

Harden, Caldara Turn In Brilliant Mound Records As Fed, Indians Split Two

CENTRAL FLORIDA LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.
Leesburg	11	12	.47
Deland	12	11	.50

A bunting Sanford Colored ball club which, yesterday afternoon made good on a promise to give local fans an afternoon of baseball entertainment, will appear in Cook Park at Leesburg against Manager Emile Yde's Islanders.

Lefty Flora, who will be brought from the colored front the second game with two out and the bases full yesterday, will be on the hill for the Feds and Jas. Caldara, the Islander's star, the game is scheduled to start at 2:30 o'clock.

At the same hour, the Islander's who dropped over to Leesburg, trying to get past Jas. Baker again, Baker has scored 12 straight victories since he last faced the colored performance now even approached in this league.

With Coopers and Leesburg to the lead and each team having won one game to play, the remaining 10 days of the season promise to be the most exciting of the year.

Leesburg made off third time Tuesday, Thursday, Sept. 12, when the season ends. The Islanders also face Deland two more times and have three games.

Cooper plays Deland tomorrow, Leesburg Thursday, Indian Sunday, Tuesday, and Saturday. It also may play the colored at Leesburg and two games at Deland. The Feds decide two contests up held some days ago.

The Feds, therefore, hold the best record with four wins, while with three home games remaining, local fans have much in store as the 1938 baseball season winds up in a real blaze of glory.

Yesterday's games were held plant pitching performances marked with fed errors in the ninth inning.

Dix Harden, held the Indians to four hits in the first game, only to lose by 4-2 when the Feds took off in the second and third innings.

All Feds took over the situation with the bases full in the first inning of the second game and had to strike out, but wound without hitting, winning over, and then went on to pitch two hit baseball, winning by 2 to 1 after probably one of the finest performances of the year.

Dix Strickland tried to fall in the ninth man short the only Indian to score, but did not defeat only by inches for the visitors, as it developed, should have been 3 to 0 in favor of the Feds.

The Indians in winning the first game, set the league record of 10 consecutive victories established earlier this year.

However, the Feds collected another record in the first game when he handled 14 chances at second base without error, last night, and had 12 putouts.

The old record of 13 chances without error was made by Prince of Coopers, May 17, 1931, and the Indians Jackson, on June 17, 1932, by shortstop Mattie of Orlando.

Both out in the second, and with two out, his 12 errors in his 12 chances.

The Feds earned their runs in the first game on a fielder's choice, but in the out, Strickland's double in the ninth.

With two out in the second, and with two out, his 12 errors in his 12 chances.

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Possible Damaging Effect Of Canal On Water Is Outlined

(Continued From Page One)
ing on Florida has little to gain from it. The colored people have to live in the canal, which in all probability would be of no earthly good to them.

One of the greatest blow-

ing the house, Caldara came in

to relieve our Norwood.

The Feds went right after

Strickland scoring twice in first

but Lefty Flora, out Baker's

second and third, Wynn's

sing to right, Ruth's poor throw

to second on the relay permitted

Wynn to touch second from which point he dashed home.

According to the Florida Gators, we can't afford to let Caldara and Loper all winged, filling

the bases, but Wynn struck out

Strickland then tightened up,

giving up only one run, the Red-

sox, and the Indians were

out of the bust in the fifth. Errors

by Strickland put men on first in

the third and fifth, but they did

not score.

Caldara, meanwhile, was pia-

ning on his way to the best

pitcher in the Indiana

seventh.

The Indians came in in the

eighth, but Wynn popped out

and Caldara finished a brilliant

mound appearance by striking out

the last two out in the

seventh.

The box score:

FEDS: GAMES W L PCT.

Total 11 12 .47

SANFORD 12 11 .50

STRIKES 10 10

BASES ON 12 12

HOME RUNS 1 1

WALKS 10 10

BB'S 10 10

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GORDON DEAN—Business Manager

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of all the best newspapers
published in the world, and also the
local news published here.
Letters of protest against the
newspaper are now reserved.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 10, 1935

Bible Verse For Today

THEY SHALL NOT BE WEARY: —They that wait upon the Lord shall renew their strength; they shall mount up with wings as eagles; they shall run, and not be weary; and they shall walk, and not faint.—Isaiah 40:31.

