

The Sanford Herald

AN INDEPENDENT DAILY NEWSPAPER

VOLUME XXIII

Member Associated Press

SANFORD, FLORIDA, TUESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1932

THE WEATHER

Cloudy with showers and warmer
tonight and Wednesday.

HOOVER RELIEF BILL IS PASSED BY U. S. SENATE

63 To 8 Vote Approves Two-Billion Dollar Reconstruction Fi- nance Corporation

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—(A.P.)—The first and mightiest of the administration's measures designed to lead the way to better times swept through the Senate last night on the crest of bi-partisan support.

A vote of 63 to 8 the emergency two billion dollar reconstruction finance corporation urged by President Hoover was approved and sent to the House, where a vote is expected Wednesday or Thursday.

Provided similar support there, the mammoth government credit institution is expected to be functioning within a week. Debate on a companion measure was begun in the House yesterday without waiting for Senate action.

On motion of Sen. Carey, (D.), Wyoming, the Senate turned to consideration of the bill in increase capitalization of the federal land banks by \$125,000,000, immediately after disposing of the finance corporation measure.

This is the second of the administration sponsored economic rehabilitation bills.

As passed by the Senate the finance corporation will have power to pour its billions in loans into banks, saving banks, truck com-

(Continued on Page Six)

Holt Hits Prohibition In Address At Democratic Rally Now On At Orlando

ORLANDO, Jan. 12.—(A.P.)—Dr. Hamilton Holt, president of Rollins College, presiding at a statewide Democratic rally today, said the present prohibition laws are unenforceable and advocated government regulation of liquor sales as a possible plank in the national Democratic platform.

He said, adding the only solution seems a compromise which possibly will be government regulation Democratic leaders from all Florida attended the conference.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—(A.P.)—A prohibitionists charge that newspapers give "outlandish and unreasonable publicity to the wet side of prohibition" was made yesterday in the Senate. Senator Brookhart, Republican,

(Continued on Page Five)

FULL REPORT ON JOHNSON URGED HAWAII AFFAIR MADE TO ADAMS

Support Of Anti-Hoover Forces Appears Sure For Senator

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—(A.P.)—Republican opponents of President Hoover came forward yesterday with a report that Hiram Johnson, of California, entered the presidential race.

North Dakota, two Republican senators—Nye and Hartley, urged Senator Johnson to enter their state's presidential primary to be held May 15.

The Californian, who participated in 1920 and 1924 for the presidency, gave no answer, but as early as next Tuesday he has announced his candidacy.

Rosenberg was slugged near his home and shot six times by three assassins as he lay helpless on a street. It wrote the first incident of a kind since the bloody warfare between Al Capone and George Moran over control of the cleaning racket.

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Johnson has been urged by several groups to go into the presidential contest against Hoover.

It appeared last night Johnson would have the united support of the anti-Hoover forces, centered in the western Republican independents, should he make the contest against the man on trial.

For brevity the testimony is placed in narrative form.

"I walked toward Walkerdale Boulevard and when I came to John Eng Road, I turned down there. I walked to near the place where the road turns toward Fort De Russy. I intended to walk to the turn of the road and then return to the Ala Wai Inn.

"There a car drove up beside me and two men got out. They

(Continued on Page Four)

Martin Visits City; Says Race Between Self, Cary Hardee

John W. Martin, governor of Florida from 1925 to 1929, and candidate for re-election to that office in the June primary, was a visitor in Sanford today calling upon old friends and reviewing the political situation. That the gubernatorial campaign has subsided down to a contest between the two former governors, was Mr. Martin's expressed conviction.

Senator Nix, who bolted Howard in the 1929 campaign, has declined to enter the Republican convention drive. However, upon inquiry a lot of discussion over a third party.

Senator Borah, who vigorously supported Hoover in 1929 but who has opposed some of the major Hoover policies in Congress, likewise has held back on suggestions that he go into the contest.

He expects to compete his strength throughout the state with a visit to the lower East Coast, thence across the Tamiami Trail to the West Coast, and up to Tampa. Immediately following this tour he will begin his active speaking campaign in which he expects to deliver at least one address in every county in the state.

SAFORD INMATE DIES

SAFORD, Jan. 12.—(A.P.)—E. J. Williamson, serving life for participation in a Lake Placid bank robbery, died suddenly at the prison farm yesterday. He has been suffering from high blood pressure, officials said.

The number of inmates in an adult head averages 1500 to 1600.

Walrus skins are used as metal polishing material.

HOLMES GIVES UP SEAT UPON HIGHEST BENCH

Aged Supreme Court Justice Is Forced By Infirmitiess To Relinquish Duties

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—(A.P.)—Oliver Wendell Holmes, associate justice of the United States Supreme Court and son of the noted poet has resigned. President Hoover today accepted his resignation.

In a letter to the President

the justice stated the condition of his health made the move necessary. Holmes told the President, "The time has come when I must bow to the inevitable. The veteran Justice will go to Mar-a-Lago.

Holmes was named to the bench by Roosevelt in 1902. His liberal views brought flashes dissenting opinions; his words repeat demands commanding attention of the nation.

Holmes has broken his health greatly in the last few months. It has been with the greatest difficulty that he has failed to take his seat on the bench and for weeks he has been assisted. However, he worked until the end, only yesterday reading his final opinion.

Within six weeks, the city of Sanford will have a large modernly owned airplane hangar on a new 100-acre airport south of the city.

At the conclusion of breakneck negotiations will be made as to a convenient site for the backers of the project to build a modernly equipped airplane hangar in all cities cutting in this country.

This rate is to be paid by the

city, and placed in various ad-

vantages, locations throughout

the county, in parking plants and

warehouses, and in all negro set-

tlements, so that all laborers may

be well acquainted with the wage

rate they are to receive.

This action is believed to be of

considerable advantage to the la-

borter and eliminates an investi-

gation begun some weeks ago when

it was learned that salary cutting

crew managers were paying crew

members varying sums although

the grower understood that one

was being paid a uniform rate.

The action anticipated prevent-

ing so much changing of one la-

borter from one contracted to an-

other thereby keeping the mean

level of a crew together, tending

to build up the crew teams which

will become more expert and in-

crease the pack.

"I have been directed by the

City Commissioners of Sanford to

communicate to you their desire

to bring about a permanent ad-

(Continued on Page Five)

Beckwith Trial Gets Delay Until Morning

McRory To Represent Road Body At Meeting

Representative George W. Mc-

Rory will act as the Seminole

County Chamber of Commerce's

official spokesman before the

State Road Department members

now meeting at Tallahassee in an-

annual budget meeting session.

He was appointed yesterday af-

ternoon at a meeting of the officers

and directors of State Road and

Highway Commission.

The commissioners' main

thought in creating Mr. Goeringer

privileges which were strenuously

objected to by Commissioner H. J.

Lohman, is to grant the gasoline

and oil privileges, that of securing

government recognition and ratifying

for the field, so that it may

at once become an active enter-

prise. The type of hangar in be-

ing constructed plus the size and

location of the field, plus the ap-

pointment of a capable attendant,

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The commissioners' main

NUMEROUS VIEWS BATTALINO LOSES ARE REVEALED ON TITLE ON FAILING GRIDIRON RULES TO MAKE WEIGHT

Many Suggestions Are Made As To Means Of Improving Game

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—What will the next big change in football be? While revision of the rules in the direction of safety is being widely demanded, there is another group of fans who are suggesting modifications which will "take some of the unfairness out of football." Collier's Weekly urges that this can be effected by limiting the number of men eligible to play in any one contest.

Many football followers and coaches will agree that this suggestion follows out the best traditions of Walter Camp, who for the greater part of his life officiated as the football editor of Collier's and used its columns as the medium for discussing ways and means of making the game worthy of a constantly growing place of leadership in American athletics.

