

45 Cases Comprise Docket At Regular Session Of Court

One of the largest dockets in recent months, 45 cases, were filed for the regular Municipal session. Most of the charges were traffic. Most of the charges were for gambling and for traffic violations.

Charges against white persons included the following:

Lawrence Sartore, charged with speeding, had his case continued. Harvey Vigne, accused of speeding, was found guilty and fined \$5 or 10 days. Ralph Walter, accused of speeding, received a suspended sentence of 30 days. W. A. Brown, accused of drunkenness, was found guilty and fined \$5 or 15 days. Leonard Harrison Brown, charged with drunkenness, received a \$5 bond. John W. Gossard, charged with drunkenness, was found guilty and fined \$5 or 15 days. Roy Whitaker, charged with speeding, received a \$5 bond. Louis Coe Shepherd, charged with running a red light, received a \$5 bond.

Charges against negroes included:

Willie James, charged with keeping a disorderly place, had his case continued. Robert James Johnson, charged with disorderly conduct, also had his case continued. Pleas Townsend, accused of loitering on the streets, was found guilty and sentenced to 15 days. Davis Green, also charged with loitering on the streets, was given a straight sentence of 30 days.

Marshall Norris, charged with being an escaped prisoner and destroying City property, was convicted and given a straight sentence of 30 days. James Crumpler, charged with running a stop sign, received a \$5 bond. Joe Bryant, accused of speeding, was found guilty and fined \$5 or 15 days. Nathaniel James, charged with speeding, received a \$5 bond.

Willie Peulka, charged with gambling, received a \$5 bond. Wilson J. Brown, charged with gambling, received a \$5 bond. David Bradley, accused of gambling, received a \$5 bond. Elijah West, charged with gambling, had his case continued. Charlie Blackman, charged with gambling, was convicted and fined \$5 or \$15 days. Bill McElmurry, accused of gambling, received a \$5 bond. E. C. Crawford, charged with gambling, was found guilty and fined \$5 or 15 days. Eugene Fomita, charged with gambling, received a bond of \$5. John Henry Lane, charged with gambling, was found guilty and fined \$5 or 15 days. Willie Turner, charged with gambling, received a \$5 bond. Willie James, charged with gambling, received a \$5 bond.

Larry Ward, charged with being drunk and disorderly, was found guilty and fined \$5 or 15 days. George Dixon, accused of assault, had his case continued. George Dixon, was also charged with larceny, found guilty and sentenced to 60 days.

Henry Harvey, accused of disorderly conduct, was found guilty and fined \$5 or 15 days. Fannie Chase, charged with operating a barbershop, was convicted and fined \$10 or 30 days. Jeffery Test, charged with gambling, received a \$5 bond. Lee Williams, charged with gambling, was convicted and fined \$5 or 15 days. Sam Johnson, accused of assault, received a bond of \$5. Richard Daniels, charged with assault, had his case continued.

James Akins, accused of gambling, received a \$5 bond. Eddie Hodifield, accused of gambling, was judged guilty and fined \$5 or 15 days. Allen Farmer, charged with gambling, received a \$5 bond. Joe Davis, accused of gambling, received a \$5 bond.

George Stanton, charged with robbing, had his case continued. Allen Burke, accused of robbing, was held for investigation and committed to the State Prison. Bill Gossard, accused of robbing, was held for investigation and committed to the State Prison. John Gossard, accused of robbing, was held for investigation and committed to the State Prison.



To the first 1,000 persons who could pass the physical examination, New York City offered jobs at \$750 a year doing laundry work. Twenty hours before opening of applications, job hunters were waiting. Here's the scene as the applicants slept on tables and floors.



One or more naval aviators were believed killed when an airplane bearing U. S. Navy markings crashed and exploded in a wooded section near Clementon, Md. Authorities began an immediate investigation to determine identity of possible occupants but had little to go on, for only this gaping hole remained after the crash. Maryland State Troopers are examining the few fragments of wreckage.