Isn't it just like some folks to blame every unfortunate thing that happens on God?

You know trouble about freedom of speech is getting someone to listen to you.

Now we know the depression is over. J. P. Morgan has just organized a firm for the purpose of selling bonds.

Now that the canal is going to be dug, we hope that the Oaks may well recover its former good humor.

Most of our exchanges across three days from the West Coast have a peculiar feeling of dampness about them.

We dare say that that Oklahoma man who had his pants knocked off by him in an electrical storm can sympathize with those of us who have lost our pants.

The veterans who died in the hurricane last week did not die in vain. That tragedy will result in the payment of the bonus as soon as Congress meets.

The Sarasota Tribune suggests that the government ought to pay the meat producers not to raise prices instead of paying them to do it.

Wall Street stocks jumped a billion dollars in value at the mere suggestion from President Roosevelt of a "heating spell." How? What would it have done if he had meant it?

It seems particularly appropriate, in view of the large number of northern shipping interests who may benefit from this cross-state canal, that the town on the western extremity should be known as Yankee town.

The cross state canal has produced its first casualty. Before a crowd of several hundred persons last Sunday the roof of a camp warehouse collapsed while about 20 workmen were busy repairing it. Six carpenters were injured.

The degree of co-operation between various branches of the state government is nothing short of amazing. It may explain to what extent at least why this state gets so much done at so little expense to the people. With all the various cabinet members cutting each other's throat, what more could you expect?

The sense of boondoggling "white collar" projects has been reached with the approval in New York of an allotment of \$264,000 for "Youthful Guidance for Junior and Senior High Schools" to provide high school students with counselors from among unemployed relief workers who are to assist them in the selection of courses and in the determination of their life's work.

It's discouraging how little consideration some people seem to give to others for their fellowmen. The other day a woman arrived in Chicago from Seattle, Wash., on her way to Balaam, N. Y. She had been felling badly, discovered in Chicago that she had appendicitis, did not, however, go to the hospital, but continued her journey in a crowded passenger train, sweating the greams of a possible epidemic among several hundred people and through four states.

Misgated Patriotism

It is not difficult to understand the utter desperation to which the hypocrisy, demagoguery, and chauvinistic antics of Huey Long have driven his opponents in Louisiana during these recent years in which he has set himself up as the absolute dictator of a sovereign American state, but no clear-thinking, fair-minded man can avoid the conclusion that any attempt to escape such a regime of intolerable despotism by means of violent acts is not only futile but also more often than not simply intensifies the political condition from which this tyranny springs.

A dictator may be killed, but there is no guarantee that the man who will eventually take his place is any less a tyrant. A political assassination may be completely successful in the manner in which it is carried out, but there is no way by which the conditions which make a dictatorship possible can be removed by an assassin's bullet. Huey Long was simply the answer to an unfortunate state of affairs which have existed in Louisiana. Killing him will not alter in the slightest degree the social and economic arrangements which provided the political foundation for his ascent into hitherto undreamed of heights in American governmental history.

There is something about violence which beggars violence. A volley of firing is usually preceded by a pistol shot. One assassination simply leads to another. Often the slaying of a tyrant merely results in greater tyranny. To murder the leader of the opposition is the simple way of cutting the Gordian knot. It is also the simple-minded way. Great problems are not solved that way. It is no easy to stop the itch without curing the sore that many people have gone to their death without knowing that they were sick, or why. In this hour of crisis in Louisiana politics, one question is paramount, "After Huey, then what?"

Nearly two thousand years ago a man of military genius returned to Rome from brilliant foreign conquests which had made the name of his legions known and feared throughout the civilized world. His friends could offer him no rewards grand enough and rich enough to express in adequate terms their esteem and admiration. But his enemies feared that he was planning to make himself emperor. So liberty-loving Romans assassinated Julius Caesar, only to get in his place many years of chaos under the second triumvirate, followed by the tyrannical rules of the Emperors Augustus, Tiberius, Caligula, and Nero whose outstanding contribution to the social order was the persecution of the Christians.