Football as a game breaks all records when it comes to the number of fanatics suggesting changes in its playing code. It is surprising how many letters come in to every sporting editor, offering a wide variety of departures from the present system.

Yet there are certain changes recommended which deserve a complete hearing. And one of these deserving suggestions certainly is that which concerns the number of players for each game.

"In the early days of football," Collier's suggests, "frequently only eleven, twelve or thirteen men were used throughout a contest. In those days, if a college could send a squad of fifteen players to the field it had an equal chance, numerically at least, against almost any rival."

The situation has changed entirely in the last few years. In some games during the past season a team has used forty-five men. Teams would come on the field with squads of sixty, seventy or even eighty men.

"Against this human tidal wave of first-string men and reserves, the coach of the opposing team might have only twenty men to call on. As a result he might put on an even and an equal contest for two periods, only to be finally battered down by fresh recruits."

After all, football is supposed to be something more than a test of man-power and numerical superiority. It is supposed to be a battle in which the main factors are skill, speed, strategy, alertness, power and quick thinking.

In professional football the squad limit is twenty-two men. The pro teams frequently play twice a week. They may know better how to protect themselves and they may not always collide with the crashing abandon of colleagues, but they play good hard football.

"On the New York Giants," says Benny Friedman, "we rarely call on more than fifteen men, even when we have two hard games in one week. The others spend most of their time learning the added techniques of the professional game. If we had no such rule the team with the most money would soon have thirty or more stars with the result that a fresh team would be facing a half-tired team many times a season."

It has been argued also that big squads have to be used to protect tired players and prevent injuries. This is only true to a degree. A coach might find it necessary to have eleven substitutes ready, but if it takes more than twenty-two men to play an hour of football, with only eleven playing at one time, then the game seems to be just a trifle to annihilating in its present form.

What change in football rules should be suggested to correct this unbalanced condition? Suppose Coach Smith finds that he can only call on twenty-two players in each game for his first string and no reserves. Why should Coach Robinson in a much larger institution be able to nominate fifty men to face those twenty-two? It would be a much fairer test to have the rival squads limited to twenty-two men on each side. Then the deciding factor would be skill, speed, power and smartness and not the predominance of man-power.

The squad personnel could be changed each week, which still would prevent one fresh wave after another finally overwhelming the smaller side.

This past year the Army team went through an average hard week that carried Michigan, Harvard, Yale, Pittsburgh, Notre Dame, among others.

In the Notre Dame game the Army had need only twelve men up at the start of the fourth period to make only a few substitutions for that.

Realizing the numerical strength of opposing teams at least 100 men some of the unbalance of football.

Appears In Person



Championship Match Is Cancelled When "Bat" Is Disqualified

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—(A.P.)—The time came yesterday for Christopher "Bat" Battalino to step down from his featherweight throne and he did it in a large way. Not only did the youngster from Hartford, Conn., weigh in almost 10 pounds over the class limit of 126 pounds for 15-round tilt defense against Lew Feldman last night, thus automatically depriving himself of his championship, but he forced cancellation of the entire card he was supposed to head in Madison Square Garden.

It had been known the Hartford Italian, growing fast, was having difficulty getting down again to the poundage of his class after weighing 135 1/2 pounds for an over-weight match in which he knocked out Al Sniger, a lightweight, in two rounds less than a month ago.

When the featherweight title-holder stepped on the weighing machine yesterday, the bar tilted to 135 3/4, 9 3/4 pounds above the class limit, 10 pounds more than Feldman weighed.

Gen. John J. Phelan, member of the commission, immediately declared Battalino's title forfeited. Feldman announced that he would not fight any man and conceded that much weight, and Jimmy Johnston, Madison Square Garden promoter, scurried around frantic ally looking for substitutes. He found none, and a few minutes later called off the entire show.

A doctor's certificate said Battalino had injured his right knee doing roadwork Jan. 2, had been unable to run thereafter, suffered great pain, and was thus prevented from training sufficiently to pare his weight down to the feather-weight limit.

In rebuttal Dr. William Walker, commission physician, examined the warrior, found a slight abrasion on the knee, and declared that in his opinion the bruise was not serious enough either to prevent his training or fighting last night.

The dethroned titleholder weighed 140 pounds when he started training two weeks ago.

Although Feldman claimed the featherweight title as soon as Battalino defaulted, he was informed by Commissioner Phelan the claim would not be considered.

"Hack" Wilson Is 1st Major League Holdout For 1932

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 11.—(A.P.)—"Hack" Wilson, leading home run hitter of the National League in 1930 and batting failure of last season, required recently from Chicago by the world champion Cardinals, is this year's first big league holdout.

This was disclosed recently by the St. Louis Post-Dispatch in a story from a staff writer at Martinsburg, W. Va., Wilson's home.

The story said "Hack" had refused to sign a one-year contract for \$75,000 or \$25,500 less than the contract he had with the Cubs.

"I would not sign for \$75,000 under any conditions," Wilson said.

"I do not think it is fair to ask me to sign for that kind of money. When I had that good year in 1930 I was given an increase of \$12,000 and my contract called for \$33,000 and now, after building myself up with a flock of good years, I am asked to take a \$15,500 cut just because I had one bad year."

The husky outfielder revealed Branch Rickey, business manager of the Cards, had written him also saying that if he had a good season, on and off the field, he could expect a substantial sum in addition to the contract amount, but that nothing was said as to what the sum might be. Wilson said he had been prepared to take a 50 percent cut and would like to play with the Cardinals.

Defending the contract offered Wilson, Business Manager Rickey said:

"A man who expects a salary of \$33,000 for his services, the value of which is chiefly based upon physical expensiveness or skill, and does not keep himself in condition to earn that salary, ought to expect a reclassification as a ball player."

ALIENS UTILIZE PLANES

DETROIT, Jan. 11.—(A.P.)—John L. Zurbick, district director of immigration, said yesterday that aliens and Negroes are being smuggled into the United States by airplane and that the government can do but little to stop it because no planes are available with which to check arrivals.

Realizing the numerical strength of opposing teams at least 100 men some of the unbalance of football.

More than 100,000 former University of Florida basketball players are

LEVINSKY TO BOX MAC SMITH HAS FRIDAY NIGHT 2 GREAT ROUNDS IN TEN-ROUND GO TO LEAD TOURNEY

Loughran Will Start All Over Again With Steve Hamas Bout

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—(A.P.)—

Heavyweights in New York, Chicago and Boston this week provide the national boxing program with its only outstanding features.

At the Chicago Stadium Friday night, King Levinsky, recent conqueror of Tommy Loughran, takes on the durable Spaniard, Paulino Uzcudun, at 10 rounds. Supporting this attraction will be four more bouts in the National Boxing Association's light heavyweight elimination tournament.

At New York, Loughran, starting all over again, meets the young and hard hitting Steve Hamas of Passaic, N. J., in a 10-roounder at Madison Square Garden, also on Friday.

Ernie Schaaf and Jack Dorval, rival Boston heavyweights, clash over the 12-round route in the Boston Garden Friday for the "New England championship."

Bouts on the national schedule include:

Monday—At Boston Arenas: Mickey Bishop, Boston, v. Billy Hood, Atlanta, middleweights; 10,

at New York, St. Nicholas arena: Eddie Ran, Pollard, v. Jimmy McNamara, New York, welterweights; Franta Nakoly, Czechoslovakia, v. Phil Rafferty, New York, welterweights, and Mike Pavan, Arizona, v. Mike Sarks, New York, lightweights, each 10.

