE OF THE FACT THAT I NEVER WENT TO A REGULAR COLLEGE, BUT I'LL STICK UP MY THUMB AGAINST THE BEST OF THEIR PRODUCT. I'M A GRADUATE IN THE UNIVERSITY OF HARD KNOCKS, OF HARD KNOCKS, A SELF-MADE...



OH, YOU'RE A GRADUATE IN THE UNIVERSITY OF HARD KNOCKS! WELL, IT'S A CINCINCH YOU'RE NOT KNOCKING YOURSELF! I'M A PROFESSOR IN THE UNIVERSITY OF HARD KNOCKS, AND IF YOU'LL STICK AROUND A FEW SECONDS, I'LL GIVE YOU A POST-GRADUATE COURSE, IF YOU GET WHAT I MEAN!!!

Lady Astor Is Ranked As Fourth of Women Orators in Commons

LONDON, July 29.—Who are the most effective women speakers in the House of Commons, was a question asked at a political dinner recently. The first place was almost unanimously given to Margaret Bondfield, because of her passionate conviction, real eloquence and air of speaking from the heart, which takes listeners by storm.

The Duchess of Atholl was placed next by the diners, who were of the opinion that she has a flow of admirable language, reasons well and keeps her head. Of the other six women legislators, Mrs. Wintringham was adjudged as being a sound speaker, fair in her ideas and asking nothing unreasonable.

Corbin Locks Ball Hardware Co. Find Its Superior

Elder Springs flows five gallons of pure water every thirty-two seconds. It is used by over fifty per cent of the people of Sanford, and, in its natural form, is used by the Western Union and many battery stations for storage batteries. Is it pure? Ask the State Board of Health.

Phone 311
J. H. Clause
Distributor

Try Smith's Barber Shop for good barber work, Ladies welcome. Next to Valdez.

Summer Hints for Young Mothers

Acute Indigestion Is Food Problem

It is hard on a child to suffer indigestion in summer.

Usually there is fever and vomiting, apt to be very prostrating.

One way to prevent such attacks is to see to it that the child does not eat heavily when over-tired.

Often the trouble may be traced to improper food, which should be stopped immediately.

As for treatment, do not forget that in indigestion, the organs have quit operating, and the bowel is full of undigested food.

Don't worry about the stomach—it will empty itself. But give a good clearing out treatment. Liv-o-lax will do the work thoroughly.

Then put the child on a very light diet for a few days.

You can get a good-sized bottle of Liv-o-lax at the drug store for 30c.

666

Is a prescription for Malaria, Chills and Fever, Dengue or Bilious Fever. It kills the germs.

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