Because of a desire for the liberty and freedom which they had seen developing in other countries the French people revolted against the monarchy of Louis XVI and sent him to the guillotine. They got in his place Danton who immediately set himself up as dictator. For this he was soon condemned and his place was taken by Marat who tried so frantically that a French peasant girl named Charlotte Corday, believing that she was devoutly inspired to restore her country to the orderly processes of a legitimate king, ventured into Marat's home and strangled him to death. But Marat was followed by Robespierre, a Justice, half mad creature who was the very inspiration of the Reign of Terror and who sent thousands of innocent citizens from the ordinary walks of life to the guillotine, to be replaced by the Sans.

The sword of Despotism was not long idle. It was soon parroted, when after the fall of the Bastille, when the King of France fled to England, when the other European powers who cried as the fatal blow was struck, "This is the way to liberty!" But France was followed by Alessandro Johnson, a black slave who was sold into slavery. Neither the confidence nor the support of Europe who in the name of justice and freedom had come to matters would for the cold-blooded Johnson be forthcoming. Followed by Genghis Khan the Mongols began their conquest days.

And so the wisdom of the course already adopted by the opposition to the proposed cross-state canal question. That England, France, Germany, and America can there be no doubt, will follow the road of peace if the passing of that bill is delayed. From Europe, we note the following. Washington, D. C., has appointed a Senator Long, a representative of the South, to have a seat on the Senate Committee on Construction days.

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Mr. Sternberg said that in highway accidents last year 100 persons were killed every twenty-four hours, with one person in every 100 of population was injured. He appealed for better roads, better highways, bypasses, alternate routes and railroad grade crossing elimination as a solution for the problem.

Highways last year carried more than 80 percent of all the passenger traffic in the United States. Mr. Sternberg said that steam and electric railroads carried 12 percent and airplanes less than 1 percent. The 100,000 figures in American highways carry annually 2,000,000,000 passengers which is equal to one bus ride for every person in the country.

SANFORD TWENTY YEARS AGO

KIRKIMMEE, Sept. 8.—A negro section hand of the Sugar Bell railroad, thought to be named George Thompson, was supposedly lynched at Poughkeepsie Junction, near here, Tuesday night, as the result of his insulting a white lady at her home near there, according to numerous reports.

Another bond election carried on Tuesday after a very successful election on Monday. Tuesday's election was for school bonds in the Special School District No. 1 in the sum of \$75,000. There were many predictions made in advance about the school bonds not carrying but it seemed that the people of Sanford want the district to pay for the school property as should have been done years ago and not shift the entire burden upon the shoulders of the taxpayers. And the need of more school houses and equipment is apparent to everyone.

Captain Rose, the state chemist, was in the city yesterday, visiting his many friends. He has been visiting various points in the state and stopped over in Kirkimme where he formerly resided for many years. Mrs. Rose and daughter, Miss Muriel, have been spending the summer at Daytona

Name It "Roosevelt"

OSALA STAR

As a compliment to one of the greatest presidents who has ever occupied the White House the Star would suggest that the Florida cross-state canal be named the "Roosevelt" canal.

One great president, Andrew Jackson, envisioned a canal across the State of Florida connecting the waters of the Gulf of Mexico with the waters of the Atlantic, and a communication was sent to the Congress recommending construction of such a waterway.

A century has passed since President Jackson first suggested the possibility of a waterway across Florida, and another great president, who can visualize the economic value of such a short cut from the Gulf to the Atlantic, occupies the White House.

During the Administration of Franklin D. Roosevelt, we hope the work that has just been started on what will be the late and major waterway project ever undertaken in this country, will bring to completion, and stages will pass from coast to coast.

What more fitting honor, what greater compliment could more people pay the man in the White House than to give his name to the waterway also planned to be such a contribution to the economic welfare of this state and nation.

The name of James D. Roosevelt will be inseparably connected with the Florida canal only if he had the courage to withdraw its construction only before the vision to see into the future and perceive the possibilities of safety to those of us who are in the process of planning and preparing to meet the challenges of the future.

What a fitting compliment to the man who has shown such foresight and vision in the construction of this waterway, which will be of great benefit to the people of this state and nation.

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What Will You Do Without Water?

Central And South Florida Are Put Face To Face With That Vital Question By Construction Of Proposed Cross - State Canal

The people of Florida have been officially advised by the State Geologist that if a sea-level canal is constructed along the proposed route, it will cause irreparable damage to the underground water on which farmers depend for irrigation. This is confirmed by portions of report of Federal Geologists as thus far publicized.