Tuesday—At Indianapolis: Harry Dubinsky, Chicago, v. Jack King, Little Rock, Ark., junior welterweights, 10. At West Palm Beach, Fla., Jimmy Herman, Philadelphia, v. Gordon Fortenberry, Cocoa, Fla., light heavyweights, 10, and Hail Anderson, Muncie, Ind., v. Benny Levine, Newark, N. J., welterweights, 8. At Portland, Ore., Frank Sawyer, Vancouver, v. Leo Lomski, Portland, heavyweights, six.

Wednesday—At San Francisco: Malison Dix, Bellmington, Wash., v. Joey Silver, San Francisco, middleweights, ten.

Thursday—At Tacoma, Wash.: Pastor Calope, Manila, v. Leo Leon, Tacoma, junior lightweight, six.

Friday—At New York Madison Square Garden: Tommy Loughran, Philadelphia, v. Steve Hammes, Jersey City; Salvatore Ruggirello, Italy, v. Stanley Poreca, Jersey City, and Harold Mays, Bayonne, N. J., v. Hans Schonrath, Germany, all heavyweights, each 10.

At Chicago Stadium, King Levinsky, Chicago, v. Paulina Uscudun, Spain, lightweights, 10; Charley Delaney, Winnipeg, v. George Nichols, Buffalo, Baxter Chalmers, Wichita, Kan., v. Bob Olin, and Dave Maier, Milwaukee, v. Abe Bain, Newark, all light heavyweights, each 10, and Yale Okun, New York, v. Tony Cancela, Tampa, Fla., light heavyweights, 8. At Boston, Ernie Schaaf, Boston, v. Jack Dorval, Boston, heavyweights, 12.

We had a good report from our treasurer at the Union Sunday School, for, after all our gifts to the organs and in other ways, and our supplies purchased for three months, we still have a few dollars left.

All the old officers were re-elected, Rev. Clark again for the Bible class teacher. We are sorry to give up the Spendlove family. They were a great help but they are now at Floral Heights and with Brother Clark and Mrs. Ansley helped to put on a good Christmas program there.

Our next Dorcas meeting will be on the 29th with Mrs. L. Villegas as hostess.

GENEVA NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Reynolds, of Boston, were weekend guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bills. They are winter guests at Palm Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Endor Curlett attended the garden club meeting Friday morning at Sanford.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Goodson, who were recently married, have taken rooms with Mrs. W. E. Wick.

Charles Mills and C. H. Russell, of Winter Park, were callers at Mr. and Mrs. P. T. Wakefield's on Monday.

The regular meeting of the P. T. A. was held at the school auditorium last Tuesday afternoon. The meeting was presided over by Mrs. Mrs. Paul Donley, which was short but interesting. The program was on vocational training followed by round table talk.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Seig and Mrs. Goit attended their study class in Sanford on Tuesday. Mrs. J. C. Goodson attended the study class in Sanford on Thursday.

Henry Levy is off the membership committee of the County Chamber of Commerce drive and is getting some live members.

The Baptists held services at their church last Sunday with Rev. W. B. Knapp presiding at the noon and evening services.

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Wakefield were visitors at Daytona Beach last Tuesday.

Johnny Minardi, captain of the University of Florida's baseball team, is set to win the national college baseball championship of the country. Confidently he expects to do well.

More than 100,000 former University of Florida basketball players are

GERMAN STAND ON WAR DEBTS BINDS FRANCE

(Continued from Page One) tions conference at Lausanne would be valuable in view of Bruening's words.

The widely read political writer Pertinax said Germany's new stand was a "deplorable consequence" of France's evacuation of the Rhine.

In Parisien the noted economist, Lucien Romer, remarked that nothing definite could be done to solve the war debts problem until the United States had elected a new president. Romer advised European leaders to wait for that event.

Both of Alabama's triumphs were at the expense of Tulane, 15 to 10, and 38 to 10, while Tennessee won from Clemson, 23 to 18, and defeated Georgia, 24 to 17, following a fine last half drive.

Kentucky, runner-up for the 1931 title, won its only conference game from Clemson, 43 to 24, and Auburn and Georgia Tech also captured their single contests. Tech's Yellow Jackets offered the first surprise of the season by trouncing Florida, one of the semi-finalists of last year's championship tournament, 41 to 32. Auburn, with its 1931 team almost intact, scored an impressive 36 to 23 win over Vanderbilt.

South Carolina split even in its two-game series with Clemson, dropping the first, 22 to 24, and winning the final, 31 to 23. Maryland, the defending champion, did not play in the conference ranks.

Among the non-conference engagements, Duke won an extra-period fray with William & Mary, 23 to 24. W. & M. also lost to Virginia, 22 to 23; and to North Carolina State, 19 to 23. St. John's of Annapolis defeated V. M. I., 23 to 16, and W. & L., 22 to 17. Navy overtook a 15-point lead to conquer Virginia, 25 to 24. North Carolina won from Davidson, 45 to 29.

Louisiana State defeated Southwestern Louisiana, 50-35; Auburn won from Birmingham-Southern, 41-21; Mississippi took its opener from an Ecu, Miss., independent team, 76-30; Georgia, defeated Chattanooga, 38 to 26, and Alabama beat Howard, 39 to 22.

Mississippi College, with two

victories over Howard, 65-25, and 55-31, led the Southern Intercollegiate Athletic Association parade. Chattanooga and MTSU broke even in their series, 19 to 19, and losing, 23 to 22. West Kentucky defeated Louisville, 21 to 12, but Kentucky Wesleyan lost to Louisville, 31 to 15. Milligan defeated Howard, 23 to 15, and West Kentucky won from Union of Tennessee, 39-10. Louisiana Normal beat Louisiana College, 49 to 25, and Stetson won over Citadel, 31 to 24. Citadel later defeated Rollins, 45 to 22.

Prominent conference games this week include Auburn and Georgia Tech, Virginia and V. M. I., Clemson and Kentucky, Alabama and Florida, Louisiana State and Mississippi, Maryland and Washington & Lee, North Carolina

and V. P. I., Tulane and Mississippi, A. & M., Kentucky and Tennessee, Maryland and V. M. I., Virginia and W. & L., and North Carolina State and V. P. I.

and V. P. I., Tulane and Mississippi, A. & M., Kentucky and Tennessee, Maryland and V. M. I., Virginia and W. & L., and North Carolina State and V. P. I.

The 1932 University of Florida basketball team appears to be the fastest and most accurate shooting in the past decade. Allen Emmelhainz, Jimmy Hughes, Spurgeon Cherry and Jerry Litherland, four letter-men in football, are valuable cogs in this year's team.

CANDIDATE



BOMBS DISCOVERED

NAPLES, Jan. 11.—(A.P.)—Three packages, believed to contain bombs intended for King Emmanuel and Premier Musso, were taken off the steamer Eschibut today and taken to a large open space on shore for examination. The packages were taken from 125 bags the mail steamer brought from the United States.

SPECIAL Added Attraction ON THE STAGE JACKIE HOORAY

The Original "Freckles"
of
Our Gang Comedies
In Person

You have laughed at him on the screen—Now roar at him on the stage.

Tuesday-Wednesday

No advance in admission—
Matinee 16-35, Night 18-40

ALAGA
Quality Syrup
Packed by
ALABAMA-GEORGIA SYRUP CO.
Montgomery, Alabama

Advertising MUST BE WELL DRESSED

If you want to look good, you won't wear a shabby or ill-fitting suit. Why not let your advertising do the same? It must also compel attention and respect in order to win success.

Your printer is your business "tailor". He must clothe your advertising, letter heads, hand bills or any other job work in "clothes that fit"—in style that wins sales.