Nazis' Invasion Of Bulgaria Said To Mark Italian Failure As Decoy

BY MORGAN M. BRATTY
WASHINGTON, Mar. 11.—(AP)

Germany's march into Bulgaria convinces military observers here that Hitler has decided to discount Mussolini about 100 percent, and himself take up the task of decaying Britain's forces in the Near East.

It has been more or less an open secret here that German respect for Italian arms has never been too high. There was laughing up sleeves when Field Marshal Goering spent much "vacation" time in Italy a couple of years ago, before he marched.

It was assumed the marshal was trying to figure out whether Italian military forces could perform their appointed task of decaying large British forces in the Mediterranean zone and holding them there, while Germany attacked the British Isles.

The Italians themselves have long assumed that the first task of their navy was decoy work. During the demonstration of Italian destroyers a few years ago for military attaches, the Italian commanders put on a show of speed, and exclaimed:

"You see nothing will ever be able to catch us."

UP UNTIL this winter the Italians had been highly successful as decoys. They had lured heavy British forces from a quarter to a half-million troops, fully equipped, down into the African deserts. They had kept nearly one-third of the British fleet in the Mediterranean—including four battleships, possibly a dozen or more aircraft carriers, numerous destroyers, to carry merchant shipping, to carry merchant

ships off Tripoli, and so on.

But so superior was the showing of British land, sea and air forces in the Mediterranean during the winter, that Hitler's grand strategy was checked. The British were compelled to concentrate their efforts.

ALL of this added up to last news for Hitler, required a new pattern of grand strategy. He had to avoid violent disturbance of the delicate balance in the Balkans. He moved into Central

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Alice Whitney

Alice Whitney, once betrothed by Wallace Beery, is shown in Los Angeles court during hearing of his damage suit against the actor for \$600,000, charging false arrest. It was a case of the "hunting mad Hitler."

Dedicated to that job, and its extension to include Japan, it definitely furthered the effort to divert British — and American opposition to Hitler.

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Then Bulgaria. Now his own powerful military forces confront the British on the Balkan front. If the British try to move naval, air or military strength to the British Isles this Spring the whole Balkans will be in Hitler's hands. If they keep those forces in the Near East, then he will himself have moved in as decoy in place of Mussolini.

The fact is, the mere presence of one of Hitler's armies in the Balkans is enough to hold Britain's forces in the Near East. And the German high command knew better than anyone else.

THERE are, of course, other compensating factors for the Germans. They now have a protecting cordon around the precious Romanian oil fields. They have split off Yugoslavia from Russia, and make it a little more likely that the Serbs will listen to proposals to join the axis. Greece is threatened now, as never before, at a time when the British would prefer not to have to lend their strength into the Balkans.

Finally, the masses give power to Russia and Turkey, however much assistance may be given to those nations by the Germans. These are not inconsequential crumbs of diplomatic and military advantage.

Obviously the German high command hopes the British will strike back at the German army through Greece. After all, 700,000 troops, well equipped, can hold off 250,000轴轴, and they might make it possible for Mussolini to stage a feeble counterattack.

But, from the British point of view, there is at least one major advantage in no longer being the only ones making war on Hitler. He's having to furnish his own fire in the form of totalitarian efficiency.

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Student Lawyers At Stetson Have Trial Arguments

DeLand, Mar. 11.—(Special)—

Student lawyers at Stetson University's College of Law launched this week into a program of argument practice that, described by Dean Paul E. Raymond, will make the local institution unique among the nation's law schools. Under a new plan, organized by Prof. Robert J. Wilson and Prof. Thomas P. Lambert, every one of Stetson's future barristers is guaranteed a schedule of frequent verbal experiences throughout his law college career.

The new plan takes the place of what was known at Stetson as the Law Club Competition, whose principal weakness was in the elimination of a great number of students from oral argument practice after their first year. Top-ranking speakers went on to higher stages of competition.

The argument session, in effect, gives the less eminent students continued practice in debate and oral presentation of legal points.