Even if, as is reported, ten millions of dollars is to be available to compensate municipalities for water supplies, there is no reported provision to compensate private owners for wells or irrigation systems.

Despite petitions from more than seventy municipalities, boards of county commissioners, civic clubs that construction be not started in advance of a comprehensive survey by the United States Geologist (the logical authority to pass upon this matter); and despite statements that construction would be started without special congressional approval, adjournment of congress finds engineers promptly upon ground, and actual construction immediately starting.

EXTRACTS FROM STATE GEOLOGIST'S STATEMENT

"That there is rather a delicate balance between the fresh and salt water horizons in this area, known, and that there has been an encroachment of salt water during the past several years is definite. From the data that have been procured this area of mineralized artesian water has been generally outlined and it is significant that its apex points westward toward the Ocala region. These dangers but health touched upon have caused concern and give justification for fear that the water of certain sections will not be permanently and indefinitely usable. The lowering of the artesian head in areas where there is already such a delicate balance existing can have but a disastrous effect. Once the fresh water is replaced by the heavier salt water there will be no chance to rectify or alter conditions. No one having the permanent future welfare of the State at heart will want a cross-state canal started without first knowing that all possible data have been procured which will positively insure against disastrous effects thereto."

A complete copy of the above statement may be obtained from the committee.

Mr. Custer is thoroughly familiar with the problems and his statements are in accord with opinions of the U. S. Geological Survey, who have recently made a survey of the artesian water of the Florida peninsula.

HARRY ST. CLAIR WHITE
Personal Assistant to the Secretary of the

Now Is The Time To Act!

It is unthinkable that the fresh water supplies of Central and South Florida should be allowed to be destroyed without the strongest of opposition from citizens. The Seminole County Agricultural Association which from the first has the opposition has now created a separate committee to carry on the contest. This committee will be enlarged by the addition of others from other areas in the state. This is not the fight of Seminole County alone, but of Central and South Florida.

Legal counsel has been retained. Action looking to halting construction by injunction and other legal means is to be taken promptly. Other action which may assure safe guarding our water supply will be prosecuted vigorously. Protests must be made in such manner that they are bound to be heeded.

We want you with us. This is not a matter of concern to just a few men, but

Central & South Florida Water Conservation Committee

Sanford, Florida

MEMBERS OF FINANCE COMMITTEE

Gus Schmah, Chairman
George S. Witmer
George E. Thurston
Rex Packard
E. Kaeserman
Fred Bolly
R. R. Pippin
H. J. Thurston
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P. R. Bach
Roy Symes
Ralph B. Chapman
Chas. Dunn
Kirby Fite
Ed Cameron
Fred Pope
George Balm

Social And Personal Activities

MARGARET PETERS, Society Editor

Calendar

Baptist Alpheans Have Regular Meet

PHONE 148

Personals

In Sanford after returning from points to the South.

Mrs. Walter C. Miller and daughter, Karla and Louise, of Coral Gables were the weekend guests of Mr. and Mrs. Victor Check.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Hutchison returned yesterday from Coopers Beach where they have been vacationing for the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Riley and Ellen Wainright have returned to Orlando after a honeymoon spent visiting Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Washington and the mountains of Virginia and North Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. McMichael and spent the weekend in Sanford with Mr. and Mrs. H. A. McMichael.

Mrs. Glenn Long and Miss Ruthie Long are expected to return today from Illinois, where they spent the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Jones were the guests yesterday of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Kennedy at Daytona Beach.

Little John Foy, 10, was taken for Daytona Beach to spend the week with his Uncle T. Warren. These new relatives installed after the business session with an impressive roll call of each old and new officer.

TUESDAY. The Congregational meet at the Hotel Nickel, Silver Lake, is to work for the war which comes this 23 at the Parish.

FRIDAY. Department of the Day School will have annual meet Friday, all the children are at the church at 3:30 p.m.

out Meeting Last Night

Those attended the meeting of the vestry.

It was opened by Bill

Patton, leader of

the different parishes

and a few others.