Choose your business tailor with care. Insist on custom-built service. Don't take hand-me-down work. "Tailored-to-fit" printing comes only from a craftsman who gives plenty

Sanford Herald

The Chamber Of Commerce Drive

The Seminole County Chamber of Commerce drive for one thousand paid memberships was under way to morning, and for thirty-six hours the Chamber of Commerce Army of ninety-four officers and no enlisted men will keep banging away until the quota has been reached and Seminole County ranks second in the state for the largest number of Chamber of Commerce membership.

The ultimate success of the drive is thoroughly attested by the fact that the county towns are already going over the top. Paola four days before the campaign began, reported that it had reached its quota; and Altamonte Springs, two days prior to the drive, announced that its quota had been reached and doubled. Other county towns are indicating similar success. It only remains for Sanford to show what it can do.

A great interest is also being manifested in our Chamber of Commerce by many out of county and even out of state business houses, marketing organizations, and individuals. From a commission house as far away as Boston came a check for four memberships. From New York, Chicago, and other northern cities have come membership checks indicating the good wishes existing for our Chamber of Commerce drive in other cities.

If this splendid spirit of goodwill and co-operation shown by others toward our Chamber of Commerce proves the spirit which exists locally toward it, the drive should be an outstanding success and go over the top in short order. The marked success which has attended recent Chamber of Commerce activities indicates the high esteem in which this organization is held by all our people and leads us to believe that everyone will want to become a member.

Far, in reality, the Chamber of Commerce is doing a wonderful work. Its re-organization less than two years ago found our people drifting hopelessly in the slough of despair. It has brought them all together, buoyed them up, put new life in their bodies, and revived their spirits. The present drive finds our people full of optimism, and enthusiasm, thoroughly united and with their energies directed toward a common goal.

Under such conditions no doubt exists that Seminole County is prepared to do great things and that under the guidance of the Chamber of Commerce it is destined to become the most prosperous in the state of Florida.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1932

HOLY VERB FOR TODAY

GREAT POWER FROM GOD:—Behold, I give unto you power to tread on serpents and scorpions, and over all the power of the enemy: and nothing shall by any means hurt you. Luke 10: 19.

HYMNS FROM OUT OF TOWN

So many winter days I've seen
The starlings when the wind blew
keen
Huddled in tree-tops, too unwieldy
To seek warm suns in bluer skies
Not being natives of this nation
They still don't understand migration.

The peace that passeth understand-
ing
Is found upon no subway landing
The elevated's grinding roar
Speaks not of waves on Jordan's shore.

The green fields of the heart grow
green
Forever shadowed by the town.

There are things lovely and au-
tumn:
Bird-tracks and teleles, long and
clear;

The lines of hills without a tree,
Rock crystal, and geometry.
And in the woods that elate glow
With hazel blossoming in the snow.

Last week we bought a four-post
bed.
With tole d'jou overhead
And posts that taper, fluted, fine,
Reflecting fire and candle-lighter.
Now going to bed has ceased to be
Routine, and turned to pageantry.

—Elizabeth Coatsworth.

Have you any of your good New
Year resolutions left?

It is hard to believe women are
the "weaker sex" when you read
of some of their stunts at the Mi-
ami Air Show.

The American dollar, as Albert
Wiggin points out in Berlin, re-
mains unshaken. It's them that has
the dollar that's trembling.

Dwight Davis resigns his Phil-
ippine post; Daws wants to get
out of England; Aristide Briand
wants to be relieved of his cabinet
job in France—seems like folks
are getting fed up with these
government jobs.

There will be plenty of tourists
in Florida this winter but they are
demanding the price level which
the home folks enjoy. The day
of attacking the visitor is past. If he
hasn't treated right nowadays he'll
pack up and leave. If he is, he'll
likely come back next winter.

The trouble with most people to-
day is they have forgotten how to
smile. If they would just get out
some old pictures taken during the
years and look at them a long time
and then practice in front of a
mirror perhaps they could get rid
of the scowl which seems to be
frozen on their faces today. At
least it would be worth trying. For
a everyone would smile, there'd be
nothing else to worry about.

Charlie Durance of Jackson-
ville has formally announced his
candidate for governor. He says
that ten percent of the taxable
property in Florida carries the
burden of our expensing govern-
ment; he promises to find the other
sixty percent and divide it among
the states. That's a real idea, and ought
to be done; but if the owners of the
other sixty percent take Mr. Dur-
ance seriously, he has a chance
of election?

There is a candidate for con-
gressman-at-large—you probably
haven't heard of him if we mentioned
him. He is heading his cam-
paign office on route to the
convention committee. Sometime
ago he was tried for treason and
the fourth district when he
was here last summer he
had to withdraw from the
Convention. It is now known
that he is a traitor to the United
States, but he has been a

SANFORD, TWENTY YEARS AGO

The House committee on naval affairs and the committee on rivers and harbors have notified Congressman Frank Clark and T. J. L. Brown that they would leave Washington on the afternoon of January 19 on the special train to be provided for them and start south to attend the Overseas celebration to be held at Key West a few days later.

A plan practically revolutionary in the business methods of the entire Federal government and placing all of its half million employees, with the exception of heads of important bureaus, under the classified civil service, is recommended by the report of the commission on economy and efficiency, now in possession of President Taft.

The Democratic national convention will meet at Baltimore on June 23 to name the candidate for president of the United States. Several other cities were after the place, but Baltimore was chosen on account of the location and by virtue of Democratic influence. The convention will be held at the Hotel Roosevelt, which has never been chosen from the west.

Mr. Clark has a furniture house that in a few years has made many strikes forward. This is the store of W. A. Abercrombie, formerly Jones & McLaughlin, and McLaughlin & Abercrombie. The latter firm at the northeast First Street and Atlantic Avenue now

has a new address, 100 South Orange Avenue, and the former partners are now

engaged in the manufacture of

cheese in a small plant at the

corner of Orange and Atlantic

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Social And Personal Activities

Social Calendar

TUESDAY
Y. W. A. of the First Baptist Church will meet at 7:30 p.m. at the home of Miss Viola L. Clark.

Azorian Class of the First Baptist Church will meet at 8:00 p.m. at the home of Mrs. R. L. West First Street, with Board, Mrs. J. L. Matthews, L. T. Hunt, and Mrs. A. L. Hill as hostesses.

Annual bridge dinner and by the Social Department of Woman's Club will be given at o'clock at the Woman's Club, Mrs. S. D. Highleyman and Walter L. Morgan as hosts. Reservations must be made today at noon with Mrs. W. L. Clark.

WEDNESDAY
Literature Department of Woman's Club will meet at 7:30 o'clock at the club house with "Moral Problems," as the subject and Mrs. C. O. Bare as the public is invited.

FRIDAY
American Association of Crafty Women will meet at 8:00 o'clock at the home of Miss Hand, Park Avenue.

W. C. T. U. will have an afternoon from 2:00 o'clock to 5:00 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Carroll, West Eighteenth Street, to which the women of the Mary Societies of churches in the city are invited.

Elchel Home Is Scene Of Meeting

home of Mrs. Hugh C. Elchel, South Sanford Avenue, the scene of the monthly business and social meeting of the hen Class of the First Presbyterian Church held on Monday evening with Mrs. W. M. McKinney teacher, presiding over the session.

For all business had been settled at a social hour was spent in refreshments were served between sessions, assisted by Mrs. C. Ridge, Cutters in bright shades were about the rooms where the meeting took place.

The present were: Mrs. V. E. Compton, Mrs. J. P. Ridge, Mrs. A. Byrd, Mrs. Victor Green Watson Wallace, Mrs. Walter Sch. Mrs. Edward S. McCall, Mr. C. McReynolds, Mrs. Hugh Elchel, Mrs. J. O. Anderson, Jr., Claude Lockhart, Jr., the Misses Pratt, Ruth Gillon, and Chilenden.