Details of the plan include

a big army that will drain supplies from headquarters—supplies that would do a lot more damage to the British if they were used in the attack on England.

will be pitted against every one of Law to form two of his fellow students before the year ends. Each club meets once a week and every member has the floor during the session to answer questions taken from the

class work of the week.

With family members and friends tally of wins and losses will be kept and appropriate recognition bestowed at the end of the rounds of competition.

—Benjamin Franklin invented daylight saving time.

WATCH YOUR THROAT.

After sudden exposure to cold, gargle Listerine

Sudden temperature changes, like drafts, sudden cold, sudden exposure to cold, often causes sore throat, especially during the winter. Prompt and frequent use of the upper hand. Because it kills germs associated with these conditions. Lambert Pharmacal Co., N. Y. Listerine kills germs on throat.

6-Piece Maple or Walnut Bedroom Group

Group consists of Full Size Bed, Vanity, Vanity Bench, Chest of Drawers, Simmons Coil Spring and 50-lb. Cotton Mattress. **\$69.95**

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A most attractive Studio Couch (opens into double or twin beds), 2 Occasional Chairs and 2 All Wool Axminster Throw Rugs. **\$49.95**

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Choice of Walnut, Maple or Blond finish. Suite contains attractive Brevetory Table, 4 Chairs and Buffet. An outstanding **\$69.95** value at

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Stewart Says—
Berlin and Rome
Show Evidence
Of Rough Going

By CHARLES P. STEWART,
Central Press Columnist

BERLIN AND Rome, as our state department interprets the news from these two supposedly strictly censored sources, are furthering the most convincing of all proofs that things are going badly with the European Axis.

From Berlin recently came the information that Herr Hitler has remorselessly squelched disorders in Holland—Oh, he doubtless has squelched 'em—but his announcement that he's so taken in by the administration from first-class authority that there were Dutch disorders that required squelching. And it was as good an authority as Signor Mussolini, who testified that the Fascists were a lot worse licked in northern Africa than even the British said they were.

Adolf and Benito ought to know, if anybody.

Benito's revelation was naive at the point of being funny. It evidently was taken in Italy, where that Il Duce's forces were on the run on the southern side of the Mediterranean, and it appears that the Italians, at home, were beginning to mutter that he'd neglected to send enough of 'em into that field of activity or to keep 'em supplied adequately. Seemingly Benito was stung by these criticisms; so he made that speech of a few days ago, to the effect that his African military outfit was too great a liability to his troops.

Now, how about those of us that the world had given it credit for being? Well, if it was underhanded and skimpily armed it had some excuse for being licked. But, if not, as he asserted, it hadn't even that excuse for taking its licking. Dilettante Albania, Benito hotly denied that the Italians there were knocked into a cocked hat by the Greeks due to any failure of his own to send enough 'em across the Adriatic or to furnish 'em with sufficient guns, munitions and aviation; they simply have been trounced by superior Greek fighting ability—though Benito didn't put it quite that way.

Not His Fault!

The rub of it is that, yes, they've been licked, but it wasn't his fault. The inference drawn from Adolf's report is that he's conquered more territory than he's going to be able to keep long under his feet.

The Dutch already are so ugly, according to his own account, that he has had to declare German army rules throughout all the NETHERLANDS. Presumably it's effective there at present, but it must be a nuisance to him to have so much hostility sizzling that he has to sit on it with a big military force to prevent it from going on the rampage under him.

And of course there are other areas for him to worry about.

Norway's reported to be as near to another Nazi uprising as it dares to be.

France certainly won't stay beaten any longer than it has to.

It stands to reason that Denmark, Poland and Belgium can't but be ripe for revolt at the first favorable opportunity. The Balcons also are only as pro-German as they're afraid to be otherwise.

Now, Herr Hitler can concentrate on one little spot, like northern Holland, and suppress its anti-Nazi insurrection.

But suppose Adolf were to have uprisings break out against him in France, Holland, Belgium, Poland, Denmark and Norway about simultaneously, plus Britain on his hands, maybe the Balkans and Turkey, too, and with Russia's unwillingness to reckon with! Wouldn't all that keep him pretty busy?