30 Canal Workers Injured As Roof Of Warehouse Falls

On Saturday morning, all the members of the crew, including carpenters, masons, laborers and all other attendants, were to be held at a point in charge.

At the close of the meeting, groups were drawn by lot.

Mrs. R. E. Peurifay, Mrs. I. E. Estridge, Mrs. O. V. Buntette and Mrs. A. C. McLandin.

The hostesses, the Madames G. S. Solman, L. E. Petridge and R. T. Warren, served refreshments to the following members present:

The Madames R. E. Peurifay, J. B. Field, A. C. Malden, M. S. Nelson, H. B. Odham, O. C. Gandy, W. H. Harkey, J. E. Park, R. Z. Johnson, N. J. Dugger, Mrs. E. Gandy and daughter Dorothy, R. A. Townsend, I. Palmer, T. E. Parker, R. E. Petridge, R. T. Warren, R. E. Peurifay, A. B. Ladd, R. S. Knobell and G. C. Gandy and Mrs. Leona W. Warren, guest of the class.

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Liquor Ordinance Finally Adopted By Commissioners

(Continued from Page One)
On costs of erecting a first unit.

The Commissioners authorized a contribution of \$100 to help defray a \$350 deficit of the Sanford Baseball Club.

They had been appealed to by Otto Caldwell, who with H. R. Stevens, T. E. Simpson and W. B. Varn, appeared as representing the group which took over the club in mid-July along with a deficit of around \$800. Mr. Caldwell stated that this deficit had been reduced to about \$350 and that the old directors were hopeful of paying it out within the next few days.

A protest of a Florida Power and Light Co. complaint against proposed personal property assessments for 1935-36 was cut short when the Commissioners asked A. B. Crosby of Miami, the company's tax examiner, to present his objections in writing for further consideration.

He had attempted to point out that the Commissioners were about to assess his company's personal properties at \$97,425 more than the company listed the assets.

At the suggestion of Commissioner Lafferty, who said "It would be to the best interests of the city to take such things under advisement," the Commissioners indicated that there would, however, be no hitch, ordered G. Gray's bid for preparing the city audit held over until the next meeting. He had bid \$800 for the job and had offered to reimburse the city at the rate of \$25 per day if the project were completed inside the contracted time.

Mr. Caldwell appeared again to request permission to use the Fire Department's pumping engine in an effort to refloat the St. Johns River Line Co. boat which now is stuck off the backland near the company's dock. Permission was granted.

Howe of the Commissioners deferred his request for permission to build a garage back south of his garage in the old Wright home Co. building on Palmetto Avenue to Inspector G. P. Pastore.

Filled for reorganization, Dr. Tolata reported to the physicians for August. Dr. Morris revealed that he treated a man in his office, made 24 visits to the county jail, and 11 to the hospital.

Approval was given to an application by the W. F. Eastill and Coal Co. for permission to erect a loading platform just south of the Standard Oil Co. plant on the lakefront.

Clerk Lanson advised the Commissioners that they should declare the registration books for the November primary election open on next Monday. The books were indeed opened on that date.

J. H. Cushing, local insurance agent, was given the renewal of about \$10 worth of liability and property damage insurance on his motor vehicles. Present policies expire Oct. 1.

The Commissioners approved the action of their group as a Tax Equalization Board last week the removal of several trees from the Mrs. Margaret Roberts home property on Laurel Avenue and the payment of \$100 to J. J. Moulton, local architect who is drawing plans for several projects which, it is hoped, will be approved by the City Council.

The Commissioners decided to hand the 1934 delinquent personal property tax list to a collector on Oct. 1, and ordered notices sent to all delinquents again advising that after that date they must pay a 10 percent collections penalty.

An application by Chase and

Co. for permission to erect a truck storage building on Myrtle Avenue was referred back to Inspector G. P. Pastore with authority for him to set if the building is erected in accordance with the city zoning ordinance.

The Commissioners were advised by officials of the Sanford Give That they are ready to make suitable repairs to their main endeavor First Street and Park Avenue if projects calling for the widening and relaying of those streets are approved and work is ordered begun.

The Commissioners also were advised that the Southern Bell Telephone Co. is not now in a position to pay for the cost of placing its wires in cables under First Street. The Commissioners had suggested that this be done if the relaying project is approved so as to keep up the street at an earlier date.