Bridge Party Given by Q. M. Harrisons

lasting for a number of friends. Mr. and Mrs. O. M. Allen were hosts at a bridge Monday night at their home, Palmetto Avenue. Through the evening bridge games enjoyed and at a late hour were added and played. High score prize for the men, \$100, for cards, was given to T. C. Ford.

During the rooms where the were entertained with a box of sweet pens in pastel colors, arranged with ferns in cans and bowls. Refreshments served to the following: Mr. Mrs. E. Compton, Mr. and J. D. Courier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Leonard, Mr. and Mrs. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Ford, Mr. and Mrs. Harrison, Jr. and Mrs. J. P. Hall, supporters.

L. T. U. TO ENTERTAIN
Entertainment was made yesterday by Mrs. F. R. Mitchell who W. C. T. U. will entertain an afternoon tea Friday from 2:00 o'clock to 5:00 o'clock at the home of Mrs. E. McCarroll, West Eighteenth Street, to which all women belonging to missionary societies in various churches of the area are cordially invited to attend. A special program of entertainment has been arranged for.

MOVIE PROJECTION, ONLY \$12.00.
WEINSTEINS STUDIO
Arcade

30c
40c
20c
10c
TICKET STATION

BAKER REVEALS HIS VIEWS UPON DEBT SITUATION

PERSONALS

SAYS IT IS SURPRISING GERMANY HAS PAID ANY OF REPARATIONS

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 12 (AP)—It's surprising that Germany has paid any of her reparations, former Secretary of War Newton D. Baker said yesterday.

Commenting on the announcement of Chancellor Brusius that Germany can pay no more reparations, Baker said that if it had been made a year ago France would have seized the left bank of the Rhine.

I am inclined to believe that Brusius' statement had been made a year ago instead of now the French army would have marched up the Rhine as far as Dusseldorf, taken over the left bank of the Rhine and seized the German ports in order to collect the customs, and then taken over the German railroads, which produce considerable revenue.

"Fortunately, Germany didn't make a statement like that. The following officers were elected at the meeting of Circle Number Six of the First Methodist Church held yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. E. F. Housholder, 112 West Seventeenth Street. Mrs. Housholder and Mrs. W. C. Hill were hostesses. At this time it was announced that the next meeting will be held with Mrs. J. O. Laney and Mrs. J. L. Clark while Mrs. G. C. Sperling will chair the program.

The following officers were elected to serve during the coming year: Mrs. Herman Middleton chairman; Mrs. W. C. Hill, vice-chairman; Mrs. E. A. Wilson, treasurer; Mrs. E. C. Smith, Jr., local treasurer; Mrs. B. D. Caswell, superintendent of social relations; Mrs. E. H. Laney, superintendent of mission study; Mrs. Robert Wright, superintendent of children; Mrs. J. O. Laney, secretary of literature and publicity; and Mrs. Kyle Showmaker, devotional chairman.

Refreshments were served at the conclusion of the meeting to the following: Mrs. E. C. Smith, Jr., Mrs. G. C. Sperling, Mrs. J. O. Laney, Mrs. Robert Wright, Mrs. E. F. Colburn, Mrs. J. B. Carter, Mrs. E. H. Laney, Mrs. F. B. Adams, Mrs. Herman Middleton, Mrs. E. A. Wilson, Mrs. D. L. Harper, Mrs. G. C. Sperling, Mrs. A. K. Showmaker, Mrs. L. Burke Steele, Mrs. Clarke Leonard, Mrs. B. C. Caswell, Mrs. Paul Johnson, and Mrs. Vance Douglassa.

Friends of Miss Jane Flint will regret to learn that she fell last Sunday and broke her arm at her home on Cameron Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ceressoli announce the birth of a son at their home corner Ninth Street and Maple Avenue, on Sunday.

Miss Lenabelle Hagan returned today from DeLand where she has been spending several days with her aunt, Mrs. J. W. Button.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Brown, who have been living at 315 East Twentieth Street, have moved to another residence on Elm Avenue.

Mrs. N. J. Lodge and young son have returned from the Fernald-Laughton Memorial Hospital to their home at 113 Palmetto Avenue.

Miss Mary Helen Morse, who underwent an operation recently at the Fernald-Laughton Memorial Hospital, has returned to her home on South Sanford Avenue.

Mr. Ernest Gormley and daughter, Leilla, Mrs. Morris Spencer and Miss Margaret Roberts motored to Orlando yesterday where they spent the afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. McKinney announce the birth of a daughter recently at the Fernald-Laughton

TO-NIGHT

SOLARD WEST'S CORSAIR
Chester Morris
With Jackie "Hoo" Ray
APPEARING PERSONALLY
To-Night Wednesday
The Original "Freckles" of Our Gang Comedies

Jackie "Hoo" Ray
THE ORIGINAL
"FRECKLES"
OF THE
"OUR GANG"
COMEDIES

Will Be In Our Store In Person To Meet His Friends And Admirers
WEDNESDAY, JAN. 13th
BETWEEN 3:30 AND 6:00 P. M.

FREE! JACKIE WILL GIVE FREE
Tickets To Milne Theatre For Wednesday Show To All RED HEADS

WEINSTEINS
SECOND STREET

CORNER MAGNOLIA AVE.

BY THE way, And France, has learned something but not much. France to pay her receipts from Germany at about \$1,250,000,000 in the last year.

Baker reiterated his recent statement that there is danger of war and added that the danger is greater now than in 1914.

The reparations question, he added, is only one of which most of us do not realize that all the troubles of the world are not national; they are also monetary and international, he said. "All of them are dangerous."

"I can name one dangerous situation—the present attitude of Japan toward China. In both the naval power and the four-power treaty, Japan promised that it would not interfere with either the territorial or the administrative integrity of China. Yet Japan today is completely disregarded. For those two new solemn treaties have failed to force the Japanese into the method of keeping up an increasing weight," he said.

France to pay her receipts from Germany at about \$1,250,000,000 in the last year.

The French government estimates the total French property damage of the war at about \$1,115,210,000. The government has paid out a net \$395,210,000 to account and still owes the people of the devastated areas at least \$200,000,000.

Elks Club every afternoon, starting at 2:15 p.m., for the benefit of prospective ballroom novices to visit the ballroom on that day.

Cabinet Crisis Arises In Regime Of Laval

LONDON, Jan. 12 (AP)—The French cabinet has been unable to agree on a sample of the budget which the president has submitted to do away with the existing debts.

The situation follows a statement by the French Foreign Minister, M. L. A. Swann, yesterday that the French cabinet had agreed to accept the budget as submitted by President Laval.

According to M. L. A. Swann, the budget was accepted by the French cabinet, but the members of the cabinet had not yet agreed on a sample of the budget which the president has submitted to do away with the existing debts.

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The situation

FBI Report On Hawaii Attack Made To Adams

(Continued from Page One)
seized me and struck me. They seized Chang and Kahaawai. Kahahawai hit me. I screamed but they dragged me into the car and held me in the seat. Kahahawai was on the right, and Chang on the left.

"I tried to talk to them; I got them to let me go. I told them my husband would pay them if they would let me go. I told them I had money in my pocket book and would give it to them. Ahakuelo turned around and said 'Take her pocketbook.'

"It did not very well; they are street lights there."

"How did you recognize Aha Kuelo?"

"A. He turned around several times. I saw him by the light of the street-lights. I saw his gold tooth. He turned around to see what was going on. They were hitting me and holding me. One he told Kahahawai to hit me again, and again."

"I don't know what they did with my purse. I saw it next to the grand jury room.

"Ahakuelo was sitting at the right of Ida, who was driving. Next to Ida were a brown leather jacket. I saw his feet when he turned halfway around on the Ali Moana. There was nothing but light (there) on down Ida Road, but enough so I could see his coat and face.