Japan Is Far Off

Italy's a broken reed to him. And Japan's too far away to help him in Europe.

Just how solidly Germany itself is behind the Fuehrer is something of a problem here. That's strongly predominantly so isn't questioned. Nevertheless there are vague rumors of a bit of domestic discontent with him in the Fatherland traditionally hasn't democratic. There are observers who think they might manifest themselves quite formidably if he runs into serious trouble, giving them a chance to speak above a whisper without being instantly GES-FAPO-ed.

Anyway, Washington's diplomatic strategists calculate that Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini are in agreement with the news from Berlin and the latter with his African and Albanian allies. They have been a couple of most enlightening informants

Germans Still Battling For Food Freedom After 18 Months Of War

By MORGAN M. BRATTY
WASHINGTON, Mar. 11—(AP)—

After 18 months of war, the Germans haven't won their battle for food freedom.

And that despite the windfall of foods from conquered, occupied, or dominated countries.

Official German diet tables showing what the average German eats, published first in 1927, again 10 years later, and extended by United States Department of Agriculture experts to date on the basis of the official rationing, show these facts:

1. The average German's basic diet in 1927 was about 2,866 calories per day per person, or almost the same as the high averages of British and American diets.

2. The "consumption planning" campaign of the Nazis was highly successful in conserving essential foods, but by 1937 it had reduced the basic diet level to the point where it was estimated by American nutrition experts to be 10 percent below the American standard.

3. The present basic diet has been reduced further since 1937, to the point where it averages 13 percent higher than normal in total bulk, but is about 40 percent below normal in energy giving meat and fat. The exact loss in calories cannot be estimated because the complete diet of today is not available.

UNITED STATES Department of Agriculture experts have made two appraisals of the German battle for food freedom within the last year, the latest of which has just reached the desk of President Roosevelt.

They conclude that a crisis in fats, probably leading to even more drastic reduction in this important food element, will come by July 1. But they figure grains and potato reserve will be more than sufficient to last well into mid-1942. That means to the experts that German workers probably won't show serious signs of malnutrition for some time to come, although their production per worker might begin falling off drastically by mid-summer.

The American experts also conclude that the Reich food estate—the organization charged with getting the most out of the available foods—has done a remarkably efficient job of conserving food supplies.

First, those in charge lowered fat and meat content of German diets as early as 1934, so that the German citizen felt hardly a bolt when the deficient war rations went into effect.

They juggled the ration allowances so that manual workers received almost twice as much food as the average German, and the soldiers received fully twice the

ration of the folks back home. But they still left the manual worker with only half enough fat.

They fertilized German farms to the limit in the three years just before war began and achieved extra production. And finally they gave themselves a breathing spell this winter by "buying" food in the conquered areas.

NEVERTHELESS, the Americans experts conclude, this has not been enough to win the battle of food freedom. Not by a jiffy. And, here, they tell you, is the proof:

Said Die Deutsche Volkswirtschaft, the official economic journal of the Nazi Party, on Mar. 12, 1939—a few months before the war started, and after the German people had been eating a deficient diet for more than five years:

"Lately, signs of over-exertion of workers and employees have become apparent. First, the grippe epidemic has reached such an extent that it can only be explained by increased susceptibility owing to physical and psychological weariness. Second, extreme irritability on account of nervous strain resulting from over-exertion is common. Third, unexcused absence and attempts to stay away from work for silly reasons have increased sharply."

"The over-exertion of workers in the last analysis, only another symptom of the general over-utilization of all resources."

THESE, the American experts indicate, are the symptoms of an unintentional sit-down strike, a result of the lack of proper fat and meat in the workers' rations. Other experts suggest sustained British defense, and blockade could aggravate that condition among the German populace as a whole. The cheerful popular as the fellow who gets plenty of meat and fat, or, in its place, plenty of vitamins from fruits and vegetables which Germany admittedly lacks.

Thus the German battle for food freedom—or in other language—self sufficiency—is not yet won.