In a discussion of the dangers now existing because of rotting telephone and electric light poles and worn out insulation on electric light wires in all parts of the city, the Commissioners instructed Clerk Lanson again to call the Florida Power and Light Co.'s attention to these needed repairs.

Attorney F. R. Wilson presented the city with a master's deed to the Florida McCracken Concrete Pipe Co. plant properties, now belonging to the city. At the suggestion of Commissioner Speer, the building and grounds were declared not liable for use as storage property for city use.

Clerk Lanson also was instructed to purchase insurance covering the personal property in the old concrete plant building up to \$2000 in value.

Adjournment followed after the commissioners had approved the expenditure of about \$100 to send the chief Mac Cleveland to the International Fire Chiefs' Convention in Kansas and had approved the use of the City Hall as the site of a benefit wrestling match this week or next week.

CITY BRIEFS

(Continued from Page One)
Signed by H. P. Wade of Sanford against his wife, Harriet Wade and by W. Harold Long, local butcher against his wife, Elsie Long.

Outgoing and incoming lists of the Board of Trade and Chamber of Commerce were called to meet in joint session at the trade body offices next Tuesday night at 7:30 o'clock for the September meeting which will produce the election of officers for the new year.

SHOLTZ NAMES 10 OF ELEVEN "HONEST MEN"

(Continued from Page One)
biggest names ever.

Ten major acts applying to the citrus industry were passed by the 1935 Legislature. They were described as laws intended to advance the welfare of the thousands of persons in Florida who deal in oranges, grapefruit and tangerines.

The acts provided for (1) creation of a state citrus commission; (2) laws for box taxes on oranges, grapefruit and tangerines to advertise Florida fruits; (3) maturity tests; (4) handling and grading of handlers of fruit; (5) guarantee of grower's cost of

production under stipulated conditions; (6) regulating shippers' charges; (7) regulating the use of coloring materials, and (8) regulation of field box marks.

A declaration of exercise of the state's police power "to protect the public health and welfare and to stabilize and protect the citrus industry" was made in the preamble of the citrus commission bill.

The commission was given authority to establish standards for grades of fruit, to establish standard containers, and identifying tags or marks to be attached to each box.

"All citrus fruits sold or offered for sale or offered for shipment within or without the State of Florida shall be graded and marked as required by this act and the regulations, rules and orders adopted and made under authority of this act, which regulations, rules and orders, where not inconsistent with state or federal law, shall have the force and effect of law," the act read.

The duty of enforcing the rules of the citrus commission was placed upon the commissioner of agriculture and the general inspection service. Expenses are to be paid out of the inspection fund, which is supported by a fee charged against each box of citrus.

Members of the commission serve without pay, but they are allowed \$10 a day and reasonable expenses when actually attending the commission's business. A secretary is authorized at salary not exceeding \$5,000 annually and a manager at salary not exceeding \$5,000 annually also is authorized.

Headquarters expenses of the commission is limited to \$80,000 annually, but the limitation does not apply to the number of field employees or agents of the commission. The commission may establish its headquarters at any point in the state which it selects.

The act creating the commission was passed as an emergency and will remain in effect automatically until June 1, 1937 unless it is repealed by the 1937 Legislature.

The citrus maturity act, introduced in the inspection service chairwoman from 2 to 2½ years, went into effect on Jan. 1, 1935.

Inspection in several areas of the state has been discontinued due to the lack of funds. The act creates a new inspection service which will be responsible for the enforcement of the citrus maturity act.

Under the new act, the inspection service will be responsible for the enforcement of the citrus maturity act.

The advertising and promotion act, introduced by Rep. George E. Thurston, will be responsible for the enforcement of the citrus advertising and promotion act.

The box tax act, introduced by Rep. George E. Thurston, will be responsible for the enforcement of the citrus box tax act.

The handling and grading act, introduced by Rep. George E. Thurston, will be responsible for the enforcement of the citrus handling and grading act.

The coloring material act, introduced by Rep. George E. Thurston, will be responsible for the enforcement of the citrus coloring material act.

The field box mark act, introduced by Rep. George E. Thurston, will be responsible for the enforcement of the citrus field box mark act.