"I was struck many times in Kahahawai's plate. I struggle and cried out every time it struck me.

"The car moved at about forty miles per hour. It turned off the Ali Moana and drove among trees and bushes on the side of the road away from the sea. I stopped among the bushes.

"The two men who were holding me dragged me out of the car. They were Chang and Kahahawai. They dragged me about twenty-five or thirty feet."

"Ida (then testified to the first assault). The first man was Chang who had never let go of her. Then others took her."

"Q.—What happened next? A.—One of the others assaulted me. I don't know. (He left.)"

"Q.—What happened then? A.—Kahahawai assaulted me."

"Q.—How did you know him? A.—He had been sitting next to me. I knew him by his short sleeve polo shirt. I prayed and I heard his voice. We took me up and hit me in the jaw."

"Holding the (wife) back while she held her jaw were broken."

"She continued with descriptions of the assaults by Hida and Ahakuelo. No specific statement of assault by Kahahawai made. In fact she could not identify the man. She stated that Chang assaulted her twice. During this time she struggled so hard with her assailants that she was completely exhausted.

"When the men had completed their acts one pointed out the general direction of the road and they got into their car and left. She made her way to the Ali Moana Road, walked until she stopped a passing automobile whose occupants took her to her home. Her arrival home before her husband, who was looking for her, he reported the assault to him. He immediately reported it to the police. The same day, September 13, she was taken to the hospital.

"The doctor's testimony of the injuries occupied a full page in the court record. She had a blackened eye her nose was swollen and bleeding, her jaw was broken in two places and she was bruised about her body from head to ankles. She later suffered infection from her broken jaw and ran a fever from 101 to 104 degrees for two weeks. An operation later was performed to relieve a condition consequent to the attack.

"At 11:45 A. M., September 13, an automobile containing three men was in a Marindale with a car containing Mr. and Mrs. Peoples at a night station in the city. This told the men, later learned to be Kahahawai, got from the car and approached the Peoples' car, saying "Get that damn hooligan (white man)."

"Mrs. Peoples, Hawaiian woman, alighted from her car and was knocked down when Kahahawai struck her in the face with his fist. The Peoples succeeded in obtaining the license number of the other automobile and immediately reported the license to the police. At 5:00 A. M. the car and driver were apprehended and taken into the police station. The occupant of the car were eventually discovered and were placed under arrest later the same morning.

"The afternoon when the occupants of the car were taken before the woman (Mrs. Peoples), she immediately identified the three as her assailants. Manalo Chang and Kahahawai. The car which had first seized her.

"The arrangements, arranged by the car at the same time for establishing an alibi. A former

assault was in progress were as follows: Horace Ida, and David Ika, Japanese; Hancy Ahakuelo, and Joseph Kahahawai, both Hawaiians, and Henry Chang, Chinese (the men are American citizens but of the extraction indicated). Of these five men, three had criminal records, Chang and Ahakuelo were indicted with three others in 1929, as constituting a gang who had assaulted a Chinese girl. They were permitted to plead guilty to assault and each of the five were sentenced to an indefinite sentence of from four months to fifteen years. Each was released on parole after serving four months. Chang is still at large on parole subject to recommitment until May 29, 1931. Ahakuelo, who is an athlete and local football hero, was at the investigations of persons connected with the local amateur athletic union, granted a full discharge by the territorial Governor on February 15, 1931, in order that he might represent the Territory in the national amateur boxing championship tournament held this year at Madison Square Garden. He did not represent the Territory.

"Kahahawai was tried last year in charge of first-degree robbery committed in September, 1930. His first trial resulted in a mistrial by reason of a jury disagreement. Instead of retrying the case a compromise plea of guilty to assault and battery was accepted and a thirty days sentence imposed on January 7, 1931.

"As to Takai Ida, neither knows to have a criminal record. Ida has been living in Los Angeles for about five years and had returned to the territory shortly before the assault. Takai has two aliases and is without visible means of support.

"The grand jury was unable to hear the testimony of the complaining witness until six weeks after the assault because of the defendant's physical condition, which naturally aggravated by the needless publicity to which the man was subjected. In the last part of October a trial bill was returned by the grand jury charging the five men mentioned with criminal assault.

The Commandant was informed of this case on the early morning of September 13. From the beginning the Commandant expressed desire to assist the civil authorities in every possible way to bring the culprits to justice. Because of the atrociousness of the crime, every effort was made to keep the identity of the victim from being disclosed. Only two newspapers, the "Hawaii Star" and the "Nippu Jiji," both English-Japanese language newspapers, have ever published the name of the victim. The Commandant had several conferences with the territorial Governor, and mutual cooperation was assured. The senior naval officer was in constant touch with all developments in the office of the city and county attorney and the police headquarters. Through the patrol officer, the Commandant was kept in touch by day of any developments in the case.

"After the men had been indicted, William H. Keen and William D. Pittman were announced as counsel for the defense. Mr. Keen is a retired naval captain and chairman of the judiciary committee of the Bar Association. Mr. Pittman is a trustee of United States Savings and Loan Association, of Nevada. These gentlemen are recognized as being among the foremost criminal lawyers of the territory.

"It is understood that these two men are being paid fees of several thousand dollars each. The course of this money is not known, but it is believed the legal knowledge of an unknown but apparently powerful and influential—Influence at least financially—Influences supporting the defendants.

"The trial of the case began on November 16 and concluded for three weeks. The jury deliberated ninety-seven hours before they announced that there was no hope of an agreement by a verdict. During the time of the jury's deliberation, it was deemed necessary for the presiding judge to go to the jury room to prevent physical contact between the two juries.

"The activity of the naval authorities in co-operating with the civil authorities in the investigation of this case was well known. This fact has had its reaction among certain elements of the naval personnel and unguarded hostility toward racial personality. There have been reported several cases of rudeness and discourtesy to naval men and women on the streets which themselves may have been perfectly harmless. An anonymous letter was received at the chief police officers' mess at the submarine base containing the following: "We have your women and will get some more." The respondent realized that such a letter may be the act of one person only, but enlisted personnel might give it greater significance.

"In view of the fact, previously mentioned, that the defendants have been at liberty during the whole trial, and because of the influence the mobsters in this case will have on others, it is believed, when considered with other circumstances, there would be a feeling of safety among naval personnel and their families. This would be caused by the fact that the naval authorities in the city are not able to make any definite statement in regard to the men involved in the trial.

"The trial showed that the police department was extremely lenient in its treatment of the women. Reports were made by police officers to the contrary. It should be in the city and county attorney's office that the two men involved in the trial were released on bail.

selection of a foot soldier on a regular basis.

"The police have shown themselves almost powerless to cope with the range of conditions which have increased since the termination of the pineapple season, involving many of employment. The sheriff informed the Commandant that because of court decisions he was unable to break up gangs unless they were detected in overt violence.

"On Dec. 7 the nine force and navy force were scheduled to go to Ida, for a period of 10 days' maneuvers. Realizing the feelings of insecurity which had been intensified by the fact that there had been several occurrences which seemed to show hostility toward and a desire for revenge against naval personnel and in view of the request of the Commander-in-Chief, with the full consent and approval of the Commandant, extra Navy shore patrols were put on duty in outlying districts for the protection of naval families.

"After 9:00 P. M., Dec. 12, 1931, the time when Ida was seized, there were many naval men on the way, but, after walking a short distance with him, struck him in the face, and another man emerging from the shadow of a tree, also struck him. Two more men approached, and the sailor, after striking the man who first hit him, ran to a naval patrol and reported the affray. Police officers were called and arrested one man, who asked permission to go to a nearby house to get a shirt before being taken to the police station. The permission was granted, and the man disappeared. Later inquiry developed that he ran out by a back door, jumped a fence and escaped.