Experimental Farm Seeks Appropriation

BRADENTON, Mar. 11—(Special)—Manatee County's experimental farm laboratory, which serves adjoining counties as well, will ask for an additional appropriation of \$10,000 annually for two years from 1941 Florida legislature. J. Pope Harllee, Sr., county commissioner, said Sunday, adding that Governor Holland and his cabinet had approved the plan in principle.

The enlarged budget, according

THE SANFORD HERALD, SANFORD, FLORIDA

SCOTT'S SCRAP BOOK

BY R. J. SCOTT

Lawrence Tibbett Headlines Artist Series At College

TALLAHASSEE, Mar. 11—(Special) Lawrence Tibbett, Metropolitan Opera star, and star of radio's most popular and controversial stage will headline the artist series for next year at Florida State College for Women.

This announcement has just been made by Dean Ella Scobie Opperman of the School of Music, who is chairman of the artist series committee.

Tibbett will come in February or March of 1942, giving two different concerts. It will mark his first appearance in this area.

This announcement is expected to be of major interest to music patrons who have taken advantage of the increased accommodations made possible for seating audiences in the college auditorium as the result of the policy to schedule two appearances by each artist.

Tibbett, who is a native of Bakersfield, Calif., first appeared on the concert stage at Los Angeles in 1917; and made his operatic debut in the Hollywood Bowl, singing the part of Amnon in "Aida" in September, 1922. His debut with the Metropolitan occurred in Nov. 30, 1928, when he sang the part of Valentine in "Faust."

He has made concert tours annually from coast to coast, and is Europe, and has been Engelbert Humperdinck's "Kuhmeier" in 1929. He received a gold medal for "Good citizen on the stage" from the American Academy of Arts and Letters in 1935; was chosen "best classical singer" by a radio editor poll four consecutive years and was presented with Litteris et Artibus medal by the King of Sweden in 1937.

At least two other attractions are planned next year on the College Artist Series which every

student attends without further cost since allowance is made for this at the beginning of the college year in the student activity fee.

The best-attended artist series in the college's history ended recently with performances of "Carmen" and "Madame Butterfly" by the San Carlos Company, marking the first time grand opera had ever been brought on the artist series. Co. Glade took the leading role in "Carmen" and Hiss Koyke, native Japanese, the leading part in "Butterfly." The United States Marine Band was brought here as the opening attraction on this year's artist series.

The first postal service in America was inaugurated on May 1, 1860, between Portsmouth, N. H., and Philadelphia.

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Harilee, will provide for the employment of an entomologist and a pathologist, which "would greatly increase the laboratory's service to the farmers."

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT IN AND PINE MOUNTAIN COUNTY FLORIDA, IN CHAMBERS,
PEARL E. MALLEY, Plaintiff,
vs.
RICHARD C. MALLEY, Defendant,
COURT REPORTER,
THE STATE OF FLORIDA, TO
RICHARD C. MALLEY, 1962
W. 201 Street, CHESTER,
PENNSYLVANIA.

Notice is hereby given that suit for divorce has been instituted against you in the manner styled herein:

It is hereby ordered that you are required to be and appear to the above-styled court at the courthouse in Seminole, Seminole County, Florida, on the 7th day of April, A. D. 1941, otherwise, a decree pro confesso will be en-

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Dark shadows, glaring light and sharp contrasts. Brrrrr!

Can you imagine gay laughter, warm hospitality, and beauty in such a setting? Certainly not.

And the pity of it all is, that this kind of light isn't good for seeing, either. Reading becomes "work".

ELECTRICITY IS LIGHT!

This is "SAVE YOUR VISION" Week (March 9-15)

Decide this week for:
(1) More good vision you checked by
an optometrist.
(2) Good eye health for your home and office. Get glasses checked often. See your doctor and the dentist regularly.

CAN YOU AFFORD NOT TO HAVE GOOD LIGHTING?

GOLDS
GOLDS
GOLDS

world's largest man-made
structure is Grand Coulee Dam,
nearing completion on the
Columbia River, in Washington.

CHURCHILL