The shippers' charges act, introduced by Rep. George E. Thurston, will be responsible for the enforcement of the citrus shippers' charges act.

The regulation of the use of coloring materials act, introduced by Rep. George E. Thurston, will be responsible for the enforcement of the citrus regulation of the use of coloring materials act.

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Harden To Be Poured During The Here Sunday

Man Who Got Out Just Ahead Of Hurricane Says Plight Terrible

The Sanford Colorfeds, sailing for Los Angeles early Saturday morning, were met by Billie Yule's Island regulation Central Florida League game, plans being furthered for a Dot 1, program here next Saturday.

It will play Los Angeles here, situated about four miles apart and it is hoped that at the tip of Florida, midway in course or other gift will the fifty-mile stretch between be secured in time to make Miami and Key West. At the boy who is the only land was not more than fifty yards wide, with the Atlantic on one side and the Gulf of Mexico on the other.

"It's a wonder we didn't drown long ago!" Barish exclaims, showing of the year, down there. Often the water has up ends in Sanford stood two feet deep in our boats a week in game and canvas shelters. I guess the Indians,

boys thought this was just another one of those tropical rain

lake, who has just ended successful season with storms. "And I know why they couldn't appear here Sunday is claimed. "It rains every day," he said. "We'll pitch at least one of our few games for San

ct. SANFORD

ABD H. POALE Told us that the 100,000 veterans millions of them. When they bite it rakes a well the size of a dollar on your belt. I've tramped all over the world but never lived in so forsaken a land as that."

Facilities at the camps provided no electricity for lighting, no latrines, radio, newspapers, fresh water or adequate housing, Barish said. The veterans received \$2.00 per day for doing nothing he asserted, because the Federal Emergency Relief Administration had made no attempt to go ahead with the plans for boarding schools in the territory. There was only one house, the Matcumbe Hotel within twenty-five miles be continued and its 200 persons were housed by six persons who visited the three camps about once in five days.

"Even the muggers won't live there," Barish went on to say. "They called the camp Devil's Land where they came to sell us the rum they had made. About 16,000 veterans have been there since last January, when I joined up, but most of them ran away. They can't stand it. In May they turned out the militia to keep the rebellious ones in camp. You can bathe down there, or swim to get out of the heat because the waters swarm with leeches and alligators. The only thing you can buy in camp is beer at 10 cents a bottle. If you try to buy the daily train from Key West to Miami two detectives put you off."

Barish said he got a job in the camp laundry truck as the stores began to blow Sunday afternoon hopped a freight at Miami and rode the rods on into New York.

"I went down there to earn some money to put my back on my feet," he said. "But the last that after we put up shelters made out of old canvas and drift

wood and sago provided lumber there was nothing to do but sit kill Long.

"I am grateful to God for that," she added.

"We have no word, no intimacy, if anything would ever happen, which almost drove me crazy. No one ever paid any attention to us and our pay all went for rent."

On July 1, Barish said, an exceptionally heavy rain and wind storm inundated the camp and flattened all of the shelters, including the mess hall. That night he relaxed, the water lay there feet deep over the entire split of land. The only wild life, he said, was a large iguana, playing with the baby. We stayed out there in the woods all day. We never came back to the city until almost 7:30 o'clock last night."

"My son and his wife went swimming while my husband and I stayed on the shore in the camp, playing with the baby. We stayed out there in the woods all day. We never came back to the city until almost 7:30 o'clock last night."

Veterans arrived at the camps on an average of twenty-five in a party each Friday. The other two camps, where conditions were identical with those at Matcumbe, he asserted, were located at No Man Keys, four miles to the south, and at Almarinda, four miles to the north.

61 Bullet Holes Are Counted In Body Of Optometrist Who Fired Shots

(Continued from Page One) tative session to strengthen his dictatorship and to write laws aimed at the Roosevelt Administration, which he had opposed in the Senate and in the campaign.

Sunday night he emerged into the corridor at 20 minutes past 10 in the shade. Late in the afternoon it rains. Then come the mass meetings, millions of them. When they bite it rakes a well the size of a dollar on your belt. I've tramped all over the world but never lived in so forsaken a land as that."