"The fact that almost invariably there is no arrest made when a civilian attacks or is in a fight with a naval man, whereas the navy man is invariably arrested is only further evidence of the inefficiency of the police due to the system of political appointments.

"In their desire to keep pedestrian traffic moving, the police ordered the groups of sailors to move on. As reports of these isolated groups came to police headquarters from various sources, an unattended alarm was created in the mind of the police. The absence of the shore patrol who had been selected as journeymen in such cases, have shown such apathy toward crime that a just verdict is doubtful. The Commandant has had several conferences with the Acting Governor, the Attorney General and with a recently appointed committee of the Chamber of Commerce. This last committee represents the most powerful local body of reputable and influential citizens and shows the concern with which such citizens view the present conditions."

"As a result of these conferences, the Commandant has been informed as reported by radio: "That under the local law it will not be possible to confine the defendants pending the retrial of the case; that the office of the city and county attorney has been working night and day on the case in order to clear up matters developed in the first trial; that the captain of detectives has detailed several of his best men to work on this case exclusively, and he himself is devoting much of his time to the case; that the captain of detectives has made from among his political chieftains. There is a growing demand from the public that he be re-appointed; in the last legislature

"The Commandant was notified of the situation, and purely as a precaution and to be prepared in an emergency, the Commandant gave orders for a small force of marines to augment the shore patrol. When informed of the attack upon Ida, the Commandant, in order to avoid any possibility of concerted action by naval personnel either in attack or in self-defense, canceled liberty for that night and directed that all men be returned to their stations. Liberty was resumed the following morning.

"The Commandant went personally to the city, and there in company with the Sheriff made a survey of the situation and found things under control and quiet. The patrol had assembled at their headquarters all naval personnel in uniform who were found off the streets. A careful check of all these men was made.

"Immediately after Ida's release, the rumor was circulated that he had been seized by naval personnel. When Ida was questioned at police headquarters he said that the leader of his abductors was a naval officer, "because he commanded the men and they obeyed"; also that the leader was the man who committed the act.

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"The handling of actual cases at the police station there is the closest co-operation between the captain of detectives and the senior patrol officer. Long before the

"(name) case occurred the Commandant devoted considerable time and study to the relations between the police and the naval authorities, and as a result there is no friction, and both police and shore police to each other. The handling patrol have been of mutual assistance throughout. Although there is co-operation between the handling patrol and the police no naval personnel in the commandant's office, the Commandant has long since realized that any needed information is the apprehension and conviction of local gangsters and hoodlums could not be obtained by dealing with the city officials, and therefore all efforts toward a satisfactory solution of existing conditions have been made to territorial officials and leading civic organizations.

"The efforts of the Commandant to provide for the safety of personnel, the proper disposition of the case discussed herein, and to correct moral conditions in general are now set forth.

"On the day following the assault the Commandant urged upon the mayor the necessity of quick and positive action. The governor was on vacation, but the mayor, but immediately upon his return he was confronted with the request that he exert every means at his command to bring the criminals to justice. Later the commandant conferred with the governor and the attorney general with a two-fold purpose.

"First, although the Commandant was aware that a public trial is guaranteed every accused, the Commandant felt that a public trial of five men of mixed blood for criminal assault upon a white woman would be harmful to the public welfare because of the race question, and would also be most disastrous to the woman who had already suffered so greatly. The Commandant recommended a trial behind closed doors, but the attorney general considered the finding that the trial should be held, so this effort was unsuccessful.

"Secondly, the Commandant suggested that the best legal counsel available be retained by the territory to prosecute this case. This was not done. An attorney, however, was appointed by the attorney general to represent the Commandant in the trial.

"The Commandant, in view of the

terrible circumstances now existing in the court, except in one instance, when the presiding judge, at the time the question was raised as to a certain newspaper being in contempt of court, graciously remanded upon habeas corpus the opinion of the Attorney General concerning the matter.

"Between Dec. 22 and Dec. 18, there were six assaults made on citizens in the city, two of whom were naval personnel. These occurred on the 13th, one on the 15th, one on the 16th and one on the 18th. The records of the naval shore patrol show that since March 20, 1931, there have been six cases of assault or robbery committed by civilians against naval personnel. A typical case from a police report is as follows:

"On Dec. 7 the nine force and navy force were scheduled to go to Ida, for a period of 10 days' maneuvers. Realizing the feelings of insecurity which had been intensified by the fact that there had been several occurrences which seemed to show hostility toward and a desire for revenge against naval personnel and in view of the request of the Commander-in-Chief, with the full consent and approval of the Commandant, extra Navy shore patrols were put on duty in outlying districts for the protection of naval families.

"On Dec. 13 a navy man inquired of a man where to find an address on Beretania Street in the city. The man offered to point out the way, but, after walking a short distance with him, struck him in the face, and another man emerging from the shadow of a tree, also struck him. Two more men approached, and the sailor, after

striking the man who first hit him, ran to a naval patrol and reported the affray. Police officers were called and arrested one man, who asked permission to go to a nearby house to get a shirt before being taken to the police station. The permission was granted, and the man disappeared. Later inquiry developed that he ran out by a back door, jumped a fence and escaped.

"On the present time, the Commandant believes, the most serious aspects of this case and the general situation are the inefficiency of the police due to the system of political appointments, the lack of a qualified man or men to conduct the prosecution, and that the persons of mixed blood who have been selected as journeymen in such cases, have shown such apathy toward crime that a just verdict is doubtful. The Commandant has had several conferences with the Acting Governor, the Attorney General and with a recently appointed committee of the Chamber of Commerce. This last committee represents the most powerful local body of reputable and influential citizens and shows the concern with which such citizens view the present conditions."

"As a result of these conferences,

"The Commandant has been informed as reported by radio: "That under the local law it will not be possible to confine the defendants pending the retrial of the case; that the office of the city and county attorney has been working night and day on the case in order to clear up matters developed in the first trial; that the captain of detectives has detailed several of his best men to work on this case exclusively, and he himself is devoting much of his time to the case; that the captain of detectives has made from among his political chieftains. There is a growing demand from the public that he be re-appointed; in the last legislature

"The Chamber of Commerce has voted unlimited funds for clearing up the assault case and also for a clean-up of the Honolulu police force; that rewards totaling thousands of dollars have been offered by various civic bodies and individuals for information leading to the conviction of the perpetrators of this crime; that the Chamber of Commerce has employed an eminent lawyer to work exclusively on these two matters and has put at his disposal seven trained detectives for day and night duty; that this lawyer and his assistants are working at present independently of the city and county police and military forces.

"That they have already uncovered additional leads on the assault case and also much regarding the police situation which latter will be broken at the conclusion of the assault case because it is feared that prior exposure will arouse sympathy for the defendants and give defense attorneys the argument that the defendants have been framed.

"That immediately upon the return of Governor Keen on Dec. 22, the attorney general will

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ED ATTACKER KILLS DEPUTES IN STYLIC CRIME

Cincinnati Shoemaker
Is Believed By Officers To Be Crazed

CINCINNATI, Jan. 12.—(A.P.)—
Ed Blachoff, 45-year-old
shoemaker, yesterday confessed he
killed Marion McLean, 6,
and bled to death in
the basement of his ten-
ement.

"It's over, it's done," Blachoff
said. He signed statement that
was after 10 days of almost con-
tinuous questioning.

Initially, Prosecutor Gorman
ordered an excavation of the cellar
of Blachoff's house in the hope of
discovering if any bodies might
have been buried to connect Blachoff
with other missing girls.

Willie Wilber, an authority on
cruelty, was ordered to direct the
digging in the earth-
covered cellar.

Blachoff stated from his tren-
ch in basement last Dec. 22, five
days after the girl had been lured
away from him, and told police he
had found the body. He was sus-
pected from the first, but until
yesterday denied knowledge of the
body.

Some authorities said they be-
lieved the evidence mentally un-
sound. Allen who examined him
said he was "crazy." Prosecutor
Gorman announced he
would ask the Supreme Court to re-
view the death sentence imposed.

Blachoff's weakness for detective
stories and a "drama" in the jail
cell trapped Blachoff into confessing
authorities said.

County Sheriff Lynn Black, his
son, who was absent, admitting he
had Marian's uncle and flourished
a gun. The disgruntled deputy "kid-
napped" Blachoff from the jail and
drove him to the county garage,
where he said: "We're alone, now,
tell me about it."

"What have you done?" Blachoff
answered. When the ruse was made
plain to him, he broke and talked.

Sitting on the bed in his cell, he
unconsciously told a disconcerted
story of coaxing the girl to join
him, of assaulting her and of hid-
ing her body four times. Marian
died from hemorrhages caused by
sexual assault, the coroner found.

"I am sorry, it happened," he
said. "I didn't have any idea of
killing her. It's done now and I
can't help it."

He seemed more concerned over
what than of the effect of the
story he told. Frequently he asked
for food.

His child met Marian on a
street and that she walked with
him. He then took her into his
room.

"I don't know just how it hap-
pened, but when I saw she was dy-
ing I went away from there," he
said.

"She cried a little bit, but she
walked home after. Thursday
(the day she disappeared) as
though already injured her."

"When I went away, she cried
some more. I left her tied. She was
almost dead. Friday morning I saw
her and felt her chest. She was
dead."

"Monday night about 6:30 I
brought her toward the front of the
house. I was afraid my aunt or the
city upstairs would catch on."

"I saw her again Tuesday morn-
ing. Then I told police I had found
her."

He decided to give up the body,
despairing forever, in a house
he had租ed, were nearing his
home. Having said nothing at any
time, he would remember, he con-
cluded.

Blachoff fell asleep as he fin-
ished his story.

Heavy Shipments of Strawberries Made During Week

MIAMI CITY, Jan. 12.—Straw-
berry shipments out here Sat-
urday climaxed the season's
two weeks of berry production
with a movement of more than a
million bushels, division, sold, car-
ried, and distributed, and Tues-
day night, augmented
by a heavy movement.

The total movement totalled
about 1,000,000 bushels for which growers
received approximately \$20,205 on
the basis of 7 1/4 cents a pint.

Biller Auction company last
week began its biggest quota of the
season, and will continue on the
market until June, located in the Plaza City com-
munity, two cents a pint; one
bushel, two bushels, two bushels
and two bushels each.

Shipments yielded

The Perfect Cup of COFFEE



(Continued from Page One)

or even two percent beer would
turn the people away from "question-
able" bootleg liquor of the
hard variety.

He said that while 60 percent
of the medical profession did not
regard higher alcoholic beverages
as a necessary medicant, he himself
believed a more potent beer
would be helpful as a food tonic
to the sick.

If taken in moderate quantities,
he continued, four percent beer
would not prove deleterious.

Senator Hatfield, Republican
West Virginia, a physician and
prohibitionist, cited claims of other
doctors that alcohol produced
many ailments, particularly cir-
rhosis of the liver.

"Seven-eights of the German
people have no cirrhosis," Dr.
Morgan said, as laughter broke
out in the crowded room.

Mr. Lovins, Captain Catlin Brower,
vice-president of the Congressional
Districts' Modification League,
said many people believed President
Hoover would approve a bill
to investors, an incentive to buy
taxes and special assessments, and
to property here."

"It may be suggested that the
matter of permanent settlement
should be delayed until the city
has liquidated its assets by the
foreclosure of all the city tax and
special assessment liens. I wish
to say that foreclosures of such
liens are proceeding at this time
with all of the dispatch that is
permitted by the rules of pleading
and practice under the laws of
Florida, and it is reasonable to be-
lieve that, as to the less valuable
property these proceedings can be
concluded within a short time, but
I am convinced that when the more
valuable property which has not
been delinquent for many years is
reached, much delay will be en-
countered by opposition to the
foreclosure suits and I feel sure
that not less than several years
will be consumed in their
completion, and in the meantime
the spirit of unrest and uncertainty
is becoming more pronounced
and citizens who have heretofore
gladly borne the burden of taxation
are reaching the point where
they do not feel justified in con-
tinuing to pay taxes, and I am
sure that the careful considera-
tion of all of these matters will
justify you and the Bondholders'
Committee in the belief that a
permanent solution of the prob-
lem should be arrived at before
the levy of taxes for the year 1932
is to be made."

"I trust, therefore, that you
will communicate with the Bondholders'
Protective Committee with a
view of beginning the negotiations
for the purpose stated."

The department reported for
three years, 1908, 1914 and 1919,
covering distilled liquors, malt
beverages and various beverages,
as follows, respectively:

"Distilled spirits: 8828; 8322;
1241;

Malt beverages, 66,725; 75,404;
42,688;

Various beverages, 2726; 3118;
1681;

Bartenders, 1910, 35,215;
1920, 17,820;

Bartenders, 1910, 101,234; 1920,
20,685.

FRITZIE RITZIE



Commission Takes Steps Toward End Of Bone Problem

(Continued from Page One)

Joint meeting of the bonded indebt-
edness of the city, and to suggest
negotiations in the near future for
that purpose.

"As you are aware, the City
Commissioners, on behalf of the
city, on January 21st, 1931, entered
into a written agreement with the
Bondholders' Protective Committee
of the City of Sanford relating to the financial condition
of the city and the establishment
of a rate of taxation for a period
of one year with the privilege of
levying the same millage for the
succeeding year. If the terms of
the contract were performed by the
city, the millage agreed upon
was thirty to be divided upon the
basis of twelve mills for operating
expenses and eighteen mills for
debt service. The City Commissioners
feel that the city has lived up
to the letter of this agreement
as far as it lay in its power to do
so, and it has paid to the Bondholders'
Protective Committee since the date of
the agreement the sum of \$226,095.43, which was
all that was possible for the city
to pay during that period of time.
The Commissioners, therefore, feel
justified in suggesting at this time
that negotiations be begun with
a view of making a permanent
settlement of the city's indebted-
ness.

"You are also aware of the fact
that the first default in the pay-
ment of its obligations by the City
of Sanford occurred on July 1st,
1929, and that there have been de-
faults each succeeding six months
thereafter, the last occurring on
January 1st, 1932. Judgments have
been obtained against the city in
the total amount of \$1,149,995.27,
which judgments bear interest at
the rate of six per cent per annum.
These judgments do not repre-
sent the total past due indebted-
ness of the city but only the in-
debtedness held by the Bondholders'
Protective Committee and the United
Mutual Life Insurance Company
and to these amounts is to be added
the default of January 1st, 1932,
amounting to approximately
\$344,000. These figures, of
course, do not include the City of
Sanford's share of the county and

the state. The judgment
against the city is for \$1,149,995.27,
which is the amount of the debt
plus interest. The judgment
against the county is for \$344,000.
The judgment against the state
is for \$344,000. The total amount
of the judgments is \$1,837,995.27.
The city has paid \$226,095.43
of this amount, leaving a balance
of \$1,611,900.84. The county has
paid \$100,000.00, leaving a balance
of \$911,900.84. The state has
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of the judgments is \$1,837,995.27.
The city has paid \$226,095.43
of this amount, leaving a balance
of \$1,611,900.84. The county has
paid \$100,000.00, leaving a balance
of \$911,900.84. The state has
paid \$100,000.00, leaving a balance