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that after we put up shelters made out of old canvas and drift

Weiss' Mother Is Unable To Account For Son's Actions

(Continued from Page One) he must have known he would be killed instantly, she said. But they (the bodyguards) didn't have to kill him the way they did. They didn't have to kill him at all.

Mrs. Weiss is now awaiting a Sunday morning, made up to her wife and son's appearance, and may then visit the parents of Sonny Weiss. The Weiss family has sent to a nearby town where Dr. Weiss is located in the afternoon.

Repeatedly Mrs. Weiss said

"thank God" her son did not kill Long.

"I am grateful to God for that," she added.

"We have no word, no intimacy, if anything would ever happen, which almost drove me crazy. No one ever paid any attention to us and our pay all went for rent."

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HIGHLIGHTS in the LIFE of HUEY LONG

Long Reached Highest Peak Of State Control Ever Known

To His Followers He Was A Genius, Friend
But To His Enemies He Was A Demagogue

BATON ROUGE, Sept. 10.—Rising from cotton patch to national prominence as United States senator and dictatorial boss, Louisiana Huey P. Long attained the highest degree of state control ever recorded under America's Democratic government.

His political career, from his election to the legislature in 1912 to his appointment as state auditor in 1916, was marked by a series of successes which made him one of the most popular men in the state.

His followers called him "genius," "friend of the poor," and "champion of the people's rights."

An army of enemies, whom he repelled again and again at the polls or in the courts, dubbed him "demagogue," "madman," "destroyer of constitutional government" and worse, terms running the gamut from "electoral thief" to "political racketeer."

He called himself "Kingfish." It was a term applied originally to an associate who, as an opponent, Long once assumed it publicly to himself, found a ready public response and thereafter clung to it.

From the time he shrank from the dust of a hilly cotton field in Louisiana Winn Parish as a tobacco-chewing boy of 16 to become a traveling salesman, until a subservient legislature in 1912 and 1916 passed laws which transferred control of the state's every activity to the political machine which he had created, Long was a law unto himself.

In the same year, he initiated a campaign to restore the state to its former condition by making every person in the United States free of debt, giving each individual \$1000. This followed Louisiana state practice of a debt moratorium law.

Long was born Aug. 30, 1890, in a cotton patch which became part of the town of Winnfield, La., where the young boy's career took a dramatic turn in the family's history. He was the second child in a family of nine.

He attended a local grammar school, but did not finish the course. His college education was confined to three or four years of part-time study at the University of Louisiana. There he graduated in 1912 with a law degree.

After graduation, he was admitted to the bar and began to practice law in New Orleans, where he soon became a member of the Democratic state committee.

He was elected to the state legislature in 1912 and was admitted to the bar in 1914.

Athie Weiss becomes wife.

When he was 21 years old he was associated at Shreveport, a town of 10,000, as a cotton buyer. An oil well owner, Miss Ruth Smith,听说 he was buying cotton for her, invited him to a theater that evening and the two became the parents of a girl. The next year they were married. They became the parents of two sons and a daughter.

Long was elected to the state legislature in 1916 and was admitted to the bar in 1918.

He was elected to the state legislature in 1918 and was admitted to the bar in 1920.

Defeating a well-known impeachable candidate and winning power and wealth, he became a successful politician.

He was elected to the state legislature in 1920 and was admitted to the bar in 1922.

There was a conflict between the national and state parties defending the state organization against attacks and accusations of corruption. Long was absolute while in Washington, he kept his party in line and fought to better its chances in the national administration.

Although his opponents dubbed him a "dictator," he was quite frank and when he spoke legally and openly.

This was his first appearance in the state legislature, and track athletes as well as others in the states played a role in any opportunity he had to be a dictator and his influence won him a scholarship at Louisiana State. The lack of money for living expenses and books forced him to take that opportunity and he had to work long hours to earn his way through the school.

After his graduation, he went to work for the state legislature, and was soon elected to the state legislature again.

He was elected to the state legislature in 1922 and was admitted to the bar in 1924.

Long was a member of the state legislature in 1924 and was admitted to the bar in 1926.

He was elected to the state legislature in 1926 and was admitted to the bar in 1928.

He was elected to the state legislature in 1928 and was admitted to the bar in 1930.

He was elected to the state legislature in 1930 and was admitted to the bar in 1932.

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